

Report File (week2_report.pdf)

Week 2 Assignment Report

BWT ML/DL Track 1

Submission Date: 23/06/2024

1. Question 1

Approach:

- The program asks the user to enter their name, age, email, and favorite number.
- These inputs are stored in a dictionary with keys for each piece of information.
- The code checks if the email contains both "@" and "." to validate the format.
- A message is displayed using the user's details in a specific format.

Logic:

- User information is collected using input prompts.
- A loop is used to validate that the email format includes "@" and ".".
- The information is stored in a dictionary, and a formatted string is printed to show the user's details.

2. Question 2

Approach:

- The `is_even` function determines if a given number is even or odd.
- It returns `True` for even numbers and `False` for odd numbers.
- The code prompts the user to enter a number and then prints whether it is even or odd.

Logic:

- The function uses the modulus operator `%` to check if the number is divisible by 2.
 - If the remainder is 0, the number is even; otherwise, it is odd.

3. Question 3

Approach:

- The `convert_temperature` function converts temperatures between Celsius and Fahrenheit.
- The user inputs the temperature value and specifies the scale ('C' for Celsius or 'F' for Fahrenheit).
- The function converts the temperature to the other scale and prints the result.

Logic:

- To convert from Celsius to Fahrenheit, the formula $F = (C \times 9/5) + 32$ is used.
- To convert from Fahrenheit to Celsius, the formula $C = (F - 32) \times 5/9$ is used.

4. Question 4

Approach:

- The `find_max_min` function finds the highest and lowest numbers in a given list.
- The user is prompted to enter 5 numbers, which are stored in a list.
- The function is used to find and display the maximum and minimum values from the list.

Logic:

- The built-in `max()` and `min()` functions are used to find the maximum and minimum numbers in the list.

5. Question 5

Approach:

- The code collects the name, age, and grade for 3 students from the user.
- This information is stored in a list of tuples, where each tuple contains one student's details.
- The list of tuples is converted into a dictionary, with the student's name as the key and a tuple of (age, grade) as the value.
- The code prints each student's details from the dictionary.

Logic:

- A loop is used to collect input for each student.

- The student details are stored in a list of tuples.
- A dictionary comprehension converts this list into a dictionary.

6. Question 6

Approach:

- The `update_inventory` function updates an inventory dictionary by adding or removing specified quantities of items.
- An initial inventory with at least 5 items is set up.
- The user is prompted to update the inventory by entering item names and quantities (positive for addition, negative for removal).
- The function ensures that the quantity for any item does not fall below zero.
- The updated inventory is displayed.

Logic:

- The function checks if the item exists in the inventory.
- It adjusts the quantity, ensuring it does not drop below zero by using the `max()` function.
- The updated inventory is then printed to show the changes.