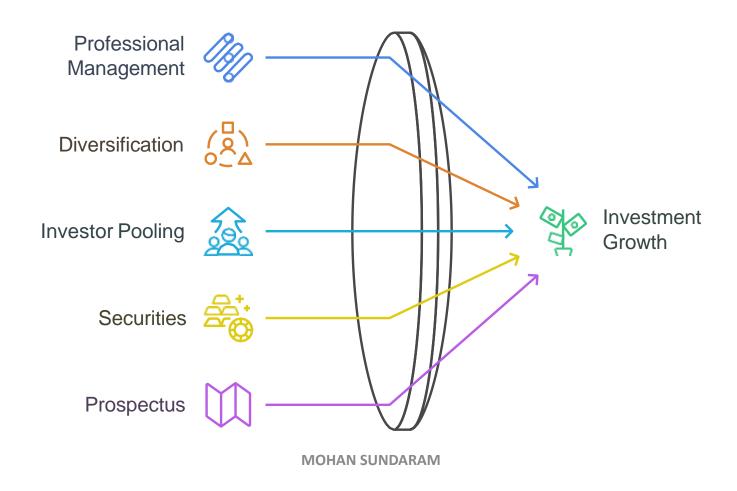
# **Mutual Fund**

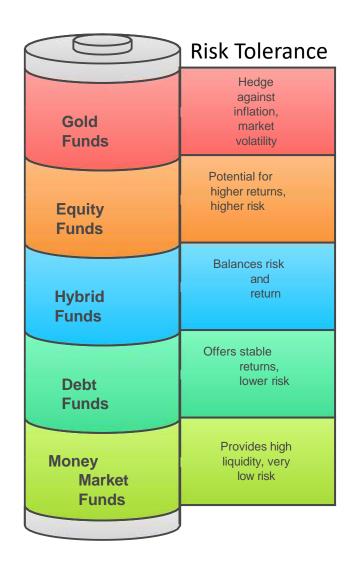
A mutual fund is a professionally managed investment scheme, usually run by an Asset Management Company (AMC), that pools money from many investors to purchase securities.



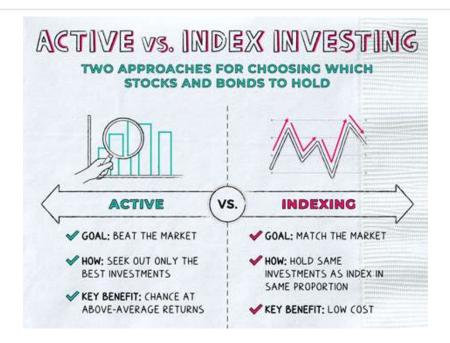
#### **Equity Funds:** Primarily invest in stocks.

- Large Cap Funds: Invest in companies with large market capitalization.
- Mid Cap Funds: Invest in companies with medium market capitalization.
- Small Cap Funds: Invest in companies with small market capitalization.
- Multi Cap Funds: Invest across companies of all market capitalizations.
- Sectoral Funds: Invest in specific sectors like technology, healthcare.
- Thematic Funds: Invest based on a specific theme, such as infrastructure.
- **Debt Funds:** Primarily invest in fixed-income securities like bonds, government
  - Liquid Funds ,Short Duration Funds, Long Duration Funds, Corporate Bond Funds, Gilt Funds
- **Hybrid Funds:** Invest in a combination of equity and debt instruments
  - Aggressive Hybrid Funds, Conservative Hybrid Funds, Balanced Hybrid Funds
- **Money Market Funds:** Invest in very short-term, low-risk debt instruments.
- **Gold Funds:** Invest in gold or gold-related instruments. hedge against inflation.

# Types of Mutual Funds



Aspect @	Active Funds	Passive Funds (Index Funds)		
Objective	Outperform a market benchmark	Replicate the performance of a specific market index		
Management	Actively managed by a professional fund manager	Passively managed; follows a set market index		
Costs	Higher expense ratios	Lower expense ratios		
Risk	Higher risk	Lower risk		



#### **Mutual Fund Direct vs. Regular Schemes**

**Direct schemes** are mutual fund plans where investors invest directly with the Asset Management Company (AMC), bypassing any intermediaries like distributors or brokers.

Key Characteristics of Direct Schemes:

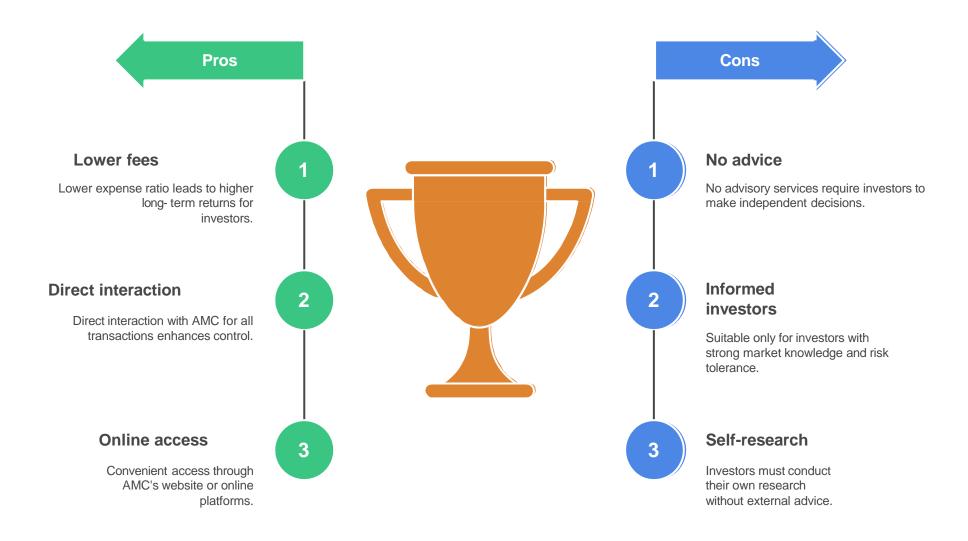
- Lower Expense Ratio
- Direct Interaction with AMC
- Online Direct Platforms Access.

**Regular schemes** are mutual fund plans where investments are made through intermediaries such as distributors, brokers, or financial advisors.

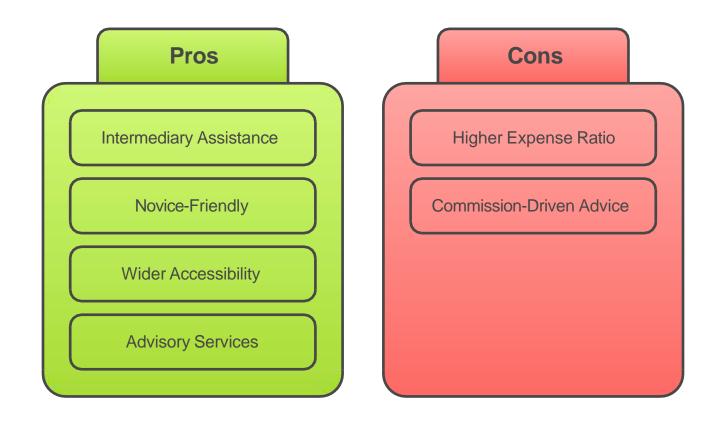
Key Characteristics of Regular Schemes:

- Higher Expense Ratio
- Intermediary Assistance
- Suitable for without experience Investors

#### **Direct Mutual Funds**



# **Regular Mutual Funds**



## Expense Ratio: The Key Differentiator

Let's assume you invest ₹1,00,000 in a mutual fund scheme that generates an average annual return of 12%.

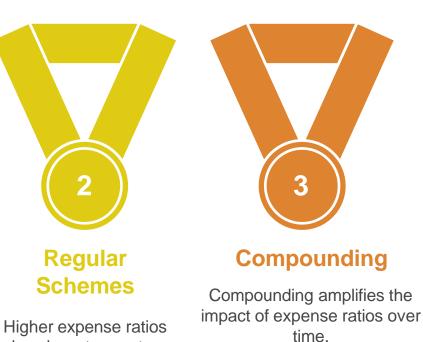
reduce long-term returns.

- Direct Scheme: Expense ratio of **0.5** to max **1.0%**
- Regular Scheme: Expense ratio of 1.5 to 2.5 %

After 20 years, the difference in returns can be substantial. The direct scheme would likely yield a significantly higher return due to the lower expense ratio.



Lower expense ratios lead to higher long-term returns.



# Mirae Asset Large & Midcap Fund - Direct Plan - Growth

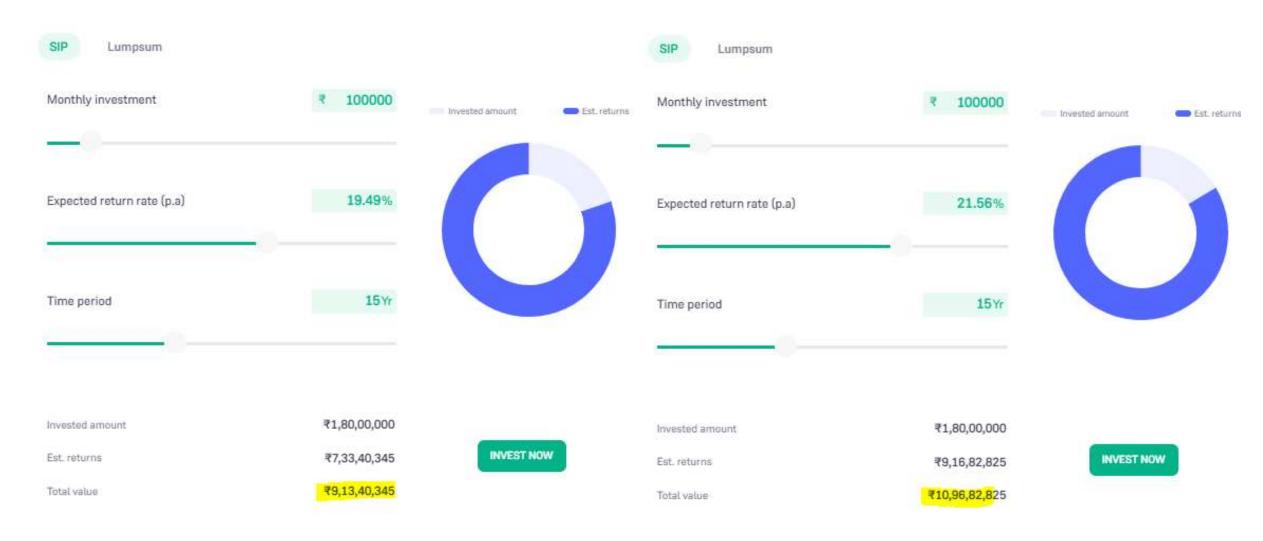


# Mirae Asset Large & Midcap Fund - Growth



#### Regular Growth SIP CAGR Return

## Direct Growth SIP CAGR Higher Return 1,83,42,480



## ≪6

# UTI Nifty 50 Index Fund - Direct Plan -Growth





Growth - Direct



Category: Index Funds/ETFs 1

Fund House: UTI Mutual Fund

NAV 0 : ₹ 173 7187 0.23%

(as on 03rd October, 2025)

Fund Size 6 : ₹ 23718.66 Cr (7.76% of Investment in Category) Expense Ratio 6 0.17% (0.28% Category average)

3 Year	03-Oct-22	15154.90	51.55%	14.85%	16.16%
5 Year	01-Oct-20	22895.70	128.96%	17.99%	19.28%
10 Year	01-Oct-15	34462.60	244.63%	13.15%	13.01%

# **UTI Nifty 50 Index Fund - Growth**

46443.90





Regular 0

Since Inception



02-Jan-13

Growth - Regular



364.44%

Category: Index Funds/ETFs 0

8.81%

Fund House: UTI Mutual Fund

NAV @ :₹ 171.265 0.23%

(as on 03rd October, 2025)

Fund Size (a) : ₹ 23718.66 Cr

(2% of Investment in Category)

12.79%

Expense Ratio n : 0.29%

(0.52% Category average)

3 Year	03-Oct-22	15100.90	51.01%	14.71%	17.99%
5 Year	01-Oct-20	22775.80	127.76%	17.86%	19.81%
10 Year	01-Oct-15	34149.20	241.49%	13.05%	13.90%
Since Inception	28-Mar-00	182003.20	1720.03%	12.03%	10.91%

Mutual funds registrar and transfer agency (RTA) services and managing investor services and transactions.

#### **SEBI Approved Website**



https://mfs.kfintech.com/investor/



Computer Age Management Services Limited. https://newmycams.camsonline.com/user-validation



https://app.mfcentral.com/investor/signin

#### SEBI Approved App (Android & iOS)







#### **KYC Validation**



https://validate.cvlindia.com/CVLKRAVerification V1/



https://www.karvykra.com/UPanSearchGlobalWithPanExempt.aspx

#### **Documents Required Open MF Account for KYC**

- Proof of Identity (POI): PAN card, Aadhaar card, Passport, Voter ID, Driving License.
- Proof of Address (POA): Aadhaar card, Passport, Voter ID, Driving License, Utility Bill (not older than 3 months), Bank Statement (not older than 3 months).

## **KYC Documents** Proof **Photograph Proof of** of **Address** A recent passport-Identity sized photograph is required for Documents like Aadhaar Documents like PAN verification. card, Passport, Voter ID, Driving License, Utility Bill, Bank Statement are accepted.