

## DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS

**Superset ID :** 6384831

**Name :** Mohana Priya N

**E-mail :** [mohanapriya.2205056@srec.ac.in](mailto:mohanapriya.2205056@srec.ac.in)

### **Mandatory Questions:**

#### **1) Exercise 2: E-commerce Platform Search Function**

##### **Solution:**

##### **//ProductSearch.java**

```
package palindrome;

public class ProductSearch {
    int productId;
    String productName;
    String category;

    public ProductSearch(int id, String name, String cat) {
        this.productId = id;
        this.productName = name;
        this.category = cat;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return productId + " - " + productName + " (" + category + ")";
    }
}
```

##### **//SearchDemo.java**

```
package palindrome;

import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Comparator;

public class SearchDemo {
    public static ProductSearch linearSearch(ProductSearch[] arr, String name) {
```

```

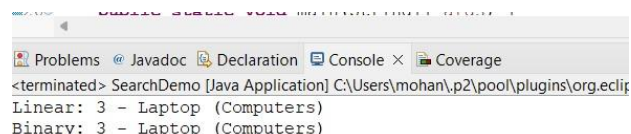
for (ProductSearch p : arr) {
    if (p.productName.equalsIgnoreCase(name)) return p;
}
return null;
}

public static ProductSearch binarySearch(ProductSearch[] arr, String name) {
    int low = 0, high = arr.length - 1;
    while (low <= high) {
        int mid = (low + high) / 2;
        int cmp = arr[mid].productName.compareToIgnoreCase(name);
        if (cmp == 0) return arr[mid];
        else if (cmp < 0) low = mid + 1;
        else high = mid - 1; }
    return null; }

public static void main(String[] args) {
    ProductSearch[] items = {
        new ProductSearch(1, "Book", "Education"),
        new ProductSearch(2, "Charger", "Electronics"),
        new ProductSearch(3, "Laptop", "Computers")
    };
    Arrays.sort(items, Comparator.comparing(p -> p.productName));
    System.out.println("Linear: " + linearSearch(items, "Laptop"));
    System.out.println("Binary: " + binarySearch(items, "Laptop"));
}
}

```

### Output:



```

<terminated> SearchDemo [Java Application] C:\Users\mohan\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclip
Linear: 3 - Laptop (Computers)
Binary: 3 - Laptop (Computers)

```

## 2) Exercise 7: Financial Forecasting

### Solution:

```
package palindrome;

public class Forecast {

    public static double predictRecursive(double currentValue, double rate, int years) {
        if (years == 0) return currentValue;
        return predictRecursive(currentValue * (1 + rate), rate, years - 1);
    }

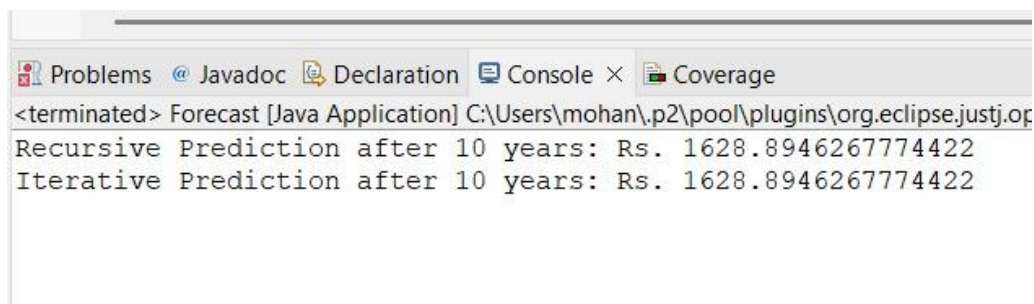
    public static double predictIterative(double currentValue, double rate, int years) {
        for (int i = 0; i < years; i++) {
            currentValue *= (1 + rate);
        }
        return currentValue;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        double start = 1000;
        double rate = 0.05;
        int years = 10;

        System.out.println("Recursive Prediction after " + years + " years: Rs. " +
            predictRecursive(start, rate, years));

        System.out.println("Iterative Prediction after " + years + " years: Rs. " +
            predictIterative(start, rate, years));
    }
}
```

### Output:

A screenshot of the Eclipse IDE's Console window. The window has tabs for 'Problems', 'Javadoc', 'Declaration', 'Console', and 'Coverage'. The 'Console' tab is active, showing the output of a Java application. The output consists of two lines: 'Recursive Prediction after 10 years: Rs. 1628.8946267774422' and 'Iterative Prediction after 10 years: Rs. 1628.8946267774422'. The text is displayed in a monospaced font with a light gray background.

```
<terminated> Forecast [Java Application] C:\Users\mohan\.p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.o
Recursive Prediction after 10 years: Rs. 1628.8946267774422
Iterative Prediction after 10 years: Rs. 1628.8946267774422
```

## Other Questions:

### 3) Exercise 1: Inventory Management System

#### Solution:

##### //Product.java

```
package palindrome;

public class Product {
    int productId;
    String productName;
    int quantity;
    double price;
    public Product(int id, String name, int qty, double price) {
        this.productId = id;
        this.productName = name;
        this.quantity = qty;
        this.price = price;
    }
}
```

##### //Inventory.java

```
package palindrome;
import java.util.*;
public class Inventory {
    HashMap<Integer, Product> products = new HashMap<>();
    public void addProduct(Product p) {
        products.put(p.productId, p);
    }
    public void updateProduct(int id, int quantity, double price) {
        if (products.containsKey(id)) {
            Product p = products.get(id);
            p.quantity = quantity;
        }
    }
}
```

```

        p.price = price;
    }
}

public void deleteProduct(int id) {
    products.remove(id);
}

public void displayAll() {
    for (Product p : products.values()) {
        System.out.println(p.productId + " " + p.productName + " Quantity: " + p.quantity + "
Price: " + p.price);
    }
}
}

```

#### **//InventoryMain.java**

```

package palindrome;

public class InventoryMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Inventory inv = new Inventory();
        inv.addProduct(new Product(1, "Keyboard", 10, 999.99));
        inv.addProduct(new Product(2, "Mouse", 20, 499.49));
        inv.updateProduct(1, 15, 949.99);
        System.out.println("Inventory after update:");
        inv.displayAll();
        inv.deleteProduct(2);
        System.out.println("Inventory after deletion:");
        inv.displayAll();
    }
}

```

**Output:**

```
<terminated> InventoryMain [Java Application] C:\Users\mohan\.p2\pool\plu
Inventory after update:
1 Keyboard Quantity: 15 Price: 949.99
2 Mouse Quantity: 20 Price: 499.49
Inventory after deletion:
1 Keyboard Quantity: 15 Price: 949.99
```

**4) Exercise 3: Sorting Customer Orders****Solution:****//OrderSortDemo.java**

```
package palindrome;

public class OrderSortDemo {

    static class Order {

        int orderId;

        String customerName;

        double totalPrice;

        public Order(int id, String name, double price) {

            this.orderId = id;

            this.customerName = name;

            this.totalPrice = price;

        }

        @Override

        public String toString() {

            return orderId + ": " + customerName + " - Rs." + totalPrice;

        }

    }

    static class OrderSorter {

        public static void bubbleSort(Order[] arr) {

            int n = arr.length;

            for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
```

```

        for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++)
            if (arr[j].totalPrice > arr[j + 1].totalPrice) {
                Order temp = arr[j];
                arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
                arr[j + 1] = temp;
            }
    }

    public static void quickSort(Order[] arr, int low, int high) {
        if (low < high) {
            int pi = partition(arr, low, high);
            quickSort(arr, low, pi - 1);
            quickSort(arr, pi + 1, high);
        }
    }

    private static int partition(Order[] arr, int low, int high) {
        double pivot = arr[high].totalPrice;
        int i = low - 1;
        for (int j = low; j < high; j++) {
            if (arr[j].totalPrice <= pivot) {
                i++;
                Order temp = arr[i];
                arr[i] = arr[j];
                arr[j] = temp;
            }
        }
        Order temp = arr[i + 1];
        arr[i + 1] = arr[high];
        arr[high] = temp;
        return i + 1;
    }
}

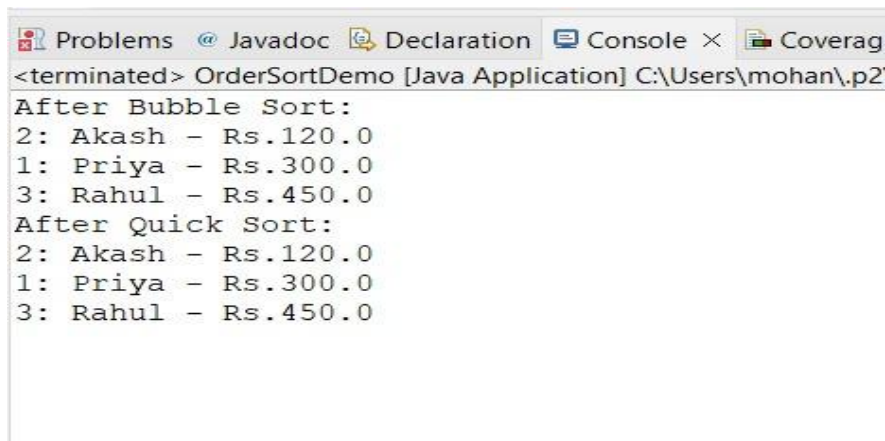
```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Order[] orders = {
        new Order(1, "Priya", 300),
        new Order(2, "Akash", 120),
        new Order(3, "Rahul", 450)
    };
    OrderSorter.bubbleSort(orders);
    System.out.println("After Bubble Sort:");
    for (Order o : orders)
        System.out.println(o);
    OrderSorter.quickSort(orders, 0, orders.length - 1);
    System.out.println("After Quick Sort:");
    for (Order o : orders)
        System.out.println(o);
    }
}

```

### Output:



```

<terminated> OrderSortDemo [Java Application] C:\Users\mohan\.p2\
After Bubble Sort:
2: Akash - Rs.120.0
1: Priya - Rs.300.0
3: Rahul - Rs.450.0
After Quick Sort:
2: Akash - Rs.120.0
1: Priya - Rs.300.0
3: Rahul - Rs.450.0

```

## 5) Exercise 4: Employee Management System

### Solution:

//Employee.java

```
package palindrome;
```

```
public class Employee {
```



```
int employeeId;
String name;
String position;
double salary;
public Employee(int id, String name, String position, double salary) {
    this.employeeId = id;
    this.name = name;
    this.position = position;
    this.salary = salary;
}
}
```

#### **//EmployeeSystem.java**

```
package palindrome;
public class EmployeeSystem {
    Employee[] employees = new Employee[100];
    int count = 0;
    public void addEmployee(Employee emp) {
        employees[count++] = emp;
    }
    public Employee searchEmployee(int id) {
        for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
            if (employees[i].employeeId == id) return employees[i];
        }
        return null;
    }
    public void deleteEmployee(int id) {
        for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
            if (employees[i].employeeId == id) {
                for (int j = i; j < count - 1; j++) {
```

```

        employees[j] = employees[j + 1];
    }
    count--;
    break;
}
}}

public void displayAll() {
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
        Employee e = employees[i];
        System.out.println(e.employeeId + ": " + e.name + " - " + e.position + " - Rs." +
e.salary);
    }
}
}

```

#### **//Main1.java**

```

package palindrome;

public class Main1 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        EmployeeSystem empSys = new EmployeeSystem();
        empSys.addEmployee(new Employee(101, "Elango", "Manager", 75000));
        empSys.addEmployee(new Employee(102, "Raj", "Developer", 60000));
        empSys.addEmployee(new Employee(103, "Anu", "Tester", 50000));
        System.out.println("All Employees:");
        empSys.displayAll();
        Employee emp = empSys.searchEmployee(102);
        if (emp != null) {
            System.out.println("Found employee: " + emp.name);
        } else {
            System.out.println("Employee not found");
        }
    }
}

```

```

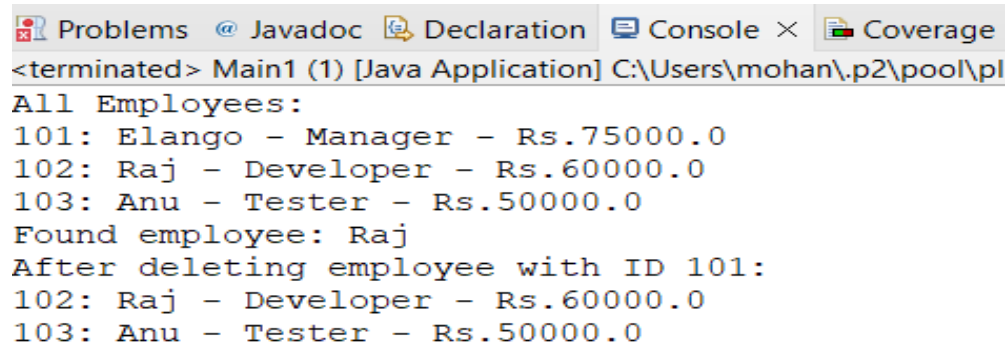
        empSys.deleteEmployee(101);

        System.out.println("After deleting employee with ID 101:");

        empSys.displayAll();
    }
}

```

### Output:



```

Problems  Javadoc  Declaration  Console ×  Coverage
<terminated> Main1 (1) [Java Application] C:\Users\mohan\.p2\pool\pl
All Employees:
101: Elango - Manager - Rs.75000.0
102: Raj - Developer - Rs.60000.0
103: Anu - Tester - Rs.50000.0
Found employee: Raj
After deleting employee with ID 101:
102: Raj - Developer - Rs.60000.0
103: Anu - Tester - Rs.50000.0

```

## 6) Exercise 5: Task Management System

### Solution:

//Task.java

```

package palindrome;

public class Task {
    int taskId;
    String taskName;
    String status;
    Task next;

    public Task(int id, String name, String status) {
        this.taskId = id;
        this.taskName = name;
        this.status = status;
        this.next = null;
    }
}

```

**//TaskList.java**

package palindrome;

public class TaskList {

    Task head;

    public void addTask(Task newTask) {

        newTask.next = head;

        head = newTask;

    }

    public Task searchTask(int id) {

        Task temp = head;

        while (temp != null) {

            if (temp.taskId == id) return temp;

            temp = temp.next;

        }

        return null;

    }

    public void deleteTask(int id) {

        if (head == null) return;

        if (head.taskId == id) {

            head = head.next;

            return;

        }

        Task current = head;

        while (current.next != null) {

            if (current.next.taskId == id) {

                current.next = current.next.next;

                return;

            }

            current = current.next;

        }

```

    }

    public void displayTasks() {
        Task temp = head;
        while (temp != null) {
            System.out.println(temp.taskId + ": " + temp.taskName + " - " + temp.status);
            temp = temp.next;
        }
    }
}

```

### **//Main.java**

```

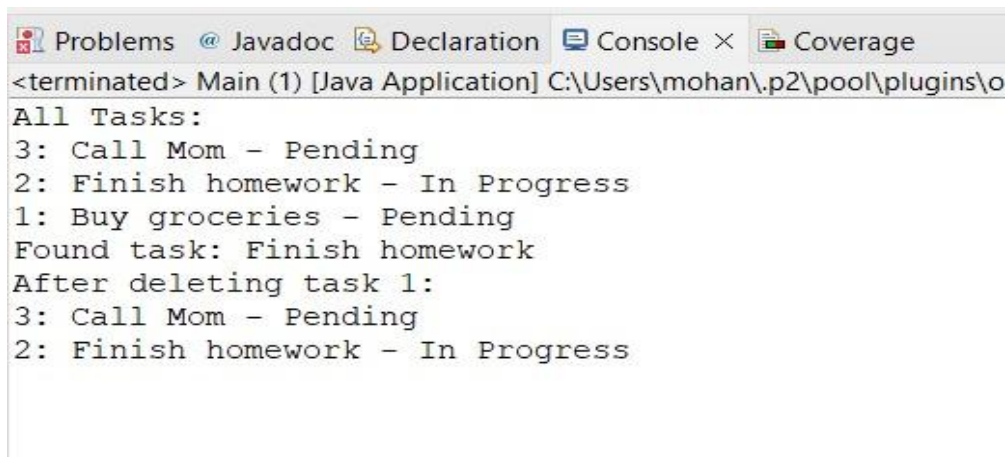
package palindrome;

public class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        TaskList taskList = new TaskList();
        taskList.addTask(new Task(1, "Buy groceries", "Pending"));
        taskList.addTask(new Task(2, "Finish homework", "In Progress"));
        taskList.addTask(new Task(3, "Call Mom", "Pending"));
        System.out.println("All Tasks:");
        taskList.displayTasks();
        Task task = taskList.searchTask(2);
        if (task != null) {
            System.out.println("Found task: " + task.taskName);
        } else {
            System.out.println("Task not found");
        }
        taskList.deleteTask(1);
        System.out.println("After deleting task 1:");
        taskList.displayTasks();
    }
}

```

## Output:



The screenshot shows an IDE console window with tabs for Problems, Javadoc, Declaration, Console, and Coverage. The Console tab is active, displaying the output of a Java application. The output lists tasks and their status after a deletion operation.

```
<terminated> Main (1) [Java Application] C:\Users\mohan\.p2\pool\plugins\o
All Tasks:
3: Call Mom - Pending
2: Finish homework - In Progress
1: Buy groceries - Pending
Found task: Finish homework
After deleting task 1:
3: Call Mom - Pending
2: Finish homework - In Progress
```

## 7) Exercise 6: Library Management System

### Solution:

#### //Book.java

```
package palindrome;

public class Book {
    public int bookId;
    public String title;
    public String author;
    public Book(int id, String title, String author) {
        this.bookId = id;
        this.title = title;
        this.author = author;
    }
}
```

#### //LibrarySearch.java

```
package palindrome;

import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Comparator;

public class LibrarySearch {
```

```

public static Book linearSearch(Book[] books, String title) {
    for (Book b : books) {
        if (b.title.equalsIgnoreCase(title))
            return b;
    }
    return null;
}

public static Book binarySearch(Book[] books, String title) {
    int low = 0, high = books.length - 1;
    while (low <= high) {
        int mid = (low + high) / 2;
        int cmp = books[mid].title.compareToIgnoreCase(title);
        if (cmp == 0)
            return books[mid];
        else if (cmp < 0)
            low = mid + 1;
        else
            high = mid - 1;
    }
    return null;
}
}

```

#### **//LibraryManagement.java**

```

package palindrome;

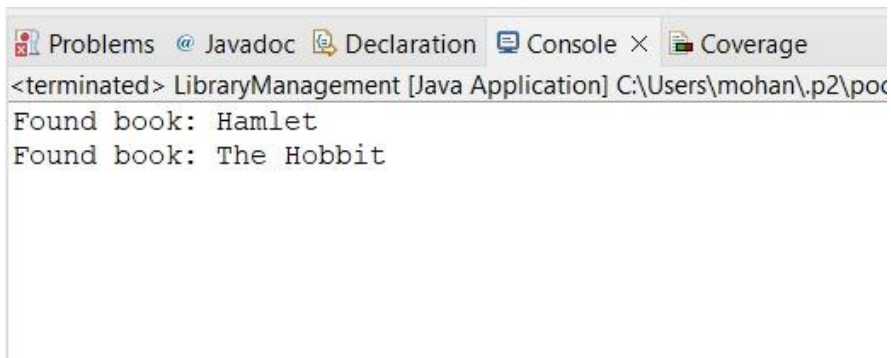
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Comparator;

public class LibraryManagement {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Book[] books = {

```

```
        new Book(1, "The Hobbit", "J.R.R. Tolkien"),
        new Book(2, "1984", "George Orwell"),
        new Book(3, "Hamlet", "William Shakespeare")
    };
    Arrays.sort(books, Comparator.comparing(b -> b.title));
    Book found = LibrarySearch.linearSearch(books, "Hamlet");
    if (found != null)
        System.out.println("Found book: " + found.title);
    else
        System.out.println("Book not found");
    Book foundBinary = LibrarySearch.binarySearch(books, "The Hobbit");
    if (foundBinary != null)
        System.out.println("Found book: " + foundBinary.title);
    else
        System.out.println("Book not found");
    }
}
```

### Output:



```
<terminated> LibraryManagement [Java Application] C:\Users\mohan\.p2\poc
Found book: Hamlet
Found book: The Hobbit
```