

Async await

Principles of Reactive Programming

Erik Meijer

Making effects implicit

Async await magic

```
import scala.async.Async.
def async[T](body: =>T)
(implicit context: ExecutionContext)
:Future[T]
def await[T] (future: Future[T]): T
```

```
async{ ... await{...}...}
```

Async, the small print

Illegal Uses

The following uses of await are illegal and are reported as errors:

- await requires a directly-enclosing async; this means await must not be used inside a closure nested within an async block, or inside a nested object, trait, or class.
- await must not be used inside an expression passed as an argument to a byname parameter.
- await must not be used inside a Boolean short-circuit argument.
- return expressions are illegal inside an async block.
- await should not be used under a try/catch.

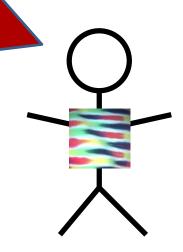
Warning

Getting async await to work,

Dealing with the compiler error messages,

Navigating the limitations,

can be frustrating.
But ultimately, it will pay off!



Retrying to send using await (an no recursion)

```
def retry(noTimes: Int)(block: \RightarrowFuture[T]): Future[T] =
async {
  var i = 0
  var result: Try[T] = Failure(new Exception("..."))
  while (result.isFailure && i < noTimes) {
    result = await { Try(block) }
    i += 1
  result.get
               object Try {
                 def apply(f: Future[T]):
               Future [Try[T]] = \{...\}
```

Reimplementing filter using await

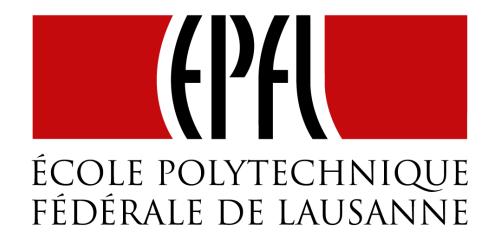
```
def filter(p: T \Rightarrow Boolean): Future[T] = async {
  val x = await { this }
  if (!p(x)) {
    throw new NoSuchElementException()
  } else {
    x
  }
}
```

Reimplementing flatMap using await

```
def flatMap[S](f: T ⇒ Future[S]): Future[S] = async {
  val x: T = await { this }
  await { f(x) }
}
```

Reimplementing filter without await

```
def filter(pred: T \Rightarrow Boolean): Future[T] = {
  val p = Promise[T]()
  this onComplete {
    case Failure(e) ⇒
      p.failure(e)
    case Success (x) \Rightarrow
      if (!pred(x)) p.failure(new NoSuchElementException)
      else p.success(x)
  p.future
```



End of Async await

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