Practical No. 4

Aim : Write a program to solve a 0-1 Knapsack problem using dynamic programming or branch and bound strategy.

Code:

```
def knapSack(W, wt, val, n):
  K = [[0 \text{ for } x \text{ in range}(W + 1)] \text{ for } x \text{ in range}(n + 1)]
  for i in range(n + 1):
     for w in range(W + 1):
        if i == 0 or w == 0:
           K[i][w] = 0
        elif wt[i - 1] <= w:
           K[i][w] = max(val[i - 1] + K[i - 1][w - wt[i - 1]],
                     K[i - 1][w])
        else:
           K[i][w] = K[i - 1][w]
  res = K[n][W]
  w = W
  selected items = []
  for i in range(n, 0, -1):
     if res <= 0:
        break
     if res == K[i - 1][w]:
        continue
     else:
        selected items.append(i - 1) # 0-indexed for easy access
        res -= val[i - 1]
        w = wt[i - 1]
  return K[n][W], selected items
if name == " main ":
  # Take number of items
  n = int(input("Enter number of items: "))
```

```
val = list(map(int, input("Enter values of items (space-separated):
").split()))
  wt = list(map(int, input("Enter weights of items (space-separated):
").split()))
  W = int(input("Enter capacity of knapsack: "))
  if len(val) != n or len(wt) != n:
      print("Error: Number of values/weights does not match number of
items!")
  else:
    max_value, selected_items = knapSack(W, wt, val, n)

    print("\nMaximum value that can be put in knapsack =", max_value)
    print("Selected items:")

for i in selected_items[::-1]: # reverse to maintain original order
      print(f"Item {i+1}: Value = {val[i]}, Weight = {wt[i]}")
```

Output:

Enter number of items: 5

Enter values of items (space-separated): 60 100 120 80 50 Enter weights of items (space-separated): 10 20 30 40 10

Enter capacity of knapsack: 50

Maximum value that can be put in knapsack = 230

Selected items:

Item 1: Value = 60, Weight = 10 Item 3: Value = 120, Weight = 30 Item 5: Value = 50, Weight = 10