React 18 Routing (Web)

Objective

You'll build a small app with these pages:

- Home, About, Contact
- SelectItem and DispItem (dynamic route)
- **Dashboard** (nested routes)
- NotFound (404) page and learn to use React Router v6 step by step.

E Step 1 – Create the project (Vite + React)

Open your terminal and run:

```
npm create vite@latest app-router -- --template react
cd app-router
npm install
npm install react-router-dom
npm run dev # start the dev server
```

? This sets up a React 18 project using Vite and installs React Router v6.

Step 2 – Folder structure

```
app-router/
src/
main.jsx
App.jsx
components/
NavBar.jsx
pages/
Home.jsx
About.jsx
Contact.jsx
SelectItem.jsx
DispItem.jsx
NotFound.jsx
```

Step 3 – main.jsx (root with BrowserRouter)

```
import React from "react";
import ReactDOM from "react-dom/client";
import { BrowserRouter } from "react-router-dom";
import App from "./App.jsx";
ReactDOM.createRoot(document.getElementById("root")).render(
  <React.StrictMode>
    <BrowserRouter>
      <App />
    </BrowserRouter>
  </React.StrictMode>
);
```

React Router must wrap your app at the root level.

Step 4 − NavBar.jsx (Navigation links)

```
import { NavLink, Link } from "react-router-dom";
export default function NavBar() {
 const linkStyle = ({ isActive }) => ({
   marginRight: 12,
   textDecoration: isActive ? "underline" : "none"
 });
 return (
    <nav style={{ padding: 12, borderBottom: "1px solid #ddd" }}>
     <NavLink to="/" style={linkStyle}>Home</NavLink>
     <NavLink to="/about" style={linkStyle}>About
     <NavLink to="/contact" style={linkStyle}>Contact
     <Link to="/select">Select Item</Link>
   </nav>
 );
```

- ✓ Use <NavLink> for active page highlighting.
- <Link> and <NavLink> prevent full page reloads.



⚠ Step 5 – Basic pages

Create three simple components:

```
// src/pages/Home.jsx
```

```
export default function Home() {
  return <h2>Home</h2>;
// src/pages/About.jsx
export default function About() {
 return <h2>About</h2>;
// src/pages/Contact.jsx
export default function Contact() {
  return <h2>Contact</h2>;
```

🧱 Step 6 – Dynamic Routes: SelectItem & DispItem

SelectItem.jsx

```
import { Link } from "react-router-dom";
export default function SelectItem() {
 const items = ["Tomato", "Potato", "Orange"];
 return (
   <section>
     <h2>Select Item</h2>
     <111>
        {items.map((name) => (
         key={name}>
           <Link to={\'/item/${name}\'}>Display {name}</Link>
         ) ) }
     </section>
 );
```

DispItem.jsx

```
import { useParams, useNavigate } from "react-router-dom";
export default function DispItem() {
                                       // read dynamic :name
 const { name } = useParams();
                                      // for programmatic navigation
  const navigate = useNavigate();
  return (
   <section>
     <h2>Display data for: {name}</h2>
      <button onClick={() => navigate("/select")}>Back to Select/button>
    </section>
  );
```

```
🧠 useParams() extracts URL parameters,
useNavigate() lets you redirect via code.
```

Step 7 – 404 Page and App.jsx (route map)

NotFound.jsx

```
export default function NotFound() {
  return <h2>404 - Page Not Found</h2>;
```

App.jsx

```
import { Routes, Route } from "react-router-dom";
import NavBar from "./components/NavBar";
import Home from "./pages/Home";
import About from "./pages/About";
import Contact from "./pages/Contact";
import SelectItem from "./pages/SelectItem";
import DispItem from "./pages/DispItem";
import NotFound from "./pages/NotFound";
export default function App() {
  return (
    <div>
      <NavBar />
      <Routes>
        <Route path="/" element={<Home />} />
        <Route path="/about" element={<About />} />
        <Route path="/contact" element={<Contact />} />
        <Route path="/select" element={<SelectItem />} />
        <Route path="/item/:name" element={<DispItem />} />
        <Route path="*" element={<NotFound />} />
      </Routes>
    </div>
 );
```

path="*" catches any unknown route and renders the 404 page.

📴 Step 8 – Nested Routes & Shared Layout

DashboardLayout.jsx

```
import { Link, Outlet } from "react-router-dom";
```

```
export default function DashboardLayout() {
  return (
    <div style={{ display: "grid", gridTemplateColumns: "200px 1fr", gap: 16</pre>
} }>
      <aside>
        <h3>Dashboard</h3>
        <nav>
          <Link to="profile">Profile</Link><br/>
          <Link to="settings">Settings</Link>
        </nav>
      </aside>
        <Outlet /> {/* Child route renders here */}
      </main>
    </div>
  );
Add to App.jsx
<Route path="/dashboard" element={<DashboardLayout />}>
  <Route path="profile" element={<h2>Profile</h2>} />
  <Route path="settings" element={<h2>Settings</h2>} />
```

</Route>

<Outlet /> allows nested routes to share a common layout.

Step 9 – Programmatic Navigation (useNavigate)

You can navigate from code (e.g., after form submit):

```
import { useNavigate } from "react-router-dom";
export default function About() {
  const navigate = useNavigate();
  const onBack = () => navigate("/");
  return (
    <section>
      <h2>About</h2>
      <button onClick={onBack}>Go Home</button>
    </section>
  );
}
```



Step 10 – Run & Test

Start the app:

npm run dev

Open your browser and test:

Path	Expected Page
/	Home
/about	About
/contact	Contact
/select	SelectItem (list of items)
/item/Tomato	DispItem showing Tomato
/anythingwrong	404 – Page Not Found

Extras & Tips

- ✓ Use <NavLink> for automatic active styles
- ✓ Keep components small and focused
- ✓ Co-locate route components near their features
- ✓ Use semantic, lowercase URLs
- ✓ Add unit tests for important navigation flows