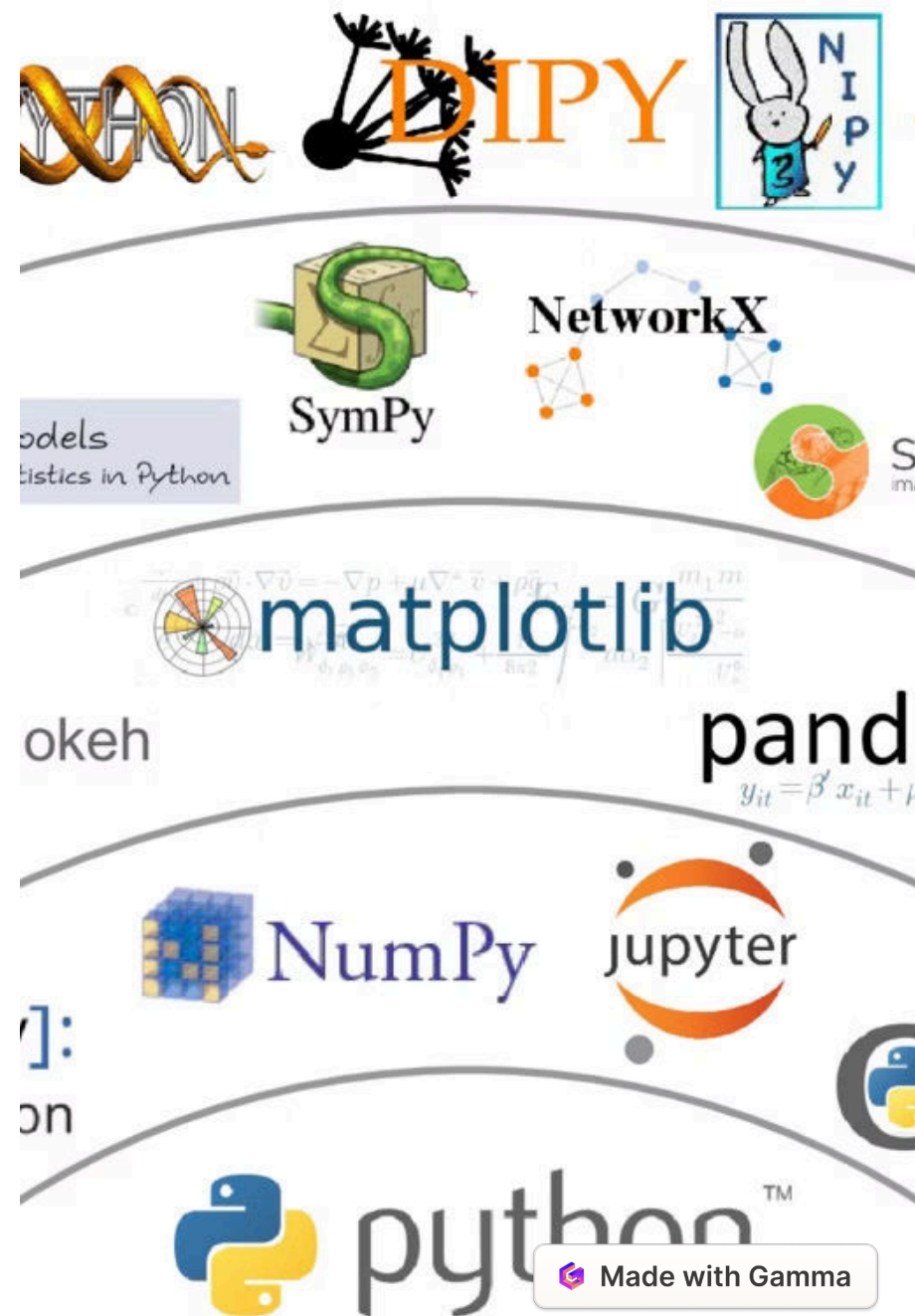


# Introduction to Numpy, Pandas, and Scikit-learn

Numpy, Pandas, and Scikit-learn are essential libraries for data analysis and machine learning in Python. They provide powerful tools for handling data, performing mathematical operations, and implementing machine learning algorithms.



# Features and Capabilities of Numpy

## Efficient Data Manipulation

Numpy enables fast and efficient manipulation of large, multi-dimensional arrays and matrices, making it ideal for scientific and numerical computing.

## Broad Range of Mathematical Functions

It provides a wide range of mathematical functions, including linear algebra, statistics, and Fourier analysis, that are essential for data analysis and modeling.

# Speed example :

```
[3]: import numpy as np  
import timeit
```

```
[18]: x = np.random.standard_normal(10000)
```

```
[26]: def pure_sum():  
    return sum(x)  
  
    def numpy_sum():  
        return np.sum(x)  
  
    n = 10000  
  
    t1 = timeit.timeit(pure_sum, number = n)  
    t2 = timeit.timeit(numpy_sum, number = n)
```

```
[27]: print('Python Sum time :', t1)
```

```
Python Sum time : 9.109751599999981
```

```
[28]: print('numpy Sum time :', t2)
```

```
numpy Sum time : 0.07865599999996675
```

```
[29]: t1/t2
```

```
[29]: 115.8176312042798
```

2	20160603	68.4	77.9	55.6	3	20160604	57.5	70.9	47.3	4	51.4
3	20160604	57.5	70.9	47.3	4	20160605	51.4	58.3	43.2	5	52.2
4	20160605	51.4	58.3	43.2	5	20160606	52.2	59.7	42.8	6	56.9
5	20160606	52.2	59.7	42.8	6	20160607	56.9	65.1	45.9	7	54.2
6	20160607	56.9	65.1	45.9	7	20160608	54.2	60.4	47.5	8	49.4
7	20160608	54.2	60.4	47.5	8	20160609	49.4	54.1	45.7	9	49.5
8	20160609	49.4	54.1	45.7	9	20160610	49.5	55.9	43.0		
9	20160610	49.5	55.9	43.0							

Name: TEMP, dtype: float64

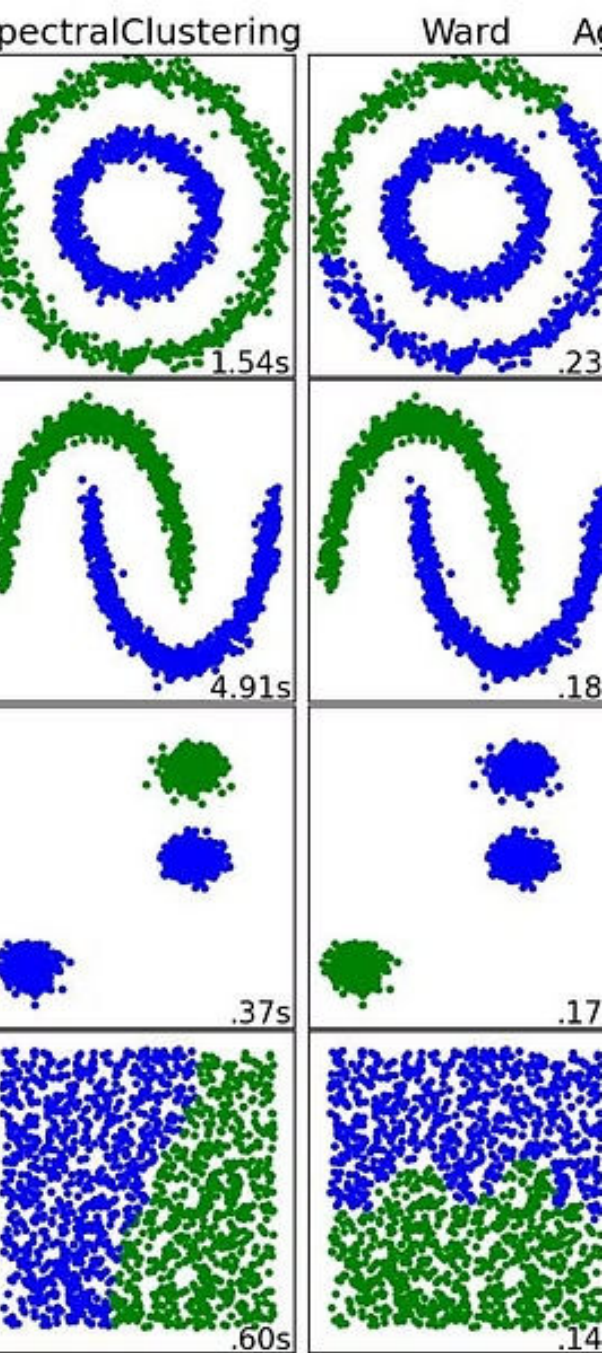
# Features and Capabilities of Pandas

## 1 Data Alignment and Handling

Pandas simplifies data alignment, handles missing data, and offers robust data manipulation tools, such as filtering, grouping, and pivoting.

## 2 Time Series Analysis

It provides extensive capabilities for working with time series data, making it convenient for tasks like data aggregation, windowing, and statistical analysis over time.



# Features and Capabilities of Scikit-learn

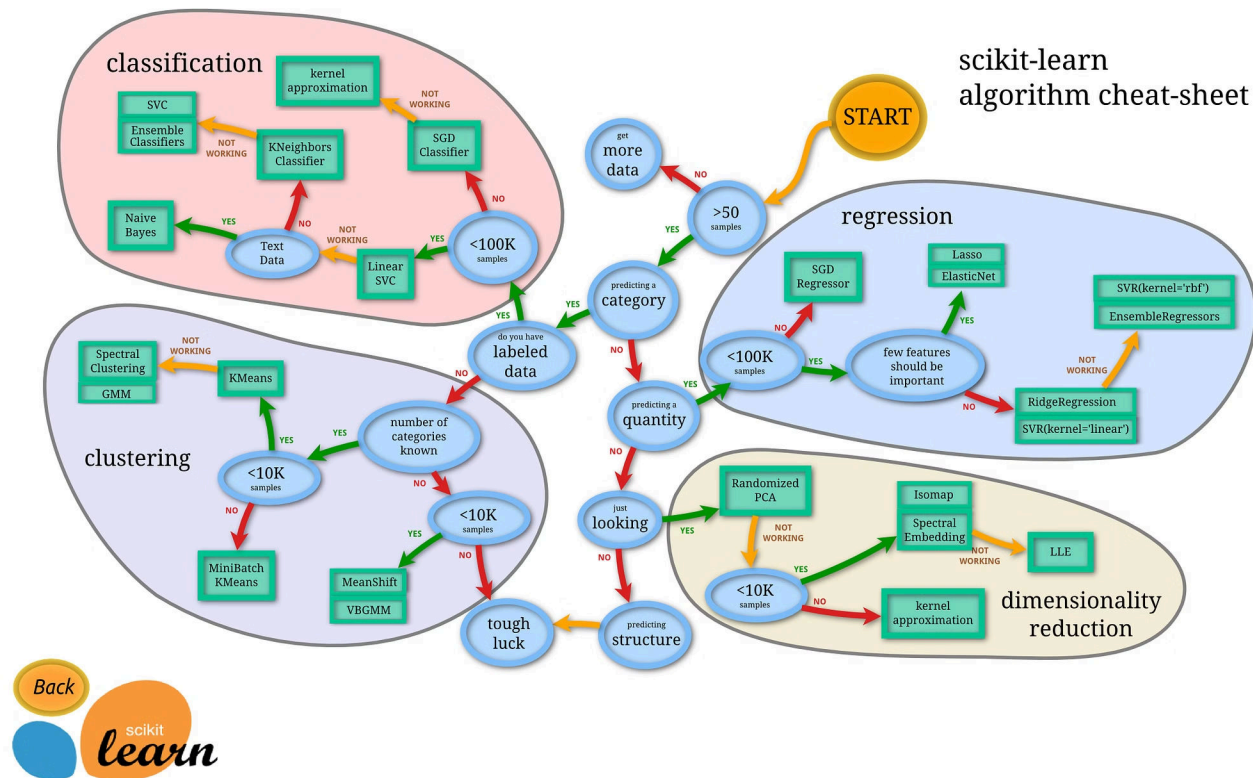
## Robust Machine Learning Algorithms

Scikit-learn offers a wide range of machine learning algorithms, including classification, regression, clustering, and dimensionality reduction techniques.

## Model Selection and Evaluation

It provides tools for model selection and evaluation, cross-validation, and hyperparameter tuning to build and optimize predictive models.

## Scikit-learn map :



# Use Cases and Applications of Numpy, Pandas, and Scikit-learn

10K

Data Analysis Projects

7

Machine Learning Applications



# Benefits of Using these Libraries in Data Analysis and Machine Learning

1

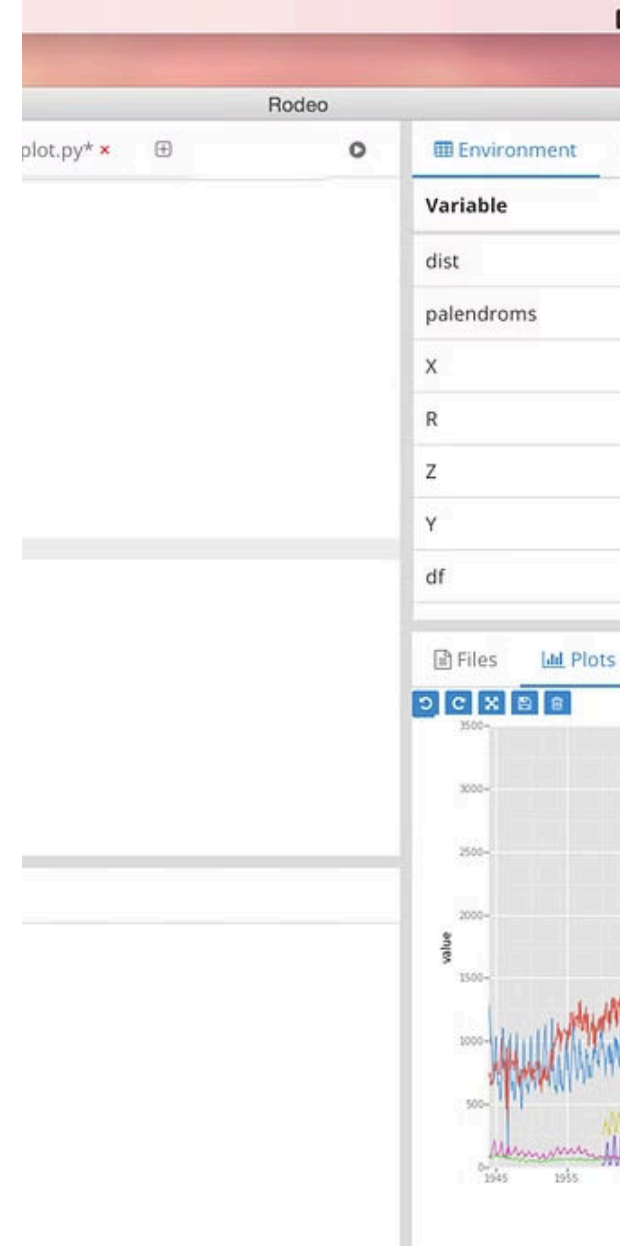
## Streamlined Workflow

Numpy, Pandas, and Scikit-learn streamline the entire data analysis and machine learning workflow from data preprocessing to model deployment.

2

## Reusable Codebase

They enable the development of reusable code for data processing, model training, and deployment, reducing development time and effort.





# Resources and Documentation for Learning Numpy, Pandas, and Scikit-learn



## Official Documentation

Each library provides comprehensive official documentation with examples, tutorials, and API references.

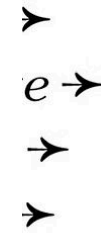
## Community Forums

Engage with the community through forums, discussion groups, and social media channels to seek help and contribute to discussions.

## Chatgpt

Discuss with AI to make AI.

a Science  
entials  
python



## Conclusion and Next Steps

Understanding Numpy, Pandas, and Scikit-learn is crucial for anyone entering the field of data science and machine learning. By leveraging these libraries, professionals can build powerful solutions for complex real-world problems while continuously enhancing their skills and knowledge.

(2)  
Information search

(3)  
Evaluation of alternatives

(4)  
Purchase