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#if 0
/**** Exercise 3 -17 ****/
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAXLINE 1000
#define LIMIT 8
/* we call it ngetline, for new getline so that it does not conflict with system function getline */
int ngetline(char line[],int lim);
int main(void)
    int len;
    char line[MAXLINE];
    while((len=ngetline(line,MAXLINE)) > 0)
        if( len > LIMIT )
            printf("%s",line);
    }
    return 0;
}
int ngetline(char s[],int lim)
    int i,c;
    for (i = 0; i < \lim -1 \&\& (c = getchar ()) != EOF \&\& c != '\n' ; ++i)
        s[i]=c;
    if(c == '\n')
    {
        s[i] = c;
        ++i;
    s[i] = '\0';
    return i;
}
#endif
#if 0
/***** calculator using function pointer ******/
#include<stdio.h>
void add()
    printf("add fun\n");
    return;
}
void sub()
    printf("sub fun\n");
    return;
int main(void)
{
    int num;
    void (*fun[])() = { add,sub };
    printf("enter the number 0)add
                                       1) sub\n");
    fgets((char*)num,100,stdin);
    num = atoi((char*)&num);
    if(num \ge 0 \& num \le 1)
    {
       (*fun[num])();
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}
    return 0;
}
#endif
#if 0
/***** remove duplicate char in a string ******/
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
    char a[] = "hellohdbvgsdtwrs";
    int i,j;
    for(i=0; a[i];i++)
    {
        for(j=0;a[j];j++)
            if(a[i] == a[j])
                break;
        if(i==j)
            printf("%c ",a[i]);
    return 0;
}
#endif
#if 0
/****** print duplicate char ******/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
void print_dup(char* str)
    int len = strlen(str);
    int a[100],i;
    char temp[len];
    for(i=0;i<len;i++)</pre>
    {
        int t = (int)str[i] - 65;
        if(a[t]!=1)
            printf("%c",str[i]);
        a[t] = 1;
    }
}
int main()
    print_dup("BANANAS");
    return 0;
#endif
#if 0
/***** largest sum in array elements ******/
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
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int a[10] = \{-1, -30, -3, -4, 5, 6, -7, 8, -9, 1\};
    int i,j;
    int temp,lar_sum=0;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++)
    {
        temp = a[i] + a[i+1];
        if ( temp > lar_sum )
        {
            lar_sum = temp;
    }
    printf("%d\n",lar_sum);
    return 0;
#endif
#if 0
/****** largest element using bitwise ******/
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int a[10] = \{1,30,3,4,50,6,7,8,9,10\};
    int i,j;
    int temp,lar=0;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    {
        temp = a[i] - lar;
        lar = ((temp >> 31 & 1) ? ( lar ) : ( a[i] ));
    printf("%d\n",lar);
    return 0;
}
#endif
#if 0
/***** print matrix in spiral form *****/
#include <stdio.h>
#define R 4
#define C 4
void spiralPrint(int m, int n, int a[R][C])
{
    int i, k = 0, l = 0;
    /* k - starting row index
        m - ending row index
        l - starting column index
        n - ending column index
        i - iterator
    while (k < m \&\& l < n)
        /* Print the first row from the remaining rows */
        for (i = l; i < n; ++i)
        {
            printf("%d ", a[k][i]);
        k++;
        /* Print the last column from the remaining columns */
        for (i = k; i < m; ++i)
        {
            printf("%d ", a[i][n-1]);
        n--;
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/* Print the last row from the remaining rows */
        if (k < m)
            for (i = n-1; i >= l; --i)
            {
                 printf("%d ", a[m-1][i]);
            }
            m--;
        }
        /* Print the first column from the remaining columns */
        if (l < n)
            for (i = m-1; i >= k; --i)
                 printf("%d ", a[i][l]);
            l++;
        }
    }
/* Driver program to test above functions */
int main()
{
        a[R][C] = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, \dots \}
    int a[R][C] = \{ 1,
        13, 14, 15, 16
    };
    spiralPrint(R, C, a);
    return 0;
}
#endif
#if 0
/***** memmove implimentation ****/
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    char src[] = "sdde5";
    char dst[] = "hello";
    int n = 3,i;
    char *d = dst;
    char *s = src;
    if(dst == src)
        printf("%s\n",dst);
    if(dst < src)
        for(i=0;i<3;i++)
            dst[i] = src[i];
        printf("%s\n",dst);
    }
    else
    {
        while(n--)
            d[i] = s[i];
        printf("%s",d);
    return 0;
}
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#endif
/****** multiplication using recursion ******/
#include<stdio.h>
int muli(int n1,int n2)
    if(n2 == 1)
        return n1;
    else
        return n1+muli(n1,(n2-1));
    }
}
int main(void)
{
    int n1 = 10;
    int n2 = 20;
    int mul = muli(n1,n2);
    printf("mul = %d\n",mul);
    return 0;
}
#endif
#if 0
         remove the duplicate array elements ***/
#include<stdio.h>
void duplicate(int array[], int num)
    int *count = (int *)malloc(100);
    printf("duplicate elements present in the given array are ");
    for (i = 0; i < num; i++)
        if (count[array[i]] == 1)
            printf(" %d ", array[i]);
        else
            count[array[i]]++;
    }
int main()
    int array[] = \{5, 10, 10, 2, 1, 4, 2\};
    int array_freq = sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0]);
    duplicate(array, array_freq);
    return 0;
}
/*
int main(void)
    int a[] = \{1,2,3,2,3,4,5,4,3,2,3,4,5\};
    int n = sizeof(a) / sizeof(a[0]);
    int i,j;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        for(j=0;j<n;j++)
        {
            if(a[i] == a[j])
                break;
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if(i==j)
            printf("%d ",a[i]);
    return 0;
*/
#endif
#if 0
/**** print with out printf function *****/
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    write(1, "hello world", strlen("hello world"));
    return 0;
#endif
#if 1
/****
          remove sub string from main string *****/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
void main()
{
    int i, j = 0, k = 0, count = 0;
    char str[100], key[20];
    char str1[10][20];
    printf("enter string:");
    scanf("%[^\n]s",str);
    /* Converts the string into 2D array */
    for (i = 0; str[i]!= '\0'; i++)
    {
        if (str[i]==' ')
            str1[k][j] = '\0';
            k++;
            j = 0;
        }
        else
        {
            str1[k][j] = str[i];
            j++;
    str1[k][j] = '\0';
    printf("enter key:");
    scanf("%s", key);
    /st Compares the string with given word st/
    for (i = 0; i < k + 1; i++)
    {
        if (strcmp(str1[i], key) == 0)
            for (j = i; j < k + 1; j++)
                strcpy(str1[j], str1[j + 1]);
        }
    for (i = 0; i < k + 1; i++)
        printf("%s ", strl[i]);
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}
#endif
#if 0
/**** reverse the words ******/
#include<stdio.h>
void reverseWords( char * str )
    int i = 0, j = 0;
    reverseString( str, strlen(str) );
    printf("%s\n",str);
   while(1)
    {
        if( str[j] == ' ')
            reverseString( str+i, j-i );
            i = j+1;
        if( str[j] == '\0')
        {
            break;
        j++;
    }
}
void reverseString(char* str, int len)
    int i, j;
    char temp;
    i=j=temp=0;
    j=len-1;
    for (i=0; i<j; i++, j--)
        temp=str[i];
        str[i]=str[j];
        str[j]=temp;
    }
int main(void)
    char a[100] = "i am fine";
    reverseWords(a);
    printf("%s\n",a);
    return 0;
#endif
#if 0
/**** insert the string in a given string *****/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
void main()
{
    char str1[20], str2[20];
    int l1, l2, n, i;
    puts("Enter the string 1\n"); scanf("%s",str1);
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ll = strlen(str1);
puts("Enter the string 2\n");
scanf(" %s",str2);

l2 = strlen(str2);
printf("Enter the position where the string is to be inserted\n");
scanf(" %d", &n);
for(i = n; i < l1; i++)
{
    strl[i + l2] = strl[i];
}
for(i = 0; i < l2; i++)
{
    strl[n + i] = str2[i];
}
str2[l2 + 1] = '\0';
printf("After inserting the string is %s", strl);
}
#endif</pre>
```