Prevention of VTE in Orthopedic Surgery Patients

Personal data
Center:
File number :
Age:
Gender:
male () female ()
Type of operation :
knee arthroplasty() hip arthroplasty() hip fracture surgery() Lower-leg injuries()
other:
Previous VTE :
Yes () No()
Patient already in [DB1]coagulant (before current admission to orthopedic ward:
Yes () No () duration (in months/years) :
patients undergoing knee arthroscopy in this current admission:
Yes () No ()
res ()
Prophylaxis Anticoagulant
Patient took prophylaxis Anti-coagulant:
Yes () No() if yes complete other items in this table
Type of Anticoagulant:
LMWH () UH () Aspirin() vitamin K antagonist (VKA)() others:
1st dose time:
Before operation () after operation () , before/after many hours :
Type of anticoagulant in hospital period:
One type () dual types (<mark>) what<mark>IDB2]</mark>:</mark>
In hospital period , patient used IPCD :
Yes () NO ()
Duration of Anticoagulant in the outpatient period :
Patient with increased risk of bleeding:
Yes () NO ()
Patient had ve inferior vena cava (IVC) filter placement for primary prevention over no thromboprophylaxis:
Yes () No()
Symptoms of VTE after operation during hospital period :
Yes () No()
Using of Doppler screening before hospital discharge to the patient :

Yes ()

No ()