## $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Indian\ Institute\ of\ Technology\ Guwahati}\\ {\rm Probability\ Theory\ and\ Stochastic\ Processes\ (MA225)}\\ {\rm Problem\ Set\ 05} \end{array}$

- 1. Let (X, Y) be a continuous random vector with JPDF  $f(\cdot, \cdot)$ . Show that X and Y are independent if and only if f(x, y) = g(x)h(y) for all  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ .
- 2. Let (X,Y) be uniform over the interior of the triangle with vertices (0,0),(2,0) and (1,2). Find  $P(X \le 1,Y \le 1)$ .
- 3. If  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are independent random variables each having PDF  $2xe^{-x^2}(0 < x < \infty)$ , then find the PDF of the random variable  $\sqrt{X_1^2 + X_2^2}$ .
- 4. Two numbers are independently chosen at random between 0 and 1. What is the probability that their product is less than a constant k(0 < k < 1)?
- 5. A vertical board is ruled with horizontal parallel lines at constant distance b apart. A needle of length a(< b) is thrown at random on the board. Find the probability that it will intersect one of the lines.
- 6. Let  $X_1, X_2, X_3$  have the joint PDF

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \begin{cases} 48x_1x_2x_3 & \text{if } 0 < x_1 < x_2 < x_3 < 1\\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Find the marginal distributions of  $Y_1 = \frac{X_1}{X_2}$ ,  $Y_2 = \frac{X_2}{X_3}$ , and  $Y_3 = X_3$ .

- 7. Let  $X_1, X_2, X_3$  be i.i.d. Exp(1) random variables. Find the joint PDF of  $Y_1 = \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2 + X_3}, Y_2 = \frac{X_2}{X_1 + X_2 + X_3}$ , and  $Y_3 = X_1 + X_2 + X_3$ . Also find the marginal PDF of  $Y_1, Y_2$ , and  $Y_3$ .
- 8. Let  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$  be i.i.d. Exp(1) random variables. Find the joint PDF of  $Y_1 = \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2 + X_3}$ ,  $Y_2 = \frac{X_1 + X_2}{X_1 + X_2 + X_3}$ , and  $Y_3 = X_1 + X_2 + X_3$ . Also find the marginal PDF of  $Y_1$ ,  $Y_2$ , and  $Y_3$ .
- 9. Let X and Y be two independent random variables having  $Gamma(\alpha_1, \beta)$  and  $Gamma(\alpha_2, \beta)$  distributions, respectively. Find the PDF of  $\frac{X}{X+Y}$ .
- 10. Let X be a random variable of continuous type. The integral part, Y, of X has a  $P(\lambda)$  distribution and the fractional part, Z, has a U(0, 1) distribution. Find the CDF of X, assuming that Y and Z are independent. Using the CDF find the PDF of X.
- 11. Let  $X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n$  be i.i.d. U(0, 1) random variables. Define  $X_{(n)} = \max\{X_1, \ldots, X_n\}$  and  $X_{(1)} = \min\{X_1, \ldots, X_n\}$ . Find the joint and marginal distributions of  $X_{(1)}$  and  $X_{(n)}$ .
- 12. Let  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  be i.i.d.  $P(\lambda)$  random variables. Find the PMF of  $X_{(2)} = \max\{X_1, X_2\}$ .