



Describe Model

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Mathematical Decription of MA(1) Model

$$R_t = \mu + \epsilon_t 1 + \theta \epsilon_{t-1}$$

- Since only one lagged error on right hand side, this is called:
 - MA model of order 1, or
 - MA(1) model
- MA parameter is θ
- Stationary for all values of θ

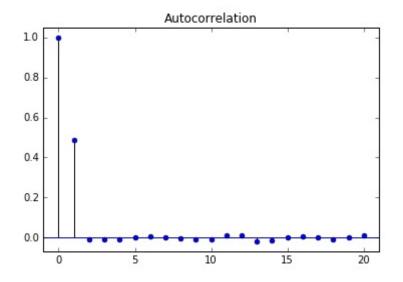
Interpretation of MA(1) Parameter

$$R_t = \mu + \epsilon_t + \theta \epsilon_{t-1}$$

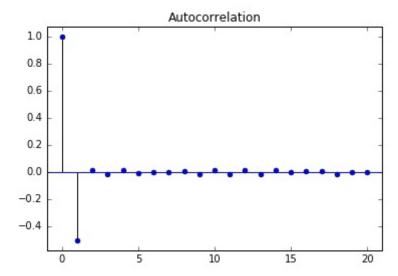
- Negative θ : One-Period Mean Reversion
- Positive θ : One-Period Momentum
- Note: One-period autocorrelation is $heta/(1+ heta^2)$, not heta

Comparison of MA(1) Autocorrelation Functions

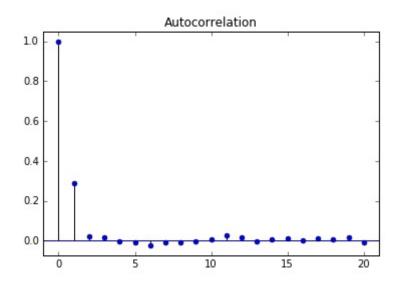




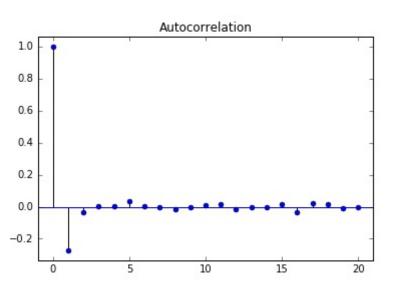
•
$$\phi = -0.9$$



$$ullet$$
 $\phi=0.5$



•
$$\phi = -0.5$$



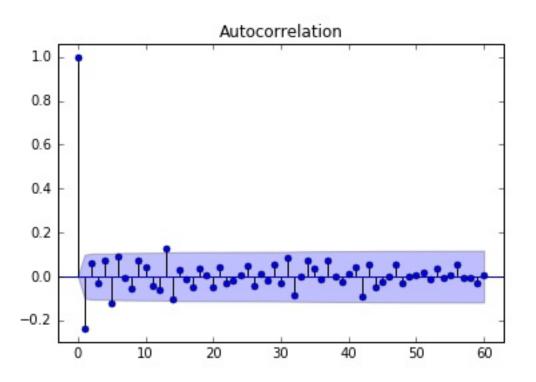


Example of MA(1) Process: Intraday Stock Returns





Autocorrelation Function of Intraday Stock Returns



Higher Order MA Models

MA(1)

$$R_t = \mu + \epsilon_t - heta_1 \; \epsilon_{t-1}$$

MA(2)

$$R_t = \mu + \epsilon_t - \theta_1 \; \epsilon_{t-1} - \theta_2 \; \epsilon_{t-2}$$

MA(3)

$$R_t = \mu + \epsilon_t - \theta_1 \; \epsilon_{t-1} - \theta_2 \; \epsilon_{t-2} - \theta_3 \; \epsilon_{t-3}$$

• ...



Simulating an MA Process

```
from statsmodels.tsa.arima_process import ArmaProcess
ar = np.array([1])
ma = np.array([1, 0.5])
AR_object = ArmaProcess(ar, ma)
simulated_data = AR_object.generate_sample(nsample=1000)
plt.plot(simulated_data)
```



Let's practice!



Estimation and Forecasting an MA Model

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Estimating an MA Model

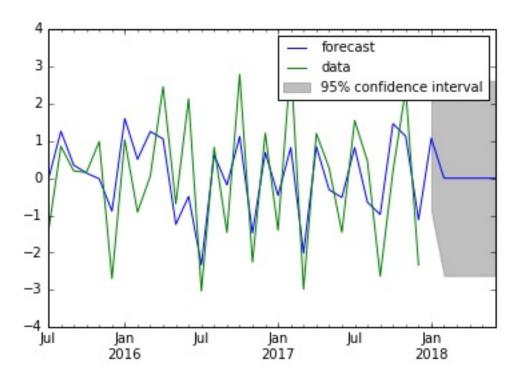
Same as estimating an AR model (except order=(0,1))

```
from statsmodels.tsa.arima_model import ARMA
mod = ARMA(simulated_data, order=(0,1))
result = mod.fit()
```



Forecasting an MA Model

```
from statsmodels.tsa.arima_model import ARMA
mod = ARMA(simulated_data, order=(0,1))
res = mod.fit()
res.plot_predict(start='2016-07-01', end='2017-06-01')
plt.show()
```





Let's practice!





ARMA models

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ARMA Model

• ARMA(1,1) model:

$$R_t = \mu + \phi R_{t-1} + \epsilon_t + \theta \epsilon_{t-1}$$

Converting Between ARMA, AR, and MA Models

Converting AR(1) into an MA(infinity)

$$R_{t} = \mu + \phi R_{t-1} + \epsilon_{t}$$

$$R_{t} = \mu + \phi(\mu + R_{t-2} + \epsilon_{t-1}) + \epsilon_{t}$$

$$R_{t} = \mu + \phi(\mu + \phi(\mu + R_{t-3} + \epsilon_{t-2}) + \epsilon_{t-1}) + \epsilon_{t}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$R_{t} = \mu + \epsilon_{t} + \phi \epsilon_{t-1} + \phi^{2} \epsilon_{t-2} + \phi^{3} \epsilon_{t-3} + \phi^{4} \epsilon_{t-4} + \cdots$$



Let's practice!