

KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

PRE-PRIMARY ACTIVITIES CURRICULUM

DESIGNS DRAFT PP2;

LANGUAGE, MATHEMATICS, PYSCHOMOTOR,

ENVIRONMENTAL,

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION,

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION AND HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

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FOREWARD

The Basic Education Curriculum Framework (BECF) outlines the vision and mission for the curriculum reforms. The Vision of the curriculum reforms is to develop "an engaged, an empowered and ethical citizen "while the mission is to "to nurture the potential of every learner".

The framework adopts a Competency Based Curriculum and has identified seven core competences, namely; communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving, creativity and imagination, citizenship, digital literacy, learning to learn, and self-efficacy. It provides a variety of opportunities for identification and nurturing of learner's potentials and talents in preparation for life and the world of work. It is geared towards making learning enjoyable.

The curriculum designs are developed to enable implementation of the Basic Education Curriculum Framework. The design contains the National Goals of Education, outlines the Early Years Education (EYE), subject general and specific learning outcomes. It also suggests a variety of learning experiences, assessment, resources and links the topics to values, Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCI) and to other subjects.

It is my hope that all educators in Early Years Education level will anchor their delivery of Basic and Teacher education on these Curriculum Designs.

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NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

1. Foster nationalism, patriotism, and promote national unity

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions and should be able to live and interact as one people. Education should enable the learner acquire a sense of nationhood and patriotism. It should also promote peace and harmonious co-existence.

2. Promote social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development

Education should prepare the learner to play an effective and productive role in the nation.

a) Social Needs

Education should instil social and adaptive skills in the learner for effective participation in the family, community, national, regional and international development.

b) Economic Needs

Education should prepare learner with requisite competences that support a modern and independent growing economy. This should translate into high standards of living for every individual.

c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education should develop in the learner necessary competences for technological and industrial development for the nation in tandem with global trends.

3. Promote individual development and self-fulfillment

Education should provide opportunities for the learner to develop to the fullest potential. This includes development of one's interests, talents and character for positive contribution to the society.

4 Promote sound moral and religious values

Education should promote acquisition of national values as enshrined in the Kenya Constitution. It should be geared towards developing self-disciplined and ethical citizen with sound moral and religious values.

5. Promote social equity and responsibility

Education should promote social equity and responsibility. It should provide inclusive and equitable access to quality and differentiated education; including for learners with special educational needs and disabilities. Education should also provide the learner with opportunities to develop and practice shared responsibility and accountability through community service learning.

6. Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures

Education should instil in the learner appreciation of Kenya's rich and diverse cultural heritage. The learner should value own and respect other people's culture as well as embrace positive cultural practices in a dynamic society.

7. Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations

Kenya is part of the interdependent network of diverse peoples and nations. Education should empower the learner to respect, appreciate and participate in the opportunities within the international community. Education should also enable the learner to operate within the international community with full knowledge of the obligations, responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

8. Promote positive attitudes towards good health and environmental protection

Education should inculcate in the learner the value of physical and psycho-social well-being for self and others. It should promote environmental preservation and conservation, including animal welfare, for sustainable development.

GENERAL LEARNIG OUTCOMES FOR EARLY YEARS EDUCATION

By end of Early Years Education, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Communicate appropriately using verbal and/or non-verbal modes
- 2. Demonstrate basic literacy and numeracy skills
- 3. Apply digital literacy skills for learning and enjoyment
- 4. Apply creative and critical thinking skills in problem solving
- 5. Practice hygiene, proper sanitation, safety and nutrition to promote health
- 6. Practice appropriate etiquette for interpersonal relationships
- 7. Explore the immediate environment for learning and enjoyment
- 8. Demonstrate acquisition of emotional, physical, spiritual, aesthetic and moral development
- 9. Demonstrate appreciation of the country and its rich, diverse cultural heritage for harmonious living Exhibit appropriate organizational skills.
- 10. Exhibit appropriate organizational skills.

LANGAUGE ACTIVITIES CURRICULUM DESIGN

PRE-PRIMARY LANGAUGE

Strand	Sub-strand	Suggested learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key Inquiry questions
1.0 Listening	1.1 Common greetings and farewell related to relationship. (5 HRS)	By the end of the Sub strand the learner should be able to; a) Respond appropriately to greetings with reference to relationship in and out of school. b) Respond appropriately to farewell with reference to relationship in and out of school. c) Enjoy responding to greetings and farewell with reference to relationship in and out of school.	Demonstrate responding to greetings and farewell with reference to relationship and encourage learners to imitate. In pairs or small groups, learners could practice responding to greetings and farewell with reference to relationship. Respond to learners' greetings and farewell with reference to relationship using verbal and non-verbal language. Learners could be guided to respond to visitors' greetings and farewell with reference to relationship using appropriate words. Learners should be encouraged to respond to visitors and family members' greetings and farewell at home with reference to relationship using appropriate words. Encourage learners to view and imitate responding to greetings and farewell with reference to relationship presented on recorded clips. Learners role play	 What opportunities arise for responding to greetings with reference to relationship at home and at school? What opportunities arise for responding to farewell with reference to relationship at home and at school? Whose greetings do you respond to at home and at school? Whose farewell do you respond to at home and at school?

Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, Communication and collabor			
Link to PCIs: Life skills: Effective communication, inter-personal relationship,	Link toValues: Peace, cooperation, respect, social justice.		
Link to other activity areas: Environmental activities,	Suggested community service learning Arrange for a visit to a needy family in the neighborhood. Learners greet the family members with reference to relationship. Learners also collect litter within the compound and sing a song or recite a poem on greetings and farewell to the family before bidding them farewell.		
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application Organize an inter class activity where learners visit pre primary one class and practice appropriate ways of responding to greetings and farewell with reference to relationship. Teaching/Learning Resources: Video clips, Pictures of people greeting, ch	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio		

Indicator	Exceeding expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Respond to greetings and	The learner listens	The learner listens	The learner consistently listens	Appears to listen carefully but is not
farewell in relation to	efficiently and responds	efficiently and responds	carefully and is able to respond	able to respond appropriately to
relationship	consistently to greetings	consistently to greetings	to greetings and farewell	greetings and farewell.
	and farewell using a	and farewell using a	appropriately both	
	variety of relevant	variety of relevant	verbally and non-verbally, e.g.	
	responses in and out of	responses e.g. Good	Hello, Good Morning, Good	
	school e.g. Good	Morning teacher, Good	bye.	
	Morning teacher, Good	evening mother, Good		
	evening mother, Good	night father.		
	night father			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions	
1.0 Listening	Sub-strand 1.2 Listening for comprehension (7 HRS)	By the end of the Sub strand the learner should be able to; a) Answer questions correctly after a listening experience in class. b) Solve simple riddles in and out of school. c) Sing songs with actions in and out of school. d) Recite poems and rhymes with actions in and out of school. e) Take pleasure in activities that involve listening for comprehension.	 Learners could respond to simple verbal instructions. Learners could be engaged in listening to a story and be encouraged to answer questions. Learners could answer simple questions after listening to a recorded story. Learners could be guided to solve simple riddles. Learners could be guided to solve oral language puzzles. Learners could be guided to sing songs with actions. Learners could be guided to recite poems and rhymes with actions. Learners should practice singing songs with actions. Learners could listen to audio-visual digital comics and answer simple questions. In pairs, learners practice solving simple 	1. How does a child develop comprehension skills? 2. How does a child demonstrate comprehension? 3. What daily opportunities require listening for comprehension? 4. What makes listening comprehension fun?	
Core-competer	l nce developed: Comm Digital lite		riddles. and creative thinking for problem solving, Learning	g to learn,	
thi	plem solving, Effective inking, Interpersonal sl	e communication, Critical	Link to Values: cooperation. Suggested community service learning		
				Visit an elderly person for a story telling session. Learners answer questions after listening to the stories. The learners also sing or recite poems to the host.	
Organize for a s learners tell or r participate in sto	story telling session at etell stories. Encouragery telling as guided.	pport learning through applicatio a suitable place outside the class. The e learners to wear costumes and	Suggested assessment: Oral question, observate	vation, portfolio	
Suggested Tea			truments, Instrumental songs, poems, rhymes, pupp	ets, pictures, animated clip,	

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Respond with sustained	Pays attention and	Responds with sustained	Responds but does not sustain	Appears to listen but makes
attention responds with actions e.g.		attention	attention	no visible response to solve
	nodding the head making			simple riddles, sing songs
	movements, humming,			with action and recite poems
	singing along.			and rhymes with action.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
_	1.3 Active Listening (7HRS)	 By the end of the Sub strand the learners should be able to; a) Pay attention to conversations in and out of school. b) Answer questions after listening to a story. c) Respond to simple instructions in and out of school. d) Appreciate the contribution of others during conversations. 	 In pairs or small groups, learners tell stories and poems while others listen. They should be encouraged to ask and questions. Learners could be encouraged to retell stories told by the teacher and other learners. Learners could listen to and solve riddles. Learners could view and imitate recorded content using electronic devices. Learners should be given simple instructions and encouraged to respond. In pairs or small groups, learners could be guided to take turns in conversations. Learners could answer simple questions during conversations. Learners could view recorded clips of their own conversations as they are appreciated and corrected. Learners could be guided to appreciate the contribution of others during conversations. 	 How do you show interest in a conversation? When should you speak during a conversation? How do you seek clarification in a conversation? How do people respond to instructions? How do people respond in a conversation?

Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, Communication and colla Link to PCIs: Life skills: Effective communication, self -awareness, self-esteem, criticathinking.	Link to Values: Cooperation, peace.	
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested community service learning	
Environmental Activities, Religious Education,	Organize for an elderly person to visit the class for a story telling session.	
	Learners answer questions after listening to the stories. The learners also	
	sing or recite poems to the host. Learners retell the stories later on in class.	
Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio	
Organize for a story telling session at a suitable place outside the class. The	ne l	
learners tell or retell stories. Encourage learners to wear costumes and		
participate in story telling as guided.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Teaching/Learning Resources: Recorded programmes, video clips, radi	programmes, realia	

Indicator	Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below expectation
Responds to simple	Responds to simple	Responds to some simple	Responds to some simple	Responds to a few simple
instruction and pays	instructions and	instructions and	instructions, takes turns in a	instructions but cannot pay attention
attention to conversation	consistently takes turns in a conversation without guidance in and out of	sometimes takes turns in a conversation without guidance.	conversation with guidance.	in conversations
	school.			

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
Listening	1.4 Passing information (4HRS)	By the end of the Sub strand the learners should be able to; a) Convey verbal messages effectively in and out of school. b) Retell short stories in and out of school. c) Engage in dialogue in and out of school. d) Take pleasure in passing verbal messages and retelling short stories in and out of school.	 Learners could be tasked to deliver verbal messages to and from parents/guardians. In pairs and small groups learners could tell and retell news and short stories. Learners should be appreciated when they convey verbal messages effectively. Learners could be encouraged to engage in dialogue with parents. Learners could be involved passing verbal information to and from parents /guardians. Learners could be engaged in short discussions and encouraged to answer questions. Encourage learners to ask and respond to questions. Learners could be engaged in activities where they listen to an audio clip and then talk about it in pairs or in small groups. 	 What opportunities arise for learners to pass information to and from parents? What do learners like to tell their teachers about their parents? What do learners like to tell their parents about teachers?
Core-comp	etence developed: Digital litera	cy, Communication and collaborati	on,	
Link to PC			Link to Values: Cooperation, respect, respect	onsibility.
Link to other activity areas: Environmental Activities, Religious Education Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application			Suggested community service learning/ Organize learners to pay a visit to an elderly collect litter within the compound, sing son importance of caring and respecting the elder	gs or recite poems that on the erly.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application Learners could be involved in activities where the teacher sends a learner to pass information to another teacher. The learner is expected to bring feedback			Suggested Assessment: Oral questions, obs	servations, portfolio
		locally made telephone, envelopes,	realia	

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Convey verbal messages	Listens attentively and	Listens and delivers intended	Listens but delivers a related	Listens but delivers
Retell stories	conveys intended message,	messages	but not fully accurate message	distorted message.
Engage in dialogue	and actively engages in			
	dialogue.			

Link to PCIs:	Link to Values: Cooperation, patience.
<u>Life skills</u> : Effective communication, self-awareness.	
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Activities	Suggested community service learning/
	Arrange for children to present a singing game incorporating auditory
	discrimination in a community function.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio
Organize for a nature walk in the school neighbourhood. Learners listen to	
and identify various sounds in the environment.	
Suggested Learning Resources: recorded audio clips, letter sound games, DV	/Ds, interactive digital programmes, radio programmes, musical instruments,
realia	

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Responds appropriately to	Identifies and consistently	Recognizes and responds	Identifies letter sounds but does	May identify some letter
sounds	differentiates closely related	appropriately to sounds	not necessarily respond	sounds but does not
	sounds.			necessarily differentiate
				between closely related
				sounds.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
Listening	1.6 Auditory memory	By the end of the Sub strand the learners should be able to; a) Say letter sounds after the teacher in class. b) Recall letter sounds in and out of class. c) Enjoy playing auditory memory games in and out of class.	 Learners could be guided to recall letters of the alphabet. Learners could listen to audio clips of letter sounds and be encouraged to recognize or name corresponding letters. Learners could be involved in letter recall/memory games e.g. fishing game, letter hunt. In pairs or small groups engage learners in letter recall games e.g. search and pair. 	 What is the sound corresponding to each letter? Which letter sounds are closely related?
Core compe	tence developed: Learning	to learn, Digital Literacy, Communicati	on and collaboration.	
Link to PCI	~ •	·	Link to Values: Cooperation, respect.	
	Effective communication, cr			
Link to othe	er activity areas: Psychomo	otor and creative activities	Suggested community service learning	

	Arrange for children to present a singing game incorporating auditory memory during the school open day.
Non-formal activity to support learning through application:	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations, portfolio
Organize for outdoor language games where learners use toy phones and walkie	
talkies and role play telephone conversations.	

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Recall letters sounds	Recalls letters of the alphabet,	Recalls letters of the	Recalls most letters of the	Recalls a few letters of the
	can demonstrate letter sound	alphabet and can	alphabet and the letter sounds	alphabet and letter sounds
	correspondence through	demonstrate letter sound		
	auditory memory games	correspondence		

Strand	Sub-strand	Suggested learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key Inquiry questions
2.0 SPEAKING	2.1 Common greetings and farewell related to relationship. (5HRS)	By the end of the Sub strand the learners should be able to; a) Use vocabulary related to greetings with reference to relationship in and out of school. b) Use vocabulary related to bidding farewell with reference to relationship in and out of school. c) Greet people appropriately with reference to relationship in and out of school. d) Bid people farewell appropriately with reference to relationship in and out of school. e) Appreciate greeting and bidding people farewell with reference to relationship in and out of school.	 Demonstrate greetings and farewell with reference to relationship and learners to imitate. (e.g good morning teacher, good evening mother, Good night father) In pairs or small groups, learners could practice greetings and farewell with reference to relationship. Learners could be guided to greet as well as bid farewell to visitors who come to class with reference to relationship. Encourage learners to greet and bid farewell family members at home with reference to time and relationship using appropriate words. 	 How do you greet your father? How do you greet your mother? How do you greet your sister? How do you greet your brother? What do you say when you bid your father farewell? What do you say when you bid your mother farewell? Who do you greet at home and at school? Who do you bid farewell at home

	 Learners could listen to and imitate greetings and farewell with reference to relationship presented on recorded clips. Learners could practice greetings and farewell with reference to relationship through role playing. Learners could sing interactive songs on greetings and farewell with reference to relationships. 	
Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, Communication and collaboration Link to PCIs:	Link to Values: Peace, cooperation, respect.	
<u>Life skills:</u> Effective communication, inter-personal relationship.		
Link to other activity areas: Environmental activities, Suggested community service learning/ Arrange for the learners to welcome and greet parents appropria school open day. The learners can also bid parents farewell appraafter the function.		
Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio	
Learners visit the pre-primary one class and practice appropriate ways of greeting and bidding farewell.		
Suggested learning materials: video clips, realia, pictures, recorded clips		

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Greets and bids farewell using a range of words related to relationship	Greets and bids farewell appropriately using a variety of general as well as greetings and farewell related to relationship.	Consistently greets and bids farewell using a range of words for greeting and bidding related to relationship	Attempts to greet and bid farewell but with a limited range of appropriate words.	Attempts to greet and bid farewell but has difficulty using appropriate words.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	learning outcomes Suggested learning experiences	
Speaking	2.2 Self	By the end of the Sub strand the	Learners should be encouraged to	
	expression	learners should be able to;	express their needs and ideas.	

(7HRS)		Learners could be encouraged to sing	1. What do you do when you
	a) Express their needs and ideas	songs that express their needs.	need something?
	verbally in and out of school.	 Appreciate when children express 	need comeding.
		their needs and ideas.	2. What can you say about
	b) Use appropriate vocabulary to	Encourage learners to express their	yourself?
	express their needs and ideas in	thoughts freely.	
	and out of school.	In pairs and small groups learners	3. What do you do when
		could tell each other news and	someone wrongs you?
	c) Take pleasure in expressing	stories.	
	their ideas and needs verbally	 Learners could be encouraged to 	
	and non-verbally at home and	participate in conversations on topics	
	in school.	of their choice.	
		Learners could be engaged in	
		discussions involving problem	
		solving tasks such as puzzles, riddles among others.	
		 Encourage learners to express 	
		themselves verbally in school and at	
		home.	
		 Learners should be encouraged to ask 	
		questions.	
		The learners could be encouraged to	
		talk about what they are doing during	
		activities.	
		• Learners should be encouraged to	
		talk about themselves e.g talk about	
		how big, who they are, how they	
		look, how unique and special they	
		are among others.Learners could be engaged in short	
		discussions and encourage them to	
		answer questions.	
		 Learners should be discouraged from 	
		using inappropriate means when	
		expressing needs such as grabbing,	
		shouting, crying, fighting among	
		others	
Core-competence developed: Digital lite			
Link to PCIs:	1	Link to Values: Cooperation, respect, love, p	peace.

<u>Life skills:</u> Effective communication, self-awareness, self-esteem, critical thinking.	
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested community service learning/
Environmental Activities, Religious Education.	Involve learners in organizing, planning and conducting an end of year party for the class. Ensure learners are actively involved in decision making and buying items in the shop. Learners could invite children from needy families to the party.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application Organize an inter-group session on where learners tell stories, riddles, tongue twisters and puzzles.	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, Observations, portfolio
Suggested Learning resources: masks, puppets, costumes, realia, video clip	s, puzzles, pictures

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Use appropriate vocabulary	Efficiently express her /him	Uses appropriate	Expresses needs and	Express her needs and emotions
to express their needs and	feeling and emotions using a	vocabulary to express	emotions using appropriate	but has difficulty using
emotions	variety of appropriate	her/his needs and emotions.	vocabulary.	appropriate vocabulary.
	vocabulary.			_

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
Strand Speaking	Sub-strands Polite Language (5 HRS)	By the end of the Sub strand the learners should be able to; a) Use appropriate vocabulary when making requests in and out of school. b) Use appropriate vocabulary to excuse self and apologize in and out of school.	 Demonstrate making requests, excusing self and apologizing. E.g. ('May I', 'Excuse me' and 'I am sorry,) In pairs or small groups learners could practice making requests, excusing self and apologizing. Learners listen to stories that incorporate making requests, 	 What do you say when you want to make a request? What do you say when you want to be excused to go somewhere? What do you say when you have wronged someone?
		c) State the appropriate vocabulary for excusing self and making requests in and out of school. d) Apology using appropriate vocabulary when need arises.	 excusing self and apologizing. In pairs learners could role play making requests, excusing self and apologizing. Learners could view and imitate video clips on making requests, excusing self and apologizing. 	

e) Appreciate making requests excusing self and apologizing when need arises. Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, Communication and collars.	to interactive programmes. • Encourage learners to make requests, excuse self and apologize during relevant situations in school and at home. • Learners could view a video clip demonstrating situations for making requests, excusing self and apologizing.
Link to PCIs: <u>Life skills</u> : Effective communication, inter-personal relationship,	Link to Values: Cooperation humility, peace, respect, integrity
Link to other activity areas: Environmental Activities, Religious Education	Suggested community service learning Learners to present a role play on use of polite language during a school open day.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application. Involve learners in a pretend play activity depicting a classroom experience that incorporates scenes for making requests, excusing themselves and making apologies. Suggested learning resources: costumes, video clips, radio programmes.	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Makes requests, courteous	Efficiently makes request,	Consistently makes request,	Makes requests, courteous	Attempts to make request and
expressions using appropriate	courteous expression and	courteous expression and	expression but with limited	appreciation but with limited
vocabulary	appreciation using a	appreciation using a variety	vocabulary.	vocabulary.
	appropriate vocabulary.	of vocabulary.		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
Speaking	2.4 Audience awareness	By the end of the Sub strand the learners should be able to;	Learners could be encouraged to listen to recorded pieces of their own voice.	How should I speak to be heard?

others in and out of class. b) Speak loud enough for the audience to hear in school and at home. c) Demonstrate ability to speak confidently in and out of class. d) Enjoy speaking to others in and out of class.	Learners could be encouraged to sing songs, tell stories and recite poems and rhymes with clarity. Engage individual children in conversations whenever opportunities arise. Use pictures to engage learners in a conversation with each other. Learners could be encouraged to retell stories told by adults other learners. Individually and in groups, learners could be involved in presenting songs, poems and rhymes in class and during parade. Learners should be encouraged to make presentations and be appreciated. Learners should be given opportunities to dramatize. In pairs and groups, learners can practice telling and retelling stories.
Core competence developed: Digital Literacy, Communication and Collaboration	
Link to PCIs:	Link to Values: Cooperation, respect, responsibility.
Life skills: Effective communication, self awareness, self esteem.	
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Activities.	Suggested community service learning Organize learners to present songs, poems, rhymes and speeches during a joint learning fun day.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio
Organize a joint learning fun day with an emphasis on singing songs, reciting	
poems and rhymes and making speeches.	

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Speak with appropriate	Efficiently projects and	Consistently speaks with	Controls own voice but	Attempts to control own
projection and variation	varies own voice. Speaks	appropriate projection and	demonstrates difficulty in	voice but demonstrates
	with confidence.	variation.	projection and variation.	difficulty in projection and
				variation.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
Speaking	2.5 Passing information (5HRS)	By the end of the Sub strand the learners should be able to; a) Convey messages effectively from school to home. b) Retell short stories in and out of school. c) Use relevant vocabulary when engaging in dialogue. d) Take pleasure in passing verbal messages and retelling stories in and out of school.	 Learners should deliver verbal messages to and from home. In pairs and small groups learners could tell and retell news and short stories. Encourage learners to convey verbal messages effectively. Encourage learners to engage in dialogue with parents. Engage learners in short discussions and encourage them to answer questions. Involve learners in asking and responding to questions. Learners could be engaged in activities where they view a video clip and then talk about it in pairs or in small groups. Encourage learners to talk about what they saw in a field trip or nature walk. 	1. What opportunities arise for learners to pass information to and from parents? 2. What do learners like to tell teachers about their parents? 3. What do learners like to tell parents about teachers?
Core comp	etence developed: Digital	Literacy, Communication and Collab	oration.	
			Link to Values: Cooperation, resp	•
LIIIK 10 OU	er activity areas: Environ	mientai Activities.		, poems, rhymes and speeches during a
		pport learning through application cludes activities on speech, clarity and	Suggested Assessment: Oral ques	stions, observation, portfolio
Suggested	learning resources: realia	, video clips, locally made telephones	,costumes, puppets, radio programmes	

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Conveys information	Efficiently and effectively	Consistently passes information	Enjoys passing information	Passes information accurately
accurately	passes information	accurately and efficiently	accurately but not	but not effectively.
			effectively.	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
Speaking	2.6 Naming (6HRS)	By the end of the Sub strand the learners should be able to; a) Name objects, animals, people and colours in the immediate environment. b) Name safe objects in the immediate environment. c) Name unsafe objects in the immediate environment. d) Experience pleasure in naming colours, objects and people in the immediate environment.	 Engage learners in naming objects, people and colours. Learners could recite poems and rhymes related to and colours. Learners could be involved in naming colours with reference to relevant objects. Take learners for a nature walk and encourage them to identify colours safe and unsafe objects in the immediate environment. Integrate new words into the child's 	1. What objects, colours and people are we likely to find in our neighbourhood 2. What safe and unsafe objects are we likely to find our environment?
Core competer	nce developed: Digi	ital Literacy, Learning to Learn		
Link to PCIs: Life skills: Eff ECD:DRR; S	ective communication	on,	<u>Values:</u> Cooperation, love, responsibility.	
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Activities, Environmental Activities			Suggested community service learning/ Organize learners for a nature walk around a pl objects ,people,colours and animals. Learners s places.	
Suggested Nor application	n-formal activity to	support learning through	Suggested Assessment: Oral question, observa	ation, portfolio

Take learners for a nature walk or a field trip. Learners name objects,	
people and colours in that setting.	
Suggested learning resources: realia, pictures ,charts, flashcards, learning	corners

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Use appropriate vocabulary	Efficiently name objects,	Consistently uses	Name most objects,	Name some objects, animals,
to name objects, animals,	animals, people and colours	appropriate vocabulary to	animals, people and	people and colours
people and colours	with a variety of vocabulary.	name objects, animals,	colours appropriately.	appropriately.
		people and colours		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
Speaking	2.7 Articulation of Letter Sounds (7HRS)	By the end of the Sub strand the learners should be able to; a) Articulate vowels and consonants correctly in and out of class. b) Demonstrate awareness of letter-sound correspondence in and out of class. c) Take pleasure in activities relating to letter sounds in and out of class.	 Display charts with all the letters of the alphabet on the wall. Demonstrate articulation of consonant sounds guided by the theme and encourage the learners to articulate these sounds after him or her. Learners should be guided to recite letters of the alphabet. Learners should be encouraged to practice articulating vowel sounds. Learners could be engaged in singing songs, reciting poems and rhymes relating to all letter sounds. Learners could be engaged in activities e.g. Fishing games, skittle games, dice games among others to enhance sound articulation. Integrate letter sounds into the learner's play and daily experiences. Use of flash cards and charts to enhance articulation of all letter sounds. The learners could be involved in viewing and listening to sound and video clips that enhance letter sound articulation. 	 What is the sound corresponding to each upper case (capital) letter and its equivalent lower case (small) letter? What opportunities are there for learners to practice articulation of letter sounds? e.g The sub-theme "market" provides opportunities for learners to hear articulation of sound /p/ as in pineapple, pawpaw, peas, pepper, pumpkins, potatoes. Which letter sounds are closely related?

			 Guide to relate the upper case (capital) letters and the lower case (small) letters with the corresponding sounds. Engage learners in articulating closely related letter sounds such as /p/ and /b/, /t/ and /d/, /k/ and /c/, /l/ and /r/, /f/ and /v/, /s/ and /z/, /w/ and /y/, /k/and /q/. 		
Core competence developed: Learning to learn, Digital Literacy, Communication and collaboration.					
Link to PCIs:	Link to PCIs:		Link to Values: Cooperation, responsibility.		
Life skills: Effecti	ive communication, tur	n taking.			
Link to other activity areas: psychomotor and creative activities		tor and creative activities	Suggested community service learning/ Learners to make a presentation on sound articulation during a school open day.		
		ort learning through application:	Suggested assessment: oral questions, observation		
Involve learners in	an inter-group contes	t on sound articulation			
Suggested learning	ng Materials: Flash ca	rds, letter cut-outs, letter charts, glue, D	VDs, tablets, projector, computer.		

Indicator	Below expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Exceeds expectation
Articulate vowels and consonant Aware of letter sound correspondence	Fluently articulates vowels and consonant and corresponds letters and sounds appropriately.	Consistently articulates vowels and consonant and correspond letters and sounds.	Articulate vowels and consonants but has difficulty corresponding letters and sounds.	Articulate some vowels and consonants but has difficulty corresponding letters and sounds

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning	Suggested learning	Key inquiry questions
		outcomes	experiences	ı

3.0 Reading	3.1 Book Handling Skills (5 Hrs)	By the end of the sub strand the learners should be able to;	d	In pairs and groups learners can be encouraged to cover	1. 2.	How do we hold a book when reading? How do you take care of books
		a) demonstrate book handling skills in and out of school b) demonstrate ability to arrange books proper c) take pleasure in book handling and storage activities	o rly k	books Learners could be engaged in book arranging activity and guided to store them properly In pairs or small groups learners could practice arranging books topside up in shelves or book corner Recite rhymes with simulated actions. In pairs or small groups learners practice dusting, covering and arranging books at appropriate place	3.	How do you open pages of a book when reading?
Core competence develope	 : Communication and collabor	 rotion_digital_learning to le	oorn	piace		
Link to PCIs:	1. Communication and conador		Link to Values: Cooperation, responsibility.			nsibility
Life skills: Creative thinking, critical thinking				cooperation, it	эро	
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and creative Activities			Suggested community service learning/ Organize learners to arrange books in the staffroom, book shelves and book corners in their school			
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application: Organize a book handling day where the ECD teachers guide children on holding			Sugges	ted assessment: oral question	ons,	observation, portfolio

books properly, turning pages, left-right orientation, covering and arranging books

Suggested learning resources: book covers, books, shelves, boxes, bags, video clips, pictures, realia

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Arrange books and stores	Consistently arranges books	Consistently arranges books	Arranges books without	Arrange books with guidance
books appropriately	properly and demonstrates	topside up	guidance and attempts to	and does not sustain the top
	effective topside up		sustain the top side up	side up orientation
	orientation			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
Speaking	3.2 Reading readiness skills (5 HRS)	By the end of the Sub strand the learners should be able to; a) Demonstrate left-right eye orientation when reading b) Demonstrate top-down orientation skills when reading c) Turn pages from right to left when opening a page d) Enjoy participating in prereading activities in and out of school	Suggested Dearning Dapertences	Tey inquity Questions
	ce developed: Learning	ng to learn, Digital Literacy, Communic		
Link to PCIs: Life skills: Effe	ctive communication,	turn taking.	Link to Values: Cooperation, responsi	bility.
Link to other activity areas: psychomotor and creative activities			Suggested community service learning/ Learners to make a presentation on sound day.	articulation during a school open
Involve learners	in an inter-group con	pport learning through application: test on sound articulation	Suggested assessment: oral questions, obs	servation, portfolio
Suggested learn	ning resources: books	s, pictures, video clips		

Indicator	Below expectation	Approaching expectation	Meets expectation	Exceeds expectation
Demonstrate right-left and	Consistently turns pages	Turns pages from right to	Turns pages from right to	Turns the pages from right
to-down eye orientation	from right to left, and	left and sustains left to right	left and attempts to sustain	to left with guidance but

Strand Sub Stran 3.0 Reading 3.3 Print 5 Hou	Awareness By the engage learners a) Talk	learning outcome and of the sub stand the should be able to;		sted learning experience	orienta	
3.0 Reading 3.3 Print	Awareness By the engage learners a) Talk	nd of the sub stand the		sted learning experience		Kenya inalliry allegfian
	b) Den prin c) Sho in a d) Enjo and	a about pictures in and of school monstrate awareness of t in and out of school winterest in reading and out of school by reading pictures in out of school	rel tal In rea Lee an Lee an In co Lee pie pla Lee the ab Er an	carners could be provided with levant pictures and encouraged lk about them pairs learners could be involved ading pictures stories to each or earners could view animated pied encouraged to answer questions are questions on the story. Pairs or in small groups learner uld ask and answer questions earners could be encouraged to etures related to safe and unsafe acces earners could be encouraged to eture out them acourage learners to share pictured books	ed in ther ctures ons o ers bring e bring d talk	1. What pictures do you enjoy looking at? 2. What pictures interest learners?
Link to PCIs:	Core competence developed: Learning to learn, Digital Literacy, Communication to PCIs: Life skills: Effective communication, critical thinking			alues: Cooperation, respect	, sharing	
Link to other activity areas: psychomotor and creative activities			organize f isplayed oppreciate	community service learning, for a school open day where parties work in class. Encourage parenthe work displayed	rents are	the learners to talk about and
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application: Organize for a school open day where learners from other classes are invited to view the learners displayed work in class. Encourage learners to talk about and appreciate the work displayed Suggested learning resources: flash cards, letter cut-outs, letter charts, glue, D				assessment: oral questions, of	bservation	on, portfolio

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Meets expectation	Below expectation
Observes and talks about	Observes and talks about	Consistently observe and	Observes and talks about	Observes and talks about
pictures with interest	pictures with interest and	talks about pictures with	pictures with interest and	pictures but with little
	detail	interest and sustained	sustained attention	interest and attention
		attention		

	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question	
	3.4 Visual Discrimination (5 HRS)	By the end of the sub strand learners should be able to: a) Identify differences and similarities in objects and pictures at home and at school. b) Match and pair pictures and objects at home and at school. c) Take pleasure in visual discrimination activities at home and at school.	 Learners could identify odd-one out pictures, objects from a set of pictures or objects respectfully. In pairs and small groups learners could be involved in playing visual discrimination games, fix jigsaw puzzles among other visual discrimination activities. 	What visual discrimination experiences do children enjoy?	
Core-compete	nce developed: Co		ing to learn, Critical and creative thinking for problem solving.		
Link to PCIs:	•	,	Link to Values: Cooperation, responsibility, sharing.		
		cal thinking, creative thinking			
Link to other a	activity areas: Envi	ronmental activities	Suggested Community service learning Organize an inter-school reading day. Learners to be gathered in common reading tents/ under trees and provided with materials to engage in visual discrimination activities		
	s in an inter-group of	t learning through application contest that includes visual	Suggested assessment: oral questions, observations, po	ortfolio	
Suggested Lea	rning Resources: I	ouzzles, pictures, charts, video clips, le	earning corners		

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Recognizes seminaries and	Efficiently recognizes	Recognizes similarities	Identifies differences or	Attempts to identify differences or
differences in pictures and	similarities and	and differences in	similarities in objects and	similarities in objects and pictures
objects	differences in objects	objects and pictures.	pictures.	
	and pictures.			

Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
3.5 Visual memory (5HRS)	By the end of the sub strand learners should be able to: a) Recall objects, colours and pictures in the immediate environment. b) Recall letters of the alphabet in and out of class. c) Talk about what they have seen in the immediate environment. d) Have pleasure in visual memory activities in and out of class.	 Individually, in pairs or small groups, learners could be engaged in visual memory games. In pairs or small groups, learners could be guided to play letter memory games. Learners visit a learning corner within the class and recall they what they saw. In pairs and small groups learners could be engaged in interactive digital visual memory games. Learners could be encouraged to recall what they saw at home, on the way and in school. 	 What do you see around the home? What do you see on your way from home to school?

Core-competence developed: Communication and collaboration,	Core-competence developed: Communication and collaboration, learning to learn, digital literacy			
Link to PCIs:	Link to Values: Cooperation, honesty.			
Life skills: Effective communication, problem solving.				
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning			
Psychomotor and creative activities, Environmental activities	Organize for learners to make cards for parents and give them during school open day.			
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through Suggested Assessment: oral questions, observations, portfolio				
application				
Involve learners in an inter-group contest that incorporates visual				
memory activities.				
Suggested learning resources: language games, picture, learning corners, video clips, flash cards ,radio programmes, digital memory games				

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Recalls objects,	Effectively recalls colours,	Recalls colours, pictures	Recalls colours, pictures and	Recalls colours, pictures and
colours, pictures and	pictures and all letters of the	and all letters of the	most letters of the alphabet in the	some letters of the alphabet in
letters of the alphabet	alphabet in the immediate	alphabet in the	immediate environment.	the immediate environment.
	environment.	immediate environment.		

Sub strand S	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
3.5 Reading Posture (4HRS) a	By the end of the sub strand learners should be able to: a) Identify correct reading posture in pictures.	 Learners could be guided to visit a local library to experience reading posture. Learners could view video clips on appropriate reading posture. Demonstrate the appropriate reading posture and encourage learners to practice. Learners could practice sitting properly when picture reading in class. Learners could sing songs and recite poems and rhymes related to appropriate reading posture. In pairs, learners practice correct reading posture. Consistently model the correct reading posture and discourage inappropriate reading posture. 	1. How do we sit when reading? 2. Why should you sit appropriately when reading? 3. What are the inappropriate reading postures?

Core-competence developed: Learning to learn, Digital literacy, Communication and collaboration			
Link to PCIs:	Values: Responsibility, cooperation.		
ESD: Health education			
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and creative activities.	Suggested Community Service Learning		
	Organize learners to role play and recite poems on appropriate reading posture		
	during school assembly and open days.		
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested Assessment: oral questions, observations, portfolio		
application			
Visit a library or another class and identify correct and incorrect reading			
postures.			
Suggested learning resources: video clips, pictures ,recorded (songs, poer	ns ,and rhymes), library, chair and table		

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Sits in appropriate	Effectively sits in appropriate	Sits in appropriate	With some guidance sits and	With guidance sits in appropriate
reading posture	posture.	posture.	sustains appropriate posture.	posture for some time.

Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
3.7 Letter recognition (5HRS)	By the end of the sub strand learners should be able to: a) Match upper case letters with corresponding lower case letters in class. b) Take pleasure in letter matching activities in and out of class.	 Learners could be engaged in matching upper and lower case letters using skittle game. Label objects using letter stickers and encouraged learners to identify the letters. Learners could be guided to fix letter jigsaws. Learners could be exposed to talking walls, which contain various materials on letters. E.g. charts, cards, classroom labeling to enhance letter recognition. Demonstrate matching lower and upper case letters. Learners could sing letter songs or reciting poems and rhymes related to letter recognition while displaying letters. Individually or in small groups, learners could be engaged in activities related to letter recognition games e,g letter fishing games, letter sorting trays, letter basket balls, letter hunting games among others. Learners could compete in letter recognition competition games. Encourage fairness in winning and acceptance in losing. Learners could be exposed to digital content on letter recognition. Make deliberate efforts to incorporate letters in learners' play to enhance letter recognition. 	1. How do we match lower and upper case letters? 2. In which play experiences can we integrate letter recognition?
		Suggested Community Service Learning	

Links to other activity areas: Psychomotor and creative activities, Religious education	Organize learners to engage in letter recognition as presentations during school open day.
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application Organize an interschool language contest incorporating letter recognition activities.	Suggested Assessment: oral questions, observations, portfolio
Suggested learning resources: letter stickers, letter jigsaw, charts, talking wal	ls, recorded poems and rhymes, letter basket balls.

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Recognize and match	Recognizes letters in upper and	Recognizes letters in	Recognizes letters in lower and	Recognizes some letters in lower
letters in upper and	lower and matches all letters	upper and lower and can	upper case and can match some	case and upper case but has
lower	consistently.	match all letters.	of them.	difficulty matching them.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
Reading	3.8 Reading syllables (5HRS)	By the end of the sub strand learners should be able to:	Demonstrate the blending sounds to make syllables e.g ta, pa, da, ma and encourage	How do we blend letter sounds to make syllables?
		a) Read syllables in and out of class.b) Demonstrate ability to read syllables in class.	 learners to read. Introduce different consonants and guide learners to master reading syllables relating to all letters. 	2) What activities would enhance the learner's ability to read syllables.
		c) Enjoy participating in activities that involve reading syllables.	 Learners could practice reading syllables in pairs and small groups. Involve learners in a variety of activities to practice reading syllables. 	

Link to PCIs:	Values: cooperation, responsibility, sharing, turn taking.
Life skills: Effective communication, self-esteem, critical thinking.	
Link to other activity areas: psychomotor and creative	Suggested community service learning activities:
	Organize an inter-school reading day. Learners to be gathered in common reading tents/ under trees and provided with materials to engage in activities that involve reading syllables.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment: observation, oral questions. Oral questions,
Organize an inter-group contest where learners will participate in reading syllables.	observation, portfolio
Suggested resources: video clips, charts, flash cards, letter cut-outs, letter litems(stones, blocks, bottle tops, dice)	basketball, letter sorting tray, electronic devices, dominos, letter formation

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Reads syllables	Recognizes syllables can read a	Recognizes syllables and	Recognizes some syllables but	Recognizes some syllables.
	variety of words using syllables.	can read words.	has difficulty joining them to	
			form words.	

Core competence developed: Learning to learn, Digital literacy,	3.8 Reading three to four letter words (5HRS) By the end of the sub strand learners should be able to: a) Demonstrate ability to blend syllables to read three to four letter words in and out of class. b) Read three to four letter words correctly in and out of class. c) Enjoy participating in activities that involve reading three to four letter words in and out of class.	hance
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Link to PCIs: Life skills: Effective communication,	Values: Cooperation, peace, self esteem, critical thinking, responsibility
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and creative activities.	Suggested Community Service Learning/ Organize an inter-school reading day. Learners to be gathered in common reading tents/ under trees and provided with materials to engage in activities that involve reading syllables.
Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application Organize an inter-class or inter-group reading contest. Learners participate in activities that involve reading three to four letter words.	Suggested Assessment: oral, questions, observation, portfolio

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Blends syllables	Can read a variety of words.	Consistently read three	Blends syllables and sounds to	With guidance blends syllables
Reads three to four		to four letter words.	read some words.	but has difficulty joining them to
letter words				form words.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions
4.0 Writing	4.1 Book handling (5HRS)	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate ability to handle books appropriately in and out of class. b) Arrange books properly in and out of class. c) Enjoy participating in book handling activities in and out of class.	 Learners should practice arranging books appropriately (top side up). Learners to practice writing in their books (with the correct grip of writing material) without pressing forcefully. Learners practice caring for and storing books in the appropriate places. Learners practice handling books with clean hands. Learners sing songs and rhymes related to book handling, care and proper storage. In pairs and groups learners take turns in keeping books on book shelves. Learners clean and arrange books in the book corner. 	 How do we handle books? How do we keep books? Where do we place our books when writing? How do we keep our books clean? How do we keep our books intact?

Core Competence to be developed: Communication and colla	Learners should guided to avoid leaning on their books and writing forcefully during a writing activity. Learners should be guided on how to cover their books properly. be developed: Communication and collaboration, Learning to learn.		
Link to PCIs:		Link to Values: Unity, Responsibility	
ESD : Care for learning resources.			
Citizenship: Leadership.			
Link to other activity areas: Environmental activities		Suggested community service learning Organize learners to carry out a book handling activity in a pre-primary 1 classroom/ book corner/library/self. Involve learners in dusting, covering and arranging books.	
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application Organize a book handling day where the ECD teachers guide children on holding books properly, turning pages, left-right orientation, covering and arranging books.		Suggested application: portfolio, observation, oral questions	
Suggested learning resources: Books, realia ,boxes, shelves ,b	ook covers, m	naterials, video clips, school bags	

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation:	Below expectation
Handle and	Handles books appropriately	Handles books appropriately	Can handle books appropriately but	Attempts to handle books
arranges	and consistently arranges	and arranges books on shelves	arranges book on the shelve with	appropriately and arranges books
books	books properly on shelves	properly	guidance	on shelves with guidance.
appropriately				

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions
Writing	4.2 Writing	By the end of the Sub strand the learners should be able to; a) Hold a writing tool properly in and out of		Where do we place our books when writing? Where do we place our hands when writing? How do we position our hands
		class.	In groups learners could be guided to write patterns from left to right.	while writing?

	 b) Turn pages from right to left during a writing activity in and out of class. c) Take pleasure in prewriting activities in and out of class. 	 Demonstrate the appropriate grip of the writing tool: pencil between the index finger and the thumb, while resting on the middle finger and encourage learners on the same. Learners practice holding the writing tool with the right grip. Learners to practice writing in their books without pressing forcefully. Learners could be engaged in activities where they write line and cursive patterns from left to right across a line and filling each page from the top to the bottom. Learners could view video clips demonstrating appropriate pencil grip and encouraged to imitate and practice. 		4. How do we hold the writing tool when writing?
Core competence to be de	veloped: Learning to learn, commu	inication and col	laboration	-
Link to PCIs: self esteem,			Link to values Responsibility, cooperation	
Link to other subjects: Psychomotor and creative a	Link to other subjects: Psychomotor and creative activities,		Suggested community service learning activities Invite parents to class to observe and recognize learners work	
to visit other classrooms w	tivity to support learning: Organi thin the school to observe the langu		Suggested assessment: Observation, or	ral questions, portfolio
Suggested Assessment				

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Turns pages from right	Turns pages from	Turns pages from right	Turns pages from right to left,	Turns pages from right to left but
to left, holds writing	right, writes from left	to left, writes from left to	writes from left to right across the	does not demonstrate eye hand
tool properly	to right across the line	right across the line with	line and attempts to coordinate	coordination.
	and effectively sustain	sustained eye hand.	eye hand.	
	eye hand coordination.			

Strand Sub-strand Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
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Core Competence: Communication and collaboration, Learning to learn. Link to PCIs Life-skills: Self awareness Health Education: Caring for my body. Citizenship: Team work. Links to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Non-formal activity to support learning through application Organize an interschool language contest that incorporates games, songs, rhymes and play relating to writing posture Suggested learning resources: Books, writing materials, chairs ,tables, video clips, radio programmes, pictures, charts	4.3 Writing Posture (5HRS)	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Sit appropriately when writing in and out of class. b) Have pleasure in activities for writing posture in and out of class.	posture eve activity. In pairs lear posture. Learners co writing postappropriate encouraged Learner couthe correct. In pairs and appropriate	ntinue practicing the correct writing ry time they are involved in a writing ruld recite rhymes on the appropriate ture as they write. After adopting the writing posture learners could be to practice writing. Ild view a video clip demonstrating writing posture and practice it. I groups learners could practice the writing posture.	 How do we sit when we are writing? How do we place a book when writing? How do we position hands when writing? Where do you place your feet while writing?
Link to PCIs Life-skills: Self awareness Health Education: Caring for my body. Citizenship: Team work. Links to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Suggested community service learning Organize for learners to present a writing posture, rhyme, poem or song during a school open day. Non-formal activity to support learning through application Organize an interschool language contest that incorporates games, songs, rhymes and play relating to writing posture Link to Values: Cooperation, Responsibility. Suggested community service learning Organize for learners to present a writing posture, rhyme, poem or song during a school open day. Suggested assessment: oral questions, observation, portfolio			reciting a w	riting posture rhyme as others	
Link to PCIs Life-skills: Self awareness Health Education: Caring for my body. Citizenship: Team work. Links to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Suggested community service learning Organize for learners to present a writing posture, rhyme, poem or song during a school open day. Non-formal activity to support learning through application Organize an interschool language contest that incorporates games, songs, rhymes and play relating to writing posture Link to Values: Cooperation, Responsibility. Suggested community service learning Organize for learners to present a writing posture, rhyme, poem or song during a school open day. Suggested assessment: oral questions, observation, portfolio	Core Competence: Comm	unication and collaboration. Learn	ning to learn.		
Life-skills: Self awarenessHealth Education: Caring for my body.Citizenship: Team work.Suggested community service learningLinks to other activity areas: Psychomotor and CreativeSuggested community service learningOrganize for learners to present a writing posture, rhyme, poem or song during a school open day.Non-formal activity to support learning through applicationSuggested assessment: oral questions, observation, portfolioOrganize an interschool language contest that incorporates games, songs, rhymes and play relating to writing postureSuggested assessment: oral questions, observation, portfolio	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<i>G</i> •• •••••	Link to Values: Cooperation, Respon	nsibility.
Citizenship: Team work.Suggested community service learningLinks to other activity areas: Psychomotor and CreativeSuggested community service learningOrganize for learners to present a writing posture, rhyme, poem or song during a school open day.Non-formal activity to support learning through applicationSuggested assessment: oral questions, observation, portfolioOrganize an interschool language contest that incorporates games, songs, rhymes and play relating to writing postureSuggested assessment: oral questions, observation, portfolio	Life-skills: Self awareness			1 7 7 7 7	·
Links to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Suggested community service learning Organize for learners to present a writing posture, rhyme, poem or song during a school open day. Non-formal activity to support learning through application Organize an interschool language contest that incorporates games, songs, rhymes and play relating to writing posture Suggested community service learning Organize for learners to present a writing posture, rhyme, poem or song during a school open day. Suggested assessment: oral questions, observation, portfolio		for my body.			
Organize for learners to present a writing posture, rhyme, poem or song during a school open day. Non-formal activity to support learning through application Organize an interschool language contest that incorporates games, songs, rhymes and play relating to writing posture Organize for learners to present a writing posture, rhyme, poem or song during a school open day. Suggested assessment: oral questions, observation, portfolio					
Organize an interschool language contest that incorporates games, songs, rhymes and play relating to writing posture	Links to other activity are			Organize for learners to present a writing posture, rhyme, poem or song	
rhymes and play relating to writing posture				Suggested assessment: oral question	s, observation, portfolio
			, 6-,		
buggested teat timig resources. Dooks, writing materials, chans, ladies, video chips, radio programmes, pictures, charts			rs ,tables, video cl	ips, radio programmes, pictures, charts	

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation:	Below expectation
Sit appropriately	Effectively coordinates eye to	Coordinate eye hand most	Attempts to coordinate eye	Has difficulty coordinating eye
using correct sitting	hand	times (80%)	hand some time (50%)	to hand
posture				

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested	earning experiences		Key inquiry questions
Writing	4.4 Eye-hand coordination skills (5HRS)	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate eye-hand coordination when writing in and out of class. b) Enjoy participating in eye-hand coordination activities in and out of class.	 Learner puzzles Learner Learner comput Learner letters Learner printing Learner trace le Learner enhanc In pairs 	rs could be involved in pegging and fitting templates. rs could fix jigsaw puzzles. rs could fix letter jigsaws. rs could practice typing letters on a ter key board. rs could be involved in modeling using clay, dough or plasticine. rs could be involved in painting and g activities rs could join dots to make letters or	1. 2.	· · · · · ·
Core Competence de Link to PCIs: Life-skills: Self aware Citizenship: Team wo	ness, Self-esteen	nunication and collaboration, D	igital literacy	Link to Values: Cooperation, respon	sibil	ity
Links to other subjects: Psychomotor and Creative activities				Suggested community service learn Learners to visit the pre-primary one songs that enhance eye-hand coordina	class	
Organize an inter-grou activities including sin enhance eye-hand coo	p language conte ging games/ Lea rdination at home esources: Video		es that	Suggested Assessment: observation, ough, plasticine, bottle tops, beads, ma	port	folio, oral questions

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Coordiante eye and	Effectively coordinates eye	Coordinate eye hand most	Attempts to coordinate eye	Has difficulty coordinating eye to
hand when writing	to hand	times (80%)	hand some time (50%)	hand

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions
	4.5 Pattern Writing (5HRS)	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Write simple cursive patterns in and out of class. b) Use audio visual materials to make simple cursive patterns in and out of class. c) Hold writing tools appropriately when writing. d) Experience pleasure in cursive pattern writing activities in and out of class.	 Demonstrate writing simple cursive patterns in the air. Learners practice writing cursive patterns in the air. Learners could be engaged in tracing simple cursive patterns. Learners could join dots to form simple cursive patterns. Learners could be guided in copying cursive patterns. Learners practice writing simple varied cursive patterns. Learners could view the process of drawing cursive patterns on the computer and copy them. Learners could write cursive patterns using digital audio visual materials such as using the writing wizard application. Demonstrate writing cursive letter patterns and encourage learners to practice. Learners could practice writing cursive patterns using a computer. 	1. Which cursive patterns are easy for learners to write? 2. What materials can learners use to form cursive patterns? 3. What items in the environment could have cursive patterns?
Core comp	etence developed:	Learning to learn, Creativity and imagin		
Link to PC Citizenship	Is:		Link toValues: Cooperation	
Links to otl	Links to other activity areas:		Suggested community service learning	
	Psychomotor and Creative activities.		Learners write/make cursive patterns and show case to parents during open days.	
Involve par	ents in helping their	t learning through application children to collect and bring to school and materials for forming patterns.	Suggested assessment Observation, portfolio, oral question	
			ve shapes, writing tools, books, flashcards, video c	elips

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Draw simple line	Effectively arranges	Consistently arranges objects in	Holds writing tools	Holds writing tools appropriately
pattern	objects in a line, forms a	line, forms print patterns and	appropriately and with	but demonstrates difficulty in
Arranges objects in	variety of print and simple	draws simple line patterns.	guidance arrange objects in	arranging objects in a line and
live	line patterns.		line and draw simple line	drawing simple line pattern.
			pattern.	_

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions
Writing	4.6 Letter formation (5HRS)	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Form letters correctly in and out of class. b) Demonstrate ability to form letters correctly in and out of class. c) Have pleasure in letter formation activities in and out of class.	 Learners sing rhymes related to letter formation. Learners practice modeling, colouring and painting letters while singing related rhymes. Threading beads and lacing through holes on a card to make letters. Shading within letter outlines. Learners recite letter formation rhymes as they write letters in air and on the sand. Pricking the edges of letter outlines and cutting out the letters. Learners could be guided to do drag and drop activities that enhance eye-hand coordination using digital devices. In pairs and small groups learners practice various letter formation activities. Learners could view video clips demonstrating letter formation and practice writing letters. Learners recite letter formation rhymes as they write letters. Demonstrate letter formation movements; beginning with the starting point followed by successive movements until the end. 	1. How do you shape each letter of the alphabet? 2. How can a teacher incorporate letter formation in children's play? Output Description:
Link to F				

Citizenship: Harmony.	
Life-skills: Creative thinking.	
Links to other activity areas:	Suggested community service learning
Psychomotor and Creative Activities	Involve children to assist adult learners in the community how to form letters.
Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Suggested Assessment: observation, oral questions, portfolio
Involve the parents in collecting print materials at home with the learners. Learners bring these to school and use them to trace letters.	
Suggested Learning Resources: Video clips, radio programmes, letter cutouts	s, flash cards, plasticine, clay ,paint, paint brush, crayons, realia, pencils

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation:	Below expectation
Forms letters	Demonstrates proper writing-tool	Demonstrate proper writing	Demonstrate proper writing –tool	Has developed proper
correctly	grip and forms all letters legibly	tool grip and forms most letters legibly.	grip but forms letter shape with difficulty.	writing tool grip but forms letter shape with difficulty.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
Writing	4.7 Writing letters of the alphabet (5HRS)	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a. Demonstrate ability to write letters properly in and out of class. b. Write letters of the alphabet properly in and out of class. c. Enjoy using basic tools for letter writing activities in and out of class.	 Learners could be encouraged to join dots to make letters of the alphabet Learners could be encouraged to trace letters of the alphabet. Learners could copy letters of the alphabet. Learners to be guided in writing letters of the alphabet. Learners could be involved in pattern making using letters of the alphabet. In pairs and in small groups learners could make patterns using letters of the alphabet. 	 What opportunities arise for writing letters of the alphabet? How can a teacher incorporate letter writing in children's play?

	Video clips, radio programmes, letter cuto	outs, flash cards, plasticine, clay ,paint, paint brush, crayons, realia, pencils	
tools.	ners on now to write letters using digital		
Non-formal activity to support learning through application Invite an ICT person to guide learners on how to write letters using digital		Suggested Assessment: Observation, oral questions, writing activities, portfolio	
No. Consultant to the second		parents to see and appreciate.	
Religious education		Learners take letters they have written in worksheets in class to their homes for	
Links to other activity areas: Ps	ychomotor and Creative activities,	Suggested community service learning	
Life-skills : Creative thinking, self	esteem.		
Citizenship: Harmony.			
Link to PCIs:	, = -8, ; , eo	Values: Cooperation.	
Core competence developed: Le	arning to learn, Digital literacy, Communi	cation and collaboration	
		worksheets.	
	•	Learners practice writing letters on	
		appreciate each other's work.	
		class and be encouraged to	
	•	Learners to display their work in	
	•	In pairs and learners write letters and appreciate each other's work.	
		device.	
		letters of the alphabet using digital	
	•	Learners could practice writing	

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Writes letters of the alphabet properly	Holds varied writing tools appropriately and consistently writes all	Without guidance, holds writing tools appropriately and	Holds the tools and write a few letters correctly	With guidance, holds the tools and write a few letters correctly
	the letters appropriately.	writes most letters correctly		

four letter a) Write three to four letter to four letter words based on writing pra	uestions
four letter wordsa) Write three to four letter words in class.to four letter words based on learners demonstrated ability towriting pra 2. What resour	
c) Experience participating in writing activities in and out of class. Demonstrate writing of syllables with reference to one vowel as it is read. Learners are then encouraged to read and write the syllables. e.g. /pa//ba/, /ca/. Learners should be introduced syllables relating to three to four consonants and the first vowel. Once learners have practiced and gained ability to write and read syllables relating to three to four consonants and the first vowel, introduce another set. Learners practice writing syllables related to one vowel Demonstrate writing two letter words relating to each vowel beginning with the vowel 'a' sound e.g. 'ba', 'ta 'ma' and encourage learners to join a syllable and a sound and read it as a word. Guide learners to join a syllable and a sound and read it as a word. Learners practice writing (as they read) these words.	ities are required for actice?

Core-competence: digital literacy, learning to learn.	 Learners could be guided to write simple words using flashcards among others. Learners could view video clips on word formation and writing. In pairs and in groups, learners could be engaged in writing three to four letter words and Learners should display their own work and be encouraged to appreciate others work. 		
	Link to Values: Cooperation.		
Link to PCI:			
Life skills: Self awareness, Self esteem.			
Suggested Link to other Activity areas: Psychosocial and creative	Suggested community service learning		
activities	Learners take home their work sheets with words and their names for parents to see and appreciate.		
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through	Suggested Assessment: Observation, oral questions, portfolio		
application			
Write three to four letter words and label some items in class.			
Suggested Learning resources: Video clips, radio programmes, letter c	outouts, flash cards, plasticine, clay ,paint, paint brush, crayons, realia, pencils		

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Writes three to	Effectively writes three to	Consistently writes three to four	Without guidance writes most three to	With guidance writes three
four letter	four letter words and copies	letter words and copies own	four letter words and copies own name	to four letter and sometimes
words	own name with variation.	name correctly.	correctly.	copies own name.

MATHEMATICS ACTIVITIES CURRICULUM DESIGN DRAFT

Essence statement

Mathematics activities at the pre-primary level empower children to engage in basic analysis of problems and to develop appropriate solutions in day to day life. These activities help to develop mental processes that enhance logical and critical thinking, accuracy and problem solving; all of which are important building blocks for primary school readiness. They also enhance the learner's development and acquisition of basic number, classification and measurement skills during early years.

General learning outcomes

By the end of the pre-primary education, the learner should be able to:

- a) use acquired classroom skills to solve problems in daily life,
- b) demonstrate basic number concepts as a basis for future learning,
- c) demonstrate interest in measurement and dispositions in physical and social world.

MATHEMATICS ACTIVITIES CURRICULUM DESIGN DRAFT

STRAND .0 CLASSIFICA- TION	SUB-STRAND .1 Sorting & grouping	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to:	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES • Learners look at and talk about objects with different	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION(S) SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES 1. Which objects are similar or look alike?
	8 lessons	 a) Identify similarities and differences between objects for distinguishing one object from the other b) sort and group objects in their environment c) Group objects in the environment according to more than one attribute d) Appreciate the materials in the environment for their uniqueness and diversity 	• Learners demonstrate sorting and grouping objects by more than one attribute (colour/size/shape/texture/ use /type) • Two learners demonstrate Sorting , grouping and comparing objects by more than one attribute (colour/size/shape/texture/use/type) up to four groups • Learners in groups/pairs, individually, sort and group objects according to more than one attribute up to four groups • Learners relate specific attributes to other objects in the environment • Sing songs related to sorting and grouping objects • Collect and store materials in their respective corners	2. What objects have same colour/shape/size/texture/use? 3. Which objects look alike? 4. Which objects are different? 5. Why have you grouped these objects together? 6. Why should we store materials after use?

Core Competencies: critical thinking, problem solving, Communication and collaboration, Digital literacy

Link to PCIs:

- Citizenship: team work;
- Life skills: effective communication,
- Values: unity.

Link to other subjects: Language, environmental, psychomotor and creative activities

Suggested community service learning/ non-formal activity to support learning through application: Go round the school compound picking the useful objects that can be recycled for sorting and grouping

Suggested resources: Locally available materials of different colours, shapes, texture, use, types and sizes such as leaves flowers, pebbles, shells, paper cut outs, bottle tops, seeds, feathers, fruits, beads, pictures, DVDs, Computers.

Indicator	Achievement				
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
Identifying similarities and differences in objects within the environment	Able to identify similar and different objects using more than 4 attribute (colour size, shape, texture, use & type)	Able to identify similar and different objects using 4 attributes (colour size, shape, texture, use & type)	Able to identify similar and different objects using 3 attributes (colour size, shape, texture, use & type)	Able to identify similar and different objects using 2 attributes (colour size, shape, texture, use & type)	
Sorting and grouping objects in their environment	Sort and group objects according to more than four attributes (colour, size, shape, texture, use and type)	Sort and group objects according to four attributes (colour, size, shape, texture, use and type)	Sort and group objects according to three attributes (colour, size, shape, texture, use and type)	Sort and group objects according to two attributes (colour, size, shape, texture, use and type)	
Grouping objects according to more than one attribute	Group objects according to more than four attributes (colour, shape, size, texture, use and type)	Group objects according to four attributes (colour, shape, size, texture, use and type)	Group objects according to 3 attributes (colour, shape, size, texture, use and type)	Group objects according to 2 attributes (colour, shape, size, texture, use and type)	
Ability to use ICT in sorting and grouping	Able to sort and group objects using ICT up to four and beyond	Able to sort and group objects using ICT up to four	Able to sort and group objects using ICT up to 3 with teacher's guidance	Able to sort and group objects using ICT 2 with teacher's guidance	

1.1 Matching and pairing 8 lessons	 a) Identify similarities among objects in the environment b) Identify differences among objects in the environment c) Match objects according to likeness or sameness in the environment d) Pair objects related to each other according to sameness/likeness/use/type, relationship, part and whole 	Learners collect a variety of objects from the environment Demonstrate how to match and pair objects according to likeness/sameness/use Few learners demonstrate matching and pairing according to more one attribute (sameness/likeness/use) In groups/pairs, individually learners match and pair objects according to more than one attribute	 Which objects look alike? What makes them look alike? What is the use of these items? How can we care for these objects?
	relationship, part and whole e) Use appropriate vocabulary related to matching and pairing objects for effective communication f) Appreciate the use of different objects in the environment	more than one attribute (likeness/sameness/use) discuss the use of items matched or paired	

	Learners sing songs/recite poems on relationship/use of objects from the environment
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Core competency: Communication and collaboration (as they work in groups); critical thinking and problem solving (when matching and pairing)

Link to other subjects: Environmental activities, psychomotor and creative activities

Link to PCIs and values:

- Citizenship: unity, harmony & cohesion;
- Life Skills: effective communication and self esteem Decision making;
- Value: unity.

Suggested community service learning: Collecting materials for learning and recycling some waste materials, while clearing the learning environment to keep the learning environment clean and safe.

Suggested resources: Locally available materials (pens, books, sticks, shapes, cut-outs, blocks, clothing, utensils, pebbles, balls, flash cards)

Indicator	Achievement						
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation			
Identifying similar and different objects in the environment	Identifying similar and different objects in the environment and talk about them	Identifying similar and different objects in the environment	Identifying only a few similar and different objects in the environment	Cannot easily identify sameness in objects			
Matching objects according to more than one attribute	Matching objects according to more than one attribute and talk about them	Matching objects according to more than one attribute	Matching a few objects according sameness	Can match objects with teacher's guidance			
Matching and pairing objects according to more than one attribute	Matching and pairing objects according to more than one attribute and talk about them	Matching and pairing objects according to more than one attribute	Pair some objects according to more than one attribute	Pair some objects with teacher's guidance			

1.2	Ordering	a)	Collect and identify different	•	Learners talk about different	1.	Which objects are (shorter, taller,
			objects in their environment		objects in the environment in		smaller, bigger)
			for exploration and enjoyment		relation to size	2.	Which among these two objects is
		b)	Arrange objects in the	•	Demonstrate ordering objects		short/long/small/big?
			immediate environment		according to size up to five objects		

descending order. d) Arrange objects in the environment according to more than one attribute e) Differentiate objects of different sizes in the environment f) Use different objects in the environment in their daily activities g) Use appropriate vocabulary related to ordering in their daily life experiences for effective communication h) Appreciate different objects/materials in the environment	In groups learners compare objects of different sizes up to five	
according to size in ascending up to five objects for comparison. c) Arrange objects in the immediate environment according to size in	 A few learners demonstrate ordering objects according to size up to five objects Learners in small groups, pairs, individually order objects according to size up to five objects 	

- Critical thinking and problem solving (shown when ordering different objects)
- Communication and collaboration (when ordering in groups and talking)

Link to PCIs:

- **ESD:** Appreciate environment as a source of learning materials;
- Life skills: Effective Communication;
- Values: unity.

Link to other subject: Psychomotor and creative activities

Suggested Community service: Collect waste materials in the community for re-use in learning, Cleaning learning environment after use of materials.

Suggested resources

Flash cards, blocks, bottle tops, bottles, sticks, beads, straws, cut outs, pebbles

ndicator

	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Ordering objects according to size	Be able to identify at least 9 objects in their environment and talk about their size	Be able to identify at least 6 objects and in their environment talk about their sizes	Be able to identify at least 3 objects in their environment but unable to talk about their sizes.	Be able to identify at least1 object in their environment and talk about their sizes with teachers' assistance.
Differentiating objects in the environment according to size	Differentiate at least 9 objects in the environment according to size	Differentiate at least 6 objects in the environment according to size	Differentiate at least 3 objects in the environment according to size	Differentiate at least 1 object in the environment according to size

1.3 PATTERNS 8 lessons	 a) Observe objects in the environment for the purpose of identifying patterns. b) Identify similarities and differences among objects c) Arrange similar objects to make a pattern d) Use different objects to make patterns e) Identify patterns in different objects within the environment(clothes, animals, seeds, leaves f) Identify the repeating part of the patterns. g) Appreciate pattern s in their environment h) Enjoy making different patterns with objects found in the environment 	 Learners observe and talk about different objects in the environment. Learners demonstrate arranging objects to make a pattern A few learners demonstrate arranging objects to make patterns (shape, colour,) In small groups/pairs, individually, learners arrange objects to make pattern(shape, colour, number cut-outs,) Learners fill in the missing objects in a series to make a pattern Learners observe and talk about different patterns on their clothes, foot prints, buildings, flower gardens 	 Which objects look alike? Which objects comes next in the series? What object has been used to make a pattern? Which other pattern can you make? Which part of the pattern repeats itself? 				
Collaboration	 Core competencies: Collaboration and communication (through group work and discussions) Critical thinking and problem solving as they make different patterns 						

Digital literacy as they make patterns using ICT					
Link to PCIs and Values:					
- Citizenship: harmony;					
- Life skills: effective communication;					
- Values: respect for environment;					
- ESD: (environmental awareness) non-formal education.					
Link to other subjects: Psychomotor and Creative activities during construction					
Suggested community service learning: plant flowers in the school following different patterns.					
Suggested resources:					
Pencils, books, crayons, paint, paper cut-outs, leaves.					

Indicator	Achievement								
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation					
Observe and talk about different objects in their environment	Can observe and talk about different objects in their environment	Observe and talk about different objects in their environment	Can observe and talk about different objects in their environment	Observe and talk about different objects in their environment					
Identify patterns on different objects in the environment	Identify patterns on different objects in the environment and talk about them	Identify patterns on different objects in the environment	Identify patterns on different objects in the environment and talk about them	Identify patterns on different objects in the environment					
Arrange similar objects to make a pattern	Arrange similar objects to make a pattern using different objects	Arrange similar objects to make a pattern	Arrange similar objects to make a pattern using different objects	Arrange similar objects to make a pattern					

2.0 Numbers	2.1 Rote counting 8 lessons	a)	Rote count numbers 1-50 for developing numeracy skills	Demonstrate rote counting 1-50	Are you able to count1-50 with action?
	o ressons	b)	Rote count using actions up to 50 for enhancing acquisition of numeracy	Learners to rote count 1-50 with actions(clapping, nodding ,jumping, skipping, hopping)	Can you count 1 - 50?

	c) Enjoy rote counting up to 50 in their daily life	In groups/pairs Learners perform singing games/rhymes related to rote counting					
Core competence: Learn	ning to learn as children sing about r	numbers and count on their own					
	ustainable development; count objective communication, self awarenes	ects in their environment; s as they count personal objects and body p	parts;				
Link to other subject: P	sychomotor and creative activities a	s they sing					
Suggested community s	Suggested community service: Collect materials from the environment to be used for learning; cleaning the environment.						
Suggested resources: Bo	ottle tops, pebbles, sticks, seeds, etc.						

Rote counting 1-50	Rote count numbers 1-50 and beyond							
	Rote count numbers 1-50	Rote count numbers 1-50	Rote count numbers 1-30	Rote count				
	and beyond numbers 1-20							

Core competencies:

- Self efficacy as they sing and dance number songs
- Communication and collaboration as they work in pair/small groups
- Learning to learn as they identify numbers on objects found in their environment
- Digital literacy as they identify numbers using ICT

Link to PCIs:

- Education for sustainable development: when they use numbers later in their careers/business/home
- Citizenship: when working in pairs/groups (develop social skills)
- Life skills: effective communication;
- Value: unity.

Link to other subject:

- Psychomotor and creative as they sing and dance songs on numbers
- Language as they talk about number on flash cards/charts

Suggested community service:

- Collecting materials from the community to use them in making number flash cards hence making their environment clean.
- Visiting local children football clubs and talk about the numbers of players as written in their T-shirts.

Suggested Resources: Number flash cards/charts/calendar, clay, plasticine, number lines, number bags, number cut outs, fishing basket and rod, flannel boards, bottles

Indicator	Achievement						
D	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation			
Recognizing and identifying number numerals between 1- 20 Recognizing and	Identify and read number numerals 1-20 and beyond	Identify and read number numerals 1-20	Identify and read number numerals 1-10 with teacher's guidance	Identify and read number numerals 1 -5			

3.0	2.1 Counting concrete objects 10 lessons	a) b)	Observe objects in different groups/sets for distinguishing different types of similar objects Count concrete objects 1-20 for	•	Teacher demonstrates counting objects 1-20 Few Learners count objects for numbers 1-20	2.	How many (books, pencils rubbers are on the table? How many learners
			developing skills		(body parts, colours of the national flag,		are in your group?

	c) Demonstrate one to one correspondence while counting concrete objects d) Enjoy counting objects within their environment e) Appreciate the use of one to one correspondence in real life situations f) Demonstrate number value by counting concrete objects	different types of food, objects in the class) In groups/pairs, individually, learners count people/objects in their class up to 20 Learners play counting games involving counting objects 1-20 Learners match numerals with concrete objects for numbers 1-20	3. How many boys/girls are in your group?		
_	and problem solving as they count specifi and collaboration as they count in groups	· ·			
- Citizenship- H	Fawareness as they count (fingers, family armony, patriotism as they count colours or ition — as they count different types of foo	of the national flag			
Link to other subjects: Creative and psychomotor as they sing number songs Suggested community service: Count objects/animals at school or at home and take good care of them Suggested resources: Bottle tops, pencils, books, sticks, pebbles, tables, rubbers, blocks					

Indicator	Achievement						
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation			
Counting concrete objects in the environment	Count concrete objects up to 20 and beyond	Counting concrete objects in the environment	Count concrete objects up to 20 and beyond	Counting concrete objects in the environment			

2 .4 Number	a) Identify number	Learners randomly pick	1. Which number is written on the
sequencing	symbols 1-20 for	number cut outs/number	card/chart/board?
	acquisition of	cards from a pile and identify	Which number comes before/after
10 Lessons	numeracy skills	the number 1-20	this number?

	b) Arrange number cards in sequence 1-20 for appreciation of increase in value c) Arrange number cards in sequence by completing missing numbers d) Enjoy arranging numbers in sequence in day to day experiences	Learners demonstrates arranging numbers in sequence 1-20 A few learners demonstrate arranging numbers 1-20 in sequence by placing the appropriate number cards /cut outs In pairs/groups, individually, learners complete missing numbers in sequence by placing the appropriate number cards/cut out Learners sing songs on number sequence comprising numbers 1-20	3. Which number is missing in the sequence?4. How can these numbers be arranged in sequence?			
Core competen						
		g when identifying number and filling mis	sing number in a sequence			
	unication and collaboration wh	nen working in pairs/groups				
Link to PCIs:						
	ship: harmony;	The Control Edward Control				
		knowing and living with oneself and other	ers;			
	- Values: unity Link to other subjects: Environmental					
		estarials such as ald cartons, ampty plastic	water bettles from the environment			
		naterials such as old cartons, empty plastic inber cut outs, calendars, number line	water bottles from the environment			
Suggested resor	irces: Flash cards, charts, hun	noer cut outs, carendars, number fine				

Suggested assessment rubrics:

Indicator	Achievement					
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation		
Identifying numbers 1-20 in sequence on flash cards/cut outs	Identifying numbers 1-20 and beyond in sequence on flash cards/cut outs	Identifying numbers 1-20 in sequence on flash cards/cut outs	Identifying numbers 1-10 in sequence on flash cards/cut outs with teacher's guidance	Identifying numbers 1-10 in sequence on flash cards cut-outs with teacher's guidance		
Arranging numbers 1-20 in sequence	Arranging numbers 1-20 and beyond in sequence	Arranging numbers 1-20 in sequence	Arranging numbers 1-10 in sequence with teacher's guidance	Arrange some numbers in sequence with teacher's guidance		
Completing missing numbers 1-20 in sequence	Completing missing numbers 1-20 in sequence and beyond	Completing missing numbers 1-20 in sequence	Completing missing numbers 1-10 in sequence with teacher's guidance	Completing missing numbers 1-5 in sequence with teacher's guidance		

a) Collect objects from the environment b) Count groups of objects in the environment and select the corresponding number symbol. c) Differentiate the number value of objects in the environment d) Appreciate the value of numbers in their daily life experiences e) Relate number value with objects in the environment.	 Learners demonstrate and relate the number symbol and their value A few learners demonstrate and relate the number symbol and their value In groups learners count concrete objects and relate them to the number symbol In groups , pairs and individually learners complete number value puzzles
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Core competences: Communication and collaboration; critical thinking and problem solving

Link to PCI:

- Citizenship: team work;

Life skills: creative and critical thinking, problem solving, effective communication and interpersonal relationships;

• Value: unity.

Link to other subjects: Language and environmental.

Community service learning:

• Visit homesteads and count the animals kept at home

• Feeding small domestic animals

Suggested learning resources: Counters, realia classroom objects, flash cards, models, number charts, objects in the environment, toys.

Indicator	Achievement						
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation			
Count objects in the	Count objects in the	Count objects in the	Count objects in the	Count objects in the			
environment correctly 1-20	environment correctly 1-20 and	environment correctly 1-	environment correctly 1-10	environment correctly			
	beyond	20		below 10			
count groups of concrete	count groups of concrete	count groups of	count groups of concrete	count groups of concrete			
objects	objects 1-20 and beyond	concrete objects 1-20	objects 1-10	objects less than 10			
match numerals to respective	match numerals to respective	match numerals to	match numerals to respective	match numerals to			
groups of objects	groups of objects up to more	respective groups of	groups of objects up to 10	respective groups of objects			
	than 20	objects up to 20		less than 10			

2.6 Symbolic representation of number (number writing) 10 lessons	 a) Identify number symbols up to 20 for association of spoken number and its symbolic representation b) Form/write numbers 1-20 on a surface for representing quantities of objects/items by symbols c) Write number symbols 1-20 on a surface for enjoyment d) Form number symbols 1-20 using ICT for digital literacy 	Learners demonstrate number formation from number cut outs Learners observe number cut-outs and talk about number formation In groups/pairs, individually, learners trace/model/thread/join dots colour number cut-	1. Which number can you see on the calendar/ chart/clock face/flashcard?
		outs up to 20	

	e) Appreciate the use of numbers within their environment.	 Learners write number symbols 1-20 on a surface Learners use number symbols found on materials in their environment (calendar, clock) Learners use ICT to form number symbols 1-20 				
Core competence: Ima	gination and creativity					
Link to PCIs:	Link to PCIs:					
- ESD: learner	- ESD: learner support programme, service learning;					
- Citizenship: h	- Citizenship: harmony					
- Values: patier	ice.					
Link to other subjects:	Link to other subjects: Psychomotor and creative activity					
Suggested community	Suggested community service: learners can assist in labelling chairs and tables using number symbols and those in pastoralist communities					
can assist in tagging of	can assist in tagging of animals using number symbols.					
Suggested resources: (Calendar, plasticine, pebbles, clock face, r	number charts, number flashcards,				

Indicator	Achievement				
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
Identifying number symbols 1-20	Identifying and recognizing number symbols at least up to 20	Identify and recognize number symbols at least up to 20 and beyond.	Identify and recognize number symbols at least up to 10	Identify and recognize number symbols at least up to 1-5 with teachers' assistance.	
Modelling/tracing /joining dots to form number symbols 1-20	Modelling/tracing/ joining dots number symbols using locally available materials at least 1-20	Model/tracing/joining dots number symbols using locally available materials 1-20	Model/tracing/joining dots number symbols using locally available materials at least 1-10 with teachers' assistance.	Model/tracing /joining dots number symbols using locally available materials at least 1- 5 with teacher's guidance.	

	a) Rearrange number cards 1-20 in	•	Learners look at and talk about	1.	Which number can be
2.7 Number	the correct order		different parts of number symbols		formed using the
puzzle		•	Guide the learners to identify		selected pieces?
			different parts of number symbols		

numer than te c) Join di form c 1-20 w d) Enjoy puzzle e) Relate objects	 Learners demonstrate how the different parts of numbers to complete number symbols with not more than 10 parts completing number is in daily life to number symbols with the is in the environment. To complete number is: In pairs/groups learners join different parts of number symbols with the is in the environment. To complete number is: In pairs/groups learners join different parts of number symbols are they complete number is on number symbols as they complete the number puzzle. Learners relate number symbols with the objects in the environment. Play games on number puzzle on number puzzle. Learners demonstrate how the different parts of numerals to form a complete numeral. Learners listen to and sing is on number symbols as they complete the number puzzle. Learners complete number in the different parts of numerals to form a complete numeral. Learners listen to and sing is on number symbols as they complete the number puzzle. Learners complete numeral to form a complete numeral. 	these? What number can they form? 3. How many parts have you used to form numbers 1, 2, 3,4,520? mbols ongs bols tles (
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- Critical thinking and problem solving as learners join parts to form a whole
- Digital literacy as they complete number puzzles using ICT

Link to PCIs:

- Citizenship: Teamwork
- Life Skills: Critical Thinking.

Link to other subjects:

- Environmental activities
- Psychomotor and creative activities

Suggested resources: Number cut outs, number charts, puzzle pieces

Indicator	Achievement			
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Identifying different parts	Identifying different	Identifying different parts	Identifying different parts	Identifying different parts that can be
that can be used to	parts that can be used to	that can be used to	that can be used to complete	used to complete a number symbol at
complete a number symbol	complete a number	complete a number	a number symbol at least for	least for 2 numbers with teacher's
				guidance

	symbol at least for 5 numbers	symbol at least for 3 numbers	3 numbers with teacher's guidance	
Joining different parts of numbers to form a complete number symbol	Joining different parts of numbers to form a complete number symbol at least for 5 numbers and beyond	Joining different parts of numbers to form a complete number symbol at least for 5 numbers	Joining different parts of numbers to form a complete number symbol at least for 3 numbers	Joining different parts of numbers to form a complete number symbol at least for 2 numbers with teacher's guidance

2.8 Putting together a) Collect different groups of similar objects for counting b) Identify sets of similar objects in the environment for counting c) Put similar objects together with a sum not exceeding 9 d) Enjoy the activities of putting together objects in their day to day experiences e) Appreciate that things become more when put together 4. Collect different groups of similar objects for counting b) Identify sets of similar objects within their environment 5. Teacher demonstrates putting similar objects together with a sum not exceeding 9 and count 6. Two learners demonstrate putting similar objects together with a sum not exceeding 9 and count 7. Two learners demonstrate putting similar objects together with a sum not exceeding 9 and count 8. In small groups learners put objects together with a sum not exceeding 9 and count 9. In small groups learners put objects together with a sum not exceeding 9 and count 1. Which objects look alike? 2. How many objects together? 1. Which objects look alike? 2. How many objects together? 1. Which objects look alike? 2. How many objects together? 1. Which objects look alike? 2. How many objects together? 1. Which objects look alike? 2. How many objects together? 1. Which objects look alike? 2. How many objects together? 1. Which objects look alike? 2. How many objects together? 2. How many objects together? 1. Learners alike? 2. How many objects together? 2. How many objects together? 3. Therefore alike? 4. Learners alike? 2. How many objects together? 3. In small groups learners put objects together? 4. Learners alike? 2. How many objects together? 3. In small groups learners put objects together with a sum not exceeding 9 and count 4. Learners sing songs related to putting together with a sum not exceeding 9 and count	
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- Collaboration and communication as learners join parts to form a whole
- Digital literacy as they complete number puzzles using ICT

Link to PCIs:

- Citizenship: Collaboration;
- Life Skills: Self awareness as they count body parts, critical thinking as they put objects together; Values: patience.

Link to other subjects: Environmental activities.

Suggested community service: Children to assist community members in counting animals, utensils and farm produce

Suggested resources: Number cut outs, number charts, puzzle pieces, counters sticks; blocks

Indicator	Achievement			
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Identifying similar objects in	Identify similar objects in	Identify similar objects in the	Identify similar objects in the	Identify some similar
the environment	the environment up to 9	environment up to 9	environment up to 5	objects in the environment
	and beyond			with teacher's guidance
Put similar objects together	Put similar objects	Put similar objects together with a	Put similar objects together	Put similar objects
with a sum not exceeding	together with a sum	sum not exceeding nine	with a sum not exceeding 5	together with a sum not
nine	exceeding nine			exceeding 5 with teacher's
				guidance

2.9 Taking away	a) Collect different groups of similar objects/items	Learners count objects in different sets	1. How many objects are in the set?
	b) Count objects in different sets to establish the number in each set c) Take away fewer objects from sets not more than 9 d) Count the number of the remaining objects after taking away e) Enjoy the activities of taking away objects and counting the remainders in the day to day life experiences	 Teacher demonstrates taking away objects different Few learners demonstrate taking away of objects from different sets less than 9 In pairs, groups and individually learners take away objects from sets not exceeding 9 and count the remainder Singing related to taking away Listen and tell stories related to taking away Recite poems related to taking away NB: Ensure learners do not take away a number equal to the number of objects from the set. 	are in the set? 2. How many objects are left?
Core competencies: Critical thinking an	nd problem solving	-	
Link to PCIs:	in proorem borring		

- **ESD:** skills of taking away;

- Life skills: critical thinking;

Values: Patience.

Link to other subjects: Environmental activities, Language

Suggested community service: Collecting materials from the community and using them for learning environment after use.

Suggested resources: Counters(sticks; blocks, pebbles, bottle tops)

Suggested assessment rubrics:

Indicator	Achievement				
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
Take away similar objects	Take away similar objects	Take away similar objects	Take away similar objects from	Take away similar objects	
from sets not more than 9 and	from sets more than 9 and	from sets not more than 9	sets not more than 5 and count	from sets not more than 5 and	
count the number that is left	count the number that is	and count the number that is	the number that is left	count the number that is left	
	left	left		with teacher's guidance	

3.0 Measurement	3.1 Sides of objects 10 lessons	a) Observe different objects with straight sides in the environment b) Identify different sides of objects in the environment c) Manipulate objects of different sides in the environment d) Enjoy measuring sides of objects using arbitrary units	Learners are guided learners to talk about different sides of objects in the environment Learners are guided learners to compare objects with different sides Few learners demonstrate comparison of objects with different sides In groups/pairs, individually, learners measure sides of objects using arbitrary units (hand, foot, sticks)	 Which of these sides is longer/shorter? What is the difference in length between any two sides of an object? How will you tell which side is longer/shorter?
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Core competencies: Learning to learn when measuring sides of objects

Link to PCIs:

- *Education for sustainable development:* when measuring sides of objects;
- Citizenship: collaboration;
- Life Skills: critical thinking and self awareness
- *Value:* patience (sharing and turn taking).

Link to other subjects: Language as they learn vocabularies such as long/short

Suggested community service: Collecting objects from the environment for purpose of cleaning up.

Suggested learning resources: Objects of different lengths such as sticks, chairs, tables books, pencils, pieces of paper, strings, body parts, objects in the class

Indicator	Achievement					
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation		
Identify different sides	Able to identify sides of	Able to identify sides of	Able to identify sides of objects	Able to identify sides of		
of objects	objects in the classroom and in	objects in the classroom and	in the classroom	objects in the classroom		
	the environment and able to	in the environment		through leading questions		
	identify long and short objects					
Measure objects of	Measure objects of different	Measure objects of different	Measure objects of different	Unable to Measure objects of		
different sides using	sides using arbitrary units in	sides using arbitrary units in	sides using arbitrary units in	different sides using arbitrary		
arbitrary units	classroom and environment	classroom and environment.	classroom	units		
	and count the arbitrary units					
Relates, compare,	Able to relate, compare and	Able to relate and compare	Able to relate objects when	Able to relate, sides of objects		
differentiate objects that	differentiate objects in a given	sides objects in a given	given three characteristics	when given two		
have same or different	group comprising short and	group comprising short and		characteristics – long and		
sides	long objects	long objects		short		
Using different arbitrary	Able to use more than three	Able to use three different	Able to use at least two	Able to use one arbitrary unit		
units to measure objects	different arbitrary units to	arbitrary units to measure	different arbitrary units to	to measure sides of objects		
with different sides	measure sides of objects	sides of objects	measure sides of objects			

3.2 Mass (heavy and light) 8 lessons	 a) Collect different objects from the environment b) Lift different objects in the environment for comparing their heaviness c) Compare heavy and light objects in the environment d) appreciate objects of different mass in their environment e) enjoy manipulating objects of different mass in daily life experiences 	 Learners demonstrate lifting objects of different mass Few learners demonstrates lifting objects of different mass In groups/pairs, individually, learners compare mass of different objects in their environment In groups/pairs, learners play games involving comparison of mass (play on a sea saw; back to back lifting) Listen to stories on heavy/ light objects 	 Which object is heavier/lighter? How can you tell the object is heavier/lighter? Who between you is heavier/lighter?
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- Communication and collaboration when working in pairs/groups
- Learning to learn when comparing mass of different objects
- Digital literacy when playing games involving mass using ICT

Link to PCIs:

- Education for sustainable development: (business and career that involve mass);
- Citizenship: collaboration;
- Life Skills: problem solving;
- Values: patience.

Link to other subjects:

- Psychomotor and creative as they play games and lift different objects
- Language as they talk about heaviness and lightness of objects

Suggested community service: Collect garbage in paper bags of different sizes and dispose in the compost pit

Suggested resources: Sand, water, stones, blocks, leaves, chairs, tables and children themselves

Indicator	Achievement			
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Lift objects in the	Lift objects of different mass	Lift objects of different mass in	Lift some objects of	Lift one or 2 objects of
environment	in their environment and talk	their environment	different mass in their	different mass in their
	about them		environment	environment
Compare heavy and light	Compare heavy and light	Compare heavy and light objects	Compare the mass of objects	Unable to compare heavy
objects in the environment	objects in the environment	in the environment	in the classroom.	and light objects in the
	and describe how they feel			environment
Appreciate objects in the	Enjoys lifting light and heavy	Play games on comparison of	Watch others as they play	Does not show any interest
environment	objects	mass	games on comparison	in games on comparison of
				objects with different mass

3.4 Capacity	a) Fill and empty different containers with	Guide learners in filling and	1. How many of the small
(how much a	different objects and substances	emptying small and large containers	containers can fill the big
container can hold)	b) Compare sizes of containers using through filling and emptying using	using sand/water/seeds	container? 2. From the big container,
can noid)	different substances and objects c) Appreciate the use of objects of	Learners demonstrates comparing big and small containers by telling how many small ones fill the big ones and	how many small ones can be filled?
	different sizes in the environment	vice versa	3. Which container holds more/less?

d) Enjoy filling and emptying containers in the environment	 Few learners demonstrates comparing big and small containers by telling how many small ones can fill a big one and vice versa In groups/pairs, individually, learners tell how much a container can hold compared to another one of a 	
	different size	

- Critical thinking and problem solving as they compare how much a container can hold
- Communication and collaboration as they work in groups

Link to PCIs:

- **Food and nutrition**: by filling containers using different types of seeds and food staffs;
- Citizenship: collaboration and responsibility;
- Life skills: effective communication, critical thinking and problem solving;
- Values: patience.

Link to other subjects:

- Environmental activities as they play filling and emptying
- Psychomotor and creative as they balance pouring content from one container to the other

Suggested community services: Non-formal activity to support learning through application

Suggested resources: Containers of various sizes, water sand, seeds

Indicator	Achievement			
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Filling and emptying different containers	Able to fill and empty containers small and large containers and goes further to count how many small containers fill the big ones and vice versa	Able to fill and empty containers small and large containers and goes further to count how many small containers fill the big ones but cannot do the reverse	Able to fill and empty containers small and large containers	Able to fill small and large containers
Compare sizes of containers	able to compare capacity of different containers by telling how many of the small one fill the large one and vice versa	able to compare capacity of different containers by telling how many of the small one fill the large one	able to compare capacity of different containers through observation	unable to compare capacity of different containers

3.5 Time (Daily routines) 10 lessons	 a) Compare sizes of shadows at different times of the day to determine their sizes b) Use vocabulary related to 	 Learners are guided in comparing shadows at different time s of the day Learners talk about vocabulary 	 Which shadow is longer /shorter? At what time of the day is it longer/shorter? How do we tell time at home
	time for effective communication c) Observe tools used for telling time d) Name tools used for telling time (clock ;calendar; mobile phone; animals and birds) e) Name the days of the week and the months of the year f) Appreciate management of time when doing different activities	related to time morning ;afternoon; evening;day;night • Learners talk about tools and animals used to tell time clock ;calendar; mobile phone; animals and birds • Teacher guides learners to identify days of the week • Teacher guides learners to talk about months of the year	/school? 4. Which are the days of week? 5. Which are the months of the year? 6. Which activities do we carry out during the day?

- Citizenship-Learners will develop into responsible, ethical and socially connected individuals when they work in groups
- Self efficacy- learner develop self esteem, self confidence and will be capable performing tasks as expected

Link to PCIs:

- **ESD:** Service learning and parental involvement and engagement
- Citizenship: collaboration;
- Life skills: Skills of knowing and living with oneself and others
- Values: patience.

Link to other subjects: Time management as they adhere to daily routines, as they move to different activity areas.

Suggested community service: learners assist parents with the daily household chores such as cleaning utensils, setting dining table to help speed up preparation for school/work

Suggested resources: Clock face, pictures, picture cut outs, watch, radio, mobile phones, calendars, shadow positions at different times of the day

Indicator	Achievement				
	Above expectation Meets expectation Approaches expectation Below expectation				
Compare sizes of shadows at different times of the day	Able to mark and compare sizes of shadows at different times of the day	Able to compare sizes of shadows at different times of the day	Unable to compare and relate the sizes of shadows with time	Unable to compare the sizes of shadows	

Identify vocabulary related to time (morning; afternoon; evening; day; night)	Able to Identify and use vocabulary related to time (morning; afternoon; evening; day; night)	Able to use vocabulary related to time (morning; afternoon; evening; day; night)	able to use few vocabulary related to time (morning; afternoon; evening; day; night)	Unable to use vocabulary related to time
Name tools used for telling time (clock; calendar; mobile phone; animals and birds)	Able to name and talk about tools used for telling time (clock; calendar; mobile phone; animals and birds)	Able to name tools used for telling time (clock ;calendar; mobile phone; animals and birds)	able to name some tools used for telling time (clock ;calendar; mobile phone; animals and birds)	Unable to name all tools used for telling time
Name days of the week, months of the year	Able to tell and count the days of the week in the correct order and also tell the months of the year	Able to tell days of the week, and months of the year	Able to name days of the week, months of the year but not in order	Unable to name all days of the week, months of the year but not in order
Appreciate management of time when doing different activities	Able to appreciate the importance of time when doing different activities	Able to appreciate time when doing different activities	Unable to appreciate time when doing different activities	Unable to appreciate time.

3.6 Money (Kenyan currency) coins and notes	 a) Observe types of Kenyan currency for familiarity b) Identify Kenyan currency coins/notes for distinguishing them from other currencies c) Buy items using Kenyan coins and notes of different denominations d) Save money for future use e) Make a simple budget basing on own needs f) Appreciate the use of Kenyan currency in their daily life 	 Learners are guided to look at and talk about different sample currencies and identify Kenyan coins/notes A few learners identifies Kenyan coins and notes In groups/pairs, learners role play buying and selling from a shop corner 	 What can you see on the coin/note? What item do you need most? What do we use money for? What can we do with extra money (balance)? Where do we keep money for future use? Which coins look alike?
Core competence: citizenship, com	munication and collaboration.		

Link to PCIs:

- ESD: (financial literacy monetary skills and career choosing; Citizenship: collaboration and responsibility; Life skills: effective communication;

- *Values*: integrity, honesty and transparency.

Link to other subjects: Psychomotor, language

Suggested community service: when children are sent to buy items from the shop/market by the community members

Suggested resources: Coins and notes, tins, boxes, papers pencils, shop corner

Suggested assessment rubrics:

Indicator	Achievement				
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
Identify Kenyan currency, coins and notes	Able to identify and talk about different samples of Kenyan	Able to identify samples of Kenyan currencies notes and	Able to identify different samples of Kenyan	Able to identify Kenyan currencies notes and coins	
	currencies notes and coins	coins without talking about them	currencies coins and not notes		
Tracing Kenyan coins	Able to trace Kenyan coins up to 20 shillings freely and talk about it	Able to trace Kenyan coins up to 20 shillings freely, but cannot talk about it	Able to trace Kenyan coins up to 20 shillings with teachers assistance	unable to trace Kenyan coins	
Role play buying and selling	Able to role play buying and selling using coins and notes	Able to role play buying and selling using coins and notes but cannot express self	Able to role play buying and selling using coins only	unable to role play buying and selling using coins and notes	
Making simple budgets	Able to make a list of personal needs Able to make simple budgets. Able to save	Able to make a list of personal needs But unable to make simple budgets	Able to make a list of personal needs without priority	Able to make a list of personal needs Able to make simple budgets	

3.7 Area	a) Observe objects with different surfaces in	• Guide learners to observe/identify	1. How many small
(surface of objects) 10 lessons	the environment for determining their sizes b) Identify surfaces of different objects in the environment c) Cover surfaces of different objects by using not more than 20 smaller similar objects d) Use appropriate vocabulary related to surfaces of objects for effective communication e) Appreciate different surfaces of objects in the environment	different surfaces of objects in the environment Few learners identify different surfaces of objects in the environment In small groups/pairs, learners measure and compare different surfaces of objects Learners cover surfaces using small objects in the environment Learners cover surfaces using	pieces can cover a given surface? 2. Which surface is smaller /bigger? 3. What else can we use to cover a given surface?
	the environment	smaller objects and count the number of objects used.	

Core competence:

- Communication and collaboration as they work in groups
- Critical thinking and problem solving as they cover and find out pieces that can cover a surface

Link to PCIs:

- *Citizenship:* collaboration as they share and appreciate one another;

- Life skills: problem solving and critical thinking;
- Value: patience as they share materials.

 Link to other subjects:

- Psychomotor and creative activities
- Language activities
- Environmental activities

Suggested community service: Children participate in cleaning their neighbourhood

Suggested resources: Pieces of paper, bottle tops, hands, feet, blocks etc.

Suggested assessment rubrics:

Indicator	Achievement					
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches	Below expectation		
			expectation			
Identify surfaces of objects	Able to identify different surfaces	Able to identify different	Able to identify	Able to identify different surfaces		
in the environment	in the classroom and out of	surfaces in the classroom	different surfaces in the	in the classroom		
	classroom and tell their	and tell their differences	classroom and out of			
	differences		classroom and but			
			cannot tell their			
			differences			
cover surfaces of different	Able to cover bigger surfaces of	Able to cover bigger	Unable to cover bigger	Able to cover bigger surfaces of		
objects by using smaller	objects using smaller objects	surfaces of objects using	surfaces of objects	objects using smaller objects with		
objects	Able to count the smaller objects	smaller objects but cannot	using smaller objects	assistance		
	that cover the bigger ones	count accurately	well			
	3.5	·				

PSYCHOMOTOR AND CREATIVE ACTIVITIES

PSYCHOMOTOR AND CREATIVE ACTIVITIES

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Enable learners to develop both fine and gross motor skills which are necessary for the control and co-ordination of the different parts of the body. These activities enhance exploration and development of personal talents as well as appreciation of cultural heritage.

GENERAL OUTCOMES

By the end of the Pre-Primary the learner should be able;

- 1. Coordinate various body parts for movement, creativity and relaxation
- 2. Engage in creative, music and psychomotor activities independently and in groups for holistic development.
- 3. Share art, music and play materials and equipment for harmonious co-existence.
- 4. Improvise costumes, and play materials using locally available and recycled materials for creativity and self reliance.
- 5. Appreciate own and other peoples' cultures for preservation and transmission of our rich cultural heritage
- 6. Use ICT in play, music and creative activities for learning and enjoyment.
- 7. Observe safety and hygiene in play and learning environment for the learners' wellbeing

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Lo	earning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 PICTURE MAKING Core-Competent Link to PCIs ESD-DF	2.0 Drawing 6 Lesson ee: Creativity and	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Use appropriate tools to draw simple pictures b) Draw simple representation from observation c) Draw symbolic representation of things found in the classroom from memory d) Appreciate each other's, drawing dimagination	drawing Learners observati Learners pictures Learners pairs and Learners	draw simple picture from on to be encouraged to draw within margin to discuss their drawings in	 What do you use for drawing? Why do you like drawing? What would you like to draw? What do you like about your drawing?
Links to other su Mathematics, Lar		onmental Activities		Suggested Community Serv Building collaborative relatio as they discuss their complete	nships between school and families
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Display finished work within the classroom			Suggested assessment: Observation /demonstrati Open-ended questions, Self assessment, Portfolio.	•	
Suggested Resou		, videos on drawing steps, drawing materi	ials and tools su	lch as pencil, marker pen, cravo	ns. sharpener. paper. drawing

Suggested assessment rubrics:

templates, learning laptops

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION			BELOW EXPECTATION
Drawing	Can do all	Can handle drawing	• Attempts to handle to:	• Scribbles
	successfully:	tools well	Attempt to make pictureVery few terminology	No terminologyDraws out of margin

 Handling of drawing tools Make picture Draw to express feeling Tell all the 	 Make pictures not complete Some terminology Draw within margin
terminologyDraw within margin	

Printing 3 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to,. a) Create shape using printing patterns for creativity	Learners make print patterns using different objects		1. 2.	Which materials do you use for making printing patterns? Which printing do you like?
Core Compet	tence				
 Creativity 	y and Imagination				
 Self-effic 	eacy				
• Commun	ication and Collaboration				
Link to PCIs			Link to Core Values		
• ESD:DR	R; Safety		• Co-operation		
• Health Ed	ducation		Turn taking		
Link to other	Link to other subjects:		Suggested Community service learning		
Environmental and Language Activities		Mentorship			
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Have painting activities		Suggested Assessmen	nt		

Suggested assessment rubrics:

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
	EXPECTATION		EXPECTATIONS	
Printing	 identify different printing tools develop simple printing tools 	 identify some printing tools attempt developing simple printing tools 	 attempt identifying printing tools fairly attempt developing simple printing tools 	does not printing no appreciation no attempt of appreciation of work done

appreciate the use of printing tools create patterns using finger and others objects technique perform free choice successfully	 create some patterns using finger printing technique fairly perform free choice successfully 	 fairly creates some patterns using finger and other objects printing technique fairly perform free choice successfully
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STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested	Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
PICTURE MAKING	1.2 Colouring 6 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Recognize common colours in the environment for use in colouring b) Display ability to use colour media freely for enjoyment c) Appreciate and talk about their work	 colours around Learne individ observe Learne turns ar materia Display 	rs to do free colouring tually or in groups as they e personal safety. rs clear working area in a store the colouring als. y learners work and age to talk about it in pairs	Which is your favourite colour? What would you do if your pencil breaks? What do you like colouring?
Core-Competence	on and creativity				
Link to PCIs and • Health ec • ESD: DR • Financial	ducation:			Links to Values Responsibility	
	bject(s): nental Activities Activities				Service Learning and objects from their community. 7; artwork reflects a broad spectrum of

	Supporting learning at home to enhance drawing skills.
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested assessment
	Open-ended
Make colours from locally available material	• Questions,
	Portfolio,
	Self assessment, Rating forms,
Suggested Resources: Handbooks, coloured artworks, e-books, colouring materials st	uch coloured pencils, marker pens, crayons; flash cards, colouring

Suggested Resources: Handbooks, coloured artworks, e-books, colouring materials such coloured pencils, marker pens, crayons; flash cards, colouring books/ colouring books with 4D App, tracing paper, drawing paper, drawing pencils, erasers, sharpener, learning laptops.

Suggested assessment rubrics:

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE	MEETING	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
Colouring	Recognizes common colours in the environment Colour successfully Talks about work done with ease	 Recognizes common colours Colour successfully Attempts to take about art work done 	 Recognizes some colours Colours with assistance Has difficult talking about work done 	Needs assistance in almost all areas

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 PICTURE MAKING	1.3 Painting 5 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Paint freely on paper for familiarization of materials b) Paint freely for enjoyment c) Paint items according to their natural colour for recognition d) Use finger technique for painting e) Appreciate own and others painted work	 Learners to iidentifying different colours. Organize learner to paint freely in pairs/groups Guide learners to paint different objects according to the colours they like. Learners to paint objects using finger technique. Learners to appreciate own and others paintings Display their paintings and take a gallery walk naming items they have painted. 	 What can we paint? Why do we paint? What do we use to paint?

	Printing 3 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to,. b) Create shape using printing patterns for creativity		ners make print patterns different objects	3. 4.	Which materials do you use for making printing patterns? Which printing do you like?
Core-Competence						
	king and proble	m solving				
_	and creativity:					
• Self-efficacy:						
Life skills	D 1177 '					
Health Education	: Personal Hygi	ene		T		
Link to PCIs:				Links to Values:		
ESD:DRR;				Responsibility		
Links to other sul	•			Suggested Community Service Learning		ning
Environmental, CI	RE, Language A	ctivities		Paint found objects from their community.		
Non-Formal Activ	vity to support	learning through application:		Suggested assessment:		
 Supported learning at home and within community to enhance painting skills Observation/ demonstration, Question/ answer, portfolio 						
Suggested Resources:						
Brushes washable paints, water paints, Tempera paints, water colour pencils, palette, brushes, smock/apron, old newspaper, water colour paper/drawing						

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Painting	 Uses painting tools appropriately Uses paints to express feeling successfully Appreciate own and others work Identify types of paints Names items painted 	 Uses painting tools appropriately Use paints to express feelings Attempts to appreciate other work and own Identify some points Names some items 	 Attempts to use paints Attempts to express Attempt to appreciate work Name a few 	 Needs assistance Attempts to talk about Name a few

paper/tracing paper, drawing pencils, water containers and sharpener, learning laptops Internet or your local library.

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)	
1.0 PICTURE MAKING	1.4 Mosaic 4 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Identify materials for making mosaic b) Make mosaic pictures using locally available materials for aesthetics. c) Appreciate the use of locally available materials for making mosaic	 Collect and assemble the materials for making mosaic. Guide learners to creatively make mosaic pictures from the collected materials. Learners to pick and keep materials safely and neatly. Gallery walks /critique each other's work. 	 What materials do we use for mosaic Why do we make pictures? Which activity of making Mosaic did you like most? Where do we get materials for mosaic pictures 	
	on and collabora				
Link to PCIs Financial liter Life skill ESD: DRR; S.	acy	,	Link to Values		
Links to other subject(s):. • Environmental, CRE, Language, Mathematics Activities				Suggested Community Service Learning • Collect materials from the community for use in school to make mosaic picture	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application Exhibit their work during academic/parents day			Suggested assessment:	nded questions,	
Child-safe scissors, drawing pencils, cra			h, tracing paper, assorted paper, water	paints, palettes, water containers, brushes,	

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE XPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Mosaic	 Collects materials that are appropriate Can identify the correct mosaic material Learner make mosaic picture that is attractive Handle glue and tools well 	 Collects material from environment Identify the mosaic material Make mosaic pictures with assistance 	 Collects material Identify the materials Needs assistance to glue Needs assistance to complete the work 	 Collects just a few Not sure of mosaic material Attempts to start

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)
PICTURE MAKING	1.5 Collage 5 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Identify material for making collage b) Make collage pictures using locally available materials for aesthetics c) Appreciate their own and other pupils work and develop self esteem.	 Collect and assemble the materials for making collage. Guide learners to make collage picture in pairs and in groups Learners glue found materials and objects to make collage of their choice. Learners to clean up the work area. Critique /gallery walk 	 Where do we get materials for making collage? How do we make collage? Which part of the activities of making collage did you like most?

Core-Competence

- Creativity and imagination
 Communication and collaboration
- Critical thinking and problem solving

Link to PCIs	Links to Values
• ESD: DRR safety.	Responsibility, sharing
Links to other subject(s):.	Suggested Community Service Learning
• Environmental	

Mathematics	Involve the community in collecting and assembling of materials to be used in school.			
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: review their projects with family and reflect on favorite techniques or materials they've used and artists they've learned about	Suggested assessment:			
Suggested Resources: child-safe scissors and glue, construction paper, white card stock, sticks, feathers, straws, yarn, stencils, and more, learning laptops.				

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Collage	 Collects materials Sticks the different types of material Makes a colourful collage picture Works with others well and appreciates what other are doing 	 Collects materials Stick some well but cannot complete a picture Make a colourful picture using collage technique Attempts to see how good other learners work is 	 Collects some material Glues some materials Leaves some empty spaces Not very interested in what others are doing 	 Correct sticking is a challenge Needs a lot of assistance to complete making a collage

TRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
MODELLING	1.0Modelling Techniques 5 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Identify different types of material used in modelling b) Model items using slab and ball techniques c) Modelling for enjoyment d) Express their ideas, feelings and emotions through modelling.	 Collect and interact with the modelling materials and tools. Make simple materials using coil, ball and slab techniques. Learners to clear working area and wash their hands. Critique and appreciate their own and others work. 	 What type of materials do you use for modelling? What type of materials do you enjoy modelling with? Where do you get modelling materials? What do you like modelling?

Core-Competence	
Self-efficacy	
Critical thinking and problem solving	
Link to PCIs	Link to Values
Health education	Responsibility
Links to other subject(s):.	Suggested Community Service Learning
Environmental Activities	 Caring for the environment through recycling of used paper.
Religion CRE	
Language Activities	
Mathematics Activities	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested assessment:
	Observation,
Group art activities	• Walk and watch,
	 Listen to conversation as they work,
	 Noticing and collecting information
Suggested Resources: clay, plasticine, papiermache, tools relevant to media, glue,	water, Craft reference books, internet sites on art, Books, Learning laptops

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Slab method Coil method Pinch method Ball method	 Collect clay and manipulate the clay effectively Uses plastacine and peppier machie Can explain what was done to come up with the item 	 Collects and models Manipulate material successfully Makes items successfully using two methods Can use plastacine Works with papiermâché Talks about the work done 	Collects material Manipulates Can use one method successfully Can work with others with assistance	 Attempts to collect Attempts to model Not able to talk about own work

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)		
PAPER CRAFT Core-Competence Critical thinking and	6.1 Paper Folding	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to; a) Identify different methods of folding papers for creativity b) Make items using folding techniques e.g. umbrellas propellers for problem solving c) Make items using paper folding techniques for fun	 The learner observes different objects made out of folding techniques. Practice in groups how to make items using paper folding techniques. Learner fold paper to make items of their choice, 	What items do we make by folding papers? Which items do you like making most using paper?		
Link to PCIs			Link to Values			
• Citizenship			• Unity			
• Life skills						
Links to other subject(s)		omatica.	Suggested Community Service			
	• Environmental activities, languageMathematics Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:			• Recycling paper to enhance cleanliness in the environment. Suggested assessment		
Organised hobby/talent day show			 Listening, Observation, Open-ended questions, Portfolio, Self assessment. 			
Suggested Resources:						

Art craft reference books, design magazines, internet sites on craft teaching, art materials; looped scissors, papers

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE	MEETING	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
	EXPECTATION	EXPECTATION	EXPECTATIONS	
Paper folding	Able to identify different	 Identifies different 	Identifies some methods	Identify some methods
	folding methods of folding	<u>c</u>	Names some materials	Name some few tools
	paper	 Names materials 	Names some few tools	
	Name the material	Names some tools		
	Name the tools	 Folds paper and 		
	 Fold paper to make items 	make some items		
	 Fold paper to make items 	 Enjoy making a few 		
	for play with joy			

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
CREATING SHAPES AND FORMS USING ICT	8.1 Creating shape forms. 5 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Identify drawing icons for familiarization with digital devices b) Use digital device to create shapes and forms creativity c) Appreciate the use of ICT in creating shapes and forms	 Learners to access drawing icons from digital devices independently learners to draw shapes and forms using IT randomly Use electronic devices independently while observing personal safety. Learners to create shapes and forms using digital device 	 Which are the digital devices tools used in drawing? What is your favourite shape? Which form do you enjoy drawing most? Which digital device do you like using
Core-Competence Learning to le	e to be developed Self e earn	fficacy		
Link to PCIs			Links to Values	
• ESD-DRR; Safety			Responsibility	
	oration and Cooperation	1:		
Links to other sub	•		Suggested Community Service Learning	
 Mathematics, 	language, environmenta	l Activities		

	Work with parents and community to perfect their skills/ visit each other and share their gadgets
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested assessment:
application:	Portfolio,
	• Graphs,
Group art activities outside the classroom	Observation use rating forms,
	Videotaping,
	Self assessment.
Suggested Resources: books, e learning, resource persons, computers and s	mart toys and appropriate software

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Creating shapes and forms	Display familiarity of using drawing tools Draws shape and form on the electronic gadgets with ease Colours using ICT successfully With minimum guidance can draw shapes and colour them	 Uses ICT drawing tools on the electronic with ease Draw shapes and forms Colour shapes and forms Needs some assistance at some point 	Uses drawing tools with assistance Draw shapes and forms but with assistance	Depend a lot on assistance to identify and use tools to draw shapes

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
PAPER CRAFT	6.2 Weaving 8 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Identify materials for weaving b) Make weaves using paper for creativity	 Learner assembles assorted materials and tools for weaving. Guide learners cut paper strips for weaving 	 What do we use to make a twine weave? What are some of the tools used in weaving? Where can weave articles be used?

	 c) Display ability of weaving techniques for creativity d) Appreciate the use of local materials for making woven articles e) Appreciate the use of woven materials in their lives 		using twLearner their chDisplay	s to weave simple item vining technique. s to use technique of oice to weave article. learners work and ge them to critique ork		
Core-Competence				,		
Learning to learn						
Communication and Colla	boration		T			
Link to PCIs Life skill			Link to cor	e value; respect.		
Links to other subject(s):				Community Service Learni		
Language, Mathematics a	Language, Mathematics and IRE		Recycling paper to enhance cleanliness in the environment.			
Suggested Non-Formal A	Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through		Suggested Assessment			
application:			• Listening, Observation, Checklist,			
Group art activities			• Question and answer,			
•			• Por	tfolio.		
Suggested Resources:						
Works of paper craft artist	s like Su Blackwell, Internet site	es on craft, (ed	ucation.com).	Craft Books, laptop in learn	ning	
INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE	MEETING		APPROACHES		BELOW EXPECTATION
	EXPECTATION	EXPECTAT	TION	EXPECTATIONS		
Weaving	 Identify materials for weaving with ease Makes innovative weaves Make over 2 under 3 mats with ease Talks of mats made and how they are made Identify local materials suitable for the weaving Talks of use of mats 	for weav Makes in weaves Makes of 3 mats w Talks of make	ver 2 under vith ease how to s to talk of terials s to talk	 Makes mat with assist Attempts to talk of the materials Attempts to talk about use 	e	Attempts to make but with a lot of assistance

Strand	SUBSTRAND	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences (Key Inquiry Question(s)
Construction	3-Dimensional forms 4 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the lear should be able to; a) Identify materials for construction b) Create forms in 3-D using local found materials for innovation c) Handling construction materials for interaction exploration and enjoyment	found materials for making 3-D forms. Guide learners make 3D forms. The learners dismantle identified	 What do you like making most? What materials are used for construction? Where do we get the materials for construction?
Core-Competence	and imagination			
Link to PCIs Self efficacy; Learns ESD: DRR; Safety	ing to learn		Links to ValuesUnityResponsibilitySharing	
Links to other subjectivity	ect(s): ties, Mathematics, Lai	nguage Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning • Recycle material within the school	
Suggested Non-Fori		rt learning through application:	Suggested Assessment Observation Question and answer Self assessment portfolio	

Suggested Resources:

open-ended art materials/ assorted found materials, such as bottles, boxes, wooden blocks, wires and more; videos on 3D making, artifacts of renown artists, Resource persons

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
3D Form	 Can successfully; Construct 3D objects using found materials Identify materials for constructing 3D objects from their environment Observe safety precaution as they construct 3D objects 	Can successfully; Identify 3D objects from the environment Construct 3D objects using found materials Observe safety as they construct 3D	 Can perform the activity to some extent Identify 3D objects from the environment Construct 3D objects using found materials Observe safety as they construct 3D objects 	 Can perform the activity with assistance Identify 3D objects from the environment May not attempt to construct 3D objects using found materials

Strand	SUBSTRAND	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
ORNAMENTS	1.0 Beading Lesson 4	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Identify different types of locally available materials for beading b) Make an article using coloured beads in sequence for creativity c) Appreciate the aesthetic essence of the beads	 Learners to use assorted beads to make free choice ornaments Guide learners to Sort and group the beads according to the colour scheme Learners to thread the beads in sequence to come up with prescribed ornament. Learners to observe safety as they make the ornaments. 	 Which materials do we use for beading? How can do we make a beading pattern? Where do we get beading materials? Which ornament do you like making most?
Core-Competence • . Imagination	n and Creativity			
Link to PCIs • ESD –DRR – Sa	fety		s to Values Patriotism	

Life skills:	
Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning
Environmental activities, Mathematics Activities	Make ornaments using locally available materials and sue them for cultural functions and festivities
Non Formal	

Suggested Resources: open-ended art materials, assorted found materials, videos on 3D, artifacts of renown artist, resource persons, e books, internet; art websites, assorted beads, locally available materials.

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Beading	Can successfully; Identify materials for beading Make beads for his/her choice from locally available materials Can do beading sequentially without assistance Confidently can describe his/her work	 Can identify material for beading Make beads of his/her choice Can try doing beading sequentially with assistance Can describe his/her work 	 Identify materials for beading Make beads of his or her choice Cannot bead sequentially Cannot talk about his/her work confidently 	 Can identify materials for beading Cannot make beads Cannot bead sequentially Cannot talk about his or her work confidently

Strand	SUBSTRAND	Specific Learning Outcomes		Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)	
ORNAMENTS	Bracelets	By the end of the sub-strand the lesshould be able to; a) Identify materials for making bracelets. b) Make and decorate bracelets friendship. c) Making bracelets for enjoyments	for	 Learners identify materials for making bracelets Learners to make bracelets using locally available materials. Learners decorate bracelets using techniques of their choice; (paint, tassels, drape using shiny ribbon or fancy strips of clothes or stone or beads, ribbons of choice) Observe safety as they make the bracelets. 	 What are the beads strung on? What do you use to strung the beads How do we make bracelets beautiful? 	
	and creativity; Select				1	
Link to PCIs			Link t	o Values		
ESD-DRR; Safety – Sa			• Sł	aring, co-operating, unity		
Health Education; - O Links to other subject		they handle the beads	Sugge	oted Community Service Learning		
Environmental activitie		ics activity	Suggested Community Service Learning Recycling material within the school			
		t learning through application:		sted assessment:		
Decorating activiti		3 11	Answering open ended questions			
			•	Observation; the students can demonst learned the skill of using their fine mot to the teacher. Portfolio, self assessment, records	•	

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION	
Bracelet making	 Can successfully identify at least five materials used for making bracelets Can successfully make bracelet from locally available materials Make bracelet individually; and in pairs 	 Can successfully identify at least material used for making bracelets Can successfully make bracelets with assistance Make bracelets in pairs and groups 	 Can successfully identify at least three materials used for making bracelets Can successfully make bracelets with assistance Make bracelets in pairs 	 Cannot identify at least two materials sued for making bracelets Fairly make bracelets with assistance May not make bracelets individually 	

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 PERFORMANCE	3.1 Dance 12 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Free dancing style for enjoyment. b) Dance in pairs and groups for co-operation c) Respond to changes in tempo and a variety of musical rhythms through body movement for enjoyment d) Perform traditional dances within the locality to enhance culture	 Guide learners to dance freely in pairs, small groups or individually. Organize learner to dance individually, in pairs and groups Learners to observe a variety of dance and movement activities accompanied by music and/or props from different cultures. Dance using improvised costumes. 	 Which dancing style do you love most? Whom will you dance with? Which costumes would you use while dancing?
Core-Competence				

Communication and Collaboration

Links to Value
Respect
Community Service Learning
Musical artefacts
Suggested Assessment:
Observation and actions, checklist, self assessment.

Suggested Resources:

Props, Cultural villages and local museum visit- musical instruments costumes and props, - musical instruments from a variety of cultures, range of music from different cultures and genres for dance and movement activities (e.g. traditional, classical, local and others) learning laptops.

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)
PERFORMANCE	3.2 Musical Rhymes. 12 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Recite rhymes with repetitive phrases and rhythmic patterns b) Display the ability to recite simple rhymes c) Perform simple rhymes for entertainment d) Recite a range of musical rhymes to enhance creativity e) Appreciate others talents as they perform simple rhymes	 Organize learners in groups recite different rhymes Play recorded rhymes. Learners interact with each other during play to enhance social play. Individual learners to perform simple rhymes through dramatization such as in Miss Poly Sing along and perform actions as done in the rhymes e.g. Baa baa black sheep 	 a) What rhyme did you recite? b) Whom did you recite the rhyme with? c) Which rhyme did you love most?
Core-Competence	1			

- Self efficacy Communication and Collaboration

Link to PCIs	Links to Values
LSP; Mentorship and peer education	• Respect

Links to other subject(s):.	Community Service Learning
Language, Environment and Mathematics Activity.	Visit the elderly and entertain by reciting and dramatizing rhymes
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment:
Children to participate in music club	 Observation and actions, Self assessment, Progress record.
Suggested Resources:	
Resource persons, resource centres, library, e-books.	

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS		BELOW EXPECTATION
Musical Rhymes	 The learner has the ability to recite rhymes independently Has the ability to appreciate how well he can say the words in the rhymes Has the ability to compose own rhymes 	 The learner has the ability to recite simple rhymes Has the ability to repeat simple words in the rhymes Can compose own rhythms 	 The learner has the ability to listen to the rhymes has others are recite May have difficulty in pronouncing some words The learner may not compose own rhymes 	 The learner is able to listen to the rhyme; enjoy but unable to say the words correctly Cannot compose own rhymes

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)
PERFORMANCE	3.3 Rhythmic Patterns No. of lessons 12	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Identify percussion instruments for familiarization b) Display the ability to create rhythmic movements through dance, nodding and swaying for enjoyment	 Guide learners to identify percussion instruments Organize learners in small groups, pairs and individually to create rhythmic movements Learners create rhythmic patterns using percussion instruments 	 Which rhythmic pattern do you like playing? Which percussion instruments produce rhythmic pattern? What do you use to make percussion instruments? Which is your favourite percussion instrument

c) Crate rhythm using percussion instruments enhance tempo d) Appreciate others talen they perform rhythmic patterns using percussion instruments	at as			
Core-Competence				
Self efficacy Link to PCIs	Links to Values			
ESD: DRR; Safety	Patriotism			
Links to other subject(s):.	Community Service Learning			
Language activities, Mathematics activities, CRE, IRE, HRE activities	Perform in festivals, places of worship			
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment:			
Dance club	Observation, question and answer			
Suggested Resources: drum, shaker, bottle tops, plastic bottles, seeds, small stones, sticks				

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING APPROACHES EXPECTATION EXPECTATIONS		BELOW EXPECTATION
Rhythmic patterns	 Creates rhythmic patterns well Can identify several percussion instruments that produce sound Can follow the sounds and may coordinate patterns Show fun in daily in the rhythmic activities 	 Follow rhythmic patterns well Show skills in creating patterns accurately Identify percussion instruments that produce rhythmic patterns Co-ordinates the body movement 	 Follow few rhythmic patterns accurately Can coordinate the body fairly to follow few patterns Can identify few percussion instruments used to make rhythmic patterns 	 May not create any pattern May not co-ordinate the body parts to follow pattern Have difficulty in identify percussion instruments

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)
PERFORMANCE	3.4 Singing Games 12 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) identify different cultural singing games for harmonious core existence b) perform varied cultural singing games using props for enjoyment c) express feelings through singing games for appreciation	Have fun and enjoy as they sing	1. Which is your favourite singing game? 2. How do you use props in singing games? 3. Which props would you prefer to use in singing games? games?
Core-Competence • Self efficacy	•			
Link to PCIs	rsity		Links to ValuesUnity	
Links to other subject(Mathematics, Language	(s):.	ities	• Visit the elderly in community to	S
Non-Formal Activity to Role play as they do the	o support learning th		Suggested Assessment: Listening Observation Self-assessment	Jones and mounings.
Suggested Resources:				
		ous performances, learning laptops, In		DEL ON EXPECT ATTOM
INDICATORS	EXCEEDING EXPECTAT		APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Singing Games	The learn perform s games an using pro	d enjoy from different		The learner has the ability to listen, hear and sing but may not have the ability to make sequential movements

 Express feelings through singing games Identify different cultural singing games 	Display the ability to use prop in singing games	Sing cooperatively in pairs and in small groups but not individually	
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STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)
PERFORMANCE	3.4 Play simple music	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Identify various music gadgets for familiarization b) Play simple musical instruments for enjoyment c) Display ability to play various simple musical instruments including electronic gadgets d) Play simple instruments and make movement for talent development	 Learners to interact with electronic gadgets. Guide learners to play music using electronic gadgets. E.g. piano, guitar. Learners to play independently and cooperatively in pairs and small groups. Guide learners to play, listen and make movements. Encourage learners to assist one other in operating the gadgets. Guide learners to observe safety and care of the gadgets. 	 What are some of the gadgets used for playing music? Which gadgets do you enjoy playing music from? How do you play music on/from the gadget you love? Which is your favourite music?

- Core-Competence
 Creativity and Imagination
- Learning to learn

Self efficacy					
Link to PCIs:	Link to Value				
ESD: DRR; Safety – observe safety precautions	Responsibility				
Lifeskills: Effective communication					
Financial Literacy: Care for the gadgets					
Links to other subject(s):.	Suggested Community Service Learning				
Mathematics, Language, Environmental Activities	Visit old peoples' home				
Suggested Non Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested Assessment				
application:	• Listening				
Music club	Observation				
Entertain in Church/Mosque/Temple	•				
Suggested Resources:	•				
Electronic musical instrument, Source of power, resource person, watch vio	leos on how to play the instruments				

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Play Simple Music	 The learner has the ability to listen to the music and make movements Has the ability to play simple music using electronic gadgets Has the ability to identify different electronic gadgets used to play music 	 The learner has the ability to listen to music and interact with the gadgets Learn to play simple music and make movement 	 The learner is able to listen to music and make movements May not have the skill of playing the electronic gadget 	 The learner can be able to interact with the gadget but may not be able to play music from the gadgets May not be able to make any rhythmic movement

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)
LISTENING AND RESPONDING	5.1 Musical Sounds	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to;	Learners to interact with the sounds within the school environment	1. Which musical sound do you enjoy listening to?

12 Le	envir famil b) Imita envir devel c) Appr	n to sounds from the onment for iarisation te sounds made from the onment for vocal opment eciate sounds from the onment for correct onse	 Encourage learners to imitate sounds from the environment. Learners imitate the different sounds within the environment. Learners to name sources of sound from within the school environment. 	2. Where does the sound come from?3. Which sound do you like to imitate?	
• Communication and co	laboration; interact	tion with one another.			
Link to PCIs			Link to Values		
ESD: DRR; Safety			• Unity		
			• Responsibility		
Links to other subject(s):.			Suggested Community Service Learning		
Environmental activities, langua			Collect litter		
Non-Formal Activity to suppor	t learning through	h application:	Suggested assessment		
Nature Walk		• Listening,			
Nature wark		Observation,			
			• Question and answer		
Suggested Resources:			•		
Resource persons, e- books, inter	net; music website	es, toys, videos.			

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Musical Sounds	 The learner has the ability to identify musical sounds from the environment Has the ability to imitate sound they hear Name the source of sound and its differentiate 	 Has the ability to listen to and identify musical sounds Is able to appreciate the music sounds from the environment and imitate the sounds 	Learner is able to name the source of music Has the ability to listen to musical sounds from the environment	 The learner is able to listen to and appreciate anyone of the musical sounds The learner is not able to imitate the musical sounds heard

•	 Learner is able to 		
	dance to the musical		
	sounds		

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k) skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences , (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)
BASIC MOTOR SKILLS Core-Competence Self efficacy	4.1 Locomotive skills 30 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Identify common terms used in outdoor activities such as climbing/sliding, throwing an catching for correct response b) Climbing and sliding on playing objects for enjoyment c) Observe safety during climbing and sliding on playing objects	Organize learners in pairs, groups or individually, to play	 Which activity do you enjoy most? What objects do you enjoy throwing and catching? How do you climb and slide?
Learn to learn				
Link to PCIs Life skills; ESD: DRR; Safety			Link to Value Patience	
Links to other subject(s): Language activity Mathematical activity Environment activity			Suggested Community Service Learning Help the elderly hang and unhang things from high level.	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: • Fun day for creativity			Suggested assessment: Observation, Question and answers, Progress reco	ords
Suggested Resources: F	ixed outdoor equipme	ent, such swings, slides, climbing fra	mes; balls, Frisbees and bean ball	

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Locomotive skills	The learner has the ability to climb and slide, throw and catch play objects successfully	 The learner is able to slide well but have difficulty of climbing Can throw and catch objects well 	The learner has the ability to slide and throw with ease but may climb or catch objects	The learner is able to do one activity or not able to do the four activities

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)
BASIC MOTOR SKILLS	4.2 Non- locomotive skills 30 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Identify common terms used in turning and twisting activities for appropriate response b) Turning and twisting for flexibility c) Turn and twist safety	 Learners to play games related to turning and twisting. Organize learners to role play games related to turning and twisting in groups and pairs. Guide learners turning and twisting as they play 	 What are the playing materials and equipment used in twisting and turning? How do we turn and twist? How do you feel when twist and turn?
Core-Competence Communication and Col	laboration			
Link to PCIs: Life Skill Citizenship Links to other subject(s): Language activity Environment activity.		Links to Values • Appreciation Suggested Community Service Learning Participating in cultural celebrations and religious functions.		
Gymnastics	Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: • Gymnastics Suggested Resources: Hola hoops, rings, round shaped sticks, whistles			on, question and answers, self

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE	MEETING	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
	EXPECTATION	EXPECTATION	EXPECTATIONS	
Non-locomotive skills	 The learner has the ability to stretch, bend and shake well The learner has the ability to coordinate body parts well 	The learner is able to stretch and bend but has difficulty in coordinating the body parts	The learner has the ability to stretch backward and forward but not able to shake with apparatus like hula- hoops	 The learner is able to stretch but unable to bend and shake both with and without the apparatus May not be able to do the three activities

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)
BASIC MOTOR SKILLS	4.3 Manipulative Skills	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Kicking freely for enjoyment b) Display the ability to balance the body for kicking technique c) Display manipulative skills through bouncing ball for distance estimation d) Bounce and kick balls safely e) Bounce and kick balls for enjoyment	 Guide learners to kick freely Encourage learners to practice kicking techniques Organize learners in groups to display manipulative skills Learners sing songs while bouncing and kicking in pairs and in groups Learners practise any activity of their choice 	1. What do you use for kicking and bouncing? 2. Which game do you enjoy playing most? 3. How do we bounce a ball?
Core-CompetenceSelf efficacyCritical Thinking				
			inks to Values Sharing Turn taking	

	Respect		
Links to other subject(s): Language activity	Suggested Community Service Learning		
Mathematical activity, Environment activity, CRE, IRE, HRE	Collect litters		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested assessment:		
	• Observation,		
Games day/sports day	Question and answers, checklist		
Suggested Resources: Balls, balloons, tennis balls, resource person			

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Manipulative skills	The learner has the ability to kick, bounce balls	The learner has the ability to kick balls well but not able to bounce the ball	 The learner has the ability to kick a ball well The learner has a problem with bouncing objects 	 The learner is able to kick with difficulty Can do bouncing of objects with assistance May not do the three activities

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)	
SWIMMING Core-Competence	7.1 Pool safety 30 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Identify basic water safety and hygiene rules for application in the pool b) Demonstrate ability to follow safety rules accordingly	 Guide learners name the rules of basic water safety and hygiene in the pool Encourage learners to follow safety rules accordingly 	What is the importance of basic water rules?	
Learning to learn					
Link to PCIs and Values:			Link to Values Responsibility		
ESD-DRR; Safety					

Links to other subject(s):.	Suggested Community Service Learning		
Environmental activity	• Sharing experiences with others in the community.		
Mathematics activity			
Language activity			
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested Assessment		
application:	Video tapes		
	• Observation		
Visit a local swimming/water pool	Open ended question		
Suggested Resources: Resource person, pool, swimwear, swim accessories (goggles), pool/improvised tools- hula hoop			

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Swimming (pool safety)	 Learner has the ability to follow the safety rules Has the basic water safety hygiene rules Ability to interact with water in the pool Ability to change into correct swimming attire 	 Learner has the ability to follow the pool rules Sing song related to pool routines and appreciate the pool rules 	Learner has the ability to follow the pool rules but difficulty in interacting with water	Appreciate pool rules as others interact with water

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)
SWIMMING	7.2 Water	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to;	Guide learners could be guided to walk around the pool to	1. How do you feel when walking in water?
	Orientation	a) Confidently move around the pool in readiness for swimming	adapt the environmentEncourage learners to open	2. How do you feel when you put your head in water with
	15 Lessons	b) Opening eyes confidently in water for safe swimming c) Identify basic floating techniques for swimming	eyes in water confidently Guide learner on how to float and walk safely in water	eyes open? 3. What do you like most about being in water?

d) Appreciate the use of water for recreation	Learners play games in the pool			
Core-Competence to be developed				
Critical thinking				
Self efficacy				
Link to PCIs	Link to Core Values			
• ESD-DRR; Safety	 Responsibility 			
Health Education	Respect			
Links to other subject(s):.	Suggested Community Service Learning			
Environmental activity	Improve school grounds			
Mathematics activity				
Language activity				
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	ASSESSMENT: Observation, question and answer, self assessment.			
Fun day				
Suggested Resources: Pool/ improvised pools, floaters, resource person (pool attendant), materials such as balls, toys.				

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Water Orientation	 Has attained confidence in moving around the pool Has the confidence in opening eyes in water Has the ability to float in water Able to play games with materials in the pool 	 Ability to move around the pool Has confidence in opening eyes in water Has difficulty in floating and playing games in water 	 Has the ability to move around the pools Ability to sing routine songs Has difficulty in opening eyes in water, floating and playing games 	Sing swimming routine songs May not attempt to open eyes, float or play games in water

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)
FUN GAMES Core-Competence Learning to learn Collaboration ar	Modern/ traditional fun games. 15 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Identify some fun games within their environment for play b) Perform fun games for enjoyment c) Appreciate and acknowledge each other as they perform the fun games	 Guide learners to name some familiar fun games. organize learners in groups practice some fun games of their choice Learners to play and relate with others in fun games. 	 Which fun game do you like most? How do we perform the following fun games; telling time, skittle, killing a rat game What are some of the activities done in fun games? Which fun game do you enjoy most?
Link to PCIs	ia communication		Link to Core Values	
Cooperation			• Co-operation	
Links to other Subjects • Language and Mathematics Activities Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: • Participate in fun day			Suggested Community Service Learn • Learner to visit own community ar SUGESSTED ASSESSMENT: Check assessment, videos.	nd source for fun games.
Suggested Resource	es: Music artifacts ,Reso	urce person, costumes, instruments, i	internet sites on fun games, videos, librar	у

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Modern Traditional • Fan Games	 Can identify various modern and traditional games Can identify materials used in the games Can perform various modern traditional games successfully Can assist other to perform 	 Can identify games with the environment Can perform the games well Can perform using props 	 Can identify games with assistance May perform the games with assistance May attempt to perform using props 	 Cannot identify any game within the environment Needs to be assisted to perform Cannot perform games with props

Can perform games with		
props		

ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVITIES

ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVITIES

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Environmental activity area in pre-primary entails the study of the relationship between man and his environment. It comprises; social relationships, health practices and safety, and the local natural environment. This provides opportunity for the learner to explore, interact and experiment with the immediate environment. This enables the learner to acquire skills to enjoy learning, promote good health, safety, environmental conservation and appreciate rich cultural diversity.

General activity area learning outcomes

By the end of pre-primary education the learner should be able to:

- 1. Observe proper hygiene, sanitation, and nutrition to promote health.
- 2. Explore the immediate environment for learning, conservation and enjoyment.
- 3. Apply technological skills for learning and enjoyment within their local environment.
- 4. Demonstrate acquisition of social skills for interpersonal relationship.
- 5. Appreciate the rich and diverse cultural heritage in the local environment
- 6. Make appropriate choices for safe interaction with the immediate environment

ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	1.1 HAND WASHING 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) Tell the importance of washing hands for personal hygiene b) Wash hands appropriately c) Tell critical times to wash hands d) appreciate the need to wash hands at critical times	 learners be guided to follow the right steps when washing hands the learners to observe the teacher as he/she demonstrates hand washing activity in pairs the learners could demonstrate hand washing learners listen to a story on hand washing and answer questions news telling on hand washing picture reading on steps for hand washing learners could watch videos on handwashing learners could sing songs and recite poems related to handwashing learners could role play the importance of washing hands using soap learners to be guided by the teacher to discuss the critical times for hand washing posters could be used to enable learners in identify critical times for hand washing learners to talk about the dangers of not washing hands learners could organize picture puzzles on hand washing steps learners could colour pictures on hand washing activity 	 Why do we wash our hands? When do we wash our hands? What do we use to wash our hands? How do we wash our hands?

Core-Competence to be developed:

- Communication and collaboration in hand washing
- Learning to learn by enquiring why
- Self-efficacy in doing hand washing

Critical thinking and problem solving with why questions	
Link to PCIs and Values:	Links to values:
 ESD in water conservation when washing hands 	 Responsibility
 Life skills in self-esteem and self-awareness 	Humility
Financial literacy	• Respect
 Health education by preventing diseases 	
Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning
 Language 	Parental engagement
Music and movement	Hand washing days
 Psychomotor 	
• Mathematics	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested Assessment:
application	Oral questions
 Clubs and societies 	Observation using observation checklists
Hand washing days	, and the second

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently tells the importance of	Correctly tells the importance of	In consistently tells the importance of	Unable to the importance of hand
hand washing and critical times of	hand washing and critical times	hand washing and critical times of	washing and critical times of
hand washing	of hand washing	hand washing	hand washing
Washes hands consistently and	Washes hands correctly	Washes hands incorrectly	Unable to wash hands
assists him in hand washing			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
		Outcomes		
1.0 HEALTH	1.2 CARE	By the end of the sub-	learners observe a demonstration on	1. Why do we clean our
PRACTICES	FORTHE	strand, the learner should	how to use a handkerchief to clean the	nose
	NOSE	be able to;	nose	2. What do we use to clean
			 learners to practice wiping nose using 	our nose?
	5 Lessons	a) tell the importance of	a hand kerchief	3. When do we clean our
		having a personal	learners be guided to talk about	nose?
		handkerchief	importance of wiping the nose using a	4. Why should we not share
			clean handkerchief	a handkerchief?

Suggested Non formal Activity to support Health clubs	Learning:	 Observation, oral questions, Role playing, portfolios, use of checklists and observation schedules
		Suggested Assessment:
 Psychomotor 		
• Language		Parental engagement
• Music and movement		Parental empowerment
Links to other subject(s):		Suggested Community Service Learning Activities
• Health education		
Moral education		1
• Values		• Cooperation
• Life skills		Responsibility
Link to PCIs and Values:		Link to values: Respect
• Critical <i>thinking and problem solving</i>		
 Self efficacy Communication and collaboration 		
Core-Competence to be developed (indicat	te the core competence and	how it will be achieved)
		a handkerchief
		• learners could read pictures on use of
		learners could observe video on use of hand kerchief
		game
	handkerchief.	learner could play a handkerchief
	personal	dangers of sharing a handkerchief
	own and care for a	• leaners be guided in talking about the
c	appropriately appreciate the need to	to handkerchiefs and how to us it
	o) wipe one's nose	• learners could sing songs, recite poems, tell and listen to stories related nose?

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently tells the importance of	Correctly tells the importance of	In consistently tells the importance	Unable to tell the importance of
having a personal handkerchief	owning a personal handkerchief	having a personal handkerchief	hand kerchief and
consistently wipes nose	Wipes nose correctly	Inconsistently wipes nose correctly	Unable to wipe the nose correctly
appropriately			
assists him in wiping their noses			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	1.3 CARE FOR TEETH 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) tell the dangers of using substances that destroy teeth b) talk about actions that destroy teeth. c) brush teeth using appropriate brushing material found in one's locality d) appreciate the need to care for teeth by avoiding eating sugary things	 learners could be guided to classify items that destroy their teeth learners to observe demonstration on appropriate teeth brushing learners to practice brushing their teeth learners could be guided in news telling on teeth brushing learners sing songs and recite poems on teeth brushing learners could watch videos on teeth brushing learners could role play teeth brushing learners to match and, sort items for tooth brushing learners to talk about dangers of not brushing their teeth teacher to use teachable moments to reinforce teeth brushing (during health check) 	 Why do we brush our teeth? When do we brush our teeth? What do we use to rush our teeth? How do we brush our teeth?

Core-Competence to be developed)

- Communication and collaboration
- Self-efficacy
- Self esteem
- Digital literacy
- Learning to learn

Link to PCIs and Values:	Links to values:
Health education-personal hygiene	Responsibility
Life skills-ability to clean teeth	Respect
Citizenship-child care and protection	
Service learning and parental engagement	
ESD- environmental conservation	
Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning
• Language	Parental engagement
Music and Movement	Parental empowerment
• Psychomotor	
Suggested Non Formal Activities to support learning:	Suggested Assessment methods:
Environmental Clubs, Field trips, Nature walk, exploring materials used in	Observation, oral questions, role play, simulations
brushing within the immediate environment	
ESD - right disposal of the waste brushing materials	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently tells the dangers of	Correctly tells the dangers of using	Inconsistently tells the dangers of	Unable to tell the substances and
using substances that destroy	substances and actions that destroy	using substances and actions that	actions that destroy teeth and
teeth	teeth	destroy teeth	Unable to brush teeth
consistently brush teeth correctly	Brushes teeth correctly	Brushes teeth inconsistently and	
		incorrectly	
consistently talks about			
substances that destroy teeth			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	1.3 TOILETING 10 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to;	learners to observe as the teacher demonstrates use of toileting facilities properly	1. When do we go to the toilet?

Core-Competence to be developed Self-efficacy Communication and collaboration Learning to learn Critical thinking and problem solvin	 a) talk about the importance of using a clean toilet b) Identify materials used for toileting c) use the toilet properly for safety and hygiene d) appreciate proper use of toilet facilities 	 learners' role play safe use of toilet learners practice using the toilet properly learners to be guided in discussing the importance of a clean toilet learners to listen to and answer questions on stories that give lessons on the importance of clean toilets learners to be guided to talk about the dangers of dirty toilets learners to participate in singing games on toileting learners could watch videos on toileting learners to read pictures from charts that show correct procedures of toileting skills 	2. How do we use the toilet?3. How do we use the toilet safely?4. Why do we need a clean toilet?
Link to PCIs and Values:		Links to values;	
 Citizenship-child care and protection Health education-personal hygiene Life skills and values - responsibility 		Respect,Responsibility	
Links to other subject(s):		Suggested Community Service Learning	
Music and MovementLanguagePsychomotor		Service learningParental engagement	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to sup	port learning	Suggested Assessment:	
Field tripsNature walk		Observation using observation schedules an oral questions	d checklists, portfolios,

Health clubs	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently talk about the	Correctly tells the importance of	In consistently tells the importance	Unable to tell use and toileting
importance of using a clean	using a clean toilet	using a clean toilet	materials correctly
toilet	Uses toilet and toileting materials	Inconsistently uses toilet and	
	correctly	toileting materials correctly	
Use toilet correctly			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	1.4 FOOD/ FEEDING 10 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) feed self for good health and nutrition b) talk about dangers of sharing food from other people's mouth c) talk about nutritious food for healthy living d) observe table manners while eating	 learners to observe the teacher demonstrate proper table manners learners listen to stories, songs and poems on feeding self Learners watch teacher demonstrate washing fruits In groups learners practice to wash fruits Learners to be guided on dos and don'ts while eating Learners clear the feeding area guided by the teacher Learners to be guided to talk about the importance of eating the right quantity of food Learners to be guided in talking about dangers of eating food from other peoples mouth 	 What are the proper eating habits? What are the dos and don'ts when eating? Why should we wash hands before eating? Why should we eat properly? How do we clear the feeding area? Why should we not eat food from other people mouth?

Core-Competence to be developed • Self-efficacy, communication and collaboration, learning to learn, digital literacy	
Link to PCIs: Citizenship, Health education, values, life skills, financial literacy, parental engagement	Link to values: Respect, responsibility sharing,
Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning:
Language, Psychomotor Creative, Mathematics	Parental empowerment and involvement
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning	Suggested Assessment:
• Health clubs, financial literacy in saving food, nature walk, feeding of animals	Observation using observation schedules and checklists, portfolios, oral questions

ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

EXCEEDING EXPECTATION (A)	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHING EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION (D)
	(B)	(C)	
Able to feed self by observing appropriate table manners and clearing feeding area besides washing the feeding utensils	Able to feed self by observing appropriate table manners and clearing feeding area.	Able to feed self by observing appropriate table manners only	Able to feed self but not observing appropriate table manners.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	2.1 PLANTS 10 Lessons	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to; a) Talk about plants in the immediate environment b) Talk about the uses of plants in the immediate environment c) show interest in plants in their immediate environment d) observe plants in the immediate environment	 learners to be taken out to observe different types of plants within the school compound and neighbourhood In groups learners talk about different plants learners could be guided to water plants both in the nature corner and outside within the school compound learners could watch a video on plants children could sing songs and recite poems on plants sort and group different parts of a plant colour items using parts of a plant such as leaves and flowers 	 How do we care for plants? Which are the main parts of a plant? Why do we care for plants What is the important of plants

Core-Competence to be developed

- Learning to learn
- Self-efficacy
- Digital literacyCreativity and imagination
- Communication and collaboration

Link to PCIs and Values: Life skills	Links to values: Cooperation
ESD Environmental conservation	Responsibility
Citizenship	Sharing
Links to other subject(s):	 Visit the neighbourhood and assist in watering plants Learners could be involved in tree planting in the community
 Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning Environmental clubs Field trips Nature walk Caring for plants in the nature corner Planting of seeds in the nature corner 	 Suggested Assessment: Observation using observation schedules and checklists, portfolios, oral questions

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently talks, and shows	talks, and shows interest in	inconsistently talks, and shows	Does not show interest in plants in the
interest in plants in the environment	plants in the environment	interest in plants in the	environment
		environment	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	2.2 ANIMALS 10 Lessons	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to; a) talk about animals in the immediate environment b) observe animals within the environment c) appreciate the presence of animals in the environment	 learners could be guided to name animals within their environment learners could watch videos on animals learners could model, draw, or colour pictures of domestic and wild animals learners to be taken for a nature walk to observe learners could feed the domestic animals learners engage in pretend/ role play about animals learners could match and pair pictures of animals using available technological devices to identify animals 	What are some of the animals found within the immediate environment?
 citizenship, self Link to PCIs: ESD - animal w Health- persona Learning service Links to other subj 	efficacy, communicated feelfare, life skills: effect l hygiene e and parental engage	ective communication ement, learner support program	Links to values: Respect Responsibility	<u> </u>
	g animals in school mals in the school con ment	npound as clubs and societies	Suggested Assessment: Observation using ob checklists, portfolios,	servation schedules and oral questions

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently talks, and shows	talks, and shows interest in	inconsistently talks, and shows	Does not show interest in animals in
interest in animals in the	animals in the environment	interest in animals in the	the environment
environment		environment	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	2.3 WEATHER 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) Talk about the different weather conditions. b) Observe weather conditions in the immediate environment c) appreciate different weather conditions in the environment	 children to observe the weather conditions learners be guided in identifying weather symbols on the weather chart learners to sing songs, recite poems and rhymes about weather conditions learners to be guided in talking about the activities associated with different weather conditions learners could watch simulations/videos of different weather conditions 	 What Are The Common Weather Conditions? What Happens When It's Cloudy/Sunny/Rainy/Windy? What Is The Weather Condition Now? How Do We Dress During Different Weather Conditions? How Does The Rain/wind/sun/clouds help us?

Core-Competence to be developed

- Critical thinking and problem solving –dressing according to weather
- Creativity and imagination- recording symbols on the weather chart
- Learning to learn- while talking about weather conditions
- Self-efficacy, self-awareness on dressing according to weather
- Digital literacy

	Bigital interacy	
Link to PCIs and Values:		Links to values:
	• Citizenship- peace education (people fight for fertile land)	 Responsibility
	• Life skills –Self- esteem	• Respect
	ESD- Environmental Education	 Cooperation

Lifeskills- creative and critical thinking	• Sharing
Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning
Music and movement	Suggested Community Service Dearning
Creativity and psychomotor	Visit the elderly in the community and learn how they predict
• Language	weather
• Mathematics	Visit the community and learn how to plant during rainy season
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application	Suggested Assessment:
	 Observation using observation schedules and checklists,
• Field visits	portfolios, oral questions
• Nature walk	
• Clubs and societies	
• Use of resource persons	
• Establishing a weather station	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently observes and talks	Observes and talks about weather	In consistently observes and talks	Does not show interest in
about different weather conditions	conditions	about weather conditions	observing and talking about
			different weather conditions

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	2.4 WATER 5 Lessons	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to; a) Talk about the uses of water in the environment	 learners could be taken for a nature walk in the neighbourhood to identify sources of water perform simple experiments with water e.g. floating and sinking, watering seeds to germinate, dissolving substances 	What are the sources of water? What happens when you place different objects in water? What happens to different substances when put in water?

b) Play with water for enjoyment and discovery c) appreciate the importance of water in the environment	learners to be guided to use water to model different objects learners to be engaged in guided in talking about uses of water learners could participate in watering plants and crops in the nature corner and flower bed sing songs and recite poems about water learners to be guided in talking about dangers of water masses e.g. rivers, lakes and swamps
 Core-Competence to be developed Communication and collaboration-discussion Self efficacy-observe experiments Learning to learn-perform simple experiments Critical thinking and problem solving Creativity and imagination 	
 Link to PCIs and Values: Life skills-using water sparingly ESD-Disaster Risk management eg safety measures in water, financial literacy – using water sparingly, watering plants in the environment 	Links to values: Responsibility Cooperation Unity Respect
Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning Learn about the water storage practices Collecting rain water
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application • Learn about the water storage practices • Collecting rain water • Field visits • Nature walk • Clubs and societies eg environmental	Suggested Assessment: • Observation using observation schedules and checklists, portfolios, oral questions

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently talks about water and	Talks about and plays with	In consistently talks about	Does not show interest in talking and
performs simple experiments with water	water	water and plays with water	playing with water

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	2.5 SOIL 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) Talk about the safety measures when playing with soil b) Play with soil for enjoyment and exploration c) Appreciate playing with soil for enjoyment	 learners be guided to manipulate different soil to make models like dolls and simple house hold items, houses, huts etc learners to be guided in talking about safety measures when handling soil learners to be taken on a nature walk to observe and collect different soils sing songs, recite poems on safety when handling soil 	 How do you feel when playing with different types of soil? How do we handle soil without hurting ourselves? What are the different uses of soil
Cara Compatanca	to he developed			

Core-Competence to be developed

- Creativity and imagination-modelling simple models
 Learning to learn-learn safety measures
 Self efficacy- when they learn how to handle soil safely

Link to PCIs and Values:	Links to values:	
Health education-personal hygiene	Values such as cooperation, responsibility, respect when	
Citizenship-child care and protection	appreciating others work	
 Life skills- effective communication 		
 ESD-environmental education, DRR- personal safety as they play with soil 		
Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning	
Music and movement		
• Language	Parental engagement- parents' guide children when playing	
Creative activities	with soil	

Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application	Suggested Assessment:
Nature walk	 Observation using observation schedules and checklists,
Field trips	portfolios, oral questions
Clubs and societies	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently observe safety measures	observe safety measures when	In consistently observe safety	Does not observe safety
when playing with soil	playing with soil	measures when playing with soil	measures while playing with
Consistently plays with soil			soil
			Does not play with soil

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	2.6 SOUND 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) recognize the sources of sounds produced in the immediate environment b) talk about sounds produced in the immediate environment c) respond to different sounds in the environment appropriately	learners to be guided through a discussion to tell the different sounds in the environment learners to dramatize and role play different sounds produced in the environment and respond appropriately learners to take a nature walk to listen to different sounds in the immediate environment earners could identify different sounds from different technological device learners to play different musical instruments to produce sounds	 What sounds do different animals make? What are the uses of sounds? What do we do when we hear the sound of; a car, a dog ,a cat what sounds do we hear in the environment

	learners could sing songs
	related to sounds in the
	environment
Core-Competence to be developed	
Communication and collaboration-discussion	
Digital literacy-listening to sounds from technological devices	
Critical thinking and problem solving-responding to sounds	
Learning to learn like meaning of different sounds	
Link to PCIs and Values:	Links to values:
ESD-environmental education	 Responsibility
Life skills	• Cooperation
 Learner support programmes –music clubs 	
Citizenship by obeying traffic rules and responding to different	
warning sounds	
Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning:
Music and Movement	
Language	 Learn from elders meanings of different sounds e.g
Creative Arts	ululations
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support	Suggested Assessment:
	Observation using observation schedules and checklists,
Nature walk	portfolios, oral questions
• Field trips	
Clubs and societies e.g. music club	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently recognize, talk and respond to different sounds in the environment	Recognizes, talks about and responds to sounds in the environment	In consistently r, talk and respond to sounds in the environment	Does not recognise or respond to sounds in the environment

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
 Critical thir 	ation and collaborati	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to; a) identify the body part used in smelling b) recognize the pleasant and unpleasant smell in the immediate environment c) respond appropriately to the pleasant and unpleasant smell in the surrounding d) appreciate the pleasant smell in the immediate environment	 learners to walk round the environment and identify different smells learners to be guided in talking about good and bad smell learners could be guided in collecting and disposing substances that bring bad smell in the environment learners could be guided to use sanitary facilities well so that they don't produce bad smell learners to sing songs and recite poems related to good smell 	 What part of the body is used in smelling What things smell good in our environment? What things smell bad in our environment? How can we avoid bad smell in the environment? What do we do to avoid bad smell in the environment
 Citizenship 	Values: conmental education - child care and protection—clean environect(s): Movement ctivities		Links to values:	at and collect litter

	 Proper use of sanitary facilities
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support	Suggested Assessment: Observation using observation schedules and checklists, portfolios, oral questions
 Walk round the environment and collect litter 	
 Cleaning the school compound 	
 Make good use of disposal areas 	
 Proper use of sanitary facilities 	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently recognise and respond to	Recognises and responds to	In consistently recognizes and	Does not recognises and
pleasant and unpleasant smells in the	pleasant and unpleasant smells in	responds to pleasant and unpleasant	responds to pleasant and
environment	the environment	smells in the environment	unpleasant smells in the
			environment

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	2.8 LIGHT 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) Talk about different sources of light in the immediate environment b) Form and play with shadows c) appreciate uses of light in the immediate environment	 learners be guided in identifying sources of light from a chart learners could draw and colour different sources of light learners to be guided to talk about uses of light in daily life learners to be guided in performing simple experiments using sources of light e g forming shadows, refraction, forming rainbows learners to sing songs and recite poems related to light learners to be guided to clean working areas 	 What are the sources of light What are the uses of light?

Links to values:
• Cooperation
Responsibility
Suggested Community Service Learning Activity to support
learning
Parental engagement-children empowered not to pay with
sources of light e.g. fire
Energy conservation
Suggested Assessment:
 Observation using observation schedules and checklists,
portfolios, oral questions

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently observes light and forms	observe light, forms and plays	In consistently observe light, form	Does not show interest in light or form
and plays with shadows	with shadows	and play with shadows	and play with shadows

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Lear	ning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
	our environment ollaboration-developing ru roblem solving-using a lit		cleaning in and neighbor learners clease school composition learners to be disposal are litter proper learners to be learners to be bins in classe learners to confer an action learners to confer and learners to confer and learners to confer and learners to learners	an different areas in the pound by picking litter be guided to the litter as and how to dispose by name cleaning materials be provided with litter as clean working areas vity Sing songs and recite ed to as they clean	 Which areas require cleaning in the school compound? Where do we dispose rubbish? Why do we clean our environment? How do we keep our environment clean
Link to PCIs and Values: Health education-livin ESD-environmental ed Service learning and p	g in a clean environment	ing compound at school		Links to values:	
Links to other subject(s):				litter • Parental invol	eighbourhood and collect
Suggested Non-Formal ActiviEnvironmental clubsField visits	ty to support learning th	rough application			:: sing observation schedules , portfolios, oral questions

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently identifies and disposes waste	Identifies and disposes waste	inconsistently identifies and disposes	Does not identify and or
materials appropriately	appropriately	waste materials	dispose waste materials

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 ENVIRONMEN TAL CARE AND SAFETY	3.2 SAFETY IN THE ENVIRONMENT 15 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) Talk about safe places, objects and activities in the immediate environment b) Talk about dangerous places, objects and activities in the immediate environment c) Demonstrate the ability to recognize safe and dangerous places, objects and activities in the immediate environment d) Appreciate the need to take safety precautions	 learners name dangerous places, objects, activities and games in their environment learner talk about the dangers of dangerous, places, objects, activities and games and fire assimilate crossing roads and rivers safely role play incidence of accidents learners could be guided on how to report accidents learners to clean working areas after an activity learners use digital devices showing dangerous places, objects, activities and games learners to sing songs and recite poems and related to safety learners to share experiences on accidents learners to move around the school compound to collect dangerous objects with the teachers guidance 	1. What are the dangerous places, objects, activities and games?
 Competence to be developed Citizenship-caring for our environment Communication and collaboration-developing rules Critical thinking and problem solving-using a litter bin Learning to learn-rules 				

Link to PCIs and Values: • Health education-living in a clean environment • ESD-DRR personal safety Service learning and parental engagement	Suggested Community Service Learning • Walk in the neighbourhood identify safe and unsafe • Places and collect dangerous objects • Parental involvement
Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning Walk in the neighbourhood identify safe and unsafe Places and collect dangerous objects Parental involvement
 Suggested Non formal Learning Activities Walk in the neighbourhood identify safe and unsafe Places and collect dangerous objects Parental involvement 	Suggested Assessment: Observation using observation schedules and checklists, portfolios, oral questions

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently talk about and	Talk about and recognise	inconsistently talk about safe, and	Does not talk about or recognise safe, and
recognise safe, and dangerous	safe, and dangerous places,	dangerous places, objects and	dangerous places, objects and activities nor
places, objects and activities and	objects and activities and	activities and inconsistently take	take safety precautions
takes safety precautions	takes safety precautions	safety precautions	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested	Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	4.1 MYSELF 5 Lessons	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to; a) talk about body parts (head, ears, eyes, mouth, hand,) for self-awareness b) Tell the uses of body parts for self-awareness, ears, nose mouth and eyes c) Appreciate one's body parts for self-esteem	 In groof diff Learned body in the Learned parts Learned Learned learned appreced 	ers sing songs on body parts ups the learner's role play the uses erent parts of the body ers identify different parts of the from a chart ers play different games on body ers tell the uses of body parts ers draw the body parts rs list listen to stories of ciating one another rs to draw and model parts of the	 What are the parts of the head? What are the uses of parts of the head?
Learning to leSelf-efficacy-	working in groups earn-playing and listen -talking about themsely n and communication-y	ves		Link to values-	
- Life Skills-Self Awar		1		Respect Responsibility	
Links to other subjec Languages Psychomotor Religion				Suggested Community Service L Learners to visit a special Visit the elderly	
Suggested Non-Form • Role play	al Activities			Suggested Assessment: Observation using observ portfolios, oral questions	ation schedules and checklists,

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently talk about body	Talks about body parts and	In consistently talk about body parts and their	Does not talk about body parts and their
parts and their uses	their uses.	uses	uses.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	4.2 OUR SCHOOL 10 Lesson	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) Talk about work done by different people in the school b) Follow guidelines or rules for interpersonal relationships c) Appreciate the school community for harmonious living	 Learners to be taken round the school to identify the people by the work they do Learners to mention the work done by people in school Learners to role play work done by people at school Learners to be guided in coming up with rules and regulations of their class Learners to follow the rules and regulations Learners to sing songs about work done by people in the school Learners to draw and model people in school 	 Who are the people found at school? What work is done by people at school? how do we come up with rules and guidelines? What are the dos and don'ts in the class
CommunicaLearning toCitizenship-	tion and collaboration-mallearn-following the rules reinforcing the rules and f	_		
Learner supp	Social Cohesion- Nationhoport programme-	ood and Nationalism	Links to values: • Responsibility • Peace • Cooperation	
Links to other subject(s): Language, Religion, Psychomotor and Creative Activities Suggested Non-Formal Activity		• Parental engagement Suggested Assessment:	ning	
 Field trips, 				

Clubs and societies	Observation using observation schedules and checklists,
Sports and games	portfolios, oral questions

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently talk about work done by	talks about work done by people in	inconsistently talk about work done	Does not talk about work done by
people in the school and observe	the school and observe rules and	by people in the school and observe	people in the school and does not
rules and regulations	regulations	rules and regulations	observe rules and regulations

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	4.3 OUR HOME 1. Structures /buildings 10 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) Identify different buildings and structures at home b) Talk about the uses of buildings and structures at home c) Appreciate buildings and structures	 Learners to take a guided tour to the nearest home to identify buildings and structures at home Learners talk about uses of buildings and structures at home Learners view videos of buildings and structures at home. Learners to observe charts of peoples working, buildings, structures and tools used at home Learners to draw buildings and structures at home 	 Which are the buildings and structures found at home? What are the uses of different structures and buildings found at home?
	2. People found at home: 10 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) Talk about family members for self awareness b) Talk about people found at home for harmonious living c) talk about work done by people at home	 Learners to role play work done by people at home learners to sing songs about work done by people at home learners to watch videos on people working 	 Who are the people found at home What work is done by people at home

d) Appreciate work done by people at home		
Core-Competence to be developed		
Self-efficacy-role play, dramatize		
Communication and collaboration-discussion		
Learning to learn-as they role play		
Citizenship-discussion		
Creativity and imagination- drama, role play		
Links to PCIs and Values:	Links to values:	
• Life skills,	 Cooperation 	
Citizenship	 Responsibility 	
• ESD	• Peace	
Learner support programmes	• Respect	
Service learning and parental engagement		
Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning:	
Psychomotor and creative,		
• Language	Parental engagement	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application	Suggested Assessment:	
	Observation using observation schedules and checklists,	
Field trips	portfolios, oral questions	
Clubs and societies		

1. Structures And Buildings in our Home

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently identifies and talks	identifies and talks about uses of	inconsistently identifies and talks about	Unable to identify and talk about uses
about uses of buildings and	buildings and structures at home	uses of buildings and structures at home	of buildings and structures at home
structures at home			

2. People Found at Home

• Parental engagement.

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently talk about people	Talks about people found at home	Inconsistently talk about people found at	Does not talk about people found at
found at home and work done.	and work done.	home and work done.	home and work done.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggeste	d Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	4.4 INTERPRSONAL RELATIONSHIP 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) Talk about the use of courteous words in day to day life for interpersonal relationship b) Appreciate the need to use courteous words c) Use greetings and actions appropriately d) Show empathy to the needy	of column of col	ners to recite poems on ing ers to sing songs on greetings fferent times of the day. Hers to watch a video on personal relationship and	 which words do you use to show respect to other people How do you greet different people?
CitizenshipSelf-efficac	ation and collaboration-throu- when practicing greetings a sy-greetings learn-visiting the elderly values:			Links to values: Respect Responsibility Peace	
Learner supService learner	pport programme, rning,			• Cooperation	

Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning
• Language	 Parental community involvement
 Religion, Music and Movement 	Parental empowerment
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application	Suggested Assessment:
Nature walk	 Observation using observation schedules and
 Clubs and societies 	checklists, portfolios, oral questions
 Field visits 	
• Use of resource persons	
-	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently use courteous words,	use courteous words,	inconsistently use courteous words,	Does not use courteous words,
greetings and gestures correctly	greetings and gestures	greetings and gestures correctly	greetings and gestures correctly
	correctly		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	4.5 NEIGHBOURHOOD 10 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) Identify the classmates by names for harmonious living b) Name the classmates as neighbours for interpersonal relationships c) Identify physical features in the neighbourhood for safety and security d) Appreciate the classmates as their neighbours	 Learners listen to questions from a story on the neighbourhood Learners tell names of their classmates as immediate neighbours Learners to talk about friendship Learners to talk about what they can do to their classmates through guided discussion Learners to sing songs about their classmates as neighbours learners to identify physical features in their neighbourhood eg churches, rivers, hills mountains etc. 	 Who is a neighbour? What are the names of my classmates

Core-Competence to be developed				
Communication and collaboration-cleaning neighbourhood				
• Learning to learn-knowing the neighbours				
Citizenship-working together				
Link to PCIs and Values:	Links to values:			
• Citizenship	 Cooperation 			
Life skills and values	Responsibility			
• ESD	• Respect			
Learner support programme				
Peer education				
Parental engagement				
Friendship formation				
Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning/			
• Languages,				
Psychomotor and Creative,	Visiting the neighbourhood			
Religious,	Cleaning the neighbourhood			
• Mathematics				
Suggested Non-Formal Activity	Suggested Assessment:			
	Observation using observation schedules and			
• Field trips	checklists, portfolios, oral questions			
Nature walk				
Clubs and societies				
• clubs				

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently name and identify	Names and identifies classmates	Inconsistently names and identifies	Unable toname or identify classmates
classmates		classmates	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	4.6 DRESSING 10 Lessons	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to; a) Identify clothes worn at different times b) Dress and undress appropriately c) Appreciate one's clothes for self-esteem	Learners to sort and group clothes worn at different times Learners to sort and group clothes according to the occasion and ceremony Learners to watch videos on clothes worn at different occasions and ceremony In the home corner; learner to practice wearing clothes shoes/tying laces and wearing socks Learners to read charts on clothes worn at different occasions and ceremonies Learners to sing songs, and recite poems about clothes	 Which clothes do we wear at different occasions and ceremonies? Which clothes do we wear at different occasions and ceremonies? How do we put on clothes?

- Core-Competence to be developed

 Communication and collaboration-assisting one to dress and undress
- Learning to learn-sorting and grouping clothes
- Citizenship-appreciating clothes worn at different occasions Self-efficacy dressing and undressing

Link to PCIs and Values:	Links to values:
Citizenship – social cohesion, child care and protection	Cooperation
Life skills	Responsibility
Value education	Respect
Life skills, value,	
Moral education,	
Human sexuality	
	Suggested Community Service Learning
Links to other subject(s):	
Psychomotor and Creative Activities	 Parental engagement
Language Activities	

Mathematics ActivitiesReligious Education	 Celebrating in culture activities Celebrating birthdays
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning	Suggested Assessment: Observation using observation schedules and checklists,
Field trips	portfolios, oral questions
Role play	
Clubs and societies	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Consistently identifies clothes worn	Identifies clothes worn at different	inconsistently identifies clothes	Unable to identify clothes worn at
at different times and dresses and	times and dresses and undresses	worn at different times dresses and	different times and is unable to dress
undresses appropriately	appropriately	undresses inappropriately	and undress appropriately

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

PRE-PRIMARY CRE PP2

ТНЕМЕ	SUB THEME SUGGESTED TIME: 1 Hour	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
1.0 GOD'S CREATION	1.1 Who God is: Provider and Healer	By the end of the sub theme the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate God's love for providing his/her daily needs to nurture faith in His provision b) Display their understanding of God as his/her healer to promote trust in His healing power. c) Mention simple stories about God as the provider and Healer in their lives d) Appreciate God as the, provider and Healer for personal development	things that God provides(Matthew 6:26;Psalms 81:10;Psalms 34:10) • Learners are guided to identify some of the things provided by their parents • Learners are guided to news telling on when they felt sick • Learners are guided to sing	 Who created you? Who provides food and clothing for us? What does God provide for us? What do parents provide for you Have you ever been sick? How did you feel when you were sick Who is your healer?
Creativity and Imag	ination – learners will identif		earning to learn: learners to appreciate the alking learners will improve listening and	
am God's child); and ESD- Environmenta Link to other learnin Mathematical Activ	empathy I awareness ng activities ities – as they list and collect		Link to Values: Co-operation, love, respective and all creation of God and Sharing proper moral upbringing Community Service Learning: Training items with the needy among them	g (Galatians 5:22) to promote
movements Language – singing,	listening to a Religious leader	r		

Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment:	
Visit a nearby church to listen to a talk from a Religious leader on God as the provider in their lives.	 Oral Questions, question and answer, group discussion, Portfolio Observation 	
Resources and learning materials: Pictures, Flash cards, Videos, Places (church) are	nd Resource persons, Holy Bible, Text books	

ASSESSMENT RUBRIC	EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
	The learner can identify and use appropriate songs to thank God as their, Provider and Healer without being guided	The learner can identify and use appropriate songs to thank God as their Provider and Healer with guidance	The learner can identify two attributes of thanksgiving songs to God as provider or as a Healer	The learner requires guidance often to sing thanksgiving songs identifying either God as Provider or healer

THEME 1.0 GOD'S	SUB THEME SUGGESTED TIME: 1 Hour 2 Lessons 1.2 Creation: Parts of	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES By the end of the sub theme	LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS 1. Who created your body?
CREATION	The Body	the learner should be able to: a) Name his /her parts of the body that God created for self-fulfillment b) Appreciate his/her parts of the body as unique and special before God to encourage respect for self as the temple of God	 Learners are guided to sing songs appreciating themselves as wonderfully made by God (Psalms 139-13-14) Learners are guided using charts to mention and point different parts of the body as created by God.(I Corinthians(6:19) Learners are guided to colour pictures of parts of the body Learners are guided to recite simple memory verses (I Corinthians 6:19) 	 Who created your body? How many eyes do you have? How many hands do you have? How many ears do you have? How many legs do you have?

Core Competences to be developed in Parts of the body
Communication and Collaboration: Learners will interact with each other in groups develop a sense of knowing, love, concern, care and sharing,

Link to PCI's :Effective communication, self-awareness(Parts of the Body) as wonderfully made by God	Link to Values: Love and respect for themselves and one another (Galatians 5:22) to promote proper moral upbringing
Link to other learning activities Language activities – vocabulary developed through singing and reciting poems Psychomotor activities: Making movements, singing and role playing	Community Service Learning: Involve parents at home to encourage their children (learners) to love themselves in order to enhance assertiveness, self –esteem and decision making.
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Guide children to support aged people with light duties	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation
Resources and learning materials: Flash cards, crayons, clay, plasticine, video, DV talking walls	/D, films, old newspapers, manila papers, glue, old calendars charts,

ASSESSMENT	EXCEEDS	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
RUBRIC	EXPECTATION		EXPECTATION	
	The learner has the ability to appreciate himself/herself as a special creature made in the Image and likeness of God. As well name and colour within the margins parts of the body	The learner has the ability of knowing oneself and appreciating himself/herself as special creature made in the image and likeness of God. As well name parts of the body using a chart and colour.	The learner has the ability of knowing he/she was created by God and can name parts of the body with guidance	Learner needs to be guided to know he/she was created by God and can mention some parts of his or her body with assistance.

THEME	SUB- THEME	SPECIFIC LEARNING	LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
	TIME: 2 HRS 4	OUTCOMES		
	LESSONS			
GOD'S	1.3 Plants and Domestic	By the end of the sub theme	Learners are guided to	1. Which domestic animals are
CREATION	Animals	the learner should be able	identify some plants(Genesis	found at your home/school?
		to:	1:11-12 ;Psalms 104:13-14)	2. Which sound do cows and
			and domestic	cats make?
		a) Name plants and animals	animals(Genesis 1:20-	3. What is given to domestic
		found at home and school	24,Genesis 6:25-	animals?
		as part of God's creation	34,Genesis1:27-29)	4. Who created domestic
		to show appreciation to	Learners are guided to make	animals?
		God	sounds made by different	

b) Demonstrate taking care of some domestic animal and plants for social responsibility c) State simple ways of taking care of plants and some domestic animals d) Appreciate plants and animals found at home and school as God's creation.	 examples cows and cats Learners are guided to colour pictures of some domestic animals and plants home/school? How do we care for flowers at home/school? 7. Who created plants found at
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Core Competences to be developed:

Communication and collaboration, In groups learners could recite simple poems, and sing songs on plants and animals found in school and at home to enhance their speaking skills.

Learning to learn: learners will participate in activities that will enable them to know the plants and animals found at home and school and appreciate them as God's creation.

Creativity and imagination: Learners will mold plants and animals found at home and in school using their hands and imagination

Link to PCI's: ESD-Environmental awareness through learning to water plants	Link to Values: Sharing, Care, unity, Love (Galatians 5:22) to
and animals	promote proper moral upbringing
Links to other subjects:	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities:
Language activities:	Parental outreach programmes
Learners will be naming plants and animals found at home and school to improve	
their speaking skills	
Learners will recite simple poem on plants and animals found at home and schools	
to enhance their vocabulary.	
Psychomotor : Learners will sing songs on plants and animals found at home and	
school while clapping and dancing.	
Environmental: Learners will walk around the school compound to observe plants	
and animals.	
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment: Oral questions and observation, question and
Visit a nearby home and observe plants and animals found in that home	answer, group discussion
Resources and learning materials: Flash cards, crayons, clay, plasticine, video, DV	D, films, old newspapers, manila papers, glue, old calendars, Good News
Bible, Text books	

ASSESSMENT	EXCEEDS	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW
RUBRIC	EXPECTATION			EXPECTATION
	The learner has the	The learner can appreciate, name	The learner sings songs and name only one or	The learner can sing
	ability to appreciate,	and sing song on plants and	two plants and animals.	song and can name a
	name and sing songs	animals with some assistance.		few plants or animals
	on plants and animals			with great assistance.
	found at home and			
	school without			
	assistance.			

THEME	SUB- THEME	SPECIFIC LEARNING	LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY	
	SUGGESTED	OUTCOMES		QUESTIONS	
	TIME 1HR				
GOD'S	1.4 Name of God	By the end of the sub theme the	• Learners are guided to mention name of	1. What is the name	
CREATION	according to their	learner should be able to:	God according to their catchment	of God in your	
	catchment language	a) Identify the name of God as	language (Isaiah 26:13;Proverbs	language?	
		used in his/her catchment area	18:10;Micah 4:5;Exodus 20:7)		
		b) Appreciate the name of God	• In groups learners mention the name of		
		according to his/her	God on the flash card provided		
		catchment area to promote	 Learners are guided to sing simple songs 		
		unity	in reverence to the name of God		
			according to their communities		
Core Competences t	o be developed: Commun	nication and collaboration - learners v	will learn to make simple prayers for different times		
Learning to learn: Lea	arners will understand wa	ys of talking to God for various reason	ns and also know how to prayer for family membe	rs	
Link to PCI's: citize	Link to PCI's: citizenship; tribes an ethnicities my mother tongue.		Link to Values		
Life skills and values	education; effective comi	nunication, self-awareness, myself-	Love, unity, respect, peace, forgiveness and		
mother tongue.			(Galatians 5:22) to promote proper moral u	pbringing	
Link to other Learn			Community Service Learning/		
		evelop listening and speaking skills	Visit a Resource Person near the school to learn more about name of		
	provement in their vocabu		God according to their communities		
	tivities-Through singing a				
	Suggested Non Formal Activities to support learners		Suggested Assessment: Oral questions, observat	ion	
Visit a nearby home to assist the aged with light duties					
		Flash cards, Videos, Places (Churches)	,Children's Bible, postures, community resource/	persons, The Good	
News Bible, Text boo	ks				

ASSESSMENT	EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
RUBRIC			EXPECTATION	
	The learner has the ability to	The learner has the ability to	The learner has the ability to	The learner has the ability of
	describe and mention several	describe and can mention	describe the names of God but can	knowing two names as described
	names of God according to	some names of God	only mention two of the three	but can only mention one or two
	different communities.		given names.	of names of God with guidance

THEME	SUB- THEME SUGGESTED TIME: 1HR: 30 MIN 3 LESSONS	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
GOD'S CREATION	1.5 Communicating to God through Prayer	By the end of the sub theme the learner should be able to: a) Mention simple prayers at different times for his/her spiritual nourishment b) Identify prayer as one of the most important way of talking to God. c) Appreciate different times of prayer for his/her spiritual growth d) Show the desire to thank God for his/her provision through prayers	 Learners are guided on how to pray at different times (Daniel 6:10) Learners to practice simple prayer used at different times Learners role play saying prayers of thanks giving to God and asking for God's protection Learners to demonstrate different postures when praying Learners are encouraged to make prayers at different times for example before going to bed, eating 	 How do we talk to God? When do we talk to God? Why do we talk to God? Who answers to your prayers?
	nces to be developed n and collaboration-Learners will	learn to make simple prayers for	different times	,
Service learn an (churches)	life skills education- effective com d parental involvement/engagemen ntal education- environmental awa	nt – religious instruction	Link to Values: unity, gratitude res 5:22) to promote proper moral upbr	
	earning activities eing involved in role playing simp eaking skills	ole prayers learners will develop	Community Service Learning:Lea and share with their needy friends	rners should be encouraged to pray

Psychomotor-Learners will make simple poems and recite them in groups using		
gestures and body parts		
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment: Oral questions and observation, question and	
	answer, group discussion	
Resources and learning materials: Pictures, Flash cards, Videos, Places (Churches), Children's Bible, Postures, Community Resource/persons, the Good		
News Bible, Text books	· · ·	

ASSESSMENT	EXCEEDS	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
RUBRIC	EXPECTATION		EXPECTATION	
	The learner has the ability	The learner has ability of	The learner has the ability to say	The learner has the ability to say
	of knowing and	knowing how to communicate	simple prayers with some guidance	simple prayers with great
	understand times of	with God through prayers.		assistance.
	communicating with God	Also requires assistance to		
	through prayers	identify times communicating		
		with God.		

THEME 2.0 SCRIPTURES	SUB- THEME TIME: 1 HR 2 LESSONS 2.1 Handling the Bible	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES By the end of the sub theme	• Learners are shown various	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS 1. How do we take care of the
2.0 SCRII TURES	2.1 Handing the Dible	the learner should be able to: a) Identify different ways of handling the Bible as a holy book used by Christians to nurture a sense of responsibility b) Demonstrate different ways of handling the Bible with care to promote respect for the word of God c) Appreciate the importance of handling the Bible as part of his/her self- discipline	 Learners are shown various ways of handling the Bible in a respectful manner Learners are encouraged to handle the Bible in turns Learners practice carrying, opening and keeping the Bible safely Learners are guided to colour drawn pictures of the Bible. Learners are guided sing simple songs in praise of the Bible as a Holy Book. Learners are guided to recite simple poems on ways of handling the bible to acquire respect for the word of God 	Bible? Where should we keep the Bible? How do we carry the Bible? How do we show respect for the Bible?

Core Competences to be developed	
Learning to learn; Communication,	
The learners will practice ways of handling, respecting and taking care of the bible	
Link to PCI's:	Link to Values: Love, Responsibility, Respect, Peace (Galatians 5:22)
ESD -saving the things we value,	to promote proper moral upbringing
Life skills: Decision making, creative thinking, imaginative	
Self-awareness using hands to handle the Bible	
Citizenship-unity showing one another good ways of handling the Bible	
Link to other learning activities	Community Service Learning: Learners with their immediate family
Language	members skills learnt on handling the Bible
Environmental activities	
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Learners could visit a local	Suggested assessment: Question and answer, story telling, observation
church and learn ways of handling the Bible respect, as well as taking care of it,	schedule, portifolios
from a religious leader.	
Learning Resources and Materials: Good News Bible, Charts, cut, pictures and po	ster cutouts and Resource person

ASSESSMENT	EXCEEDS	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
RUBRIC	EXPECTATION		EXPECTATION	
	The learner has the ability	The learner has ability to	The learner has ability to	The learner has no ability of
	to demonstrate on how to	demonstrate on how to care	demonstrate care and handling of	taking care of the Bible and is
	care, handle and take care	and handle the Bible with	the Bible with assistance.	careless while handling it hence
	of the Bible.	some guidance		needs great with assistance.

THEME	SUB- THEME TIME: 1 HR 2 LESSONS	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
2.0 SCRIPTURES	2.2 Simple prayers	By the end of the sub theme the learner should be able to: a) Identify different ways of prayers in his/her in live for spiritual development b) Relate simple prayers on his/her own to promote emotional development	 Learners are guided on how to say simple prayers; Learners sing simple songs about prayer in their mother tongue/catchment language at different times (Daniel 6:10),Mark 11:24),Ephesian1:16) In groups learners practice a simple prayer. 	 What is a prayer? Why do we pray? Whom do you pray to? What times do we pray?

	 c) Desire the need to pray daily for spiritual fulfilment d) Appreciate talking to God through prayers for blessings 	Learners are guided to role play saying simple prayers	
Core Competences to be developed Critical Thinking:	l: Communication and collaboration-		
Link to PCI's: Life skills, decision thinking	making, self awareness, self esteem, critical	Link to Values: Humility, love, peace, responsibility, obedience are honesty (Galatians 5:22) to promote proper moral upbringing	ıd
Link to other learning activities Language and Environment activities	vities	Community Service Learning: parental engagement with their children on the importance of prayer	
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Learners visit a children's home, share with the less fortunate there and make simple prayers before the meals.		Suggested assessment: portfolio and observation schedule and oral questions	
Learning Resources: Charts, Flash	card, Good News Bible, audio visual, video clip	os, digital content, picture	

SSESSMENT UBRIC	EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
	The learner has ability to	The learner is able to say	The learner has the ability to say	The learner has the ability to say
	say simple meaningful	simple prayers and know the	simple prayers and needs to be	simple prayers and requires to be
	prayers at different times	meaning of prayers with	guided to understand meaning and	assisted to understand prayer for
	with ease	minimal assistance.	reasons for prayer	different times.

THEME	SUB-THEME SUGESTED TIME:1HR 2 LESSONS	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
3.0 CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS FESTIVALS AND RITUALS	3.1 Christian Festivals: Christmas and Easter	By the end of the sub theme the learner should be able to: a) State the meaning of Christmas as an important Christian celebration about God's love	 The learners are guided to re-tell the story of the birth of Jesus Christ (Luke 1:26-28),Luke 2:1-3) Learners are guided to sing Christmas songs 	 What do you do during Christmas day? Where do you go on Christmas day?

Core Competences to be developed Communication and collaboration: Throug	b) Appreciate Christmas by singing thanks giving songs to acknowledge God's love c) State the meaning of Easter as an important Christian celebration of God's love d) Appreciate Christmas and Easter as Christian celebrations of God's love. h singing and role playing, the learners wi	Learners are guided to say how they celebrate Christmas day Learners are guided sing simple songs on the resurrection of Jesus Christ(John 3:16) Learners are guided to colour a picture of the cross of Jesus Christ Learners are led to visit a nearby church or a resource person to be invited for them to interact more on Easter festivals Il develop their vocabulary and enhanced team	3. What did you eat on Christmas day? 4. What do you see people doing during Easter? work		
Learning to learn	1.22		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Link to PCI's: Effective communication and citizenship		Link to Values: Humility, love for Jesus Christ, responsibility to observe Christian festivals (Galatians 5:22) to promote proper moral upbringing			
Link to other learning activities Language activities: learning through stor speaking and listening skills Psychomotor: through singing and dancing motor skills		Community Service Learning: Learners vis with the less fortunate there and make simple			
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Learners could visit a nearby and hold simple prayers and songs on prayer		Suggested assessment: participatory activities, observation schedule, oral questions, questions and answers			
Suggested Learning Resources: Pictures	Suggested Learning Resources: Pictures and posters, charts, digital materials e.g. DVD's, films, CD's, flash cards, realia and Good News Bible				

ASSESSMENT	EXCEEDS	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
RUBRIC	EXPECTATION		EXPECTATION	
		Learner has ability to tell,	Learner requires guidance to tell	Learner requires a lot of support
	Learner has ability to tell,	demonstrate and appreciate	and demonstrate and activities that	to be able to tell and
	demonstrate and	activities that take place	take place during Charismas and	demonstrate and activities that
	appreciate activities that	during Charismas and Easter	Easter celebrations	take place during Charismas and
	take place during	celebrations with some		Easter celebrations
	Charismas and Easter	guidance		
	celebrations with ease			

THEME	SUB- THEME	SPECIFIC LEARNING	LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
		OUTCOMES		
3.0 CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS FESTIVALS AND RITUALS	3.2 Christian Rituals	By the end of the sub theme the learner should be able to: a) Identify some simple Christian rituals for his/her spiritual growth b) Role play rituals according to different churches to nurture peaceful coexistence among learners. c) Appreciate taking part in Christian rituals to promote values of integrity	 Learners are guided to identify some simple Christian rituals like giving offerings and singing(Deuteronomy 15:10), Chronicles 29:9 and Proverbs 21:26) Learners are guided to role play the ritual of giving offerings in the church. Learners are guided to recite a memory simple verse from the Bible. Learners are guided to observe a variety of pictures showing some church rituals 	 Why do we go to church? What are some of the rituals done in the church? Do your parent/guardian give an offering when going to church? What do you do when you are in the church?
Core Competences to				
			cooperate and communicate thus enha	ancing speaking and listening skills.
		vities leading to interaction and co		
	thinking, decision making, e	ffective communication,	Link to Values: Respect, obedience, honesty, integrity and	
problem solving, interp			Responsibility (Galatians 5:22) to p	
Link to other learning			Community Service Learning: Le	earners participate in Christian
		fferings can be given inform of	rituals in their respective churches	
farm produce not only i				
	Through interactions in singing	ng the learners will improve		
their vocabulary, speak				
		opment of fine motor muscles.		
		g: Learners visit a children's	Suggested assessment: inquiry que	estions and suggested rubric
		imple prayers before the meals.		
Suggested Resources:	Charts, flash cards, realia, di	gital devices e.g. DVD's, films an	d CD's, Good News Bible; pictures a	and posters

ASSESSMENT	EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
RUBRIC			EXPECTATION	
	Learner is able to name and show	Learner requires little	Learner requires guidance to	Learner requires much guidance
	how Christian rituals are	guidance to name and show	name and show how Christian	and support to be able to name
	conducted in the church/where	how Christian rituals are	rituals are conducted in the	and show how Christian rituals
	he/she attends a church service as	conducted in the	church/where he/she attends.	are conducted in his/her church/
	well can say why he/she	church/where he/she attends.		
	participates on his/her own			

THEME	SUB-THEME TIME: 2 HRS 4 LESSONS	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
4.0 CHRISTIAN VALUES	Ten Commandments (Summary on love of God and neighbour)	By the end of the sub theme the learner should be able to: a) Identify love as one of the most important commandment b) Foster value of love and related virtues to promote interpersonal relationship c) Role play on how love should promote peaceful co-existence.	 Learners are guided to sing songs expressing love to God and neighbours(1 Peter 2:17)Ephesian 6:1-3),peace(Colossians 3:15:,Galatians 5:22;James 3;18)honesty(1 John 3:18;Proverbs 3:27;Luke 8:16) and use of courteous words (I Thessalonians 5:15 &Luke 6:35) Learners are guided to demonstrate the use of courteous words such as thank you, sorry excuse me as sign of love to neighbor and friends Learners are guided to watch some relevant video clips and observe pictures on how Christian express God's love Learners are guided to role play sharing items such as pens and food 	 How do you show love to God? How do you show love to your friends? How do you show love to their neighbour

Core Competences to be developed
Communication and collaboration-Learners will enhance communication and collaboration while participating in their group activities.

Citizenship-With the acquired knowledge of values the learners will be able to live with each other in harmony through sharing in groups.

Link to PCI's :Effective communication, self-efficacy, self-esteem, interpersonal and friendship formation	Link to Values: Honesty, Responsibility, Love and Sharing(Galatians 5:22) to promote proper moral upbringing			
Citizenship: integrity(doing thing right)				
Learner Support Programmes (LSP)-Etiquette/mannerisms				
Link to other learning activities	Community Service Learning: Learners visit the needy to play and			
Language: Learners will develop listening and speaking skills	share with them			
Psychomotor: Learners will draw and colour picture to enhance their creativity				
Environment: They will visit a children's home to appreciate others in the society				
as they share				
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Practice courteous words in	Suggested assessment: inquiry questions and suggested rubric			
school with other learners.				
Learning Resources and Materials: Pictures, digital materials, places, realia, resource person, posters, flash cards, textbooks, Good News Bible				

ASSESSMENT	EXCEEDS	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
RUBRIC	EXPECTATION		EXPECTATION	
	-The learners are able to	-The learner is able to sing	-The learner is able to sing songs	-The learner is able to sing songs
	sing songs on values and	songs on the values	on the values demonstrating three	on the values demonstrating one
	demonstrate all the seven	demonstrating five or six on	values of the seven values with	or none of the seven values.
	values without assistance.	the seven values without	assistance.	The learner is able to demonstrate
	-The learners are able to	assistance.	-The learner is able to demonstrate	the use five courteous words
	demonstrate the use of	- The learner is able to	the use of two or three of the five	learnt.
	courteous words e.g.	demonstrate the use of three or	courteous words learnt.	
	Thank you, sorry, please	four of the five courteous		
	May I and Excuse me.	words leant.		

STRAND	SUB-STRANDS	SPECIFIC LEARNING	LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
	SUGGESTED TIME: 2	OUTCOMES		
	HRS 4 LESSONS			
5.0 PLACES OF	5.1 Places of Worship	By the end of the sub theme	• Learners are guided to identify	1. How many places of worship
WORSHIP		the learner should be able	different places of worship as	do you know?
		to:	displayed on charts, posters,	2. How many places of worship
			pictures in the classroom.	have you seen?
		a) Identify different places	• Learners are guided to observe	
		of worship that exists in	a place of worship near the	

Suggested learning resources and Materials: Charts, posters and pictures, flash cards, crayons, plasticine and The Good News Bible				
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Invite a resource person(s) to explain more about other places of worship		Suggested assessment: inquiry qu	estions and suggested rubric	
Environmental Activities: Learners will appreciate diver different places of worship. HRE and IRE Religious Education – Places of worship				
Link to other learning activities:		Community Service Learning: V	isit nearby church to water plants	
Core Competences to be developed Communication and collaboration: Learners will be shown different places of worship h Self-efficacy: Learners will respect other religious, know their identity and citizenship. Link to PCI's: Decision making, critical thinking, creative thinking, effective communication and interpersonal relationships			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
b) (c) I	his/her community for peaceful co-existence. Colour picture of a church as a place of worship for self-efficacy Respect different places of worship to promote religious tolerance	school(Matthew 21:13;Exodus 34:26;2 Samuel 7;1-2) • Learners to recite a poem on different places of worship • Learners are guided to colour the picture of a church.		

ASSESSMENT	EXCEEDS	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
RUBRIC	EXPECTATION		EXPECTATION	
	Learner knows, demonstrates, desires and appreciates in class activities that take place in their church like singing, praying and giving offerings in church service with ease	Learner demonstrates and appreciates to others in class activities during church service like singing, praying, and giving offerings with some guidance	Learner knows, and appreciates, any two of the church service activities for example; praying, singing and giving offerings in a place of worship.	Learner has some ability to know and appreciate any one of the activities carried out in a church service for example; singing, praying and giving offerings.

THEME	SUB-THEME 2	SPECIFIC LEARNING	LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY
	HOURS 4 LESSONS	OUTCOMES		QUESTIONS
5.0 PLACES OF WORSHIP	5.2 Church Service	By the end of the sub theme the learner should be able to: a) State what takes place during the church service for harmonious living b) Demonstrate the activities that are performed during the church service for interpersonal interaction. c) Desire to participate in the activities that are done during the church service for self fulfilment	 Learners are encouraged to talk about their experiences in the church(1Samuel 1:21-28;Luke 2:41-42) Learners are guided to observe pictures from children's Bible on activities that takes place during church service(Matthew 21:13,Isaiah 56:7; Learners are guided to sing simple songs, and say simple prayers Learners may colour pictures that reflects the activities that are done in a church service. Learners will role play some of activities that take place in Church Learners are exposed to watch short video clips, on children participating in activities that take place during Church service 	 How do prepare before going to Church Service? What takes place during a church service? How participate in a in your church service?
Communication and Learners in small gro Digital Literacy Learners will view an	arners will participate in the collaboration ups, will practice and role p	lay activities e.g. praying, singing we church service is conducted.	ow why they should sing, pray and give offering and giving offerings. Link to Values: unity,honesty,gratitude ar promote moral upbringing	
others and get to know	ng activities: Language act w activities that are done du ters will sing and use their b		Community Service Learning: Learners elderly with light duties	can give support to the
Suggested Non form	al Activity to support lear	ning: Visit a nearby church and n on how church service is done		olio and questions
Suggested Learning	Resource: Crayons, picture	es, cut-outs, audio visual, small b	paskets and flash cards, Holy Bible	

ASSESSMENT	EXCEEDS	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
RUBRIC	EXPECTATION			
	The learners is able to	The learner is able to participate	The learner is able to participate in	The learner may be able to
	participate in all the	in all the activities done in the	some of the activities done during	participate in the activity
	activities done in the church	church during the service but	the church service but with	done in the church but may
	during the service and	with direction.	direction.	not know the reasons why
	explain the reasons of			he/he participate in those
	participating in those			services.
	activities.			

THEME 5.0 PLACE OF WORSHIP	SUB-THEME: 2 HOURS 4 LESSONS 5.3 Behaviour in the Church	By the end of the sub theme the learner should be able to: a) Identify good behaviour for desirable Christian living b) Demonstrate good behavior in Church to show respect to God c) Recite short memory verses from the bible on good behaviour for spiritual development. d) Appreciate the importance of good behaviour in church to promote love and harmony	Learners are guided to news tell their experience on good behaviour in Church Learners are guided to demonstrate examples of good behaviour in Church(Ecclesiastes 5;1) (1 Peter 2:12), Learners are guided to sing simple songs emphasizing desirable behaviour in the Church(Matthew 21:12-13) Learners to observe pictures, charts and posters on good behaviour in the church Learners are encouraged to always display good behaviour in the Church	1. How do you behave when you are in Church? 2. What are examples of good behaviour in the church? 3. How does your friend(s) behave in Church? 4. Which behaviour do you like during church service?	
Core Competences t	 o be developed				
Self-efficacy -knowing	Self-efficacy –knowing the difference between good and bad behaviour during Church Service Critical thinking and problem solving -Being able to behave in responsible manner during the church service and handling each other with respect				
Link to PCI's :Critic tolerance	al thinking ,decision making,	problem solving and	Link to Values: responsibility, hone Respect(Galatians 5:22) to promote	• •	

Link to other learning activities	Community Service Learning: Learners are guided on picking rubbish
Language activity: interactions and sharing among learners in groups will lead to	on the nearby market centre
improvement vocabulary and speaking skills	
Psycho-Motor Activities –through singing and dancing learners will engage in	
movement and coordination.	
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Visit a nearby church and	Suggested assessment: Rubric below, portfolio
learn from a church leader, demonstrating to them on how church service is done.	
Suggested Learning Resource: Crayons, pictures, cut-outs, audio visual, small bas	kets and flash cards

ASSESSMENT	EXCEEDS	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
RUBRIC	EXPECTATION			
	The learner has the ability to	The learner has the ability to	The learner has the ability to	The learner may not be able to
	demonstrate on the good	demonstrate on the good	demonstrate on a few good behaviour	demonstrate the good behaviour tha
	behaviour that should be	behaviour that should be	that should be displayed in places of	should be displayed in places of
	displayed while in places of	displayed while in places of	worship e.g. keeping quiet.	worship and may even not know the
	worship without any	worship but with directions.		need of portraying good behaviors.
	assistance.			

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KEY INQUIRY
		OUTCOMES	EXPERIENCES	QUESTION(S)
1.0 THE HOLY QUR'AN	1.1 The Arabic Alphabet with vowels (fat-ha (a), kasra (i), dhumma (u) (Suggested time: 8 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Recognise the alphabets with the given vowels in Arabic text b) Name correctly the three vowels in the Arabic text c) Articulate correctly the sounds of Arabic alphabets with vowels d) Write the Arabic alphabets with the given vowels from right to left	Learners are introduced to Arabic alphabets and vowels (fat'ha, kasra, dhumma) through: flash cards	 Where do we find the Arabic alphabets? How do you identify the vowels? How do we relate the alphabets to the environment?
Core competence to	be developed: Communic	cation and Collaboration. Learning i		
Links to PCIs: Life		and living with others: Effective	Links to Values: unity, responsibility	
Links to other Activities: Language Activities		Suggested community service Learning a songs related to Arabic alphabets song	activities: visit the elder and sing	
Arabic alphabets with	n vowels to their family m	arning: The learners to read the embers and peers	Suggested Assessment: Observation chec	cklist, portfolio
Suggested Learning Flash cards, cut-outs,		oks, juz'uu, yasarnal Qur'an digital	educational materials e.g. Al-Noorania,	

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Reads some words with vowels (a),	Recognises the alphabets with the	Recognises most of the alphabets	Recognises a few of the alphabets
(i), (u) in Arabic text	given vowels and in the Arabic text	with vowels in the Arabic text	with vowels in the Arabic text
Identifies and correctly names vowels in the Arabic text	Correctly names the three vowels in the Arabic text	Sometimes names the vowels in the Arabic text correctly	Rarely names the vowels in the Arabic text correctly
Consistently and correctly articulates the sounds of Arabic alphabets with vowels	Correctly articulates the sounds of Arabic alphabets with vowels	Articulates the sounds of most Arabic alphabets with vowels	Articulates the sounds of some Arabic alphabets with vowels
Correctly writes the Arabic alphabets with vowels from right to left	Writes the Arabic alphabets with vowels from right to left	Writes most of the Arabic alphabets with vowels from right to left	Writes some of the Arabic alphabets with to left vowels from right

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION(S)
	1.2 Short Surah (Naas) (Suggested time: 5 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Recite correctly Surah Naas as a form of prayer b) Handle the Qurán with respect as a holy book c) Appreciate reciting surah Naas as a prayer	 Learners are engaged in listening to and reciting surah Naas using varied digital educational materials/resource persons Learners recite Surah Naas in pairs and small groups Learners are recorded as they recite surah Naas and listen to the recording Learners practice the correct orientation of reading Arabic: – Surah Naas (Right to left) Learners are given words/verses of surah Naas for matching Learners are guided on how to take care of the Holy Qurán 	 When do we recite surah Naas? Which is the last surah of the Qurán? How best do we recite surah Naas? How many verses are there in surah Naas?
Core competence	e to be developed and problem solving, Le	earning to Learn		
Links to PCIs: Li		ing and living with others: Effective	Links to Values: Unity, Responsibility	
Links to other Ac	ctivity Areas:	_	Suggested Community Service Learning A	
Language Activition	es/mathematics activities	S	schools(Madrassas/Dugsi to enhance their r	recitation
	ormal Activity to Supp Surah Naas before sleep		Suggested Assessment: Observation checkl	ist, portfolio
Suggested Learn	ing Resources	erials e.g. CDs, DVDs, Computer,		

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Fluently and confidently recites surah	Recites correctly surah Naas	Recites surah Naas	Recites surah Naas with some
Naas			difficulty
			·
Handles the Holy Qurán (Mus'haf)	Respectfully handles the holy Qur'an	Sometimes handles the holy Qurán	Rarely handles the holy Qurán with
respectfully and carefully	((Mus'haf)	respectfully	respect

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION(S)
2.0 PILLARS OF IMAN	2.1 Belief in Allah (SWT) Allah's Creations Myself and others (Immediate environment: family members, neighbours, animals, plants) (Suggested time: 4 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Identifying oneself and others as Allah's creations as stated in the Holy Qur'an b) Appreciate the uniqueness of oneself and others as Allah's creations c) Care for oneself and Allah's other creations in the immediate environment as a form of ibadaat/worship	 Engage learners in group discussions about Allah's creation in the immediate environment through digital materials, pictures, realia Sing simple Islamic songs /anashid / qasida and recite poems related to the theme Learners are exposed to table top games/hands-on activities related to the theme Learners develop a scrap or picture book individually/in groups on Allah's creation/plants Learners are engaged in appropriate activities such as painting, printing and drawing Learners are guided on how to take care of themselves, plants and pets Organise learners in groups for nature walk 	 Who created us? What else has Allah created? How are we different from animals? How do we take care of Allah's creations?
Core competent Creativity and	ce to be developed imagination			
relationship	of knowing and living with o	nd living with others: interpersond thers: Effective communication:	Suggested Community Service Learniand plants at home	
Suggested Non- Bring flowers, co	Formal Activity to support	learning	Suggested Assessment Observation, oral questions	

Suggested Resources: Realia, pictures, audio-visual aids, charts

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Expresses self clearly and confidently by identifying oneself and others as Allah's creation	Identifies oneself and others as Allah's creation	Sometimes identifies oneself and others as Allah's creation	Rarely identifies oneself and others as Allah's creation
Independently cares for self, plants and pets in the immediate environment	Cares for self, plants and pets in the immediate environment	Sometimes cares for self, plants and pets in the immediate environment	Rarely cares for self, plants and pets in the immediate environment

STRAND SUB-STRA	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION(S)
2.2 Belief in His I Prophet Muhamm (SAW) His parents (Suggested time: 2	learner should be able to: a) Mention the name and parents of prophet Muhammad (SAW) as a sign of love and respect	 Learners sing songs/ anashid/qasida and recite poems on prophet Muhammad (SAW) and his parents Learners name the prophet (SAW) and his parents Learners are engaged in discussion about the meaning of the prophet's name (the praised one) Learners are engaged in listening and narrating simple short story about the prophet's early childhood (obedience) Learners develop and display a simple family tree of prophet Muhammad (SAW) and his parents 	Who is Muhammad (S.A.W) What does the name of prophet Muhammad (SAW) mean? What was the character of the prophet?

Link to PCIs: Life skills: Knowing and living with others: Effective communication: Listening and responding	Link to Values: Love, integrity Respect
Links to other activities: Environmental Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities: Assist in simple household chores
Suggested Non-formal Activity to support learning: Share the story of the prophet's character with parents and others at home	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions
Suggested Learning Resources Picture of the city of Makka, Audio visual materials, resource persons,	

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Mentions prophet Muhammad's name, parents' and other members of his family	Mentions the names of prophet Muhammad (SAW) and his parents	Sometimes mentions the names of prophet Muhammad (SAW) and his parents	Mentions with difficulty the names of prophet Muhammad (SAW) and his parents
Confidently narrates simple short stories on early years of prophet Muhammad (SAW)	Narrates simple short stories on early years of prophet Muhammad (SAW)	Attempts to narrate simple short stories on early years of prophet Muhammad (SAW)	Rarely narrates simple short stories on early years of prophet Muhammad (SAW)
Responds to simple class rules and instructions effectively	Responds to simple class rules and instructions	Sometimes responds to simple class rules and instructions	Rarely responds to simple class rules and instructions

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KEY INQUIRY
		OUTCOMES	EXPERIENCES	QUESTIONS
3.0	3.1 Pillars of	By the end of the sub-strand the learner	Learners sing simple short	1. What is swalah?
DEVOTIONAL	Islam -Swalah	should be able to:	anashid/qasida/songs and recite	2. How do we perform
ACTS	Postures of	a) Name the different postures as used	poems on pillars of Islam	postures of swalah?
	swalah (daily	in swalah	Learners view audio-visual	3. What are the postures of
	prayer)	b) Appreciate swalah as a pillar of	materials and other resources on	swalah?
	(Suggested time:	Islam	swalah	
	3 lessons)	c) Demonstrate the postures in	 Learners name and discuss the 	
		performing swalah	different postures of swalah	

act po fra	earners are given hands-on tivities to reinforce on the estures of swalah e.g. picture ame, puzzles, painting, picture quencing
Core competence to be developed: Learning to learn, Communication and collaboration	
Links to PCIs: Life skills: Skills of knowing and living with oneself: self awareness and self-esteem	Links to Values: Responsibility, Respect, unity
Links to other activity Areas Psychomotor and creative Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities: Lead other children in prayers
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Learners to develop a swalah checklist with their teacher to be used for recording at home	Suggested Assessment: checklist, oral questions
Suggested Learning Resources Picture, picture cards/frames, puzzles, paint, brush, audio-visual materials, prayer mat	_1

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Performs postures of swalah in	Performs postures of swalah	Sometimes performs postures of	Rarely performs postures of swalah
sequence and with supplication		swalah	
Correctly names the different	Correctly names the different	Correctly names some postures of	Correctly names a few postures of
postures of swalah in sequence	postures of swalah	swalah	swalah

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
4.0 MORAL TEACHINGS	4.1 Islamic Etiquette Toileting	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to:	Learners sing simple anashid/qasida on toilet manners	How do we use the toilet properly?

(Suggested time – 2 lesson)	 a) Demonstrate appropriate toileting manners according to Islamic teachings b) Develop proper way of toileting in their day to day life c) Practice proper use of water during and after toileting (Istinja) 	 Learners are engaged in discussion on activities that are not allowed while in the toilet Charts on proper use of toilet are displayed and used appropriately Learners are guided on proper use of water during and after toileting Learners sequence pictures on proper use of toilet (5 different pictures) 	2. What are the things you do during toileting?3. What are you not allowed to do while toileting?
Core competence to be developed: Self e	fficacy, Communication and collaborat	ion	
Links to PCIs: Life skills: Knowing and a Life skills: Effective decision making: Ma Learner support Programme: Guidance:	king choices: washing hands	Links to Values: Respect, responsibility	
Links to other Activity Areas Environmental Activities	70	Suggested Community Service learning for cleaning of the toilet	g Activities: fetching water
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning Practice proper manners of toileting at home under the guidance of caregivers		Suggested Assessment Oral questions. Observation	
Suggested Learning Resources Pictures, digital materials, charts, water, bo			

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Always uses the left foot when entering the toilet and says the du'a, cleans self with water, leaves with the right foot and says the du'a	Always uses the left foot when entering the toilet, cleans self with water and leaves with the right foot	Sometimes uses the left foot when entering the toilet, cleans self with water and leaves with the right foot	Rarely uses the left foot when entering the toilet, cleans self with water and leaves with the right foot
Properly uses the toilet independently	Able to use the toilet properly	Able to use the toilet properly with minimal assistance	Uses the toilet with assistance

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
	4.2 Manners of Eating (Suggested time – 1 lesson)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate eating manner according to Islamic teachings b) Practice Islamic manners of eating according to the sunnah (teachings) of the prophet (SAW) c) Acquire Islamic phrases use before and after eating appropriately	 Learners are introduced to eating manners through songs/anashid/qasida and poems Learners view a clip on Islamic manners of eating and discuss in pairs or small groups Learners participate in a demonstration on Islamic manners of eating Learners are guided to use 	 What do we do before eating? What do we say before and after eating? What are the manners of eating?
Core competence t	to be developed Use appropriate phrases b	pefore and after eating		
Link to PCIs: Life washing hands		making: Making choices:	Link toValues: Respect responsibility, integrity	
Links to other Activity Areas Environmental activities			Suggested Community Service Learning: clear th	e eating area
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning Learners to practice eating habits at home		Suggested Assessment: Observation checklist/oral	questions	
Suggested Learnin	ng Resources: Audio visu	al aids, utensils, pictures, charts, v	vater. Containers	

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Eats according to Islamic teaching	Eats according to Islamic teachings	Sometimes eats according to Islamic	Rarely eats according to Islamic
while avoiding wastage (Israf)		teachings	teachings

Always uses the Islamic phrases	Uses the Islamic phrases (before and	Sometimes uses the Islamic phrases	Rarely uses the Islamic phrases
(before and after eating)	after eating) appropriately	(before and after eating)	(before and after eating)
appropriately and reminds others			

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
	4.3 Islamic phrases Shukran (thank you) (Suggested time – 1 lesson)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Pronounce correctly the Islamic phrase (shukran) as a way of appreciation b) Use appropriately the given Islamic phrase in their day to day life c) Appreciate the importance of the Islamic phrase (shukran) in their daily life	 Learners listen to and respond to audio-visual aids on use of the Islamic phrases In pairs or small groups learners practice the use of the phrase shukran through role play Learners listen to and sing simpl songs/anashid/qasida/and recite poems related to the Islamic phrases Leaners make appreciation cards (Shukran) 	shukran? 2. What does shukran mean? 3. Why do we say shukran?
Link to PCIs: Life communication: us	e skills: Skill of knowing a e simple courteous words	nication and collaboration, Learning to nd living with others: Effective others: interpersonal relations	learn Link to PCIs and values: Love	respect
Links to other Activity Areas Language activities Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning: Learn different ways of appreciating			Suggested Community service the home environment Suggested Assessment: Observ	
from their homes a Suggested Learning	nd report to the teacher ng Resources	, manila papers, crayons, pencils, boxes	suggested Assessment: Observ	mon cneckust, oral questions

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Confidently and fluently says the Islamic phrase Shukran	Correctly says the Islamic phrases	Sometimes says shukran correctly	Says shukran with difficulty
Always says shukran to others and reminds others to say	Always says shukran to others	Sometimes says shukran to others	Rarely says shukran to others

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGEST! EXPERIEN	ED LEARNING NCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
	4.4 Relationship Places of worship; (Suggested time – 2 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Name places of worship in order to respect other people's faith b) Co-exist harmoniously with people of other religions for interpersonal relations c) Use masjid as a place of worship	wo ma Lea sma Lea sma Lea in t Lea pai Lea	arners view pictures of places of orship through digital educational terials and other resources arners discuss in pairs and in all groups about places of orship arners discuss in pairs and in all groups about activities in the sijid arners role play about activities the masjid arners make a model of, onting, a drawing of a masjid arners sing songs/anashid/qasida di recite poems on masjid	 What are the places of worship? What activities take place in a masjid? Why do people go to mosque, church or temple?
Core competence	to be developed: Communi	cation and collaboration, Learning to	o learn		
		religious diversity: thers: Effective communication: Resp		Links to Values: Respect, respon	sibility, unity, peace
	tivity Areas: Environmenta	l activities		Suggested community service le books in the masjid	arning Activities: Arrange
Suggested Non-formosque and report		earning: Learners observe activities i		Suggested assessment: Oral ques	stions/ observation

Suggested Learning Resources	
Digital materials, pictures props, boxes, play dough/clay, glue, scissors, paints, crayons,	

Assessment Rubrics			
EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Correctly identifies and names places of worship used by people of different faiths	Names the places of worship used by people of different faiths	Names some places of worship used by people of different faiths	Rarely names places of worship used by people of different faiths
Interacts with people of other faiths	Interacts with people of other faiths	Interacts with some people of other	Rarely interacts with people of other
freely and harmoniously	harmoniously	faiths	faiths
Regularly goes to the mosque for	Often goes to the mosque for prayers	Sometimes goes to the mosque for	Rarely goes to the mosque for
prayers		prayers	prayers

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTI EXPERIEN	ED LEARNING CES		EY INQUIRY JESTIONS
5.0 ISLAMIC FESTIVALS	5.1 Eid Celebrations (Suggested time – 2 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Describe activities related to Eid as an Islamic festival b) Appreciate Eid as an Islamic festival c) Share happiness and joy during Eid by singing songs and exchanging gifts	son. Lea thro in p Lea care Lea acti Lea gift Lea	rners role play on Eid vities rners share and exchange	1. 2. 3.	What is Eid? How do we prepare for Eid? How do we celebrate Eid? How many Eids do you celebrate?
Core competence to	be developed: Communi	ication and Collaboration, Learning	g to learn			
Links to PCIs: Life skills: Skills of knowing and living with others: Effective communication: responding to simple instructions Life skills: Skills of knowing and living with others: Empathy: caring for others Citizenship: Understanding integrity: sharing of gifts			Links to Values: Love, resprespect	pons	ibility, peace, unity,	

Citizenship: Social cohesion: our diversity	
Links to other Activity Areas	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities:
Environmental Activities	Learners visit a children's orphanage/home, make
	donations and celebrate with the orphans
Suggested Non-Formal activity to support learning: Make Eid cards for their family	Suggested Assessment
	Observation, oral questions
Suggested Learning Resources: Pictures, digital materials, manila papers, crayons, props, git	fts, boxes,

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Clearly and systematically narrates activities related to Eid celebrations	Clearly narrates activities related to Eid celebrations	Narrates some activities related to Eid celebrations	Narrates activities related to Eid celebrations with difficulty
Willing and ready to share	Willing to share	Hesitant to share	Not willing to share

HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Essence Statement

Hindu Religious Education offers an opportunity to learn the Hindu religion and its aspects. Hindu Religion is a way of life and its teaching starts at an early age.

H.R.E is a continuation of the knowledge acquired at an early age. Its teachings integrate four faiths: Hinduism, Sikhism, Buddhism and Jainism.

The teaching of HRE aims at nurturing faith in Paramatma, self-awareness, one's social obligations and duty to the immediate environment. HRE thus, enables learners to enjoy learning and living through play. It provides an opportunity to instil in children good social habits and moral values for effective living as individuals and members of the community and Nation at large. The HRE curriculum, therefore, provides avenues for holistic physical mental, emotional and spiritual growth for learners. It enables them to develop personal beliefs while appreciating the beliefs of others. HRE also covers pertinent and contemporary issues in society such as children's rights, life skills and community service.

The learners acquire requisite competencies such as Communication and Collaboration, Imagination and Creativity, Digital Literacy, Critical Thinking and Problem solving, Learning to Learn and Self-efficacy.

GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES OF HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION:

By the end of Early Years Education the learner should be able to:

- 1. Appreciate and thank Paramatma for His Creation in relation to our existence
- 2. Develop faith in Paramatma's Love and provisions to enhance self-efficacy
- 3. Demonstrate the understanding that all the Holy Scriptures contain divine knowledge and require careful handling with respect.
- 4. Develop awareness of National/Cultural festivals and participate to demonstrate unity in diversity for national co-existence and cohesion.
- 5. Perform simple rhythmic Yoga exercises to become healthy Citizens of Kenya
- 6. Acquire a sound foundation for developing into an ideal human being.

Strand	Sub stand	Specific learning outcomes (KSA)	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 ENLIGHTENED SOULS	1.1 Names of Enlightened souls First Tirthankar Rishabhdev Hanumaan ji Guru Angad Dev ji Lord Buddha (2 lessons)	By the end of this substrand learner should be able to: a) Name Enlightened souls b) according to the four faiths c) Identify the names of Enlightened souls to familiarise themselves with his/her faith d) Appreciate the enlightened souls to enhance divine knowledge	 The learner could be introduced to other names through pictures/images/murtis/animated stories/flash cards/charts of Enlightened souls from all the 4 faiths The learner could share their knowledge on the names of Paramatma in class in groups. 	1.Mention names of great men of God?
Core Competences t	1.2 Belief in Paramatma Shabad Guru Ganesh Sarasvati Laxmi Parvati (1 lesso	a) Mention the names of Paramatma according to the four faiths b) Identify the names of Paramatma to familiarise themselves with his/her faith	 The learner could be introduced to other names of Paramatma through pictures/images/murtis/animated stories/flash cards/charts. The learner could share their knowledge on the names of Paramatma in class in groups. The learner could be taught songs/stories about Paramatma and enlightened souls 	1.Do you know names of Paramatma?

Communication and Collaboration, Creativity and Imagination, Digital Literacy, Learning to learn

Link to PCIs: Life Skills: The skills of <u>Knowing and living with others</u> , - Effective Communication_Interpersonal relationships-responding to simple verbal and non-verbal instructions.	Link to Values: Living Values:, Respect_Love, Humility and compassion- showing love and care, using kind words.				
Parental engagement and Empowerment: Telling stories and singing songs on enlightened souls, showing pictures					
Links to other subjects :	Suggested Community Service Learning activities:				
1.Numeracy: counting, sorting and matching 2. Literacy: Picture reading, Story Stating 3. Movement and Creative Activities – Picture/image recognition, singing songs.					
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation				
Collage making project at home, connecting places of worship to the deities /					
Paramatma's names, scrap book for Paramatmas' pictures					
Suggested Learning Resources Pictures and flash cards, audio visual media.	Suggested Learning Resources Pictures and flash cards, audio visual media, charts, Religious story books.				

Criterion	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Identify	Consistently and correctly recognise and identifies the images of Paramatma of particular faiths.	The learner can identify images of Paramatma with correct names as per different faiths. (Require at least three out of four faiths)	The learner at times recognize the images of Paramatma with their respective names. (Between one and two faiths)	The learner does not relate the image with correct name of Paramatma (any of the four faiths)
Attributes	The learner has correctly identified two attributes with relevant examples	The learner has correctly identified two attributes without examples	The learner has correctly identified one out of two attributes without examples	The learner has not correctly identified two attributes without examples

Strand	Sub stand	Specific learning outcomes (KSA)	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)

1.0 CREATION	1.1 Myself and extended family	a) By the end of this subtopic learner should be able to:b) Mention names of extended family for self-identity	The learner could be guided to role play as their grandparents	1.What do you call Mummy and Daddy of your parents?
Core Competences to	1.2 The Panch Mahaboot (Five Elements- Air, water, Fire, Sky, Earth) Vayu (Air)	c) identify the element Vayu (Air) in relation to the Panch Mahabhoot. (S) d) Appreciate the element Vayu(Air) as Paramatma's creation for life	The learner could be encouraged to share his/her knowledge on the importance of Air. The learner could be shown the existence of Air by observing the movement of light objects in the surroundings (balloons, feathers, papers, kites, dry leaves etc.) Ing to Learn, Self-Efficacy, Critical thinking	1.What do we breathe in and out? 2.What makes the balloon and kite fly? ng, Creative and Imagination
awareness, Personal i 2. Skills of knowing ar	identity	nd living with oneself - Self- rpersonal relationships (with (meanings of name)	Link to Values: Living Values: Respect, Love, Humility care, using kind words	and compassion- showing love and
Parental engagement a	ental awareness-Caring of and Empowerment: Telling a, Naming immediate famil	g stories and singing songs on		
Links to other subjects: Mathematical activities: Counting and counting the sets of parents (3) Language activities: Names of Animals, Birds Environmental Science		Suggested Community Service Learning learning through application The learner will be given opportunity to environmental conservation with their learner.	assist appropriately in	
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: The learner will be encouraged to help their parents and grandparents at home in age appropriate chores.			Suggested assessment: Oral questions,	portfolio, observation

Suggested Learning Resources: Resource person, Pictorial books, Outdoor Activities to show and feel the presence of Air.

Criterion	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Self-awareness and extended family	Consistently and correctly recognizes members from extended family and is aware of the relationship to them.	The learner can correctly state the names of siblings, parents and members from extended family.	The learner can at times correctly state the names of siblings, parents and members from extended family.	The learner can rarely recognize the members from extended family.
Panch Mahabhoot Vayu (Air)	Confidently appreciates the presence of Air as one of the most important creations in Panch Mahbhoot. Demonstrates the awareness of the Air's presence appropriately. The learner can also state the uses of Air.	The learner is aware of Air being one of the elements of creation and Panch Mahabhoot. Demonstrate the awareness of the Air's presence convincingly.	The learner is aware of Air being one of the elements of Panch Mahabhoot and creation.	The learner is aware of presence of Air but not as one of the elements of Panch Mahabhoot.

Strand	Sub stand	Specific learning outcomes (KSA)	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Yoga	1.1Simple postures Sitting Standing Squatting Stretching Lying down Relaxation Coping with emotion Anxiety	By end of this sub-topic learner should be able to: a) Name simple yoga postures for good health b) Demonstrate simple yoga postures correctly for physical wellbeing c) Appreciate Yoga as a way of coping with anxiety for peaceful living	 Learner could be shown charts/pictures/flash cards/videos displaying parts of the body used in performing Yoga. The learner could be guided to perform simple postures, such as. Sitting, Standing, Squatting, bending front and back through pairs or small groups. The learner could be encouraged to role play on emotions 	Which Yoga postures do you know? How do you feel after practicing yoga?
			cy, Critical thinking and problem solving	
Link to PCIs: Life Skills: 1.Skills of knowing and living with oneself - Self-awareness-parts of the body, 2. Skills of knowing and living with others- Effective Communication-coping with		Link to Values: Living Values: Resp compassion- showing love and care, a obedience.		
emotions PCIs: Health E	ducation: Communicable and non-c	ommunicable diseases		

Links to other subjects: Psychomotor activities Literacy.	Suggested Community Service Learning activities:			
Suggested Non Formal Activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation			
Invite a yoga master to demonstrate simple correct yoga postures				
Suggested Learning Resources Resource person, Pictorial books, Audio visual aids				

Criterion	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Simple correct Yoga postures	Consistently and correctly demonstrate the simple yoga postures for physical fitness. Confident and energetic after performing yoga and encourages peers for doing Yoga correctly.	Correctly demonstrate the simple yoga postures for physical fitness Learner is confident and energetic after performing yoga.	The learner at times demonstrate correctly the simple yoga postures for physical fitness.	The learner can rarely demonstrate correctly the simple yoga postures.
Anxiety.	The learner consistently copes with emotion like anxiety but also encourages peers for peaceful living.	The learner confidently copes with anxiety for peaceful living.	The learner sometimes cope with emotion like anxiety	The learner rarely copes with emotion like anxiety.

Strand	Sub stand	Specific learning outcomes (KSA)	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 WORSHIP	1.1Rituals for Jaaps and Mantras Mantra (Hindu-Gayatri Mantra, Jainism-Navkaar Mantra, Sikhism-Mool Mantra,	By end of this sub-topic learner should be able to: a) Tell the Basic Mantra in relation to his/her faith b) Demonstrate the appropriate basic rituals for Mantras to show respect for Paramatma	 The learner could be encouraged to recite the basic Mantras from 4 faiths using audio visual aid. The learners could be taken for a visit by teacher/ parents to places of worship to practice rituals performed like washing feet and hands with water, covering heads, 	1.Which Mantra do you recite? 2.At what time do you recite it? 3.What rituals do you follow when you visit the place of worship?

Buddhism-Budd Mantra) (3 lessons)	c) Appreciate recitation of Mantras as an act of worship	join hands, bowing down and s presenting offerings			
Core Competences to be developed: Co	ommunication and Collaboration, Learn	ing to Learn, Self-Efficacy			
awareness – self-efficacy Self-esteem.	2. Skills of knowing and living with others- Effective Communication-Listening		Link to Values: Living Values: Respect, Love, Humility and compassion-using kind words, obedience		
Links to other subjects: Psychomotor & creative activities: posing Suring worship Environmental Activity: Personal Hygiene		Suggested Community Service Learni plan a day of worship (through Mantras) less service).			
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: The learner will be given opportunity to practice the Jaap during morning prayer session at the school.		Suggested assessment: Oral questions,	portfolio, observation		
Suggested Learning Resources Resources	ce person, Pictorial books, Audio-visual	aids			

Criterion	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Rituals	Demonstrate and explain about	Demonstrate and mention	Demonstrate and mention a few	Demonstrate and
	the appropriate basic rituals	some of the appropriate and	of the appropriate and basic	inconsistently mention
	performed in preparations for	basic rituals performed in	rituals performed in	appropriate and basic rituals
	worship	preparations for worship.	preparations for worship	performed in preparations for
				worship

Mantra	can State the name of the Basic	can State the name of the	can State the name of the Basic	. can State the name of the
	Mantra in relation to their faith	Basic Mantra in relation to	Mantra in relation to their faith	Basic Mantra in relation to
		their faith		their faith
	can correctly and fluently		can correctly mention atleast 1	
	recite more than 1 Mantras	can correctly recite more than	Mantras from ANY of the other	is unable to correctly mention
	from ANY of the other 4 faiths	1 Mantras from ANY of the	4 faiths	even 1 Mantras from ANY of
		other 4 faiths		the other 4 faiths
	can demonstrate respect		can demonstrate respect by	
	through the various rituals	Is able to demonstrate respect	recalling very few of the rituals	can demonstrate respect by
	learnt appropriate to the	by recalling some of the	learnt appropriate to the	recalling few of the rituals
	Mantras	rituals learnt appropriate to	Mantras	learnt but not appropriate to
		the Mantras		the Mantras

Strand	Sub stand	Specific learning	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)		
1.0 Sadachar (Good Behaviour)	1.1General Etiquettes: Respect, obedience, gratitude	by the end of this subtopic learner should be able to: a) Mention words that express gratitude for a healthy relationship b) demonstrate acts of obedience to foster harmony c) appreciate the blessings that may be bestowed upon him/her because of obedience	Learners could be shown pictures/charts/animated stories on how to respond in obedience to elders. Learners could be encouraged to role play respect, obedience and gratitude through group activity.	 What do you say when your teacher gives you a book? In which way you show respect to elders/teachers? How do you obey your elders/teachers? 		
Core Competences	Core Competences to be developed: Communication and collaboration, learning to learn					
	of knowing and living with others- , Interpersonal relationship, Self-		Link to Values: <u>Living Values:</u> Responsion-using kind words, obedical sharing.			

Links to other subjects: Language-learning new words Psychosocial- social behaviour	Suggested Community Service Learning activities: visiting older citizens Learners to visit elderly homes practising how elders can be helped through selfless service.
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Teacher will plan a short enactment to depict greetings for different ages and people	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation
Suggested Learning Resources Resource person, Realia's, charts	

Criterion	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
General Etiquettes:	Confidently and consistently obedient, demonstrate respect, gratitude to all whenever and wherever expected. Encourages peers to do the same by giving examples.	Confidently and consistently obedient, demonstrate respect, gratitude to all whenever and wherever expected.	At times demonstrate obedience, respect, gratitude to elders only.	Very rare demonstrate obedience, respect, gratitude to all.
Sewa (selfless service) sharing	Always ready to help the needy by sharing different things at school and at home willingly with love and care.	Always ready to help the needy by sharing different things at school and at home willingly with love and care.	Ready to help the needy by sharing different things at school and at home when told by teachers and elders	Reluctant to help the needy by sharing different things at school and at home.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 SCRIPTURES	1.1 Names of Holy Scriptures Bhagwat Purana Bible	By the end of this sub-topic learner should be able to: a) Name Holy scriptures to promote religious	The learner could be guided to name Scriptures from the displayed charts/pictures. The serve could be guided to name Scriptures.	Name the Holy books you know which one have you
	Quran Introduction to Ramayan	b) Identify Scriptures from other faiths to promote peace and unity	Learner could be guided to tell short stories from Ramayana expressing love and unity among the four brothers, Rama, Laxman	seen at your home? 3. Have you seen Ramayan?
		c) Acknowledge all Scriptures as holy and divine	Shatrughan and Bharat.	4. Whom do you remember from Ramayan?

			The learner could be shown animated story of Ramayan(optional)				
Core Competences to be developed: Communication and Collaboration, Learning to Learn, Digital Literacy							
Link to PCIs: Life-skills: Effective communication-self-esteem, Self-efficacy Citizenship: Peace education-Integrity-Social cohesion- PCIs: Parental empowerment and engagement: Guidance			Link to Values: Respect, Love, Humility and compassion-using kind words, obedience, Social cohesion, Honesty, sharing.				
Links to other subjects :			Suggested Community Service Learning activities:				
Mathematics by knowing the number of scriptures Hygiene for handling the scriptures							
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning:			Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation				
	n the Scripture Ramayan erson to state more names of Scri	ptures					
Suggested Learning Resources Resource person, Pictorial books, Flash cards, digital images							

Criterion	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Names of Holy Scriptures	Confidentially and consistently mention names of Holy Scriptures and able to identify from other faiths	Confidentially and consistently mention names of Holy Scriptures	Correctly mention names of Holy Scriptures at times	Make mistakes in correctly mentioning names of Holy Scriptures