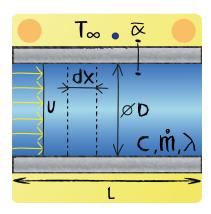


Lecture 7 Question 1

Consider a fluid flow through a cylindrical pipeline, as in the figure. It flows so slow that diffusion cannot be neglected. Which fluxes are applicable when deriving the energy balance for an infinitesimal element? Assume steady-state conditions without sources/sinks.



Energy balance for an infinitesimal element (including diffusive heat transfer without sources / sinks)

$$\dot{H}_{x,in} - \dot{H}_{x,out} + \dot{Q}_{x,in} - \dot{Q}_{x,out} - \dot{Q}_{conv} = 0$$

Where:

$$\begin{split} \dot{H}_{\rm x,in} &= \dot{m} \cdot c \cdot T(x) \\ \dot{H}_{\rm x,out} &= \dot{m} \cdot c \cdot T + \frac{d}{dx} \left(\dot{m} \cdot c \cdot T \right) \cdot dx \\ \dot{Q}_{\rm x,in} &= -\lambda \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot D^2}{4} \cdot \frac{dT}{dx} \\ \dot{Q}_{\rm x,out} &= -\lambda \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot D^2}{4} \cdot \frac{dT}{dx} + \frac{d}{dx} \left(-\lambda \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot D^2}{4} \cdot \frac{dT}{dx} \right) \cdot dx \\ \dot{Q}_{\rm conv} &= \alpha \cdot \pi \cdot D \cdot dx \cdot (T(x) - T_{\infty}) \end{split}$$