# **Mass Transfer: Diffusion**

Derivation of the conservation equation of mass diffusion and analogy to heat transfer

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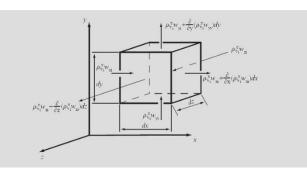




# **Learning goals**

# **Conservation equations and analogy:**

- Understanding of the necessary steps to develop the conservation equation
- Knowledge of the common features of heat, mass, and momentum transfer

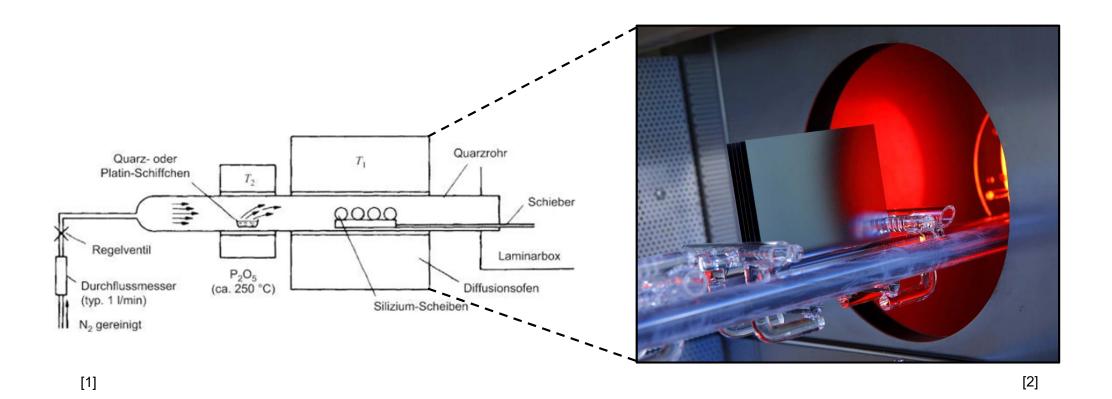






# **Practical example**

# Diffusion oven in the production of semiconductor elements and solar cells



[1] Ruge und Mader, 1991

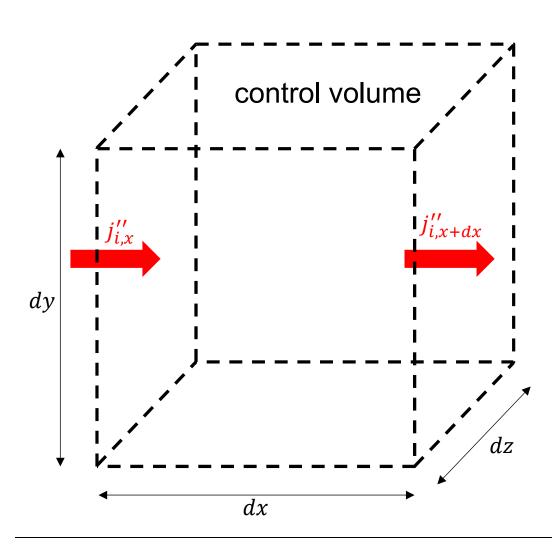
[2] https://isfh.de/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/IndustrielleSolarzellenBox.jpeg







# Derivation of the differential equation for diffusive mass transport (1D)

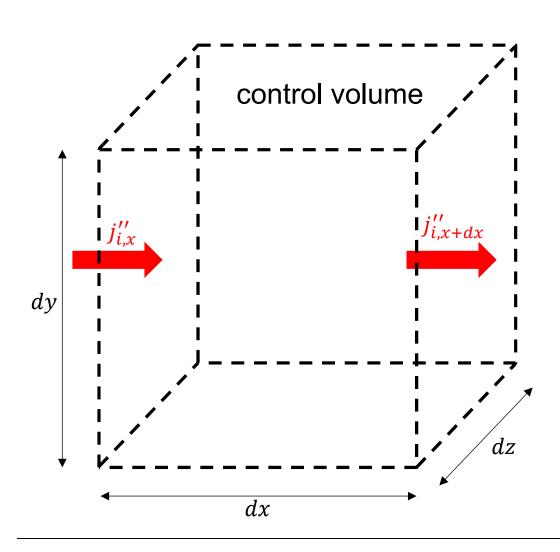


## **Procedure for concentration curves:**

- determine control volume
- identify relevant flows
- set up balance
- develop differential equation
- solve differential equation



# Derivation of the differential equation for diffusive mass transport (1D)



## **Balance** (steady state):

$$0 = j_{i,x}'' - j_{i,x+dx}''$$

#### **Diffusion flux density:**

$$j_i'' = -D \cdot \frac{d\rho_i}{dx} = -\rho \cdot D \cdot \frac{d\xi_i}{dx}$$

## **Taylor series expansion**

## **Differential equation:**

$$\frac{\partial j_i''}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( -D_{ij} \frac{\partial \rho_i}{\partial x} \right)$$

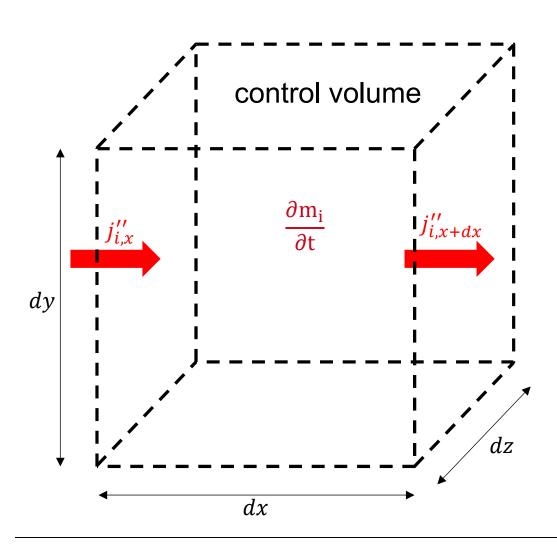
$$0 = \rho D_{ij} \frac{\partial^2 \xi_i}{\partial x^2}$$







# **Transient one-dimensional diffusion (1D)**



## **Temporal change:**

$$\frac{\partial m_i}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial \rho_i V}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial \rho_i dx dy dz}{\partial t}$$

#### **Balance**

$$\frac{\partial m_i}{\partial t} = j_{i,x}^{"} - j_{i,x+dx}^{"}$$

## **Taylor series expansion**

## **Differential equation:**

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial \rho_{i}}{\partial t} &= -\frac{\partial j_{i}''}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial \rho_{i}}{\partial t} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \rho D_{ij} \frac{\partial \xi_{i}}{\partial x} \right) = \rho D_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2} \xi_{i}}{\partial x^{2}} \\ \frac{\partial \rho_{i}/\rho}{\partial t} &= \frac{\partial \xi_{i}}{\partial t} = D_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2} \xi_{i}}{\partial x^{2}} \end{split}$$





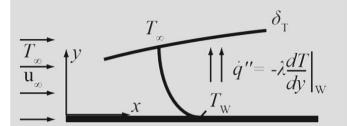
## Analogy between heat, momentum, and mass transfer

#### **Transient heat transfer:**

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{T}}{\partial \mathbf{t}} = \mathbf{a} \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{T}}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2}$$

with a in  $\left[\frac{m^2}{s}\right]$ 

Thermal diffusivity



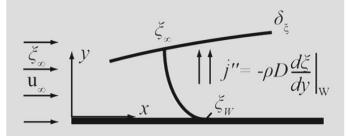
**Heat Transfer: Fourier's Law** 

#### **Transient mass transfer:**

$$\frac{\partial \xi}{\partial t} = D \frac{\partial^2 \xi}{\partial x^2}$$

with D in  $\left[\frac{\mathrm{m}^2}{\mathrm{s}}\right]$ 

Diffusion coefficient



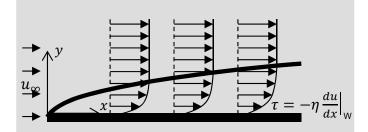
Mass Transfer: Fick's Law

#### **Transient momentum transfer:**

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{t}} = \mathbf{v} \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2}$$

with 
$$\nu$$
 in  $\left[\frac{m^2}{s}\right]$ 

Kinematic viscosity or momentum diffusivity



**Momentum Transfer: Newton's Law** 







# **Comprehension questions**

What is the analogy of the diffusion coefficient in heat transfer and momentum transport?





