- **1**. \_\_\_\_\_ control statement repeatedly executes a set of statements. a. Iterative b. Conditional c. Multi-way d. All of these
- 2. Deduce the output of the following code. if False and False: print("And Operation") elif True or False: print("Or operation") else: print("Default case") a. And Operation b. Or Operation c. Default Case d. B and C option
- 3. Predict the output of the following code. i = 1 while True: if i%2 == 0: break print(i) i += 1 a. 1 b. 12 c. 123 d. None of these
- **4**. Which keyword is used to take the control to the beginning of the loop? a. exit b. break c. continue d. None of these
- 5. The step argument in range() function \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. a. indicates the beginning of the sequence b. indicates the end of the sequence c. indicates the difference between every two consecutive numbers in the sequence d. generates numbers up to a specified value
- 6. The symbol that is placed at the end of if condition is a.; b.: c. & d.  $\sim$
- **7**. What is the keyword that is used to come out of a loop only for that iteration? a. break b. return c. continue d. if
- 8. Judge the output of the following code snippet. for i in range(10): if i == 5: break else: print(i) a. 0 1 2 3 4 b. 0 1 2 3 4 5 c. 0 1 2 3 4.5
- **9**. Predict the output of the following code snippet. while True: print(True) break a. True b. False c. None d. Syntax error
- **10**. The output of the below expression is >>>10 \* (1/0). a. OverflowError b. ZeroDivisionError c. NameError d. TypeError
- **11.** How many except statements can a try-except block have? a. Zero b. One c. More than one d. More than zero
- 12. When will the else part of the try-except-else be executed? a. Always b. When an exception occurs c. When no exception occurs d. When an exception occurs in a try block
- **13**. When is the finally block executed? a. When an exception occurs b. When there is no exception c. Only if some condition that has been specified is satisfied d. always
- **14**. The keyword that is not used as an exception handling in Python? a. try b. except c. accept d. finally
- **15**. An exception is **a**. A object b. A special function c. A special module d. A module
- **16**. The set of statements that will be executed whether an exception is thrown or not? a. except b. else c. finally d. assert
- **17**. Predict the output of the following code snippet. while True print("Hello World") a. Syntax Error b. Logical Error c. Run-time error d. None of these

- . Gauge the output of the following statement? int("65.43") a. Import error b. Value error c. Type error d. Name error
- . The error that is not a standard exception in Python. a. Name Error b. Assignment Error c. IO Error d. Value Error
- **20**. The function that generates a sequence of numbers which can be iterated through using for loop. a. input() b. range() c. list() d. raw\_input()
- . What is the output of the following code snippet? x = 'abcd' for i in x: print(i) a. abcd b. 0 1 2 3 c. iiiii d. Traceback
- . The function of while loop is a. Repeat a chunk of code a given number of times. b. Repeat a chunk of code until a condition is true. c. Repeat a chunk of code until a condition is false. d. Repeat a chunk of code indefinitely.