Vector, Matrices, Determinants

Time:45 minutes Class 12 scert Max mark: 23

- 1. (a) The vertices of the triangle are (0, 2), (0, 3), (4, 6), then the area of the triangle is (1)
- 2. (a) Find matrices X and Y such that $X + Y = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, X Y = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ (3)
- 3. (a) Find the projection of the vector $\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$ on the vector $7\hat{i} + -\hat{j} + 8\hat{k}$ (3)
- 4. (a) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2\\4\\5 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$ Verify (AB)' = B'A' (3)
- 5. (a) Express the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 & -1 \\ -2 & -2 & 1 \\ -4 & -5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ as the sum of a symmetric matrix and a skew symmetric matrix (3)
- 6. (a) Consider $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}, \vec{b} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$, find $\vec{a}.\vec{b}$ (1)
 - (b) Find the angle between \vec{a} and \vec{b}
- 7. (a) For the symmetric matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & x & 4 \\ 5 & 3 & 8 \\ 4 & y & 9 \end{bmatrix}$. Find the values of x and y. (1)
 - (b) Verify AA' and A + A' are symmetric Matrices (2)
- 8. (a) If $\vec{a} = \hat{i} 7\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = 3\hat{i} 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ Find $\vec{a} \times \vec{b}$ (2)
 - (b) Find the unit Vector perpendicular to both \vec{a} and \vec{b} (1)
 - (c) Find the area of parellelogram whose adjacent sides are veca and \vec{b} (1)