



25+ Years
of Experience

PROGRAMMING
ADVICES

LEARN THE
RIGHT WAY

Mohammed Abu-Hadhoud

MSA, PMOC, PMP®, PMP®, PMP-ITIL®, CS, ITIL®, MCPD, MCD



لا تنسى الاشتراك في قناتنا على اليوتيوب ومشاركة القناة مع اصدقائك
لتعم الفائدة للجميع وانقاذ الاف الناس من التشتت جزاكم الله خيرا

لا تنسونا من دعائكم وادعو لوالدي بالرحمة

www.ProgrammingAdvices.com



مهم جداً

هذا الملف للمراجعة السريعة واخذ الملاحظات عليه فقط ،لانه يحتوي على اقل من 20٪ مما يتم شرحه في الفيديوهات الاستعجال والاعتماد عليه فقط سوف يجعلك تخسر كميه معلومات وخبرات كثيره

يجب عليك مشاهدة فيديو الدرس كاملا

لاتنسى عمل لايك ومشاركة القناة لتعم الفائدة للجميع
لا تنسونا من دعائكم

ProgrammingAdvices.com

Mohammed Abu-Hadhoud





Data Structures Level 2

What is IEnumerable Interfaces?

Mohammed Abu-Hadhoud

MBA, PMOC, PMP®, PMP®, PMI-RMP®, CM, ITILF, MCPD, MCSD



ProgrammingAdvices.com



**PROGRAMMING
ADVICES** LEARN THE
RIGHT WAY

What is IEnumerable Interface?

- `IEnumerable` is an interface located in the `System.Collections` namespace.
- It serves as the backbone for iterating over collections, including arrays, lists, and other enumerable data structures.
- `IEnumerable` & `IEnumerable<T>`: The base interface for all collections, providing support for simple iteration over a collection.
- This interface allows a collection to be iterated over using the `foreach` loop in C#.
- `IEnumerable` is also crucial for LINQ, allowing for powerful data queries on collections.

How IEnumerable Works?

- The IEnumerable interface defines a single method, GetEnumerator, which returns an IEnumerator object.
- This IEnumerator allows for moving through a collection, accessing elements without modifying the underlying data structure.
- IEnumerator provides the mechanism for iteration with three key components:
 - MoveNext(): Advances the enumerator to the next element in the collection.
 - Current: Returns the current element in the collection.
 - Reset(): Sets the enumerator to its initial position, before the first element in the collection.

Best Practices

- Use `IEnumerable<T>` when you need to read a collection of items and you don't need to modify the collection.
- Prefer `IEnumerable<T>` over `IEnumerable` for type safety and better performance.
- When implementing `IEnumerable<T>`, use the `yield` return statement for a simpler implementation of the enumerator pattern.

Conclusion:

- The IEnumerable interface is a cornerstone of collection manipulation and querying in C#.
- By understanding and implementing IEnumerable, you enhance your ability to work efficiently with data in .NET environments.
- Understanding and implementing IEnumerable and IEnumerable<T> is fundamental for working with collections in C#.
- It provides a standard way to iterate over collections, enhances code readability, and ensures type safety with IEnumerable<T>.
- By incorporating these interfaces into your custom collections, you can leverage the power of foreach loops and LINQ queries, making your C# applications more efficient and maintainable.



programmingAdvices.com
Thank You

Mohammed Abu-Hadhoud

26+ Years of Experience

MBA, PMOC, PgMP®, PMP®, PMI-RMP®, CM, ITILF, MCPD, MCSD

