# **Advanced Computer Network**

# Solution Assignment-3A MAAZ, SHIVAM, ZAKIR, NAFEES, LASMI

#### Question 1

Class B network having IP Address 128.12.0.0 is divided into 8 subnets, Answer the followings

(a) Find the Subnet mask of Network after subnetting.

8 subnets require 3 bit from host bits, so the subnets address;

- (b) How many maximum number of hosts are possible in a subnet. number of host is  $2^{13} 2 = 8190$  host.
- (c) Find the Network ID and Broadcast address of third, Fourth , Seventh Subnetwork.

third subnets: 128.12.64.0

net id: 128.12.64.0

broadcast id: 128.12.96.0

fourth subnets: 128.12.96.0

net id: 128.12.96.0

broadcast id: 128.12.96.0

seventh subnets: 128.12.192.0

net id : 128.12.192.0

broadcast id: 128.12.223.225

- (d) Find the First IP Address of third Subnetwork 128.12.64.1
- (e)Find the  $350^{th}$ , Last and First IP Address of sixth Subnetwork the  $350^{th}$  ip address of sixth subnets is : 128.12.161.94

this last is: 128.12.161.25

this first is: 128.12.161.1

(f) Find the  $760^{th}$ , Last and First IP Address of fifth Subnetwork fifth subnets 128.12.128.0

 $760^{th}ipaddress: 128.12.130.228$  last ip address: 128.12.130.248

first ip address: 128.12.130.1

- (g) A subnetwork have IP address 128.12.85.89 Find the First and last IP address of this Subnetwork.
- 190.13.220.45 is class b address so they can assume that first ip address is 128.12.0.1 and because default mask is 225.255.0.0 and last ip is 128.12.225.254
- (h) A subnetwork have IP address 128.12.85.89 Find the First and last IP address of this Subnetwork.

190.13.220.45 is class b address so they can assume that first ip address is 128.12.0.1 and because default mask is 225.255.0.0 and last ip is 128.12.225.254

#### Question 3

Subnet ID of last subnet of a class B network is 190.13.224.0, Answer the followings. (a) Find the Subnet mask of Network after subnetting.

it is the last subnet of class b address let look that third octet 224 converted in binary 11100000 we can canceled that only 3 but is from host part. so subnet mask is 225.225.224.0

(b) How many maximum number of of hosts are possible in this subnet.

maximum number of host is  $2^{13} - 2 = 8190$  host.

(c) Find the Network ID and Broadcast address of third, Fourth, Seventh network.

third subnets : 190.13.64.0

net id: 190.13.64.0

broadcast id: 190.13.95.225

fourth subnets: 190.13.96.0

net id : 190.13.96.0

broadcast id: 190.13.127.255

seventh subnets: 190.13.192.0

net id : 190.13.192.0

broadcast id: 190.13.223.225

- (d) Find the First IP Address of third Subnetwork. first ip address of third subnet is 190.13.64.1
  - (e) Find the  $412^{th}$  Last and First IP Address of sixth Subnetwork.

sixth subnets is : 190.13.160.00

the  $412^{th}$  ip address: 190.13.161.156 this last is: 190.13.191.254

this first is: 190.13.160.1

(e) Find the  $345^{th}$  Last and First IP Address of fifth Subnetwork.

sixth subnets is: 190.13.128.00

the  $345^{th}$  ip address: 190.13.129.89 last ip address: 190.13.159.254

first ip address: 190.13.128.1

(g) A subnetwork have IP address 190.13.220.45 Find the First and last IP address of this Subnetwork.

190.13.220.45 is class b address so they can assume that first ip address is 190.13.0.1 and because default mask is 225.255.0.0 and last ip is 255.225.0.0 and the last ip address is 190.13.255.254

(h) A subnetwork have IP address 190.13.175.123 Find the First and last IP address of this Subnetwork.

as we did at q3 - (g) first ip is 190.13.0.1 first ip is 190.13.255.254

- (5) Find the subnet mask (atleast 3) of subnet which have following pairs of ip address. Every pair belong to same network
  - (a) 175.120.95.245 and 175.120.112.232

170.120.95.245 and 175.120.112.232 are class B address mask is 255.255.0.0

If we borrow 1 bit from host IP, they will be part of second subnet so mask is 25.255.192.0

for borrowing 3 bits ,they will also be part of the fourth subnet, so mask is 255.255.224.0 and so on but from 4 bits they will be a part of different network there for these following mask ,on connect for the both address

- (1)255.255.0.0
- (2)255.255.128.0
- (3)255.255.192.0
- (4)255.255.224.0
- (b)178.156.49.234 and 178.156.56.123

178.156.49.234 and 178.156.56.123 are also in class B address so default mask is 255.255.0.0 get think as we subnetting as we did at question 3(a) but here tehy will be part of different network when we will borrow 5 bits so there are the correct answers

(1)255.255.0.0

- (2)2550255.128.0
- (3)255.255.192.0

- (4)255.255.224.0
- (5)255.255.240.0
  - (c)189.13.40.123 and 189.13.50.245

As we think at question 5 (b) and (a) here 189.13.40.123 and 189.13.50.245 are also class B address ,when we will borrow 5 bit for host part so the answer is

- (1)255.255.0.0
- (2)255.2550128.0
- (3)255.255.192.0
- (4)255.255.224.0
- (5)255.255.240.0
  - (d)120.15.234.234 and 120.145.123.234

As we think at question (5).a but here the both address are Class address so default mask is 255.0.0.0

120.15.234.234 and 120.145.123.234 as we see the  $2^{nd}$  oclet , these cannot be in the same network , If we do subnetting.

only one mask is the default mask255.0.0.0

# Q7. The routing table of a router is shown below

Destination	Subnet Mask	Interface
128.75.96.0	255.255.255.0	Eth0
128.75.96.0	255.255.224.0	Eth1
128.75.160.0	255.255.240.0	Eth5
192.12.17.128	255.255.255.192	Eth3
192.12.17.128	255.255.255.240	Eth4
Default	-	Eth2

Suppose router receive 10 packet with destination IP address as given below , find the destination Interface for each data packet .

- (a) 128.75.112.126
- (b) 128.75.125.234
- (c) 128.75.190.24
- (d) 128.75.178.173
- (e) 128.75.241.153
- (f) 128.75.135.124
- (g) 128.75.169.217
- (h) 192.12.17.231
- (i) 192.12.17.43
- (j) 192.12.17.142
- (k) 192.12.17.68

# (a) 128.75.112.126

ANDING with subnet mask 255.255.224.0

128.75.112.126 AND 255.255.224.0 = 128.75.96.0 (Eth 0)

# (b) 128.75.125.234

ANDING with subnet mask 255.255.224.0

128.75.125.126 AND 255.255.224.0 = 128.75.96.0(Eth 0)

# (c) 128.75.190.24

ANDING with subnet mask 255.255.224.0

128.75.190.126 AND 255.255.224.0 = 128.75.160.0(Eth 5)

#### (d) 128.75.178.173

ANDING with subnet mask 255.255.224.0

128.75.178.173 AND 255.255.224.0 = 128.75.160.0 (Eth 5)

# (e) 128.75.241.153

128.75.241.153 AND 255.255.224.0 = 128.75.224.0 no match

128.75.241.153 AND 255.255.240.0 = 128.75.241.0 no match

not able to find a match so it would be default (Eth 2)

# (f) 128.75.135.124

128.75.135.124 AND 255.255.240.0 = 128.75.128.0 no match 128.75.135.124 AND 255.255.224.0 = 128.75.128.0 no match not able to find a match so it would be default (Eth 2)

# (g) 128.75.169.217

128.75.169.217 AND 255.255.224.0 = 128.75.160.0 (Eth 5)

# (h) 192.12.17.231

192.12.17.231 AND 255.255.255.240 = 192.12.17.224 no match 192.12.17.231 AND 255.255.255.192 = 192.12.17.192 no match not able to find a match so it would be default (Eth 2)

# (i) 192.12.17.43

192.12.17.43 AND 255.255.255.240 = 192.12.17.32 no match

192.12.17.43 AND 255.255.255.192 = 192.12.17.0 no match

not able to find a match so it would be default (Eth 2)

#### (j) 192.12.17.142

192.12.17.142 AND 255.255.255.255.240 = 255.255.255.128 (Eth 5)

#### (k) 192.12.17.68

192.12.17.68  AND  255.255.255.240 =	255.255.255.128 (E	Eth 5)	