CS330: Getting Started Guide for GemOS

Introduction

gemOS is a teaching operating system, will be developed gradually during the course. As part of the assignments, you are required to design and implement several features in gemOS. Typically, operating systems execute on hardware (bare metal or virtual). For this course, we will use Gem5 architectural simulator (http://gem5.org/Main_Page). An architectural simulator simulates the hardware in software. In other words, all the hardware functionalities and communications are implemented in software using some programming language. For example, Gem5 simulator implements architectural elements for different architectures like ARM, X86, MIPS etc. Advantages of using software simulators for OS development are,

- Internal hardware state and operations at different components (e.g., decoder, cache etc.) can be profiled to better understand the hardware-software interfacing.
- Hardware can be modified for several purposes—make it simpler, understand implications of hardware changes on software design etc.
- Bugs during OS development can be better understood by debugging both hardware code and the OS code.

The getting started guide helps you to setup Gem5 and execute gem0S on it.

Preparing Gem5 simulator

System pre-requisites

- Git
- gcc 4.8+
- python 2.7+
- SCons
- protobuf 2.1+

On Ubuntu install the packages by executing the following command.

\$ sudo apt-get install build-essential git m4 scons zlib1g zlib1g-dev libprotobuf-dev protobuf-compiler libprotoc-dev libgoogle-perftools-dev python-dev python automake

Gem5 installation

Clone the gem5 repository from https://gem5.googlesource.com/public/gem5.

```
$ git clone https://gem5.googlesource.com/public/gem5
```

Change the current directory to gem5 and build it with scons:

```
$ cd gem5
$ scons build/X86/gem5.opt -j9
```

In place of 9 in [-j9], you can assign a number equal to available processors in your system plus one. For example, if your system have 4 cores, then substitute -j9 with -j5. For first time it will take around 10 to 30 minutes depending on your system configuration. After a successful Gem5 is build, test it using the following command,

\$ build/X86/gem5.opt configs/example/se.py --cmd=tests/test-progs/hello/bin/x86/linux/hello

The output should be as follows,

```
gem5 Simulator System. http://gem5.org
gem5 is copyrighted software; use the --copyright option for details.
gem5 compiled Aug 4 2018 11:00:44
gem5 started Aug 4 2018 17:15:06
gem5 executing on BM1AF-BP1AF-BM6AF, pid 8965
command line: build/X86/gem5.opt configs/example/se.py \
              --cmd=tests/test-progs/hello/bin/x86/linux/hello
/home/user/workspace/gem5/configs/common/CacheConfig.py:50: SyntaxWarning: import * only \
              allowed at module level def config_cache(options, system):
Global frequency set at 100000000000 ticks per second
warn: DRAM device capacity (8192 Mbytes) does not match the address range assigned (512 Mbytes)
0: system.remote_gdb: listening for remote gdb on port 7000
**** REAL SIMULATION ****
info: Entering event queue @ O. Starting simulation...
Hello world!
Exiting @ tick 5941500 because exiting with last active thread context
```

Booting GemOS using Gem5

Gem5 execute in two modes—system call emulation (SE) mode and full system (FS) simulation mode. The example shown in the previous section, was a SE mode simulation of Gem5 to study an application. As we want to execute an OS, Gem5 should be executed in FS mode. There are some setup steps before we can execute gem0S using Gem5 FS mode. To run OS in full-system mode, where we are required to simulate the hardware in detail, we need to provide the following files,

- gemOS.kernel: OS binary built from the gemOS source.
- gemOS.img: root disk image
- swap.img: swap disk image

Gem5 is required to be properly configured to execute the gem0S kernel. The configuration requires changing some existing configuration files (in gem5 directory) as follows,

- Edit the configs/common/FSConfig.py file to modify the makeX86System function where the value of disk2.childImage is modified to (disk('swap.img')).
- Edit the configs/common/FSConfig.py file to modify the makeLinuxX86System function where the value of self.kernel is modified to binary('gemOS.kernel').
- Edit the configs/common/Benchmarks.py file to update it as follows,

```
elif buildEnv['TARGET_ISA'] == 'x86':
    return env.get('LINUX_IMAGE', disk('gemOS.img'))
```

Create a directory named gemos in gem5 directory and populate it as follows,

```
/home/user/gem5$ mkdir gemos
/home/user/gem5$ cd gemos
/home/user/gem5/gemos$ mkdir disks; mkdir binaries
/home/user/gem5/gemos$ dd if=/dev/zero of=disks/gem0S.img bs=1M count=128
/home/user/gem5/gemos$ dd if=/dev/zero of=disks/swap.img bs=1M count=32
```

Build gemOS source (will be provided during assignments) by executing make and copy the binary to gemos/binaries directory. This step is necessary every time you build the OS and want to test it. For the time being, you can download gemOS.kernel from https://www.cse.iitk.ac.in/users/deba/cs330/resources/gemOS.kernel. We need to set the M5_PATH environment variable to the gemos directory path as follows.

```
/home/user/gem5$ export M5_PATH=/home/user/gem5/gemos
Now, we are ready to boot GemOS.
gem5$ build/X86/gem5.opt configs/example/fs.py
Gem5 output will look as follows,
gem5 Simulator System. http://gem5.org
gem5 is copyrighted software; use the --copyright option for details.
gem5 compiled Aug 10 2018 20:24:30
gem5 started Aug 15 2018 18:01:10
gem5 executing on cse-BM1AF-BP1AF-BM6AF, pid 11898
command line: ./build/X86/gem5.debug configs/example/fs.py
Global frequency set at 100000000000 ticks per second
warn: DRAM device capacity (8192 Mbytes) does not match the address range assigned (512 Mbytes)
info: kernel located at: /home/user/gem5/gemos/binaries/gemOS.kernel
Listening for com_1 connection on port 3456
      0: rtc: Real-time clock set to Sun Jan 1 00:00:00 2012
0: system.remote_gdb.listener: listening for remote gdb #0 on port 7000
warn: Reading current count from inactive timer.
**** REAL SIMULATION ****
info: Entering event queue @ O. Starting simulation...
warn: Don't know what interrupt to clear for console.
```

Execute the following command in another terminal window to access the $\mathtt{gem0S}$ console

/home/user\$ telnet localhost 3456

At this point, you should be able to see the $\mathtt{gem0S}$ shell. Type help to see the available commands.