

Exercise 1:

Your first exercise is to use the Russian Peasant's Algorithm to multiply the following two integers by hand:

68 x 139

139	68	139
278	34	278
556	17	556
1112	8	1112
2224	4	2224
4448	2	4448
8896	1	8896

$556 + 8896 = 9452$ (Correct Answer)

Exercise 2 Option B

```
import
java.math.BigInteger;

import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;

public class mainRussianPeasantAlgorithm {
    public static void main(String args[]) {

        //scanner to accept user data
        Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);

        //text to tell user to input the first number
        System.out.println("Please enter the first
integer");

        //accept values for bigIntegers
        BigInteger number1 = s.nextBigInteger();
        System.out.println("Please enter the second
integer");

        BigInteger number2 = s.nextBigInteger();

        //some variables to allow for russian peasant
algorithm in BigInteger
        BigInteger result = new BigInteger("0");
        BigInteger mod2 = new BigInteger("2");
        BigInteger mod2answer = number1.mod(mod2);
        BigInteger one = new BigInteger("1");
```

```

        //measuring time
        long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();

        //first part of the russian peasant algorithm
        //if the first number is odd, add the second
number to the result
        if(number1.mod(mod2).equals(one)) {
            result =result.add(number2);
        }
        //while the first number != one divide number1 by
two
        //and multiply number2 by two
        while(!(number1.equals(one))) {
            number1 = number1.divide(mod2);
            number2= number2.multiply(mod2);
            if(number1.mod(mod2).equals(one)) {
                //if the first number is odd, add
the second number to the result
                result =result.add(number2);
            }
        }
        System.out.println(result);

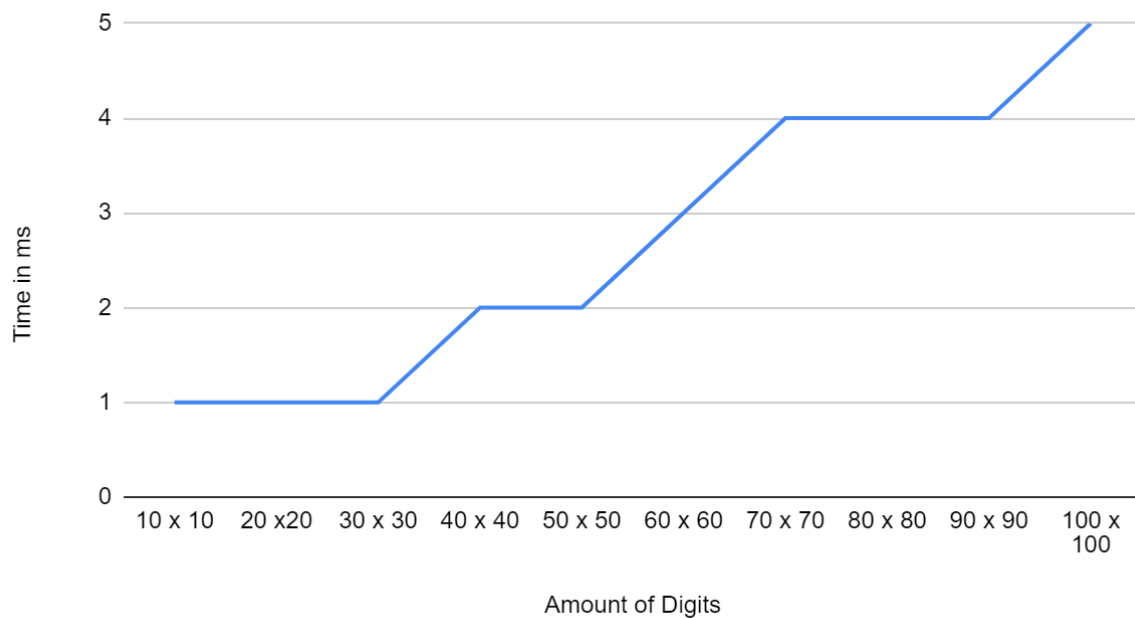
        //the code being measured ends
        long endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        long timeElapsed = endTime - startTime;
        System.out.println("Execution time in milliseconds: " +
timeElapsed);

    }
}

```

Exercise 3

Time in ms vs. Amount of Digits



I think the space complexity is constant $O(1)$ because you only need to store 2 BigIntegers and this doesn't change depending on how big the 2 BigIntegers are.

I think the time complexity is $O(\log n)$ as the time increases logarithmically in comparison to the input size which increases at a steady rate.