KT_GIGA_WIFI-Wave 2 has a stack overflow vulnerability

The device information is as follows



According to the web interface, the firmware version is KM08-708H 1.1.14



In the goahead binary program, a stack overflow vulnerability can be observed in the websRedirect function

```
1 int __fastcall websRedirect(int a1, const char *haystack)
2 {
3
    const char *v5; // $s0
   const char *Var; // $s3
4
   int mcr_userPort; // $s2
   const char *haystack 1; // [sp+20h] [-105Ch] BYREF
   int v9; // [sp+24h] [-1058h] BYREF
7
   char s[4180]; // [sp+28h] [-1054h] BYREF
   memset(s, 0, 0x1050u);
10
11
    havstack 1 = 0:
12
    v9 = 0:
    ++dword 48BCCC:
13
    if ( !strstr(haystack, "http://") )
14
15
      v5 = &haystack[*haystack == 0x2F];
16
17
      Var = (const char *)_websGetVar__(a1, "HTTP_HOST", websHostUrl);
18
      mcr userPort = mcr userPort;
19
      if ( mcr userPort == 80 || strchr(Var, 58) )
20
        strcpy(s, Var);
21
        sprintf(s, "%s:%d", Var, mcr_userPort);
22
23
      fmtAlloc(&haystack_1, 4176, "http://%s/%s", s, v5);
24
      haystack = haystack_1;
25
    fmtAlloc(
26
27
      &v9,
28
      4176,
      "<html><head></head><body>\r\n"
29
      "\t\tThis document has moved to a new <a href=\"%s\">location</a>.\r\n"
30
      "\t\tPlease update your documents to reflect the new location.\r\n"
31
      32
     haystack);
33
34
   if (*(DWORD *)(a1 + 248) == 80)
35
     websResponse(a1, 301, v9, haystack);
36
   else
37
     websResponse(a1, 302, v9, haystack);
38
   bfreeSafe(v9);
39
    return bfreeSafe(haystack_1);
40 }
```

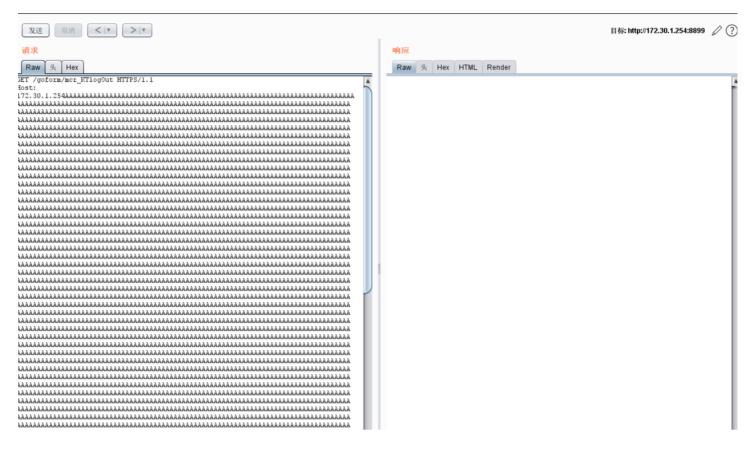
The request package for burpsuit construction is as follows

3 User-Agent: test

4 Accept: */*

5 Connection: close

The purpose of using Burpsuit here is because Burpsuit can recognize the actual IP address of the target



Web service crashes successfully

