Problem D. Balanced Brackets

OS Linux

A bracket is considered to be any one of the following characters: (,), {,}, [, or].

Two brackets are considered to be a *matched pair* if the an opening bracket (i.e., (, [, or {) occurs to the left of a closing bracket (i.e.,),], or }) of the exact same type. There are three types of matched pairs of brackets: [], {}, and ().

A matching pair of brackets is *not balanced* if the set of brackets it encloses are not matched. For example, {[(])} is not balanced because the contents in between { and } are not balanced. The pair of square brackets encloses a single, unbalanced opening bracket, (, and the pair of parentheses encloses a single, unbalanced closing square bracket,].

By this logic, we say a sequence of brackets is *balanced* if the following conditions are met:

- It contains no unmatched brackets.
- The subset of brackets enclosed within the confines of a matched pair of brackets is also a matched pair of brackets.

Given n strings of brackets, determine whether each sequence of brackets is balanced. If a string is balanced, return $vec{vec}$. Otherwise, return $vec{vec}$.

Function Description

Complete the function *isBalanced* in the editor below.

isBalanced has the following parameter(s):

string s: a string of brackets

Returns

• *string:* either YES or NO

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer n, the number of strings. Each of the next n lines contains a single string s, a sequence of brackets.

Constraints

• $1 \le n \le 10^3$

- $1 \le |s| \le 10^3$, where |s| is the length of the sequence.
- All chracters in the sequences $\in \{\{1, 1, (1, 1), [1, 1]\}$.

Output Format

For each string, return YES or NO.

Sample Input

Sample Output

```
YES
NO
```

YES

Explanation

- 1. The string { [()] } meets both criteria for being a balanced string.
- 2. The string { [(]) } is not balanced because the brackets enclosed by the matched pair { and } are not balanced: [(]) .
- 3. The string $\{\{[[(())]]\}\}$ meets both criteria for being a balanced string.