

KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

PRE-PRIMARY CURRICULUM DESIGNS PP1:

LANGUAGE, MATHEMATICS, PYSCHOMOTOR,

ENVIRONMENTAL, CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION,

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION AND HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

Table of Content

Language Activities for Pre-Primary	1
Mathematics Activities Curriculum Design	42
Pyschomotor and Creative Activities	67
Environmental Activities	100
Christian Religious Education Curriculum Designs	133
Islamic Religious Education Activities.	150
Hindu Religious Education	166

FOREWARD

The Basic Education Curriculum Framework (BECF) outlines the vision and mission for the curriculum reforms. The Vision of the curriculum reforms is to develop "an engaged, an empowered and ethical citizen "while the mission is to "to nurture the potential of every learner".

The framework adopts a Competency Based Curriculum and has identified seven core competences, namely; communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving, creativity and imagination, citizenship, digital literacy, learning to learn, and self-efficacy. It provides a variety of opportunities for identification and nurturing of learner's potentials and talents in preparation for life and the world of work. It is geared towards making learning enjoyable.

The curriculum designs are developed to enable implementation of the Basic Education Curriculum Framework. The design contains the National Goals of Education, outlines the Early Years Education (EYE), subject general and specific learning outcomes. It also suggests a variety of learning experiences, assessment, resources and links the topics to values, Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCI) and to other subjects.

It is my hope that all educators in Early Years Education level will anchor their delivery of Basic and Teacher education on these Curriculum Designs.

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NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

1. Foster nationalism, patriotism, and promote national unity

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions and should be able to live and interact as one people. Education should enable the learner acquire a sense of nationhood and patriotism. It should also promote peace and harmonious co-existence.

2. Promote social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development

Education should prepare the learner to play an effective and productive role in the nation.

a) Social Needs

Education should instil social and adaptive skills in the learner for effective participation in the family, community, national, regional and international development.

b) Economic Needs

Education should prepare learner with requisite competences that support a modern and independent growing economy. This should translate into high standards of living for every individual.

c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education should develop in the learner necessary competences for technological and industrial development for the nation in tandem with global trends.

3. Promote individual development and self-fulfillment

Education should provide opportunities for the learner to develop to the fullest potential. This includes development of one's interests, talents and character for positive contribution to the society.

4 Promote sound moral and religious values

Education should promote acquisition of national values as enshrined in the Kenya Constitution. It should be geared towards developing self-disciplined and ethical citizen with sound moral and religious values.

5. Promote social equity and responsibility

Education should promote social equity and responsibility. It should provide inclusive and equitable access to quality and differentiated education; including for learners with special educational needs and disabilities. Education should also provide the learner with opportunities to develop and practice shared responsibility and accountability through community service learning.

6. Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures

Education should instil in the learner appreciation of Kenya's rich and diverse cultural heritage. The learner should value own and respect other people's culture as well as embrace positive cultural practices in a dynamic society.

7. Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations

Kenya is part of the interdependent network of diverse peoples and nations. Education should empower the learner to respect, appreciate and participate in the opportunities within the international community. Education should also enable the learner to operate within the international community with full knowledge of the obligations, responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

8. Promote positive attitudes towards good health and environmental protection

Education should inculcate in the learner the value of physical and psycho-social well-being for self and others. It should promote environmental preservation and conservation, including animal welfare, for sustainable development.

GENERAL LEARNIG OUTCOMES FOR EARLY YEARS EDUCATION

By end of Early Years Education, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Communicate appropriately using verbal and/or non-verbal modes
- 2. Demonstrate basic literacy and numeracy skills
- 3. Apply digital literacy skills for learning and enjoyment
- 4. Apply creative and critical thinking skills in problem solving
- 5. Practice hygiene, proper sanitation, safety and nutrition to promote health
- 6. Practice appropriate etiquette for interpersonal relationships
- 7. Explore the immediate environment for learning and enjoyment
- 8. Demonstrate acquisition of emotional, physical, spiritual, aesthetic and moral development
- 9. Demonstrate appreciation of the country and its rich, diverse cultural heritage for harmonious living Exhibit appropriate organizational skills.
- 10. Exhibit appropriate organizational skills.

LANGUAGE ACTIVITIES FOR PRE-PRIMARY

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Language is a medium of communication. At the pre-primary level, children will be involved in activities that enhance the ability to become active listeners and speakers in diverse situations as well as express their feelings, ideas and opinions clearly and with confidence. In addition, learners will be involved in reading readiness and writing readiness activities in order to lay a good foundation for formal reading and writing instruction in grade one.

Subject General Learning Outcomes

By the end of Early Years Education, the learner should be able to:

- a) Develop appropriate listening skills from varied experiences to enrich their ability to communicate.
- b) Express own opinions, ideas and feelings creatively freely and confidently in varied situations as they appreciate others.
- c) Participate in conversation using appropriate verbal and non-verbal language in their everyday experiences.
- d) Articulate letter sounds correctly in preparation for reading.
- e) Develop appropriate reading readiness skills in varied learning experiences.
- f) Apply appropriate writing readiness skills in varied learning experiences.

PRE PRIMARY LEVEL LANGUAGE ACTIVITIES PP1

CURRICULUM DESIGN

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	s	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
1.0 LISTENING	1.1 Common greetings and farewell. (5HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand should be able to: a) Respond appropriately greetings at home and a b) Respond appropriately related greetings at home school. c) Respond appropriately home and at school. d) Respond appropriately with reference to time a at school. e) Enjoy responding approgeneral greetings and far home and at school. f) Enjoy responding to greef farewell with reference home and at school.	to general at school. to time ne and at to farewell at home and at to farewell at the farewell	 Learners to observe and imitate greetings and farewell. In pairs learners practice greeting and bidding farewell. They listen to songs, poems and rhymes on general and time related greetings and farewell. Learners are encouraged to respond to greetings every morning. Learners are encouraged to respond to farewell whenever need arises. Learners are encouraged to respond to each other's greetings and farewell. Learners to respond to visitors' 'greetings and farewell whenever an opportunity arises'. Pictures of people greeting could be displayed on charts and walls. Electronic devices could be used to encourage learners to listen and respond to greetings and farewell. Learners are encouraged to pay attention to other greeting and farewell opportunities that arise at home and at school. 	1. Who do you meet every day? 2. What time is it likely to happen? 3. How do you greet them at that time?
	e developed: Commun	cation and collaboration, Dig			
Link to PCI Life skills: Inter Citizenship: Pea	personal communication	1	Link to Valu	es: Respect, Unity, Love	
Link to other Activity Areas: Environmental activities.		Arrange for t	ommunity Service Learning he learners to listen and respond to parents greetings du ners will also respond to parents bid parents farewell af		
In groups learner	Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application In groups learners role play greeting and bidding farewell. Learners should be encouraged to pay attention to each other and respond appropriately.			ssessment ns, observations, portfolio	

Teaching/Learning Resources: Pictures, realia, charts, electronic devices devices

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Approaching Expectation	Meets expectation	Below Expectation
Responds to general and time	The learner always listens	The learner consistently listens	Appears to listen carefully	The learner consistently
related greetings	efficiently and responds	carefully and is able to respond	but is not able to respond	has difficulty listening
	consistently to greetings and	to greetings and farewell	appropriately to greetings	and responding to
	farewell using a variety of	appropriately both verbally and	and farewell.	greetings and bidding
	relevant responses e.g. Hello	non-verbally. E.g. Hello, Good		farewell both verbally and
	Teacher, Good Morning	Morning, Good bye.		non-verbally.
	teacher, Good bye Teacher.			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
	1.2 Listening for enjoyment (7HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Respond appropriately to a variety of listening experiences in and out of class. b) Demonstrate enjoyment in a variety of listening experiences.	Learners could be involved in listening to recorded songs, poems and rhymes. Encouraging learners to view recorded clips of their own activities. The activities may include learners singing, telling stories, reciting poems and rhymes. Learners listen to short and interesting stories while mimicking some characters in the story. Learners can be encouraged to sing or dance in response to instrumental music. The listening experiences should be made fun. This could be done by tone variation, use of puppets, pictures, costumes, animated	1. What do children enjoy listening to? 2. What makes listening interesting/enjoyable?

Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, Communication to PCI Life skills: Effective communication, Turn taking, Sha Link to other Activity Areas: Environmental activitie	ring	stories, musical instruments among others. • Guide learners in listening to short stories about things in the immediate environment e.g trees, animals and people. • Some of the stories could be presented by a selected resource person. Link to values: Cooperation, Suggested Community Service Learning Organize for a School music day where parents are invited.		
		Learners listen and dance to a variety of songs and instrumental music. They could also listen to stories told by parents for enjoyment.		
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application		Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations, portfolio		
Organize a class fun-day for learners to listen and dance to recorded songs and instrumental				
music for fun. Learners could dress in singing costume	- · · ·			
	Teaching/Learning Resources: Electronic devices, costumes, musical instruments, pictures, musical instruments, puppets, animated stories, realia, resource person,			
radio programmes				

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Approaching Expectation	Meets expectation	Below Expectation
Respond to a variety of	Pays attention, responds with a	Responds by dancing to rhythm,	Responds to dance and	Appears to listen but
listening experience	variety of actions, dances to	and sustained attention to the	rhythm but does not sustain	makes no visible response
	rhythm and asks questions about	stories	attention	
	the story.			

Sub Strand	Specific learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Inquiry Questions	
1.3 Active Listening	By the end of the sub-strand the	• In pairs or small groups, learners tell news in	1. How do you show interest in	
(7HRS)	learner should be able to: a) Respond to simple instructions in and out of class.	 turns while others are listening. Learners could view recorded content using electronic devices and be guided to mimic/imitate. 	a conversation? 2. When should you speak during a conversation?	

b) Take turns during conversations in and out of school. c) Take pleasure in responding to simple instructions in and out of class. d) Enjoy taking turns in a conversation in and out of school.	 Learners should be given simple instructions and encouraged to respond. In pairs or small groups, learners are guided to take turns in conversations. Learners are encouraged to answer simple questions during conversations. Learners could be encouraged to ask questions during conversations. Encourage learners to view recorded clips of their own conversations while providing positive feedback. Encourage learners to say what others have said in a conversation. Guide learners to appreciate the contribution of others during conversations. Appreciate the learners' responses. In small groups, learners could be involved in verbal games, songs, poems and rhymes that involve turn taking. Learners observe and imitate demonstrations of turn taking in conversations.
	Learners take turns to speak during
Composition and collaboration District	conversations.
Core-competence developed: Communication and collaboration, Digital	
Link to PCI and values: Life skills: Listening to others, effective	Link to values: respect
communication, ability to take instructions Link to other Activity Areas: Environmental and religious activities	Suggested Community Service Learning/ Learners to have their parents or other family members tell them a story with repeated scenes. The person telling the story involves the learners in mimicking, singing and acting out the repeated scenes
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested Assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio
application	
Organize for a story telling session by a resource person. Learners are	
encouraged to participate as the story is narrated. Selected Learners could	
also wear appropriate attire /costumes for the story being narrated.	
Teaching/Learning Resources: Recorded programmes, video clips, electrons	ronic devices, realia, musical instruments, costumes

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Approaching Expectation	Meets expectation	Below Expectation
Respond to simple	Responds to simple instructions	Responds to some simple	Responds to some simple	Responds to a few simple
instruction and takes	and consistently takes turns in a	instructions and sometimes takes	instructions, takes turns in a	instructions but does not take
turns in conversation	conversation without guidance	turns in a conversation without	conversation with guidance.	turns in conversations.
		guidance		

Sub Strand	Specific learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Inquiry Questions
1.4 Passing information (5HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Convey verbal messages effectively in and out of class. b) Listen to information attentively for effective communication in and out of class. c) Experience pleasure in passing verbal messages in and out of class.	 Learners participate in activities that involve conveying messages to other learners or to teachers. In pairs and small groups learners practice conveying messages to each other. Encourage learners to pay attention when listening to other children, teachers and others. Appreciate learners for passing messages effectively. Encourage learners to engage in dialogue with each other. Involve learners in conveying messages whenever an opportunity arises. 	 What opportunities arise for children to pass verbal information? How can children be involved in passing verbal messages?

Communication and collaboration

Link to PCI ESD: Environmental education; environmental awareness. Life skills: Effective communication.	Link to Values: Responsibility, respect.
Link to other Activity Areas Environmental	Suggested Community Service Learning Learners invite other learners from other classes within the school for a story telling session organized for their class.
Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application Message delivery activity where the teacher sends a learner with a verbal message to another person outside the class with instructions that s/he will be required to bring the feedback. Teaching/Learning Resources: whisper games, electronic devices, locally many through the second s	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations, portfolio

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaching expectation	Below Expectation
Passes verbal messages	Listens and delivers a	Listens but delivers a related but	Listens but delivers a	Appears to listen but fails to
	precise/intended message	not fully accurate message	distorted message	deliver message or delivers a
				distorted message

Core-competence developed: Learning to learn, Citizenship.	discrimination (5HRS) the learner should be able to: a) Recognize sounds in the environment. b) Respond appropriately to sounds in the environment. c) Enjoy listening to sounds in the environment Inverse Engineer should be able to: a) Recognize sounds in the environment. c) Enjoy listening to sounds in the environment • Inverse Engineer should be able to: inverse sounds in the environment. c) Enjoy listening to sounds in the environment • Engineer should be able to: inverse sounds in the environment. c) European sounds in the environment. c) Enjoy listening to sounds in the environment environment. c) Enjoy listening to sounds in the environment environment. c) Enjoy listening to sounds in the environment environment. e	1. What are the common sounds in the environment? 2. What sounds do different animals produce? 3. Which sounds in the school environment call for specific response? 4. How are children expected to respond to such sounds? 4. How are children expected to respond to such sounds?
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Link to PCI	Link to Values:, Cooperation, Responsibility(,being responsible during the
ESD: Environmental education, Environmental awareness	nature walk)
Link to other subjects:	Suggested Community Service Learning
Environmental Activities	Arrange for children to present a singing game incorporating auditory
Psychomotor and creative activities	discrimination in a community function.
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application Learners take a nature walk within the school environment. They identify various sounds in the environment.	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation
Teaching/Learning Resources: electronic devices, bells, whistle, letter sound	games DVDs interactive digital programmes radio programme alarm realia

sirens, animals, objects, vehicles

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaching expectation	Below Expectation
Recognize sounds in the	Identifies, can imitate and	Recognizes and responds	Identifies and imitates sounds	May identify some sounds but
environment	consistently responds	appropriately to sounds	but does not necessarily	does not necessarily respond
	appropriately to sounds in the		respond	to these sounds
	environment			

1.6 Auditory Memory (5HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Recall a variety of sounds in the environment. b) Recall letter sounds in class. c) Respond appropriately to sounds in the environment. d) Take pleasure in listening to sounds in the environment.	•	Expose learners to a variety of sounds in the environment. They could be taken for a nature walk and encouraged to recall the sounds heard. Expose learners to a variety of sounds in environment and encouraged to recall them. Engage learners in listening to audio letter sound clips. Learners listen to and articulate letter sounds. In pairs and small groups, learners could be engaged in language games e.g letter sounds, letter names and fishing games. Learners should be encouraged to participate in conversations by exploring their prior experience.	 2. 3. 	What are the common sounds in the environment? What are the best ways of exposing learners to sounds? How can opportunities be presented for children to listen to these sounds?
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	Encourage learners to say what they heard at
	ş ,
	nome or on way to school.
Core-competence developed: Communication and collaboration, learning to learn	a, digital literacy.
Link to PCI	Link to Values: Cooperation, responsibility
Education for sustainable development: Environmental education,	
environmental awareness.	
DRR: Safety	
Life skills: Effective communication, critical thinking.	
Links to other Activity Areas	Suggested Community Service Learning
Environmental activities.	Arrange for children to present a singing game incorporating auditory memory in
	a community function.
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application	Suggested assessment: oral questions, observations, portfolio
Learners visit an animal orphanage where the teacher encourages them to listen	
to sounds made by different animals. They are then guided to recall the sounds	
made by various animals.	
Teaching/Learning Resources: Electronic devices, flash cards, audio clips, letter	sound games and fishing games, realia

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaching expectation	Below Expectation
Recall a variety of sounds	Recalls all sounds in the	Recalls most sounds in the	Recalls most sounds in the	Is able to recall a few
Recall letter sounds	environment. Can also recall all	environment and can recall	environment and can recall	sounds in the environment
	letters of the alphabet and all	about 75% of the letters of	about 50% of the letters of the	but is not able to recall
	letter sounds	the alphabet and letter	alphabet and letter sounds.	letters of the alphabet and
		sounds.		letter sounds

Strand	Sub-strand	Suggested learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key Inquiry questions
2.0 SPEAKING	2.1 Common general and time-related greetings and farewell (5HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Use a range of words for general greetings in school and at home. b) Greet people verbally with reference to time at home and at school.	 Learners listen to and imitate general and time related greetings and farewell after observing demonstrations of such. In pairs or small groups, learners could practice general and time related greetings and farewell. Learners to observe pictures or charts on greeting and farewell and practice greeting and bidding farewell. 	 What opportunities arise for greetings and bidding farewell at home and at school? Who do you greet at home and at school? How do you greet people at different times of the day?

	c) Bid people farewell using appropriate words at home and at school. a. Take pleasure in greeting and bidding farewell at home and at school.	 Encourage learners to respond to greetings and farewell using verbal and non-verbal language at relevant times in the day. Guide learners to greet as well as bid farewell to visitors who come to class Encourage learners to greet and bid farewell to visitors and family members at home using appropriate words. Encourage learners to listen to and imitate general and time related greetings and farewell presented on recorded clips. Learners could practice general and time related greetings and farewell through role playing communication with phones.
Core-competence developed: Digital lit Link to PCI: Life skills: Effective communication, int		Link to Values: Peace, cooperation, unity, respect
Link to other activity areas: Environme		Suggested community service learning Organize for a School music day where parents are invited. Learners welcome visitors by greeting them as they arrive for the day and bid farewell after the event.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support Arrange for a visit to another class in the greeting and bidding farewell. Teaching/Learning Resources: Recorded	neighborhood and practice appropriate	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, Observations, portfolio

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaching expectation	Below Expectation
Use a variety of words to	Greets and bids farewell	Consistently greets and bids	Attempts to greet and bid	Attempts to greet and bid
bid people farewell	appropriately using a variety of	farewell using a range of words	farewell but with a limited range	farewell but has difficulty
	general as well as time related	for greeting and bidding farewell	of appropriate words.	using appropriate words.
	greetings and farewell.	at different times of the day.		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
Strand	Sub-strand 2.2 Self-expression (7HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Express own needs at home and at school. b) Express emotions and feelings appropriate at home and at school. c) Use appropriate vocabulary to express feelings and emotions in school and at	 Involve learners in activities for recognizing emotions. Guide children to name various emotions after observing a demonstration of variety of emotions. Encourage children to talk about how they feel. Guide learners to sing and act out different emotions. Learners look at pictures 	 Key inquiry questions 1. How do we implore children to express themselves? 2. What is the appropriate way of expressing feelings and emotions?
		home. d) Use appropriate vocabulary to express own needs in school and at home. e) Enjoy expressing themselves verbally at home and in school.	depicting different feelings and emotions and identify these. Learners sing songs and recite poems and rhymes on feelings and emotions. Appreciate learners for expressing their feelings and emotions appropriately. Respond appropriately when children express needs, feelings or emotions. In pairs and small groups learners could practice expressing needs, feelings and emotions and responding to each other. Learners observe or listen to the teacher expressing him or herself	
			 Encourage learners to express themselves in school and at home. Learners could view video clips depicting various emotions and feelings and talk about them. 	

Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, Communic	eation and collaboration	 Introduce words that give preschoolers a way to express their feelings and emotions e.g happy, sad, tired and lonely, enjoy among others. Discourage use of inappropriate means of expressing emotions, feelings and needs such as grabbing, shouting, crying, fighting among others. 		
Link to PCI and values:		Link toValues: Cooperation, peace, conflict resolution.		
Life skills: Coping with emotions, effective communication,				
Link to other activity areas:		Suggested community service learning		
Environmental Activities, Religious Education		During a child's birthday, learners join in the celebrations. They are		
		encouraged to talk about how they feel. Children are encouraged to express		
		themselves using various activities.		
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning thro		Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations, portfolio		
Learners express themselves by presenting activities such a	as songs, poems,			
rhymes or narratives at the school assembly.				
Teaching/learning resources: costumes, realia, cards, cha	arts, pictures, video clips			

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching	Below expectation
			expectation	
Express and use own	Efficiently express her /him	Uses appropriate	Expresses needs and	Attempts to express her needs and
emotions and feelings	feeling and emotions using a	vocabulary to express	emotions using	emotions but has difficulty using
	variety of appropriate vocabulary.	her/his needs and	appropriate vocabulary.	appropriate vocabulary.
		emotions.		

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning	Key inquiry questions
			experiences	
Speaking	2.3 Polite language	By the end of the sub-strand the	Learners imitate making	1. What do we say when
	(5HRS)	learner should be able to:	verbal requests (e.g. please,	requesting for something?
			thank you) after watching a	
			demonstration.	

	 a) Use appropriate vocabulary when making requests at home and at school. b) Use appropriate vocabulary when appreciating at home and at school. c) Experience pleasure in making requests at home and at school. d) Take pleasure in appreciating others when need arises. 	that incorporate making requests and appreciating.	 What do we say when we receive something from somebody? What situations arise in class and out of class for making requests or appreciation?
Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, Commun collaboration,	ication and		
Link to PCI and values:	Link to	Values: Cooperation, humility, peac	ee, unity, respect.
Life skills: Effective communication, inter-personal relat	tionship.		
Link to other activity areas:		ed community service learning	
Environmental Activities, Religious Education		A trip to the shops: Learners are guided to practice making requests and	
		tion when buying at the shop.	
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning thr	rough annlication Suggest	ed assessment: Oral questions, obse	rvations portfolio

Organize an inter-class outdoor activity where they share various playing materials. Encourage learners to request for materials appropriately and to make appreciation as need arises.

Teaching/Learning Resources: video clips, realia, pictures, charts

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching	Below expectation
			expectation	
Use appropriate	Efficiently makes request,	Consistently makes request,	Attempts to make	Uses vocabulary for making
vocabulary when making	courteous expression and	courteous expression and	request and appreciation	request and appreciating with
request	appreciation using a variety of	appreciation using a variety of	but with limited	difficulty.
	vocabulary.	vocabulary.	vocabulary	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
Strand Speaking	Sub-strand 2.4 Audience Awareness (5HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate awareness of own voice in and out of class. b) Speak clearly when talking to others in and out of class. c) Speak loudly enough for the audience to hear in school and at home d) Experience pleasure in varying own voice when	Encouraged learners to listen to recorded pieces of their own voice. Learners listen to recorded pieces of various children's voices and identify their own voice. Encourage learners to vary voice when singing songs, telling stories and reciting poems and rhyme. Learners should be guided to project and vary their voices appropriately.	1. How should I speak to someone that is near? 2. What should I do to my voice if the person am speaking to moves away from me? 3. What can I do to my voice for him/her to hear if he/she continues to move further away?
		communicating with others.	 Learners are encouraged to project their voice when reporting an offence e.g. when reporting an offence to the teacher. In pairs, learners practice speech activities whereby the 	

	distance between the speaker
	and the listener is varied. The
	speaker is encouraged to vary
	his or her own voice
	accordingly to meet the needs
	of the listener.
	• Learners could be engaged in
	a listening to a radio or other
	recorded piece. The volume
	of the radio could be
	deliberately raised and
	lowered and the learners
	encouraged to talk about how
	this affects their ability to
	hear well.
	Individually and in groups,
	learners could be involved in
	presenting songs, poems and
	rhymes in class and during
	parade.
Core competence developed: Digital Literacy, Communication And Collaboration.	The state of the s
Link to PCI:	Link to Values: Cooperation, Peace
Life skills: Effective communication, self-awareness, Conflict resolution	
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Activities, Environmental	Suggested community service learning
Activities.	Take the Learners to a function (such as a wedding or national
	celebration). Involve them in presenting songs, poems or rhymes to the
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application	gathering.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Suggested assessment: oral questions, observation, portfolio
Learners make a variety of presentations such as songs, poems or rhymes or narratives at the school assembly.	
Teaching/Learning Resources: Recorded clips of voices, radio, costumes, mask	

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation	
Speak clearly and loudly	Efficiently projects and varies	Consistently speaks with	An attempt to control own	Is aware of own voice but does	
enough for audience to	own voice.	appropriate projection and	voice but demonstrates	not project or vary own voice.	
hear		variation.	difficulty in projection and		
			variation.		

Strand Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
Core competence developed: Digital Literacy, Cor Link to PCI:	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Convey verbal messages effectively to the teacher and to other learners. b) Use relevant vocabulary to pass verbal information to the teacher and other learners. c) Enjoy passing verbal messages to the teacher and other learners.	 Learners could be encouraged to talk to each other or to the teacher about themselves. Task learners in delivering verbal messages to other learners or to teachers in the school. In pairs or small groups learners could tell and retell news and short stories. The teacher should appreciate when 	1. What do we talk about in class or in school? 2. What do children like to tell the teacher about? 3. What opportunities arise for children to talk to each other? 4. What do children enjoy talking about? 5. What do children like to talk to each other about?
Life skills : Effective communication, self-awarenes relationship.	s, self-esteem, inter-personal		
Link to other activity areas: Environmental Activity	ties.	Suggested community service learning	

	Take the learners for a visit to a neighboring school. After the visit, engage the learners in talking about who they met, what they saw, and what they heard.			
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations, portfolio			
Learners practice passing information through singing games.				
Teaching/Learning: Video clips, realia, posters, cards, phones(real or locally made), pictures, charts				

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Convey verbal messages	Efficiently and effectively passes	Consistently passes	Passes information accurately	Enjoys passing information but
	information	information accurately and	but not effectively.	not accurately or effectively
		efficiently	-	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
Speaking	2.6 Naming (7HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Name objects, people, animals and colours in the immediate environment. b) Take pleasure in naming objects, people, animals and colours in the immediate environment.	 Engage learners in naming objects in class and within the school compound. Involve learners in naming people in relation to theme. Learners recite poems and rhymes on objects, people and colours related to theme. Involve learners in naming colours with reference to objects in the environment. Engage learners in identifying colours in the immediate environment. Take learners for a nature walk and encourage them to identify colours. Engage learners in vocabulary games. Integrate new words into the child's play and daily experiences by naturally weaving them in and out of conversations with children. Emphasize words through use of concrete objects and pictures. 	 Which people are we likely to find at home, in school, at the market or in a hospital? (Depending on the theme) What objects are we likely to find at home, in school, at the market or in a hospital? (Depending on the theme)

		 Learners could be involved in viewing video clips or animation to help them connect words with meaning. 	
Core competence developed: Digital Liter	acy, Learning to Learn		
Link to PCI: Life skills: Effective communication,		Link to Values: Cooperation.	
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Activities, Environmental Activities		Suggested community service learning Learners bring assorted items from home be donated to a needy family. Encourage learners to name these items.	
Suggested Non-formal activity to support Take learners for a walk around the school of put it in the dustbins. Guide them to name of come across.	compound as they correct rubbish and	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, of	bservation, portfolio
Teaching/Learning Resource: Objects, lar	guage games, pictures, charts, learning	corners	

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Name objects, people,	Efficiently name objects, people	Consistently uses	Name some objects, people	Names some objects, people
animals and colours	and colours with a variety of	appropriate vocabulary to	and colours appropriately.	and colours with difficulty.
	vocabulary.	name objects people and		
		colours		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
Speaking	2.7 Articulation of	By the end of the sub-strand	The teacher should display charts	1. How do different letters
	Letter Sounds (7 HRS)	the learner should be able to:a) Articulate vowels in and out of school.b) Articulate consonants in	 with all the letters of the alphabet on the wall. Learners should be guided to recite letters of the alphabet. 	sound? 2. What is the sound corresponding to each upper case (capital) letter and its
		and out of school. c) Demonstrate awareness of letter-sound correspondence in class. d) Take pleasure in articulating vowels and	 Encourage learners to observe and imitate articulation of vowel sounds (a, e, i, o, u) after watching a demonstration. Encourage learners to articulate letter sounds after someone. 	equivalent lower case (small) letter? 3. Which themes provide opportunities for learners to articulate specific letter sounds?

consonants in and out of	• Learners should be encouraged to 4. The sub-theme 'domestic
school.	practice articulating vowel sounds. animals' provides
	• Learners could be engaged in opportunities for learners to
	singing songs, reciting poems and hear articulation of sound /d/
	rhymes relating to vowel sounds. as in dog, duck, donkey.
	Demonstrate articulation of
	consonant sounds and encourage
	the learners to articulate these
	sounds.
	Encourage learners to practice
	articulating consonant sounds.
	Learners could be engaged in
	singing songs, reciting poems and
	rhymes relating to consonant
	sounds.
	In pairs or small groups learners
	could be engaged in activities such
	as sound articulation games e.g.
	fishing games, skittle games, dice
	games among others to enhance
	sound articulation.
	Integrate letter sounds into the
	child's play and daily experiences.
	Emphasize articulation of sounds
	through use of flash cards and
	charts.
	Learners could be involved in
	power point presentations of letter
	sounds and illustrations to help
	them connect letters with their
	respective sounds.
	Guide learners to view and listen to
	sound video clips and other
	interactive programmes that enhance letter sound articulation.
	Help the learners relate the upper
	case (capital) letter and the lower
	case (small) letter with the
	corresponding sound.

Core competence developed: Learning to learn, Digital Literacy, Communication and collaboration			
Link to PCI:	Link to values: Cooperation		
Life skills: Effective communication.			
Link to other activity areas: psychomotor and creative activities	Suggested community service learning With one or two other pre primary schools, organize a joint fun learning day with an emphasis on letter sound articulation activities including songs, games, poems and rhymes.		
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application Learners present an outdoor singing game for letter sound articulation during a parent's day.	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio		
Feaching/Learning Resources: Charts, flash cards, letter cut-outs, letter charts, glue, DVDs, tablets, video clips			

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Articulate vowels and	Fluently articulates vowels and	Consistently articulates	Articulate some vowels and	Struggles to articulate vowels
letter sounds	consonant and corresponds letters	vowels and consonant and	consonants but has difficulty	and letter sounds and have
	and sounds appropriately.	correspond letters and	corresponding letters and	difficulty corresponding letters
		sounds.	sounds.	and sounds.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
3.0 Reading	3.1 Book handling skills (5 HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Hold book top side up in and out of school. b) Demonstrate ability to turn pages from right to left when opening a page in and out of school. c) Take pleasure in book handling and storage activities in and out of school.	 Learners could be engaged in a book handling activity and be guided to hold book top side up and turn pages from right to left. Learners view and imitate a video clip depicting holding book top side up and turning pages from right to left. Learners sing rhymes related holding books top side up and turning pages from right to left. In pairs or small groups learners practice dusting, covering and arranging books at appropriate places. 	 How do we hold books when reading? How do we move our eyes when reading? How do you open pages of a book when reading?
Core-competence Communication a	e developed and collaboration, digital lit	eracy, learning to learn.		
Link to PCI	ive thinking, critical thinking	•	Link to Values: Cooperation, Responsibility	

Link to other Activity Areas	Suggested Community Service Learning		
Psychomotor and creative	Learners can be taken to a library or a book corner in another class where they		
	practice dusting books and arranging them properly.		
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, Observation		
Organize an inter-group contest for book handling activities.			
Teaching/Learning Resources: Pictures, animations, realia, recorded rhymes, radio programmes, books, video clips, bookshelves			

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Hold book	Consistently holds the book top	Holds the book top side up and turn	Holds the book top side up and is able	Attempts to hold the book
appropriately	side up turns and sustains	pages from right to left.	to turns pages from right to left with	top side up and does not
and turn pages	orientation of turning pages		guidance.	sustain the turnings pages
from right to	from right to left			from right to left.
left				

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
Reading	3.2 Reading readiness skills (5HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate left-right eye orientation when reading. b) Demonstrate top-down orientation skills when reading. c) Turn pages from right to left when opening a page. d) Enjoy participating in pre-reading activities in and out of school.	 In pairs or in groups, learners can be encouraged to arrange pictures from left to right. Learners view animated pictures that drag and drop from left to right in a video clip. Learners could be engaged in a picture walk activity and guided to turn pages from right to left. Learners view and imitate a video clip depicting the turning of pages from right to left. Learners sing rhymes related to left-right orientation, top-bottom orientation and turning pages from right to left. In pairs or small groups learners practice looking at pictures from left to right, moving from top-to-bottom of 	 How do you move your eyes when reading? How do turn pages of a book when reading?

Core competence: Digital literacy, learning to learn, communication and collaboration.				
Link to PCIs:	Link to values			
Life skills: effective communication, self-awareness	Sharing ,cooperation, responsibility			
Link to other activity areas: Environmental	Suggested community learning activities: organize learners to show case			
	their pre-reading skills to the visiting parents.			
Suggested non- formal activity to support learning: inter-group language	Suggested assessment			
contest that incorporates pre-reading activities.	Observation, oral questions			
Teaching / learning resources:				
Video clips, picture books, picture cut-outs, charts, letter cards, objects.				

Indicator	Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Left-right eye orientation	Consistently turns pages from	Turns pages from right to left and	Turns pages from right to left	Turns the pages from
Turn pages right to left	right to left, and effectively	sustains left to right and top to	and attempts to sustain left to	right to left with guidance
				but does not demonstrate

sustains left to right and top to	bottom eye orientation most of the	right top to bottom eye	left to right, top-bottom
bottom eye orientation.	time.	orientation.	eye orientation.

Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
3.3 Print awareness (5HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Talk about pictures in and out of school. b) Demonstrate awareness of print in and out of school. c) Show interest in reading in and out of school. d) Enjoy reading pictures in and out of school.	 Learners could be provided with relevant picture and encouraged talk about them. Encourage learners to answer questions about pictures. Learners can be engaged in 'read aloud' activities. Read a story aloud and encourage learners to look at pictures depicting the story. Guide learners to view and talk about recorded clips of pictures. Learners could view video clips with pictures and encouraged to talk and answer questions about them. Learners could view video clips depicting stories and be encouraged to answer questions on the story on pairs or in small groups learners could ask and answer questions about pictures. Provide pictures relating to things that interest children to capture their attention. Encourage learners to bring pictures from home. Encourage learners to share pictures and books. 	What pictures do you enjoy looking at? What pictures interest learners?
Core-competence developed Communication and collaboration, cr	itical thinking . Digital literacy		
Link to PCI		Link to Value: Respect, sharing, cooperation	
Life skills: Effective communication	, safety.		
Link to other Activity Areas: Psychomotor and Creative activities		Suggested Community Service Learning Take learners or a walk to a nearby road where they have prepared with the teacher.	fix various road signs, they
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to	support learning through application	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation	, portfolio

Children to observe and interpret various road signs put around the playground at school.

Teaching/Learning Resources: Picture books, read aloud stories, recorded clips of, pictures, video clips, charts, tablets

Indicator	Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Read pictures	Observes pictures and talks	Consistently observes and	Observes and talks about	Observes pictures but has
	about them with detail.	talks about pictures with	pictures but with little interest	difficulty talking about them.
		interest and sustained	and attention.	
		attention.		

	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry
				question
	3.4 Visual discrimination (5 HRS)	 a) Talk about similarities in objects and pictures in class. b) Talk about differences in objects and pictures in class. c) Enjoy participating in visual discrimination activities in and out of class. 	 Engage learners in games that enhance visual discrimination Guide learners to fix jigsaw puzzles. Learners identify odd-one out pictures, objects from a set of pictures or objects respectfully. Engage learners in matching and pairing objects and pictures. In pairs or small groups involve learners in playing visual discrimination games, fix jigsaw puzzles among other visual discrimination activities. Include a jigsaw of the National Flag and for the road signs. Make deliberate attempts to make the learning activities fun. 	1. What visual discrimination experiences do children enjoy?
Core-comp	etence: Communication a	nd collaboration, Learning to learn, Criti	cal and creative thinking for problem solving, Citizenship	
Link to PC			Link toValues: Cooperation	
		thinking, creative thinking		
Link to oth	er activity areas : Enviror	nmental activities	Suggested Community service learning Organize to take learners for a library visit experience tha discrimination experiences	t incorporates visual
		upport learning through application est that incorporates visual discrimination	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations, por	tfolio

Teaching/Learning Resources: pictures, animations, realia, video clips, recorded rhymes, radio programmes, jig-saw puzzles, charts, flash cards

Indicator	Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Recognize similarity and differences in objects and pictures	Efficiently recognizes similarities and differences in objects and pictures.	Recognizes similarities and differences in objects and pictures.	Attempts to identify differences or similarities in objects and pictures.	Observes without recognizing differences or similarities in objects and pictures.
oojeets and pretares	in cojecto ana pietares.		oojeets and pictures.	oojeeta ana pietares.

	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
	3.5 Visual memory (5 HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Recall objects, colours and pictures in class. b) Recall letters of the alphabet in books and charts. c) Talk about what they have seen in class. d) Enjoy participating in visual memory activities at in and out of class.	 Individually, in pairs or small groups, learners could be engaged in visual memory games. In pairs or small groups, learners are guided to play letter memory games. Learners visit a learning corner within the school and later recall they what they saw. Learners to view sets of three to five objects, pictures or letters in a video clip and be guided to recall the objects, pictures or letters. Learners look at pictures on a page for a while, then close the page and recall the pictures they have seen. In pairs and small groups learners are engaged in interactive digital visual memory games. Learners could be encouraged to recall what they saw e.g. at home or on way to or from school. Make efforts to make the learning activities exciting and provide pictures relating to themes. 	1. What do you see around class?
Link to PC		and collaboration, learning to learn, digital	Link to Values: Cooperation, Honesty, Responsibility	
		, Problem solving, Critical	Zink to values. Cooperation, fronesty, responsionity	
Link to oth	er activity areas:		Suggested Community Service Learning	
Psychomotor and creative activities, Environmental activities			Organize for learners to another class to assist in arranging Later on learners are encouraged to recall the items they sa	
		support learning through application pound and then later recall what they have	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfo	lio

Teaching /Learning Resources: Language games, pictures, objects, video clips, flashcards, radio programmes, digital visual memory games

Indicator	Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Recall colours,	Effectively recalls colours, pictures	Recalls colours, pictures and most	Recalls colours, pictures and	Is able to recall pictures but
pictures, objects and	and all letters of the alphabet in	letters of the alphabet in class.	some letters of the alphabet	not letters of the alphabet in
letters of the alphabet	class.		in class.	class.

S	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
	3.6 Reading Posture (5 HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate appropriate reading posture when reading in and out of class. b) Identify correct reading postures in pictures or in class. c) Identify incorrect reading postures in pictures or in class. d) Enjoy participating in activities for reading posture in and out of class.	 Encourage learners to practice the correct reading posture after observing a demonstration. Learners practice sitting properly when picture reading. Learners sing songs and recite poems and rhymes related to appropriate reading posture. In pairs, learners practice correct reading posture. Consistently provide appropriate models of the reading posture. Consistently discourage inappropriate reading postures. 	Why should you sit appropriately when reading? What are the inappropriate reading postures?
Link to PCI at		earning to learn, Digital literacy, Commu	Link to Values: Responsibility, Cooperation	
Health educat	tion: Body posture	- My body, Self esteem	Link to Values. Responsibility, Cooperation	
Link to other	activity areas: Psycho	omotor and creative activities.	Suggested community service learning activities:	
Non- Formal A	Activity to support lea	rning through application	Suggested Assessment	
During a reading	ng session in class. Lear orrect reading posture. A	rners take turns to identify children who a Afterwards they sing for them a reading		
Teaching /Lea	arning resources: Vide	o clips, pictures, recorded (songs, poems	, and rhymes), library, chair and table	

Indicator	Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Demonstrate appropriate reading posture when reading	Effectively sits in appropriate posture.	Consistently sits and sustains appropriate posture.	Sits in appropriately and attempts to sustain posture.	With guidance to sits appropriately but does not sustain posture.

Sub	b strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
	Letter Recognition (6 HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Recognize letters of the alphabet in upper case in and out of class. b) Recognize letters of the alphabet in lower case in and out of class. c) Match upper case letters with corresponding I case letters in class. d) Enjoy participating in letter recognition activities in and out of class.	 Encourage learners to identify letters on environmental print. Guide learners to fix letter jigsaws. Expose learners to recognize letters on walls, charts, cards and labels to enhance letter recognition. Learners could sing songs or recite poems and rhymes related to letter recognition while displaying letters. Learners could be engaged in matching upper and lower case letters. Individually or in small groups, learners could be engaged in activities related to letter recognition such as letter recognition such as letter recognition games e,g letter fishing games, letter sorting trays, letter basket balls, letter hunting games among others. Learners compete in letter recognition games. Encourage fairness in winning and acceptance in loosing. 	In which play experiences can learners acquire letter recognition?

	Make deliberate efforts to incorporate letters in children's play to enhance letter recognition.
Core-competence: Learning to learn, digital literacy	
Link to PCI	Values: Fairness, Cooperation, Peace
Life skills: Coping with emotions, Effective communication, Self esteem	
Links to other activity areas: Psychomotor and creative activities	Suggested Community Service Learning With the help of parents, learners collect print materials that need to be disposed and take them to school for letter recognition activities.
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application Organize an inter-group language contest incorporating letter recognition activities.	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations, portfolio
Teaching/Learning Resources: Letter stickers, letter jig-saw, charts, flash cards hunting games, letter sorting trace, letter basket balls.	, talking walls, recorded (poems and rhymes), letter recognition games, letter

Indicator	Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Recognize and match	Recognizes letters in upper and	Recognizes letters in upper and	Recognizes some letters in lower	Recognizes some letters
letter of the alphabet	lower and matches all letters	lower and can match some	and upper case but has difficulty	in lower case
in both lower and	consistently.		matching them.	
upper				

CURRICULUM DESIGN WRITING

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions
4.0 Writing	4.1 Book handling	By the end of the sub-strand the learner	Demonstrate how to turn pages from right	1. How do we arrange
	skills	should be able to:	to left and guide learners to practice	books on shelves?
	(5 HRS)	a) Demonstrate how to handle books	turning pages from left to right.	2. In what ways do
		properly		children mishandle
				books?

b) Enjoy participating in book handling activities. c) Participate in storing books prop in and out of school.	 Encourage learners to practice a writing walk where they turn pages from right to left as they scribble on each page. In groups, learners could be guided to arrange books on shelves. Encourage children to observe and imitate a demonstration on how to cover books. Learners practice how to hold a book whenever opportunities arise. In groups, learners to practice holding the book up-side-up Learners sing songs and recite poems and rhymes on how to hold books properly. Learners could be guided to arrange objects from top to bottom on a page. Emphasize the importance of not leaning on the book.
Core Competence: Communication and collaboration, Learning to learn Link to PCIs:	Link to Values:
Life-skills: (Stewardship) taking care of resources, Effective communication, p existence, Self-awareness	
Link to other activity areas: Environmental activities	Suggested community service learning Learners assist parents to dust and arrange books at home.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations
Organize an inter-group language contest that incorporates book handling exper	iences.
Teaching/Learning Resources: Books, pictures, recorded songs and rhymes, v	ideo clips, radio programmes

Indicator	Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Demonstrate how to	Consistently holds books	Holds books appropriately and	Holds the book appropriately	Attempts to hold the book
handle books appropriately	appropriately and stores books properly	stores books properly.	and stores books with guidance.	appropriately stores the books with guidance.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions

4.0 Writing 1.2 Writing reading skills. (5HRS)	should be able to: a) Demonstrate the ability to	guide learners to practice turning pages from right to left. • Encourage learners to practice turning pages from right to left as they scribble on each page. writing to writing to left. 2) How do in a boo	we turn pages
		r	
Core competence: Learning	g to learn, digital literacy, communication	and collaboration.	
Link to PCIs: Life skills: effective comm		Link to values: Cooperation, sharing, responsibility.	
Link to other activity area	s: environmental activities	Suggested community service learning activities Show case their pre writing skills to their parents during the day.	school open
using materials at the corner	tice pre-writing activities at the language of.	orner Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio	
Teaching/Learning Resour	rces: books, writing tools, songs, poems,	ideo clips	

Indicator Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
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Ability to hold writing	Turns pages from right to	Turns pages from right to left	Turns pages from left to	Turns pages from left to
tool properly, scribble	left. Consistently writes	and write from left to right	right, writes from left to	right with guidance but does
from left to right	from left to right across the	across the line with sustained	right across the line	not demonstrate eye hand
	line and effectively	eye hand coordination most of	sometimes and attempts to	coordination.
	sustains eye hand	the time.	coordinate the eye to the	
	coordination.		hand.	

Strand S	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggeste	d Learning Experiences	Key Questions
	1.3 Writing Posture (5 HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Sit appropriately when scribbling, drawing or writing in class. b) Enjoy participating in activities for writing posture in and out of class.	 Enco the ap In pa Learn writin Learn corre In pa appro In pa writin After learn and of Cons writin 	urage learners to practice after demonstrating ppropriate writing posture. irs, learners practice the correct writing posture. ners could recite rhymes on the appropriate ng posture as they write. Her could view a video clip demonstrating the ct writing posture and practice it. Irs and groups learners could practice the opriate writing posture. Irs or small groups one learner could recite a ng posture rhyme as others practice it. Ir adopting the appropriate writing posture ers could be encouraged to practice scribbling lawing. Its istently provide appropriate models of correcting posture.	 How do we sit when we are writing? How do we place a book when writing? Where do we place our left hand when writing? How do we position the right hand while writing? Where do you place your feet while writing?
	: Communication	on and collaboration, Learning to l	earn, Digita		
Link to PCIs Life skills Education	on: Self awaren	ess – My body, Self esteem		Link toValues: Cooperation, Responsibility	
Links to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative				Suggested community service learning The learners visit another class during a writing sitting in the correct or incorrect writing posture them a writing posture rhyme or song.	
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application Organize an inter-class language contest that incorporates games and play relating to writing posture.			play	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observa	tion, portfolio
Teaching/Learning	g Resources: bo	ooks, video clips, recorded rhymes	, poems, ra	dio programmes.	

Indicator	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Demonstrate	Turns pages from right, writes	Turns pages from right to left, writes	Turns pages from right to left,	Turns pages from right to left but
correct writing	from left to right across the line	from left to right across the line and	writes from left to right across	does not demonstrate eye hand
posture	and effectively sustain eye	attempts to coordinate eye hand.	the line and attempts to	coordination.
	hand coordination		coordinate eye hand	

Writing	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions
	1.4 Eye-hand coordination skills (5 HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate eye-hand coordination when writing. b) Take pleasure in participating in eye-hand coordination activities in class.	 Guide children to tear or cut papers along a marked line. Encourage children to practice folding and tearing along a line. Learners practice cutting along a line. Guide learners to thread beads and lacing through holes on a card. Learners practice shading within borders or shapes. Guide learners to practice pricking the edges of shape outlines and cutting out the shapes. Learners sort beads, small stones in a tray. They could practice picking beads from one tray to another. Learners could be guided to do drag and drop activities using digital devices. Learners could be involved in pegging puzzles and fitting templates. Learners could practice typing freely on a computer key board. Learners could be engaged in free modeling using clay, dough or plasticine. Learners could play digital games that enhance eye-hand coordination. 	 How do you write on a page? When is a learner ready to write? What are the necessary skills for preparing a learner to write? What activities will promote eye hand co-ordination?

Core Competence developed: Communication and collaboration, Digita Link to PCIs: Life skills Education: Self esteem	Learners could be involved in painting and printing activities, joining dots, tracing. Learners sing a song while passing small beads or small stones from one person to the other in a left to right direction. In pairs and groups learners could practice eye-hand coordination activities. Il literacy, Learning to learn Link to Values: Cooperation
Links to other Activity Areas: Psychomotor and Creative activities	Suggested community service learning Encourage learners to participate in eye-hand coordination activities such as modeling, shading, and other singing games that enhance eye-hand coordination.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application Organize an inter-class language contest that incorporates eye-hand coordination activities including singing games Teaching/ Learning Resources: books, beads, flashcards, shape cut-outs digital games	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio s, stones, stones, trays, digital programmes, clay/dough/plasticine, eye hand cording

Indicator	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Demonstrate	Effectively coordinates eye to	Coordinate eye hand most	Attempts to coordinate eye hand	Has difficulty coordinating eye
eye hand	hand	times (80%)	some time (50%)	to hand
coordination				

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions
	1.5 Pattern Writing (5 HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Write simple line patterns in class. b) Use audio visual materials to make simple line patterns in class. c) Hold writing tools appropriately when writing patterns. d) Enjoy participating in pattern writing activities in class.	 Demonstrate writing line patterns in the air and encourages learners to imitate. Learners practice writing patterns in the air. Demonstrate tracing patterns and encourage learners to imitate. Learners practice drawing simple varied line patterns. Learners could be engaged in tracing simple line patterns. Learners could be guided in copying line patterns Learners could view the process of writing line patterns on the computer and copy them. In pairs or small groups, learners could make print patterns using different objects Learners could make line patterns using digital audio visual materials such as using the writing wizard application, Learners practice writing line patterns. Demonstrate writing letter patterns and encourage learners to practice. Demonstrate writing line patterns using a computer and guide children to practice the same. Emphasize and ensure that patterns are written from left to right. 	1. Which line patterns that are easy for children to write? 2. What materials can children use to form line patterns?

Core competence developed: Learning to learn, Creativity and imagination, Digital literacy.				
Links to Values: Cooperation, Responsibility				
Citizenship: Harmony,				
Life Skills: Creative thinking				
Links to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative activities	Suggested community service learning			
	Learners write or make line patterns for display during the school's open day.			
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application Suggested assessment: Oral questions, Observation, portfolio, written				
Organize an inter-class contest that incorporates pattern writing activities assignment				
Teaching/ Learning Resources: Tracing paper, tracing outline, computers, and objects for printing, digital pattern writing programmes, flash cards, charts.				

Indicator	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Write simple line patterns and hold writing tools appropriately	Effectively arranges objects in a line, forms a variety of print and simple line patterns.	Consistently arranges objects in line, forms print patterns and draws simple line patterns.	Holds writing tools appropriately and with guidance arrange objects in line and draw simple line pattern.	Holds writing tools appropriately but has difficulty in arranging objects in a line and drawing simple line pattern.
ирргорписту				pattern.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions
Writing	1.6 Letter formation (6 HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate ability to form letters correctly in and out of class. b) Experience pleasure participating in letter formation activities in and out of class.	 Learners sing rhymes related to letter formation. Demonstrate letter formation in the air, on the sand, slates, or boards and encourage learners to imitate. Learners sing rhymes related to letter formation as they form letters in the air, on the sand, slates, or boards Learners practice forming letters in the air, on the sand, slates, or boards and encourage learners to imitate. Guide learners to practice modeling, colouring and painting letters while singing related rhymes. 	 How do you shape letters of the alphabet? What activities are required to develop letter formation skills?

	In pairs or small groups learners			
	practice various letter formation			
	activities.			
	Guide learners to trace and shade letter			
	outlines.			
	Learners join dots to form letters.			
	Learners could use digital devices to			
	form letters.			
	Demonstrate how to hold the pen and			
	form letters.			
Core Competence: Learning to learn, Communication and collaboratio	ion, creativity and imagination			
Link to PCIs	Link to Value: Cooperation.			
Life Skills Education: Self-esteem, Creative thinking				
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested community service learning			
Psychomotor and Creative Activities	Involve the parents in collecting materials for letter formation activities.			
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through applicati	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio, written			
Organize an outdoor activity session where learners take part in letter	assignment			
formation activities such as arranging flash cards, arranging themselves	s in			
letter outlines or shapes.				
Teaching/Learning Resources: Realia, slates, boards, plasticine /clay, or	Teaching/Learning Resources: Realia, slates, boards, plasticine /clay, colours, paints, colouring books, letter outline, digital devices, letter cut out, tracing			
outline				

Indicator	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Form letters correctly	Demonstrates proper writing-	Demonstrate proper writing tool	Demonstrate proper writing –tool	Has developed proper
	tool grip and forms all letters	grip and forms most letters	grip but forms letter shape with	writing tool grip but forms
	legibly	legibly.	difficulty.	letter shape with difficulty.
			-	-

SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
		EXPERIENCES	
1.7 Writing Practice (6 HRS)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Write letters of the alphabet correctly in class. b) Take pleasure in using basic tools for writing in class. c) Enjoy participating in writing practice activities in class.	 Learners could be encouraged to join dots to make letters of the alphabet Learners could be encouraged to trace letters of the alphabet. Involve learners in copying letters of the alphabet. Guide learners to write letters of the alphabet. Learners could be involved in pattern making using letters of the alphabet. In pairs and in small groups learners could make patterns of letters of the alphabet. Learners could practice writing letters of the alphabet using digital device 	writing practice? 2. What resources would you use for writing practice?
Core Competence:	D: 5-115		
• Learning to learn,	Digital literacy.	I day Valuer Commention and	
Link to PCIs		Link to Values: Cooperation, respect.	
Citizenship. Life skills: Creati	rea thinking		
• Life-skills: Creati Links to other Activity A		Suggested community service learning	nσ
Creative and Psychomotor		Organize for learners to write letters on worksheets and display for parents to view and appreciate during the school open day.	
	tivity to support learning through applica		observation, portfolio, written
Invite an ICT person to gui tools.	ide learners on letter writing practice using of	ligital assignment	
Teaching/ Learning Reso books	urces: Letter cut outs, pattern outlines, radio	programmes, digital letter writing programmes	s, slates, worksheet, pencils, crayons,

Indicator	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Write letters of the alphabet	Writes all letters patterns and	Consistently writes most letters	With guidance writes letter	Demonstrate ability to copy
	letters correctly.	patterns and letters correctly.	patterns and some letters	letter patterns and write few
			correctly.	letters correctly.

MATHEMATICS ACTIVITIES CURRICULUM DESIGN

Essence statement

Mathematics activities at the pre-primary level empower children to engage in basic analysis of problems and to develop appropriate solutions in day to day life. These activities help to develop mental processes that enhance logical and critical thinking, accuracy and problem solving; all of which are important building blocks for primary school readiness. They also enhance the learner's development and acquisition of basic number, classification and measurement skills during early years.

General learning outcomes

By the end of the pre-primary education, the learner should be able to:

- a) use acquired classroom skills to solve problems in daily life,
- b) demonstrate basic number concepts as a basis for future learning,
- c) demonstrate interest in measurement and dispositions in physical and social world.

MATHEMATICS

Strand	Sub-Strand Specific Learning Outcomes		Sub-Strand Specific Learning Outcomes Suggested Learning Experience		Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
1.0 CLASSIFICATION	1.1 Sorting & grouping 8 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Identify similarities among objects in the environment for distinguishing one object from the other b) Identify differences among objects in the environment to appreciate their similarities and differences c) Enjoy sorting and grouping objects in the environment d) Group objects according to a specific attribute to create sets of similar objects e) Appreciate the materials in the environment for their uniqueness and diversity.	 Learners look at and talk about objects with different colours/size/shapes Teacher demonstrates Sorting and grouping objects by one attribute up to two groups (colour/size/shape) Two learners demonstrate Sorting, grouping and comparing objects by one attribute (colour/size/shape) Learners in groups/pairs, individually, sort and group objects according to one attribute Learners relate specific attributes to other objects in the environment Sing songs related to sorting and grouping objects Collect and store materials in their respective corners 	 Which objects look alike? Which objects have same colour/ shape/ size? Which two objects are different? Why have you grouped these objects together? Why store materials after use? 		

Core Competencies: critical thinking, problem solving, Communication and collaboration

Link to PCIs:

- Citizenship: collaboration and communication as they collect and use materials
- Life skills: problem solving as they identify and group objects and
- *Values*: Sharing and taking turns.

Link to other subjects: Language, environmental, psychomotor and creative activities

Suggested community service learning/ non-formal activity to support learning through application: Go round the school compound picking the useful objects that can be recycled for sorting and grouping

Suggested learning resources: Locally available materials of different colours, shapes and sizes such as flowers pebbles, shells, paper cut outs, bottle tops, seeds, feathers, fruits beads, shapes, pictures, DVDs, Computers

Indicator	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches	Below expectation
			expectation	
Identify similarities and	Can identify similar	Can identify similar	Can identify similar	Can only identify similar
differences between objects	and different objects	and different objects	and different objects	objects based on one
	using colour, size		based on 2 attributes	attribute either colour /

	,shapes and can do more	based on size, colour and shapes	either colour/shape,/size	shape/size
Sorting and grouping objects in the environment	Can sort and group objects in the environment using more than three attributes – colour, shape size, texture	Can sort and group objects using three attributes – colour, shape and size	Can Sort and group objects using two attributes – colour and shape	Can sort and group objects up to using only one attribute
Group objects according to a specific attribute	Group objects according to more than one attribute, colour shape, size and texture	Group objects according to three attributes, colour shape, size	Group objects according to two attributes colour and shape	Can sort and group objects according to at least one attribute, colour/ shape / size / texture
Can collect materials in the environment for sorting and grouping	Collects materials of different attributes. Group objects according to more than one attribute; colour, shape, size and texture and store them in different learning corners.	Collects materials of three different attributes and store them in different learning corners.	Collects materials of two different attributes and store them in different learning corners.	Collects materials of different attributes but cannot store them.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
	1.2 Matching and Pairing 8 lessons	 a) Identify similarities among objects in the environment b) identify differences among objects in the environment c) Match similar objects in the environment d) Pair objects according to specific criteria e) Appreciate the use of different objects in the 0020environment 	Learners collect and talk about similar different objects from the environment Teacher demonstrates matching and pairing objects according to one attribute (sameness/likeness/use) Few learners demonstrate matching and pairing according to one attribute (sameness/likeness/use) In groups/pairs, individual learners match and pair objects according to likeness/sameness/use	 Which objects look alike? What makes them look alike? How do we use these objects? How can we care for these objects?

 Learners relate objects to their use in the environment. Learners sing songs/recite poems on relationship/use of objects from the
environment.

Core competency: Communication and collaboration (as they work in groups); critical thinking and problem solving (when matching and pairing)

Link to other subjects: Environmental activities

Link to PCIs

- *Citizenship:* communication and collaboration as they collect materials
- Life skills: critical thinking and problem solving as they match and pair similar objects and
- Values: sharing and turn taking as they match and pair.

Suggested community service learning: In collecting materials for learning is recycling some waste materials while in clearing the learning environment is keeping the learning environment clean and safe.

Suggested Learning Resources: Locally available materials (pens, books, sticks, shapes, cut-outs, blocks, clothing, utensils, pebbles, balls)

Indicator	Achievement					
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation		
Matching and Pairing	Identifies 1 to 5 similar objects and mentions other s which are out of sight	Identifies 1 to 5 similar objects and not able to mention others out of sight.	Identifies up-to 2 similar objects	Identifies only 1 similar objects		
	Match objects up-to 5 pairs according to sameness, likeness and use and talk about more similar objects that match	Match objects up to 5 pairs according to two attributes.	Match objects up to 3 pairs according to one attribute.	Able to identify one attribute but cannot match		
	Pair objects according to either sameness, likeness or use and talk about more items found in pairs	Pair objects according to either sameness, likeness or use	Pair objects according to only one attribute; sameness/ likeness	Can only pair one or two objects correctly according to sameness/ likeness		

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry Question(S)
			Experiences	

1.3 Ordering	a) Collect and identify different	Learners talk about	1. Which objects are
Core competence: Critical thinking and problem solv	objects in their environment for exploration and enjoyment b) Differentiate objects of different sizes in the environment. c) Use appropriate vocabulary related to ordering for effective communication d) Arrange objects according to size in ascending order up to 3 objects for making comparison of objects of different sizes. e) Arrange objects according to size in descending order up to 3 objects for making comparison of objects of different sizes f) Organize different objects in the environment g) Appreciate different objects in the environment.	different objects in the environment Learners demonstrates ordering objects according to size/height up to 3 objects A few learners demonstrate ordering objects according to size/height Learners in small groups/pairs, individually arrange objects according to size/height up to 3 In groups learners compare objects of different sizes up to three	(shorter, taller, smaller, bigger) 2. Which among these two objects is longer/shorter?

Core competence: Critical thinking and problem solving (shown when ordering different objects) Communication and collaboration (when ordering in groups and talking)

Link to PCIs:

- Citizenship: collaboration and communication as they arrange objects,
- Life skills: problem solving and critical thinking
- Values: sharing and turn taking.

Link to other subject: Psychomotor and creative activities

Suggested Community service: Recycle waste materials from community to use for learning, Cleaning learning environment after use of materials.

Suggested Learning Resources: Sticks, blocks, bottles,

Indicator	Achievement					
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation		

Collect and identify different	Can identify and collect up	Can identify and collect up to 5	Can identify and collect up	Can identify and collect up to 3
objects in their environment	to 9 different objects in the	different objects in the	to 3 different objects in the	different objects in the
	environment and talk	environment and talk about them	environment and talk	environment but may not be able
	about them		about them	to talk about them.
Order object in their	Can order objects	Can order objects according to	Can only order two objects	Cannot not order objects.
immediate environment	according to size up to	size (up to 3 objects).		
	more than 3			
Differentiate objects in the	Can tell differences in	Can tell differences in objects in	Can tell differences in	Can tell differences in objects in
environment	objects in the environment	the environment based on 3	objects in the environment	the environment based on only
	based on several attributes	attributes	based on 2 attributes	one attribute.
Use different objects in their	Can demonstrate the use of	Can demonstrate the use of more	Can demonstrate the use	Can demonstrate the use one
daily life	more than 3 objects and	than 3 objects	of 2 objects	object.
	care for them			

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
	1.4 Patterns 8 lessons	 a) Observe objects in the environment for identifying patterns b) Identify similarities in patterns in the environment c) identify different patterns in the environment d) identify the repeated shapes which form a pattern e) Arrange similar objects to make a pattern f) Arrange 2 different objects in an alternating manner to make patterns g) Appreciate the different types of objects in the environment h) Enjoy making different patterns with objects found in the environment 	 Learners collect and talk about different shapes in the environment. Learners demonstrates arranging objects to make a pattern A few learners demonstrate arranging objects to make a pattern In small groups/pairs, individually, learners arrange objects to make a pattern Learners arrange objects in an alternating manner to make a pattern Learners fill in the missing objects in a series to make a pattern Learners talk about patterns and shapes on their clothes, foot prints, buildings, flower gardens etc 	 Which of these objects look alike? Which objects comes next in the series? How can you arrange these objects to form a pattern? How else can you make a pattern? Which part of the pattern repeats itself?

Learners discuss patterns made of same shape with two
different colours
In small groups or pairs make
patterns with objects of same
type with two different colours

Core competence: Collaboration and communication (through group work and discussions); Critical thinking and problem solving as they make different patterns; Digital literacy as they make patterns using ICT.

Link to PCIs:

- Citizenship: collaboration as they collect and use materials
- Life skills: critical thinking and problem solving as they pattern
- *Values:* sharing and turn taking.

Link to other subjects: Psychomotor and Creative activities during construction.

Suggested community service learning: plant flowers in the school following different patterns.

Suggested Learning Resources: Flash cards, blocks, bottle tops, bottles, sticks, beads,

Indicator	Achievement			
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below Expectation
Identify similarities and differences between various objects	Identify similarities and differences between various objects and talk about them	Identify objects of the same shape and talk about them	Identify patterns made of objects of the same shape	Identify patterns made of objects of the same shape with teacher's guidance
Arrange objects to make a pattern	Make patterns with objects of the same type with more than two different colours	Make patterns with objects of the same type with two different colours	Make patterns with objects of the same type with two different colours with assistance	Can attempt to make a pattern of same objects
Arrange objects in an alternating manner to make patterns	Arrange objects in an alternating manner to make patterns with more than 5 objects	Arrange objects in an alternating manner to make patterns with five objects	Arrange objects in an alternating manner to make patterns with teacher's guidance	Can attempt to arrange objects with teacher's guidance

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)

2.0 NUMBERS	2.1 Rote counting 8 lessons	 a) Rote count numbers 1-10 for developing numeracy skills b) Rote count numbers 1-10 using actions for development of numeracy skills c) Enjoy rote counting in daily life 	 Guide learners to rote count numbers 1-10 Listen to and recite different numbers Learners sing songs as they rote count In groups/pairs Learners perform singing games/rhymes related to rote counting 	 How can you count as you jump? How can you count your books /pencils /crayons? Can you mention the numbers that you know?
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- self efficacy as they sing and dance number songs
- communication and collaboration as they work in pairs/ groups
- learning to learn as they identify numbers on objects found in the environment
- Digital literacy as they identify numbers using ICT.

Links to PCIs:

- citizenship: communication and collaboration as they use the materials together
- *life skills*: critical thinking as they recognise numbers
- Value: sharing and turn taking.

Link to other subject: Psychomotor and creative activities as they sing

Indicator	Achievement				
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
Rote count numbers 1-10	Can count objects up to 10 and beyond	Can count up to 10	Can count up to 6	Can count up to 4	
Articulate numbers as they rote count	Articulate numbers up to 10 and beyond	Can articulate numbers as they count up to 10	Can articulate numbers as they count up to 6	Can articulate numbers as they count up to 4	
Identifying numbers in the environment	Can identify numbers 1-10 and beyond	Can identify numbers 1-10 and beyond	Can identify numbers up to 6	Can identify numbers up to 4	
Sing number songs	Can sing one complete number song with ease and many others	Can sing one complete number song	Can sing a number song half way	Can try to sing a number song	

2.2 Number recognition 10 lessons	a) Identify numerals 1-9 for development of numeracy skills and symbolic representation of number b) Appreciate use of numbers in day to day life experiences	 Learners talk about numbers on number flash cards/number charts Guide learners to identify and talk about numbers found on objects in their environment A few learners to identify numbers on flash cards/charts Learners sing songs related to numbers 1-9 Learners model numbers 1-9 In pairs/small groups learners to play number recognition games (fishing game) 	 Which number is shown on the flashcard? Which number have you modelled? Who can show me two numbers on the number chart that look alike?
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- Self efficacy as they sing and dance number songs,
- Communication and collaboration as they work in pair/small groups,
- Learning to learn as they identify numbers on objects found in their environment,
- Digital literacy as they identify numbers using ICT.

Link to PCIs:

- Citizenship: communication collaboration as they use materials together.
- *Life skills:* critical thinking as they recognize numbers.
- *Values:* sharing and turn taking.

Link to other subject:

- Psychomotor and creative as they sing and dance songs on numbers,
- Language as they talk about number on flash cards/charts.

Suggested community service:

- Collecting materials from the community to use them in making number flash cards hence making their environment clean.
- Visiting local children football clubs and talk about the numbers of players as written on their T-shirts.

Suggested Learning Resources: Number flash cards, charts, calendar, clay, plastercine.

Indicator	Achievement				
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	

Recognizing number	Recognizing number numerals 1-	Recognizing number numerals	Recognizing number	Recognizing
numerals 1-9	9 and beyond	1-9	numerals 1-6	number numerals
				below 6
Tell differences between	Tell differences between number	Tell differences between	Tell differences between	Tell differences
number numerals 1-9	numerals 1-9 and beyond	number numerals 1-9	number numerals 1-6	between number
				numerals 1-5
Appreciate number numerals	Able to appreciate numbers 1-9	Able to appreciate numbers 1-	Able to appreciate numbers	Able to appreciate
	and beyond	9	1-6	numbers below 5

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
	2.3 Counting concrete objects 10 lessons	 a) Count concrete objects 1-9 for development of numeracy skills and associating a group of objects with a number symbol b) Demonstrate one to one correspondence while counting concrete objects c) Enjoy counting concrete objects within their environment d) Appreciate the use of one to one correspondence in real life situations. 	 Learners demonstrate counting objects 1-9 Learners count objects for numbers 1-9 (body parts, colours of the national flag, different types of food, objects in the class) Learners play counting games involving counting objects 1-9 Learners match numerals with concrete objects for numbers 1-9 In groups/pairs, individually, learners count people/objects in their class up to 9 	 How many objects are these? How many learners are in your group? How many boys/girls are in your group?

• Critical thinking and problem solving as they count specific number of objects Communication and collaboration as they count in groups

Link to PCIs

- Citizenship: collaboration as they collect materials for use
- Life skills:
 - critical thinking as they count objects
 - Self awareness as they count using body parts.
- *Values:* sharing, turn taking and respect for others.

Link to other subjects:

Creative and psychomotor as they sing number songs

Suggested community service:

Count objects/animals at school or at home and take good care of them

Suggested Learning Resources: Number flash cards/charts/calendar, clay, plastercine

Indicator	Achievement					
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation		
Count concrete objects 1-9	Count concrete objects 1-9 and beyond	Count concrete objects 1-9	Count concrete objects 1-6	Count concrete objects below 6		
Demonstrate one to one correspondence while counting concrete objects	Demonstrate one to one correspondence while counting concrete objects 1-9 and beyond	Demonstrate one to one correspondence while counting concrete objects 1-9	Demonstrate one to one correspondence while counting concrete objects 1-6	Demonstrate ne to one correspondence while counting concrete objects below 6		
Match numerals with concrete objects for number symbols 1-9	Match numerals with concrete objects for number symbols 1-9 and beyond	Match numerals with concrete objects for number symbols 1-9	Match numerals with concrete objects for number symbols 1-6	Match numerals with concrete objects for number symbols below 6		
Enjoy counting objects within the environment	Enjoy counting objects within the environment even during other activities	Enjoy counting objects within the environment in the classroom only	Enjoy counting objects within the environment while guided by the teacher	Enjoy counting objects within the environment up to 5		

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
	2.4 Number sequencing 10 lessons	 a) Identify number symbols 1-9 as indicated on number cards/charts for development of numeracy skills and for ordering numbers b) Arrange number cards in sequence 1-9 c) Arrange number cards in sequence for completing sequence puzzles d) Enjoy arranging numbers in sequence in their day to day life. 	 Learners randomly pick number cut outs/number cards from a pile and identify the number Learners demonstrate arranging numbers in sequence 1-9 A few learners demonstrate arranging numbers 1-9 in sequence In pairs/groups, individually, learners complete missing numbers in sequence by placing the appropriate number cards/cut out Learners sing songs on number sequence comprising numbers 1-9. 	1. Which number can you see on this card I am holding? 2. Which number comes before/after this number?

- Critical thinking and problem solving when identifying number and filling missing number in a sequence
- Communication and collaboration when working in pairs/groups

Link to PCIs:

- Citizenship: communication and collaboration as they work in groups.
- Life skills: critical thinking and problem solving.
- Values: sharing and turn taking.

Link to other subjects: Environmental

Suggested community services: Collect and re-use materials such as old cartons, empty plastic water bottles from the environment.

Indicator	Achievement					
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation		
Identify number symbols 1-	Identify number symbols 1-	Identify number symbols	Identify number symbols 1-6	Identify number		
9 as indicated on number	9 and beyond as indicated	1-9 as indicated on	as indicated on number cards	symbols below 6 as indicated on		
cards	on number cards	number cards		number		
				cards		
Arrange number flash cards	Arrange number cards for	Arrange number cards for	Arrange number cards for	Arrange number cards		
for numbers 1-9 in a	numbers 1-9 and beyond in	numbers 1-9 in a	numbers 1-6 in a sequence	for numbers below 6		
sequence	a sequence	sequence		in a sequence		
Complete missing numbers	Complete missing numbers	Complete missing	Complete missing numbers	Complete missing		
1-9 in sequence	1-9 and beyond in sequence	numbers 1-9 in sequence	1-6 in sequence	numbers below 6 in sequence		
Enjoy arranging numbers in	Enjoy arranging numbers in	Enjoy arranging numbers	Enjoy arranging numbers in	Enjoy arranging		
sequence	sequence 1-9 and beyond	in sequence 1-9	sequence 1-6	numbers in sequence		
				below 6		

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
	2.5 Symbolic representation of number (number writing) 10 lessons	 a) Identify number symbols 1- 5 for development of numeracy skills b) Join dots to form number symbols 1-5 on a surface c) Trace number symbol cut-outs 1-5 on a surface d) Model number symbols 1-5 using materials in their environment e) Write number symbols 1-5 on a surface f) Enjoy forming number symbols 1-5 using ICT g) Appreciate the use of numbers within their environment in the day to day life experiences. 	 Teacher demonstrates number formation from number cut outs Learners observe number cutouts and talk about number formation In groups/pairs, individually, learners trace number cutouts up to 5 Learners Join dots to form number symbols up to 5 In groups/pairs, individually, learners model number symbols to at least 5 Learners write number symbols 1-5 on a surface 	 Which number symbol is this? How do we write this number symbol (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) How can we trace this number? How do we model this number? Which numbers can we form when joining these dots? Which numbers can you see in this calendar?

Learners use number symbols
in the materials in their
environment (calendar, clock)
• Learners use ICT to form
number symbols 1-5

Core competence: Imagination and creativity

Link to PCIs:

- Citizenship: communication as they conduct symbolic representation
- Life skills: critical thinking and problem solving as they identify number symbols.
- Values: sharing and turn taking.

Link to other subjects: Psychomotor and creative activity

Suggested community service: learners can assist in labelling chairs and tables using number symbols and those in pastoralist communities can assist in tagging of animals using number symbols.

Suggested learning resources: Calendar, plastercine, pebbles, clock face, number charts, number flashcards, dice

Indicator	Achievement			
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Identifying and recognizing number symbols at least up to 5	Identify more than 5 number symbols on number cut outs and talk about them	Identify number symbols 1-5 on number cut outs and talk about them	Identify number symbols 1-5 on number cut outs and talk about them with teacher's guidance	Not able to identify numbers symbols.
Modelling/tracing number symbols using locally available materials at least 1-5	Trace/model more than 5 numbers	Trace/model number symbols 1-5.	Trace/model number symbols 1-3 with teacher's guidance	Can trace/model at least one number symbol.
Write number symbols 1-5	Write number symbols beyond number 5	Write number symbols 1-5	Write number symbols 1-3	Not able to Write number symbols.
Use ICT in writing numbers	Use ICT to write numbers 1-5 and beyond	Use ICT to write numbers	Use ICT to write numbers with teacher's guidance	Not able to use ICT to write numbers

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
	2.6 Number	a) Identify different parts of	Learners look at and	1. Which number can be
	puzzle	numerals 1-9 for development	talk about different	formed using these
	10 lessons	of number concept		pieces?

d) Enjoy completing number puzzles and relate number symbols with the objects in the environment for enjoyment e) Use ICT to complete number puzzles 1-9	complete numeral In pairs/groups learners join different parts of number symbols to form a complete numeral Learner listen to and sing songs on number symbols as they complete the number numeral Learners relate number symbols with the objects in the environment Learners complete number number symbols with the objects in the environment
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- Critical thinking and problem solving as learners join parts to form a whole
- Digital literacy as they complete number puzzles using ICT

Link to PCIs:

- Citizenship: communication as they identify parts
- *Life skills:* critical thinking and problem solving as they complete missing parts of the puzzle
- *Values:* sharing and turn taking.

Link to other subjects:

- Environ mental activities
- Psychomotor and creative activities

Suggested learning resources: Number cut outs, number charts, puzzle pieces

Indicator	Achievement			
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation

Identify different parts that can be	Identify and recognize	Identify and recognize number	Identify and recognize	Identify and recognize
used to complete a number	number parts for	parts for numerals 1-9	number parts for numerals	number parts for a single
symbol	numerals 1-9 and		1-5	numeral.
	beyond			
Join different parts of numbers, to	Join different parts of	Join different parts of number to	Join different parts of	Join different parts of
form a complete number symbol.	number to form	form complete number symbols 1-	number to form complete	number to form complete
	complete number	9.	number symbols 1-6.	number symbols 1-3.
	symbols and explain			
	how it is done.			
Use ICT to complete number	Use ICT to complete	Use ICT to complete number	Use ICT to complete	Cannot complete number
puzzles efficiently and show	number puzzles	puzzles efficiently.	number puzzles with	puzzles using ICT.
enthusiasm.	efficiently and show		difficult.	
	enthusiasm.			

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
3.0 MEASUREMENT	3.1 Sides of objects 10 lessons	 a) Identify different sides of objects in the environment b) Differentiate sides of objects c) Play with objects with different sides d) Enjoy measuring sides of objects using arbitrary units such as hand, feet etc 	 Guide learners to talk about different sides of objects in the environment Guide learners to compare objects with different sides Few learners demonstrate comparison of objects with different sides In groups/pairs, individually, learners measure sides of objects using arbitrary units (hand, foot, sticks). 	 Which of these sides is longer/ shorter? What is the difference between this side and this one? Why is this side different? How will you tell which side is longer/shorter? What can you say about this side?

- Learning to learn when measuring sides of objects
- Communication and collaboration.

Link to PCIs:

- *Citizenship:* collaboration as they collect and identify sides
- *Life skills:* critical thinking as they differentiate sides of objects
- *Values:* sharing and turn taking.

Link to other subjects:

• Language as they learn vocabularies such as long/short

Suggested learning resources: Sticks, strings, body parts, objects in the class

Suggested assessment rubric:

Indicator	Achievement				
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
Identify different sides of objects	Able to identify 4 different	Able to identify 3	Able to identify 2	Not able to identify sides of	
	sides of objects and talk	different sides of objects	different sides of objects	objects	
	about them	and talk about them			
Measuring objects of different	Measure objects of different	Measure objects of	Measure objects of	Not able to measure objects of	
sides using arbitrary units	sizes using arbitrary units	different sizes using	different sizes using	different sizes using arbitrary	
	both in class and outside	arbitrary units.	arbitrary units with	units	
			teacher's guidance		
Relating/comparing/differentiating	Compare different objects	Compare different	Compare different	Not able to compare different	
objects that have same or different	with different sides in the	objects with different	objects with different	objects with different sides in	
sides	classroom and outside	sides in the classroom	sides in the classroom	the classroom	
			with teacher's guidance		

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)	
	3.2 Mass (heavy and light) 10 Lessons	 a) Lift different objects in their environment. b) Compare heavy and light objects in the environment. c) Appreciate objects of different mass in their environment 	 Demonstrate lifting objects of different mass. Few learners demonstrate lifting objects of different mass. In groups/pairs, individually, learners compare mass of different objects in their environment. In groups/pairs, learners play games involving comparison of mass (play on a sea saw; back to back lifting). 	 What can you say about this object? Which object is heavier/lighter? How can you tell the object is heavier? 	

Core competence:

- Communication and collaboration when working in pairs/groups
- Learning to learn when comparing mass of different objects
- Digital literacy when playing games involving mass using ICT

Link to PCIs:

• Citizenship: communication and collaboration as they collect objects

- *Life skills:* Observation of safety as they lift objects.
- *Values:* sharing, turn taking.

Link to other subjects:

- Psychomotor and creative as they play games and lift different objects
- Language as they talk about heaviness and lightness of objects

Suggested community service:

• Collect garbage in paper bags of different sizes and dispose in the compost pit

Suggested learning resources:

Sand, water, stones, blocks, leaves, chairs, tables

Indicator	Achievement				
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
Lift different objects in the environment	Lifting and comparing different objects in the environment	Lift and compare different objects in the environment as the	Lift different objects in the environment but has difficulty in comparing	Lift different objects in the environment but cannot compare	
		teacher instructs			

Strand Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
3.3 Capacity (how much a container can hold) 10 lessons	 a) Fill and empty different containers with water/seeds etc b) Compare sizes of containers using water/sand /seeds 	 Demonstrate filling and emptying small and large containers using sand/water/seeds Demonstrate comparing big and small containers by telling how many small ones fill the big ones and vice versa Few learners demonstrates comparing big and small containers by telling how many small ones can fill a big one and vice versa In groups/pairs, individually, learners tell how much a container can hold compared to another one of a different size 	 How many of the small containers can fill the big container? From the big container, how many small ones can be filled? Which container holds more/less?

- Critical thinking and problem solving as they compare how much a container can hold.
- Communication and collaboration as they work in groups.
- Learning to learn.

Link to PCIs:

- Citizenship: communication and collaboration as they collect materials.
- *Life skills:* critical thinking and problem solving as they fill and empty.
- *Values:* sharing, turn taking.

Link to other subjects:

- Environmental activities as they play filling and emptying.
- Psychomotor and creative as they balance pouring content from one container to the other.

Suggested community services:

• Non-formal activity to support learning through application.

Suggested learning resources: Containers of various sizes, water sand, seeds

Indicator	Achievement				
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
Fill and empty different containers with water/sand/seeds	Fill and empty small and large containers with water/sand/seeds and count how many small containers fill the big one	Fill and empty small and large containers with water/sand/seeds	Fill and empty small and large containers with water/sand/seeds without counting	Fill and empty small containers with water/sand/seeds	
Compare sizes of containers	Compare big and small containers by telling how many small ones can fill a big one and vise versa	Compare big and small containers by telling how many small ones can fill a big one but cannot do vise versa	Compare big and small containers by telling how many small ones can fill a big one	Cannot compare big and small containers	

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
	3.4 Time (Daily routines) 10 lessons	a) Identify at least 3 daily routine activities they do before going to school	Guide learners to Identify and talk about morning routine activities in appropriate order	What do you do when you wake up in the morning before you come to school?

b) Identify vocabulary related to time (today, yesterday, tomorrow) c) Demonstrate ability to manage their time well when doing activities d) Appreciate what every person does on a daily basis	 Guide learners to talk about activities related to time (today, tomorrow, yesterday) A few learners identify and talk about morning routine activities in an appropriate order In groups/pairs, learners arrange pictures with various daily routine activities in a logical order. Learners sing songs on daily routines
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- Citizenship-Learners will develop into responsible, ethical and socially connected individuals when they work in groups
- Self efficacy- learner develop self esteem, self confidence and will be capable performing tasks as expected

Link to PCIs:

- *Citizenship:* as they manage time.
- Life skills: critical thinking as they talk about daily routine.
- *Values:* sharing and turn taking.

Link to other subjects:

Suggested community service: learners assist parents with the daily household chores such as cleaning utensils, setting dining table to help speed up preparation for school/work

Suggested learning resources: Clock face, pictures, picture cut outs,

Indicator	Achievement	Achievement				
	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	Above expectation		
Identify at least 3 daily activities they do before going to school	Can identify and talk about morning activities in an appropriate order.	Can identify and talk about morning activities in an appropriate order	Can identify and talk about morning routines without any order	Can mention only one morning routine activity		
Demonstrate ability to manage their time well when doing activities	Can arrange pictures with various daily routine activities in logical order	Can arrange pictures with various daily routine activities in logical order	Can arrange pictures with various daily routine activities in logical order with assistance	Cannot arrange pictures with various daily routines		

Appreciate what every person	Talk about what	Talk about what different	Can talk about daily	Cannot talk about daily routine
does on a daily basis	different people do on a	people do on a daily basis	activities done by other	activities
	daily basis and identify	(father mother, brother,	people with assistance	
	other routines	sister)		
Use vocabulary related to time	Use vocabulary related	Use vocabulary related to	Use vocabulary related to	Use vocabulary related to time
(today, yesterday, tomorrow)	to time and talk about	time (today, yesterday,	time today and yesterday)	(today)
	various activities	tomorrow)		
	(today, yesterday,			
	tomorrow)			

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
	3.5 Money (Kenyan currency) coins and notes 10 lessons	 a) Identify Kenyan currency coins/notes b) Buy items using Kenyan coins c) Save money (coins/notes) d) Make a simple budget basing on (coins/notes) e) Appreciate the use of Kenyan currency (coins/notes) in their daily life 	 Guide learners to look at and talk about different sample currencies and identify Kenyan coins/notes A few learners identifies Kenyan coins and notes Learners trace Kenyan coins In groups/pairs, learners role play buying and selling from a shop corner 	 Which among these is a coin/note? What can you see on the coin/note? What do we use money for? What can we do with extra money (balance)?

Core competencies: citizenship, communication and collaboration.

Link to PCIs:

- *Citizenship:* as they use the Kenyan currency.
- Life skill: critical thinking as they use and draw simple budgets.
- *Values:* honesty as they use the currency.

Link to other subjects: Psychomotor, language

Suggested community service: when children are sent to buy items from the shop/market by the community members

Suggested learning resources: Coins and notes, tins, boxes, papers pencils, shop corner

Indicator	Achievement					
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation		
Identify Kenyan currency	Able to identify and talk	Able to identify and talk	Can identify coins cannot	Can identify Kenyan		
coins/notes	about different coins and	about coins only	talk about them	coins		
	notes					
Tracing Kenyan coins	Can trace Kenyan coins	Can trace Kenyan coins but	Can trace Kenyan coins	Cannot trace Kenyan		
	freely and talk about them	cannot talk about them	with assistance	coin.		
Role play buying and selling	Can play the role of a shop	Can play role of a buyer and	Can play role of a buyer but	Can play role of a buyer		
from a shop corner	keeper and a buyer and	express self freely	not express himself	with teacher assistance		
	express self freely					
Making simple budgets	Can allocate money for	Can allocate money for	Can only buy one type of	Can buy one type of item		
	buying different items and	buying different items but not	item and cannot save	with teacher assistance		
	saving the balance	able to save	balance			

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
	3.6 Area (surface of objects) 10 lessons	a) Observe different surfaces of different objects in the environment b) Identify surfaces of different objects in the environment c) Cover the area of different surfaces of objects using smaller objects d) Appreciate different surfaces in the environment	 Guide learners to observe/identify different surfaces of objects in the environment Few learners identify different surfaces of objects in the environment In small groups/pairs, learners compare different surfaces of objects Demonstrate covering surfaces using small objects from the environment. Learners cover surfaces using small objects in the environment 	 How many small pieces can cover this surface? Which surface is smaller/bigger? What else can we use to cover these surfaces?

- Communication and collaboration as they work in groups
- Critical thinking and problem solving as they cover and find out pieces that can cover a surface

Link to PCIs:

- *Citizenship:* communication and collaboration as they collect materials.
- *Life skill:* critical thinking and problem solving as they cover surfaces.
- *Values:* love as they share and take turns.

Link to other subjects:

- Psychomotor and creative activities
- Language activities
- Environmental activities

Suggested community service:

• Children participate in cleaning their neighbourhood

Suggested learning resources: Tables, plates, books, pieces of paper, bottle tops, hands, feet, blocks.

Indicator	Achievement			
	Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Identifying surfaces of	Identifying surfaces of 4	Identifying surfaces of 3	Identifying surfaces of 2 objects	Identifying surfaces
objects in the	objects in the	objects in the environment	in the environment	of 1 objects in the
environment	environment			environment
Group different	Group 4 different surfaces	Group 3 different surfaces	Group 2 different surfaces	Group 1 different
surfaces according to	according to size	according to size	according to size	surfaces according
size				to size
Cover surfaces of	Be able to use over 4	Be able to use 3 small objects	Be able to use 2 small objects to	Be able to use 1
objects using smaller	small objects to cover a	to cover a surface	cover a surface	small object to cover
objects	surface			a surface

PYSCHOMOTOR AND CREATIVE ACTIVITIES

PSYCHOMOTOR AND CREATIVE ACTIVITIES

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Enable learners to develop both fine and gross motor skills which are necessary for the control and co-ordination of the different parts of the body. These activities enhance exploration and development of personal talents as well as appreciation of cultural heritage.

GENERAL OUTCOMES

By the end of the Pre-Primary the learner should be able;

- 1. Coordinate various body parts for movement, creativity and relaxation
- 2. Engage in creative, music and psychomotor activities independently and in groups for holistic development.
- 3. Share art, music and play materials and equipment for harmonious co-existence.
- 4. Improvise costumes, and play materials using locally available and recycled materials for creativity and self-reliance.
- 5. Appreciate own and other peoples' cultures for preservation and transmission of our rich cultural heritage
- 6. Use ICT in play, music and creative activities for learning and enjoyment.
- 7. Observe safety and hygiene in play and learning environment for the learners' wellbeing

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experience	Key inquiry questions	
		censure you cover knowledge	(align to the level competency		
		(K), skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	descriptions)		
1.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	1.1 Drawing 6 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to; a) Develop simple pictures using scribbling techniques for fine muscle development b) Develop simple pictures using doodling techniques for eye hand co-ordination c) Develop simple pictures by dot joining techniques for enjoyment d) Draw simple pictures using drawing materials for creativity e) Appreciate own and others drawn work	 Learners to develop simple pictures using scribbling technique Learners to develop simple pictures using doodling technique Display their work and discuss own and others work Learners to develop simple pictures using dot joining technique Learners to draw simple pictures using found material 	 What would you like to draw? What do you see in the environment? How do they look like? What do you like about your drawn work? 	
Core Competences					
 Creativity and ima 	gination				
Self-efficacy					
Communication ar	nd collaboration				
			to Core Values		
			Co-operation		
ESD: Health Education			Turn taking		
Links to other subject	ts		munity service learning		
 Mathematics 		•	Mentorship		

• Environmental

Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Assessment: observation, question and answer, observation		
Have painting activities	checklist, walk and watch leaners work.		

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Drawing	 handles drawing tool correctly draws outline of objects with marging puts details correctly draws according to the right proportion draws upright 	 handles drawing tool correctly draws the picture outline draws picture with right proportion 	 draws shapes representing picture the outline of pictures fairly defined 	 does not handle drawing tool correctly no distinct shapes of pictures outline not define

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes Suggested learning experience		Key inquiry questions
		censure you cover knowledge	(align to the level competency	
		(K), skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	descriptions)	
PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	1.2 Coloring 6 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to; a) Identify common colours in the environment for colouring pictures b) Learners apply colour on pictures for aesthetic value (S) c) Appreciate own an others coloured work	 Learners to identify colors in the environment Learners to collect materials of different colour from the environment Learners to color drawn items Display and discuss their colored work in groups and in pairs. 	 Which colour do you like most? What colour are found in the environment?

Core competence

- Creativity and imaginationCritical thinking
- Communication
- Self efficacy

son omous	
Link to PCIs	Link to Values
ESD:DRR; Safety	• Sharing
	• Responsibility
Links to other subjects	Community service learning
Environmental Activities	• Plant flowers

Language Activities		
Non-formal activity to support learning through application		
Nature walk		
Resources: materials from local environment e.g. Leaves, flowers, stones, soil, grass, twig, charcoal, papers		

Indicators	Exceeding Above	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
	Expectation			
Colouring	Can successfully: • recognize common colours from the environment • colour draw items • describe his or her coloured work	 Recognize common colours from the environment Colour drawn items Somehow describes his/her coloured work 	Recognize some common colours Colour drawn item with assistance Has difficulty describing his/her coloured work	Has difficulty in recognizing common colours Attempts to colour drawn item has difficulty describing his or her coloured work

Strand	Sub- strands	Specific learning outcomes censure you cover knowledge (K), skill (S) and	Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions
PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	Painting 5 Lessons	Attitude ((A) By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to; a) Create patterns using finger painting techniques for enjoyment b) Perform free choice painting on paper for enjoyment c) Appreciate own and others painted work	 Learners create patterns using fingers Learners to paint according to their own interest Display own painted work and others. Observe safety as learners use painting tools. 	What paint tools ado you know? What do you do after painting?
Core Competence		<u> </u>		<u> </u>

• Creativity and Imagination

Self-efficacy				
Communication and Collaboration	Communication and Collaboration			
Link to PCIs	Link to Core Values			
• ESD:DRR; Safety	Co-operation			
Health Education	Turn taking			
Link to other subjects:	Suggested Community service learning			
Environmental and Language Activities	Mentorship			
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment			
Have painting activities				

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Painting	 identify different painting tools develop simple painting tools appreciate the use of painting tools create patterns using finger technique perform free choice successfully 	 identify some painting tools attempt developing simple painting tools create some patterns using finger painting technique fairly perform free choice successfully 	 attempt identifying painting tools fairly attempt developing simple painting tools fairly creates some patterns using finger painting technique fairly perform free choice successfully 	 does not paint no appreciation no attempt of appreciation of work done

Printing 3 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to,. a) Create shape using printing patterns for creativity		nake print patterns erent objects	1. 2.	Which materials do you use for making printing patterns? Which printing do you like?
Self-effic	y and Imagination				
Link to PCIs			Link to Core Values		
• ESD:DR	• ESD:DRR; Safety		Co-operation		
Health Education			Turn taking		
Link to other	Link to other subjects:		Suggested Community service learning		
• Environn	Environmental and Language Activities		Mentorship		

Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
Have painting activities	

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Printing	 identify different printing tools develop simple printing tools appreciate the use of printing tools create patterns using finger and others objects technique perform free choice successfully 	 identify some printing tools attempt developing simple printing tools create some patterns using finger printing technique fairly perform free choice successfully 	 attempt identifying printing tools fairly attempt developing simple printing tools fairly creates some patterns using finger and other objects printing technique fairly perform free choice successfully 	does not printing no appreciation no attempt of appreciation of work done

Strand S	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure you cover knowledge (K), skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions
	osaic Lessons	 a) Identify locally available materials for making mosaic pictorials for fun. b) Create a simple pictorial using paper cuts for enjoyment. c) Appreciate the sue of locally available materials in creating pictorials 	 Learners collect materials for making mosaic items Learners to create simple mosaic items Learners appreciate own and others work Learners discuss individual displayed work in pairs and in groups Observe safety when using materials Guided in appreciating own and others work as learners express their emotions. 	 What should we use to make mosaic items? Which material do you like most?

Core Competence

- Creativity and Imagination Self efficacy

Critical thinking and problem solving				
Link to PCIs	Link to Core Values			
• ESD: DRR; Safety	Responsibility			
Financial literacy				

Health Education; hygine	
Link to other subjects:	Suggested Community service learning
• Language, Environment, Mathematics	Visit neighborhood and collect materials
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
• Fun day	Observation checklist, self assessment, question and answers

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Mosaic	Can do all the following activities	Can perform any of the three	Can perform two activities	Can't perform a
	successfully:	activities successfully:	independently and be assisted to	simple activity
	 identify locally materials for 	 identify local materials for 	perform others:	independently:
	making mosaic	making mosaic	 identify local material for 	 Identify material
	 create simple mosaic items 	• create simple mosaic items using	making mosaic	for making
	using mosaic technique	mosaic technique	 give meaning to his/her work 	mosaic
	observe safety when using material	observe safety when using material	create simple mosaic item	Create simple mosaic items
	• give meaning to his/her mosaic work	• give meaning to his/her work		Observe safety

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure you cover knowledge (K), skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions
PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	Collage 5 Lessons	 a) Identify materials used in creating collage pictures for fun b) Create a pictorial using a variety locally materials for enjoyment c) Appreciate their own work and the use of locally available materials 	 Learners collect materials from their immediate environment Learners to create simple mosaic items Learners appreciate own and others work Learners discuss individual displayed work in pairs and in groups Learners stick different materials on the paper using glue, wheat flour or sap Observe safety when using collage materials learners store finished items in the cupboard learners clean up the working area 	 Where do we get materials for making collage? Which items do you like making? What materials do you use to make collage?
Core CompetenceCommunicateSelf-efficacy	ion and collaborat	ion		
Link to PCIs ESD: DRR; safety			Link to Core Values Sharing	

Life skill; coping with emotion	Co-operation
Link to other subjects:	Suggested Community service learning
Environmental, Mathematics, Language	Visit neighbourhood and collect materials
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
Group craft activities	Observation
	Question and answer
	Self- assessment, Check list

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Collage	Can perform all the following activities successfully Identify materials used in making collage Select and stick different materials to make simple collage items Express feelings as his/her work and gallery walk	Can perform most the following; Can collect materials from the immediate environment Can perform any of the activities successfully Create simple collage items using collage technique Observe safety when using materials Give meaning to his/her collage work	 Can perform three activities independently assisted to perform others Identify local materials for making mosaic Give meaning to his/her work Create simple mosaic items 	 Cannot perform a single activity independently Identify materials for making collage Create simple collage Observe safety

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure you cover knowledge (K), skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions
MODELLING	2.1 Modeling using ball technique 2 Lessons	 a) Identify materials for modeling objects for familiarization b) Model simple objects using ball technique for fine motor development c) Model freely for fun d) Display finished objects for appreciating own and others work 	 Learners identify materials for modeling Learners use clay, plasticine, dough, paper matchie, for modeling Learners model object of choice Learners display and gallery walk 	 What materials do you use for modeling? What do you like modeling?

- Core CompetenceCreativity and imaginationCommunication and collaboration
- Self-efficacy

Link to PCIs	Link to Core Values
• ESD: DDR; Safety	• Sharing
Health Education: Hygiene	• Co-operation
	Responsibility
Link to other subjects:	Suggested Community service learning
• Language	Improve school ground
Environmental	
Mathematics	
• CRE, IRE, HRE	
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
Have modeling activities	Observation
	Question and answer
	Self-assessment

Indicators	Exceeding Above	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
	Expectation			
Modelling using ball	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Can successfully identify	Fairly identify one	Can't identify any modeling
techniques	two modeling techniques	one modeling technique	modeling technique	technique without assistance
	Model successfully using slab and ballModel successfully at least a complete object	Can successfully model any one of the following modeling methods stab or ball	 Fair Model using one of the following slab or ball Model unfinished 	 Model any form of item which cannot be identified by the two methods Model unfinished object
		Can successfully model an average object	object	

INDICATORS	EXCEEDING ABOVE EXPECTATION	MEETING EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATIONS	BELOW EXPECTATION
Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure you cover knowledge (K), skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions
MODELLING	2.2. Modeling using slab technique 3 Lessons	 a) Model simple objects using slab technique for fine motor development b) Make different shapes using slab technique for creativity 	 Learners use clay plasticine, dough paper, machie for modeling Learners to model different shapes Learners to display and gallery walk 	 What shape do you like modeling How do you model?

c) Model freely for fun d) Display finished objects for appreciation of own and others work	Learners share materials in pairs and groups		
Core Competence			
Creativity and imagination			
Communication and collaboration			
Self efficacy			
Link to PCIs	Link to Core Values		
• ESD: DDR; Safety	Sharing		
 Health Education: Hygiene Co-operation 			
Respect			
Link to other subjects:	Suggested Community service learning		
• Language	Improve school ground		
• Environmental			
• Mathematics			
• CRE, IRE, HRE			
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment		
Have modeling activities	Observation		
	Question and answer		
	Self assessment		

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Modelling using slab techniques	 Can successfully identify two modeling techniques Model successfully using slab and ball Model successfully at least a complete object 	0 1	 Fairly identify one modeling technique Fair Model using one of the following slab or ball Model unfinished object 	 Can't identify any modeling technique without assistance Model any form of item which cannot be identified by the two methods Model unfinished object

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure	Suggested learning experience (align to	Key inquiry
		you cover knowledge (K), skill (S) and	the level competency descriptions)	questions
		Attitude ((A)		

Performance	3.1 Musical Rhymes	a) Learners to recite simple rhymes enjoymentb) Demonstrate the ability to recite	recorded rhymes you recite? • Listen specialists demonstrate 2. Who's rhyme do			
	12 Lessons	simple rhymes for fun c) Appreciate different rhymes	rhyming you like most? • Learners to rhyme in pairs or small groups • Learners could given opportunity to present own composed rhymes			
Core Competence	S					
 Digital literacy 	listening to recorded rhy	rmes				
Link to PCIs			Links to Core Value			
Mentorship and peer education			 Collaboration 			
Link to other subjects			Community service learning			
Environmental, language, Mathematics Invite a specialist to demonstrate different rhymes						
Non-formal activit	ty to support learning		Suggested Assessment			
 Invite peers from other classes levels to demonstrate rhyming during fun days 			Observation, checklist, question and answer			

Indicators	Exceeding Above	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation	
	Expectation				
Musical rhythms	 Can successfully Perform simple rhythms Recite simple thymes at ease Show interest in performing simple rhythms 	 Can perform simple rhythms with assistance Recite simple rhythms with assistance Shows less interest when reciting rhythms 	 Has difficulty in performing rhythms Difficulty in reciting rhythms No interest in reciting rhythms 	Needs assistance as he or she can't attempt to recite or perform simple rhythms	

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes Suggested learning experience I		Key inquiry questions
		censure you cover knowledge (K), (align to the level competency		
		skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	descriptions)	
PERFORMANCE	Singing games 12 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to; a) Identify simple singing games for enjoyment	 Learners to perform singing games freely. Should identify props to accompany singing games. 	Which singing games do you enjoy most? Which costumes do you use?

b) Perform simple singing games for fun c) Perform simple singing games using props d) Appreciate their culture as they perform	 Perform singing games from different cultures in groups and in pairs. Could watch a film on singing games from different cultures. Perform singing games from different culture in groups and in pairs. Could watch a film on singing games from different cultures
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Core Competence

- Communication and collaboration as they work in pairs and small groups
- Self-efficacy as learners perform singing games
- Digital literacy sue of electronic gadgets
 Citizenship perform singing games from different cultures

Links to PCIs	Links to Core Values
Collaboration and unity	Citizenship and diversity
Links to other subjects	Suggested Community Service
• Language	Invite a resource person to enlighten them about the morals and values in
Mathematics	the singing game
Environmental	
Religious activities	
Non-formal activity to support learning	Suggested Assessment
Music festivals and fun days	Observation, observation checklist, walk and watch

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Singing game	Identify simple singing games in their environment	• Identify by naming some of the singing game in their country	Attempt singing songs in their language	Does not identify singing game
	 Perform simple singing games from different culture with props Enjoy other culture as they 	 Attempt performing simple singing games from different culture with props Enjoy other culture as they 	 Attempt simple singing games from different culture with props Enjoy others culture as 	 No performance of singing game No enjoyment of singing games
	perform different games	perform different songs	they sing and perform different games	No attempt to sue props

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes ce you cover knowledge (K), ski and Attitude ((A)		Key inquiry questions
PERFORMANCE	Play simple music 12 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to; a) Identify various election gadgets that produce must fun b) Listen and perform must enjoyment c) Appreciate others performs.	various electronic gadgets Operate electronic gadgets, listen and respond to music Perform simple music from various electronic gadgets Coordinate parts of the body as	Which game do you like playing Whom do you enjoy playing with?
Core Competence • Self- efficacy: As the	ney perform simple mus	c		
	dentify various games	•		
	l collaboration – as they	work with one another		
Link to PCI			Link to Core Values	
• ESD; Safety			• Unity	
Link to other subjects	vaca Dalicious activitia	a and Environmental	Suggested Community Service Learning	
• Mainematics, Lang	age, Religious activitie	s and Environmental	• Invite a resource person to teach games	

Drama festival

Non-formal activity to support learning

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Play Simple Music	Identify at least four electronic gadgets that produce music Operate an electronic media	 Identify at least three electronic gadgets that produce music Operate an electronic media fairly well Listen to and perform music from an electronic medias 	Identify at least two electronic gadgets that produce music Listen and perform music from an electronic media	Does not identify singing game at least one electronic gadget that produce music Respond music from an electronic media to some degree

Suggested Assessment

observe

Observation, question and answer, observation checklist, walk as you

•	Listen to and perform	• Attempt to co-ordinate parts	•	Attempt operating an	•	No attempt to respond to
	music from an electronic	of the body as they respond		electronic media		music by the use of body
	media	to music	•	Fairly attempt to		
•	Co-ordinate parts of the			respond by		
	body as they respond to			coordinating the body		
	music					

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes of		Suggested learning experience	Key inquiry questions
		you cover knowledge (K), sk	xill (S)	(align to the level competency	
		and Attitude ((A)		descriptions)	
4.0 Basic motor skills			ity and	 Guide the learners to crawl and swing Learners have opportunity for free performance. Guide them to observe safety as they perform activities. Guide them on how to deal with emotions. Learners would perform the activities in groups and in pairs. 	
Core Competence Critical thinking and pro	oblem solving – as learn	ers perform the activities			
Learn to learn as they m		r			
Link to PCIs			Link t	o Core Values	
• Life skills – coping	with emotions		• Sc	cial justice	
• ESD - Safety					
Link to other subjects:			Sugge	sted Community service learning	
• Language		• V	sit community recreation places and enj	oy swinging	
 Environmental 					
Religious Activities	3				
Non-Formal Activity to	o support learning thro	ough application:	Sugge	sted Assessment	
• Fun day			• O	oservation, question and answer, observa	ation schedule

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Locomotive	 Can successfully identify skills of crawling and swinging Can swing perfectly and crawl independently Shares play equipment's in groups 	 Can successfully identify any of the two skills of crawling and swinging Can swing averagely and crawl with assistance Can successfully play in groups of two pairs 	 Can successfully identify any of the two skills of crawling and swinging Can successfully swing with assistance and crawl with assistance Can successfully play alone 	 Can't identify any of the two skills of crawling and swinging Can't swing and crawl without assistance Can't play with others

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes co		arning experience	Key inquiry questions
		you cover knowledge (K), ski		level competency	
		and Attitude ((A)	descriptions)	<u> </u>	
Basic motor skills	4.2 Non locomotive 30 Lessons	 d) Acquire stretching and ber skills for muscle developm e) Bending and stretching for co-ordination f) Have fun as they stretch at bend 	ent. body • Learners stretching • Organize safety pre and bend	appreciate own and	 Which activity did you perform? Which activity did you enjoy? How did you feel as your partner performed the activities?
Core Competence			others tur	CITES	
-	nd collaboration – wh	en working in groups			
		ons during performance			
Link to PCIs			Link to Core Values		
• ESD – Safety			 Responsibility 		
 Life Skills – assert 	iveness				
Link to other subjects	:		Suggested Communi	ity service learning	
 Language 	• Language			siblings at school and at h	ome
• Environmental					
 Religious Activities 	es				
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:			Suggested Assessmen	nt	
Gymnastics/fun ga	mes		• Observation, observation	ervation checklist, question	on and answers, peer

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Non Locomotive	 Can stretch and bend accurately Can show the effective development of fine and gross motor skills Can follow the styles/steps of doing activities well Has ability to change from one activity to the other i.e. bending, stretching and squatting 	 Can fairly stretch and bend Fairly display effectively development of fine and gross motor skills in activities Can follow direction of doing activities fairly well i.e. bend, stretch etc. 	 The motor skills fairly developed but cannot do activities accurately Follow directions for some activities Gets fatigued very past 	 Has very little muscle control Gets fatigued fast Cannot follow the directions of doing activities well

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes ce	ensure Suggested learning experience	Key inquiry questions	
		you cover knowledge (K), ski	ll (S) (align to the level competency		
		and Attitude ((A)	descriptions)		
BASIC MOTOR SKILLS	4.3 Manipulative Skills 30 Lessons	a) Acquire a range of manipulation for talent development b) Perform various manipulation activities for enjoyment c) Have fun as they practice various manipulative skills d) Develop awareness of different strength required for kicking different objects	immediate environment that they can use for manipulation. • Learners practice throwing and catching objects freely. • guidelearner on the safety precautions to be followed during	 What did you enjoy doing? Which materials did you use? 	
Core Competence Communication and collaboration – when collecting materials, when playing in groups in pairs and taking turns Critical thinking and problem solving – when throwing and catching and kicking different Self-efficacy – as they take turns and appreciate own and others					
Link to PCIs			Link to Core Values		
 Financial literacy 			 Responsibility and Sharing 		

ESD; observation safety	
• Life skills – coping with emotions	
Link to other subjects:	Suggested Community service learning
Religious Activities, Language and Environmental	Art display
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
Observation	Observation

ESD: DRR; Safety

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Manipulative	 Perform various manipulative activities correctly Practice various manipulative skills confidently 	 Performs various manipulative activities correctly Practice various manipulative skills confidently 	 Attempts manipulative skills Attempt performing various manipulative activities With assistance practice various manipulative activities 	 Can't attempt manipulative activities Has difficulty in manipulative activities Does not practice various manipulative activities

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes cens you cover knowledge (K), skill (and Attitude ((A)		Key inquiry questions
LISTENING AND RESPONDING	2.0 Musical Sounds 12 Lessons	 a) Identify various sound made various animals from the environment for familiarization b) Sing songs related to musical sounds made by animals in the environment for enjoyment. c) Appreciate various musical sound made by animals 	 Learners nature walk to listen to various sounds made by animals in their environment. Learners identify various sounds 	 Which sounds did you listen to? Which animal sound did you like most?
• Learning to learn co	ritical thinking			
Link to PCIs • Self esteem, efficace	су	Li •	nk to Core Values Unity	

Link to other subjects:	Suggested Community service learning
Environmental, CRE, IRE, HRE	Take care of animals in their environment
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
Music artifacts	Observation, question and answer
	Observation checklist

Indicators	Exceeding Above	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
	Expectation			
Musical Sounds	 Enjoys listening to sounds in the environment Identifies most of the sound from the environment Produce musical sounds from sounds of animals in the environment in a creative way Identifies directions from which the sound come 	 Enjoys listening to sounds in the environment Identifies most of the sounds from the environment Produce musical sounds from sounds of animals in the environment in a creative way Identifies directions from which the sounds come 	 Enjoys listening to sounds from the environment Identifies some of the sounds from the environment Produces music from sounds of animals in the environment with assistance Identifies some directions from which the sounds come 	Enjoys listening to sounds from the environment with encouragement Identifies a few sounds from the environment with assistance Cannot produce music from sounds in the environment Does not identify direction from which the sounds come

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure	Suggested learning experience	Key inquiry questions
		you cover knowledge (K), skill (S)	(align to the level competency	
		and Attitude ((A)	descriptions)	
LISTENING AND RESPONDING	Imitating musical sounds 12 lessons	 a) Identify sources of sound in the environment for familiarization b) Imitate sounds made in the environment for enjoyment. c) Appreciate sounds produced in the environment 	Guide learners; Ilisten to different sounds in the environment toidentify the sources of sound in the environment. to imitate sounds produced in the environment in groups and pairs. sing songs related to sources of	 What do you hear? What makes that sound? Which direction did the sound come from?
			sound in the environment	

	to identify the direction from	
	which the sounds are coming.	
Core Competence		
Communication and collaboration		
Self-efficacy		
Link to PCIs	Link to Core Values	
ESD; Animal awareness	Humility	
Environmental awareness		
Link to other subjects:	Suggested Community service learning	
Environmental, Language, CRE/IRE/HRE	• Nature walk in the neighbourhood – caring for animals	
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment	
Music festival	Observation of children's individual activity, question and answer	
	through discussion	

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Imitating Musical	Can successfully;	Listen to sound	Listen fairly well	Cannot listen sounds
Sounds	Listen to sounds	 Identify sources of 	• Fairly identify sources of	without assistance
	• Identify sources of sound	sounds	sound	Attempts to identify
	Imitate sounds correctly	Imitate sounds	Tries to imitate sounds	Attempts to imitate
	Make sound they have	 Express his feelings 	 Enjoy sounds produced 	sounds
	listened	towards sound		Fair enjoyment of the
	Appreciate sound produced	produced		sounds produced

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure you cover knowledge (K), skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions
PAPER CRAFT	Weaving 8 lessons	 a) Identify materials for weaving for familiarization b) Cut for use in weaving c) Weave for fun and creatively d) Weave using papers for fun. 	 Learners identify weaving materials. Learners to cut papers freely. guide learners on how to cut material for weaving. Learners work in pairs, small groups as they practice weaving. 	Which item do you enjoy weaving Which materials do you use for weaving? What do you use the woven materials for

			e) Appreciate own ar	nd others •	Learners observe safety as they		
			work		work in groups.		
				•	Learners display their work and		
					gallery walk.		
Co	re Competence						
•	Creativity and imagination	on					
•	Communication and coll	laboration					
•	Self-efficacy						
•	Critical thinking and pro	blem solving					
Lin	ık to PCIs	-		Link t	Link to Core Values		
•	Life skills; effective con	nmunication		• R	Responsibility		
				• C	poperation		
				• SI	naring		
Lin	Link to other subjects:		Sugge	Suggested Community service learning			
•	• Language, Environmental, Mathematics		• C	• Collecting litters			
No	n-Formal Activity to sup	port learning throu	gh application:	Sugge	Suggested Assessment		
•	Group craft activities			Obser	vation, question and answer, self ass	sessment	

Indicators	Exceeding Above	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
	Expectation			
Weaving	Can successfully; Perform different skills of cutting papers Cut papers correctly Use cut paper to weave correctly Enjoy own and others finished work	 Perform different skills of cutting papers Cut correctly Weave correctly Enjoy own work Enjoy others work 	 Try to perform skills of cutting papers Attempts to cut Try to weave Enjoy own work 	 Has difficulty performing any skill of cutting Needs assistance in cutting No attempt to weave unassisted Does not enjoy cutting or weaving

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure you cover knowledge (K), skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions
PAPER CRAFT	Paper folding	a) Identify different ways of	• Learners fold papers freely in different	1. What items do you
		folding papers from creativity	ways	enjoy making?

	b) Make items using folding techniques for enjoyment c) Appreciate paper folding for fun	 Guide learners on different ways of folding papers Learners practice making items using paper folding technique in pairs and small groups Express their emotions as they display their work 	2. Which ways do you fold the paper?3. Which items do you make using paper folding?	
Core Competence				
 Creativity and imagination 				
 Communication and collaboration 				
Self-efficacy				
Critical thinking and problem solving				
Link to PCIs		Link to Core Values		
• Life skills; effective communication		Responsibility		
		• Co-operation		
		Sharing		
Link to other subjects:		Suggested Community service learning		
• Language		Collecting litters		
• Environmental				
Mathematics				
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:		Suggested Assessment		
Group craft activities		Observation		
		Question and answer		
		Self-assessment		

Indicators	Exceeding Above	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
	Expectation			
Paper Folding	 Identify different techniques of folding papers correctly Make items using paper Make items using paper folding technique independently 	 Identify techniques of folding papers Successfully make items using paper Successfully make items using paper folding technique independently 	 Can fairly identify techniques of folding paper With assistance can make items using paper Attempt to make some items using paper folding technique 	 Does not identify techniques of folding papers No attempt to make items using paper Has difficulty to make items using paper folding techniques

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes c you cover knowledge (K), sk		Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency	Key inquiry questions
Swimming	Pool safety hygiene 30 lessons	and Attitude ((A) a) Identify basic water safety in the pool for mastery b) Apply basic water safety the pool for personal safet c) Have fun as they role play water safety rules in the p d) Display ability to use safe materials in water for second	rule in ety y basic bool ety	 Guide learners on the basic water safety rules to observe in the pool. Learner could watch a film on swimming safety gears. Guide learners to use improvised pools as they observe safety rules. Take turns as they practicing safety rules in the pool. Appreciate own and others efforts. 	 Which safety rules should you observe in the pool? What should you do before getting into a swimming pool? Which materials do you use in the pool for safety?
Core Competence Self-efficacy	1				
Communication and colla Link to PCIs	boration		Link #	Core Values	
• ESD: DRR; Safety			Responsibility		
Link to other subjects:			Suggested Community service learning		
• Environmental			Share with peers basic safety rules		
Language Activities					
Non-Formal Activity to	support learning thro	ugh application:	Suggested Assessment		
 Swimming competiti 	on		Observation, question and answer, observation checklist		

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Pool safety	Successfully identifies basic water safety rules	Identify basic water safety rules	With assistance can identify basic water safety	 Has difficulty identifying rules No application of basic rules

Apply basic rules	• Apply basic water sa rules	fety • Attempts to apply b water safety rules	May display ability to use safety rules
Display abile safety mater confidently	rials materials confidently	Enjoys basic water	Fairly enjoys basic safety rules and materials
	basic water and safety materials fety materials		

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes of you cover knowledge (K), sk and Attitude ((A)		Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions
SWIMMING Core Competence	Water orientation 15 lessons	a) Demonstrate ability to tak of themselves when playi with water for personal sa b) Demonstrate basic swimm skills for talent developm c) Have fun when playing w in water	ng afety ning ent	 Guide learners interact with water freely. Guide them to practice basic safety precautions when playing with water. Guide them to adjusting in water in the pool. Sing routine songs as they enter and exit water. Walking in a baby pool Guide learners to demonstrate basic swimming styles in turns 	 What are some of the improvised pools you used? How do you feel while in water? What do you do before entering the pool?
 Critical thin 	king and problem solving				
Link to PCIs			Link to Core Values		
• ESD – Safety			Responsibility		
• Life skills – mak	_				
• LSP – Sports and					
Health Education – personal hygiene Link to other subjects:					
		Sugge	sted Community service learning		
• Environmental, Language			A nature walk to a river/poor		
Non-Formal Activit	y to support learning thro	ough application:	Suggested Assessment		
 Picnics 			Question and answer, observation, checklist		

Indicators	Exceeding Above	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
	Expectation			

development safety some rules correctly	Water Orientation	 Follows the rules for safety Take care of him/herself when playing with water Swim for talent development 	 Can take care of him/herself when playing with water Swim without being guided for fun Can follow some rules for safety 	 May not be able to take care of himself/herself when playing with water Swim with assistance May be able to follow some rules 	 Take care of him/herself when playing with water with assistance Cannot swim Cannot follow the rules correctly
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Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure you cover knowledge skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	(K), Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions	
CREATING SHAPES AND FORMS USING ICT	Creating shapes and forms 5 lessons	 a) Interact with the gadgets fr for familiarization b) Display the ability to opera the gadgets for creating shace. c) Create shapes using electron gadgets for creativity d) Appreciate own created shafor fun 	electronic gadgets guide learners to create shape using electronic gadgets. Learners to observe safety on use of electronic gadgets.	2. Which are the digital	
Learning to learn	Creativity and imagination				
Link to PCIs			Link to Core Values		
• ESD: DRR; Safety			Responsibility, Respect		
Link to other subjects:			Suggested Community service learning		
Mathematics, Language			Interact with parents and other siblings		
Non-Formal Activity to	support learning th	8 11	Suggested Assessment		
 Visit a supermarket 			Observation, own assessment, question ar	d answer	

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Creating shapes and forms	 Can name electronic gadgets Uses the gadgets confidently 	can name electronic gadgetscan freely use the gadgets	 may not name some electronic gadgets uses the gadgets with assistance 	 cannot name electronic gadgets cannot sue the gadgets

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure you cover knowledge (K), skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions
	Construction 3D forms 4 Lessons	 a) Identify materials for construction b) Construct simple 3D objects for creativity c) Handling materials for interaction d) Display for appreciation 	 Learners collect materials from the environment. Learners interact with materials as they make objects Learners construct 3D Objects and simple playing materials. Learners display work and talk about own and others Learners to be guided on safety precautions when collecting and working with materials Express their emotions as they display work. Store and care for materials. 	 How do you make 3d forms? What should you consider when collecting materials?
Core Competence				

• Creativity and imagination

Communication and collaboration	
Critical thinking	
Self efficacy	
Link to PCIs	Link to Core Values
• ESD: DRR; Safety	Coping with emotions, co-operation, responsibility, sharing
Health Education: Hygiene	
Financial Literacy	
Link to other subjects:	Suggested Community service learning
Mathematics, Language, Environmental	Observation, Question and answer
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
Cooking (kalongo)	Observation, question and answer

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
3D forms	 identify materials for construction collect materials from the environment for creativity has the ability to construct simple 3D's objects for creativity 	 Can identify materials for construction Can collect materials from the environment in a relaxed way Can be able to construct simple 3D's objects for enjoyment 	 Can identify some materials for construction Collect materials with assistance Can construct simple 3D's objects but with assistance 	 Needs assistance to identify materials for construction Needs assistance to collect materials from the environment for familiarization Needs assistance to construct simple 3D's objects

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure	Suggested learning experience	Key inquiry questions
		you cover knowledge (K), skill (S)	(align to the level competency	
		and Attitude ((A)	descriptions)	

Core Competence Creativity and imagination Critical thinking Communication and collab		 Identify materials used to beading Make beads using locall available materials for a Appreciate own and oth finished beading work 	y esthetics	 Learners to collect locally available materials Learners to sort the materials to use learnersto be guided on how to bead. Learners to work in pairs and small groups to make beads. Observe safety as they bead Learners to express their emotions as they display their work and gallery walk. 	What materials do you need for beading? What item can you make from beads?
Self efficacy	oration				
Link to PCIs			Link t	o Core Values	
• ESD: DRR; Safety			• Sł	naring	
Financial Literacy			Responsibility		
Health Education: Hyg	giene				
Link to other subjects:				sted Community service learning	
• Mathematics		Collecting material at home and within the environment			
• Environmental					
• Language					
Non-Formal Activity to s	upport learning thro	ugh application:		sted Assessment	
• Group craft activities			Observ	vation, self assessment, question and answ	ver

Indicators	Exceeding Above	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
	Expectation			
Beading	Identifies materials for beading from the environment	Can identify materials for beading from the environment	Can identify materials for beading with assistance	Needs assistance to be able to identify materials for beading
	Can make beads freelyAppreciate the finished work	Make beads freelyAppreciates the finished work	Make beads with assistance	Cannot make beadsCannot appreciate the finished work

		 Appreciates the 	
		finished work	

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure you cover knowledg skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions	
Ornaments Core Competence	- Bracelet making 4 Lessons	 a) Identify different materia making bracelets for inno (K) b) Make simple bracelets us locally available material creativity (S) c) Appreciate own and other finished work (A) 	 collect materials from the environment sort materials for bracelets making Making bracelets of their choice 		
Communication and co Self-efficacy	ollaboration				
Critical thinking and p	roblem solving				
Link to PCIs			Link to Core Values		
• ESD: Environmen	ntal awareness		Unity, love		
Link to other subjects	s:		Suggested Community service learning		
 Mathematics 	• Mathematics		Nature walk to collect materials		
 Environmental 					
 Language 					
1	to support learning throu	igh application:	Suggested Assessment		
Role play			Observation of children's activities,		
			Question and answer,		
			Observation checklist		

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Bracelets	Can identify m making bracelet	<u> </u>	Can identify some materials for making	Attempts to identify materials with assistance
	creatively	Can make simple bracelets for enjoyment	bracelets for enjoyment	May not make simple bracelets

•	Can make simple bracelets from locally available materials	The learner can explain his finished work	•	Can make simple bracelets with assistance	•	Cannot explain his finished work
•	The learner has the ability to explain his/her finished work		•	Can explain finished with assistance		

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure you cover knowledge (K), skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions
Rhythm	Creating and composing rhythmic patterns 12 Lessons	 a) Produce rhythmic patterns using body for strength and body coordination b) Creating various rhythmic patterns for talent development c) Play simple percussion instruments for fun 	 Guide learners to; create free rhythmic pattern. Could watch films on different rhythmic patterns from videos and films. Identify percussion instruments Practice playing simple percussion instruments in pairs and in small groups. Observe safety as they play and store materials 	What percussion instruments do we use to create rhythmic patterns? Which percussion instruments did you use? How do you play different percussion instruments?

Core Competence

- Digital literacy as they watch films and videos
 Critical thinking and problem solving
- Imagination and creativity
- Communication and collaboration
- ESD DRR: Safety

- ESD - DKK, Saicty	
Link to PCIs	Link to Core Values
• Patriotism	Appreciation
Link to other subjects:	Suggested Community service learning
Environmental and Language	 Playing percussion with their siblings
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
Music Festival	Questions and answer
	Observation

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Creating shapes and forms	 Can name electronic gadgets Uses the gadgets confidently 	 can name electronic gadgets can freely use the gadgets 	 may not name some electronic gadgets uses the gadgets with assistance 	 cannot name electronic gadgets cannot sue the gadgets

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes censure you cover knowledg skill (S) and Attitude ((A)	e (K), Suggested learning experience (align to the level competency descriptions)	Key inquiry questions	
FUN GAMES	Traditional games 15 Lessons	 a) Identify various traditions modern games for perform b) Perform different tradition games for enjoyment c) Perform various game for 	 collect materials from home and neighborhood. -learners identify various 	 Where do we get the materials for traditional and modern games? What types of games do you played? How did you play the games? Which games do you enjoy playing? 	
Core Competence Communication and col Imagination and creative Self-efficacy					
 Link to PCIs Financial literacy – proper storage of materials 			Link to Core Values Respect		
Link to other subjects:			Suggested Community service learning		
Environmental and Language			Invite a resource person to teach modern and traditional games		

Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
Visit old people	Questions and answer, Observation

Indicators	Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Traditional games	 Can successfully identify games within the environment Can perform the games successfully Can perform games with props correctly 	within the environmentCan perform the games successfully	 Can identify game within the environment with assistance May perform the games with assistance Can attempt to perform games with props well 	 Cannot identify games within the environment Needs assistance to perform some games Cannot perform games with props well

ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVITIES

ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Essence Statement

Environmental activity area in pre-primary entails the study of the relationship between man and his environment. It comprises; social relationships, health practices and safety, and the local natural environment. This provides opportunity for the learner to explore, interact and experiment with the immediate environment. This enables the learner to acquire skills to enjoy learning, promote good health, safety, environmental conservation and appreciate rich cultural diversity.

General activity area learning outcomes

By the end of pre-primary education the learner should be able to:

- a) Observe proper hygiene, sanitation, and nutrition to promote health.
- b) Explore the immediate environment for learning, conservation and enjoyment.
- c) Apply technological skills for learning and enjoyment within their local environment.
- d) Demonstrate acquisition of social skills for interpersonal relationship.
- e) Appreciate the rich and diverse cultural heritage in the local environment
- f) 6.Make appropriate choices for safe interaction with the immediate environment

ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Strand	Sub-strand/ (Suggested time)	Specific Learning Outcome	s)	Suggested Learning Experiences		Inquiry stion(s)
1.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	1.1 Hand washing 5 lessons	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) wash hands appropriately personal hygiene b) demonstrate hand washing behavior at critical times c) c) Appreciate the need to hands for personal hygiene	y for ng o wash	Learners observe the demonstration of washing hands • Learners are guided to wash hands appropriately. • In groups learners practice washing hands • Learners sing songs, recite poems related to hand washing as they wash hands • Learners watch videos on hand washing demonstrations	2. 1 3.	Why do we wash hands? How do we wash hands? When do we wash our hands?
CommunicatSelf- efficacy	ce to be developed: ion and collaboration-working /-Washing Hands Appropriately earn-demonstrate hand washing	7			1	
	ving myself (self-esteem as they		Link to v	values: respect, patient		
Link to other subjects: Language, Music and Psychomotor and Creative				d Community service learning activities: munity hand washing day		
Suggested non formal Activities to support learning: Parents empowerment and engagement – provide materials for hand washing, resource person Suggested Resources;				d assessment: questions, observation		
Hand washing fac	cilities, charts of people washin					

FORMATIVE ASSESMENT

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Proper hand washing	Able to state why we should wash hands appropriately and tell critical times to wash their hands besides assisting others to wash hands.	Able to state why we should wash hands, wash hands appropriately and tell critical times to wash their hands	Able to state why we should wash hands appropriately.	Able to wash hands but cannot state why we should wash hands

Strand	Sub-strand/	Specific Learning Outcomes)	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
	(Suggested time)			
1.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	1.2 Cleaning nose	a) Talk about the importance of cleaning their nose	• Learners be guided to discuss the importance of cleaning the	1. Why do we clean our nose?
	5 lessons	b) demonstrate the ability to wipe the nose appropriately	nose using a clean handkerchief	2. When do we clean our nose?
		c) maintain a clean handkerchief for personal hygiene	Learners observe the teacher while demonstrating nose wiping	3. What do we use to clean our nose?
		d) talk about the dangers of putting objects in the nose.	Learners are guided on how to use a clean handkerchief appropriately and how to take	4. Why should we use a clean handkerchief?
			care of it. • Learners practice wiping their nose.	5. What are the dangers of putting objects in the nose?
			Learners are guided to talk about dangers of putting objects in the nose.	
			Learners sing songs and recite rhymes and poems about cleaning the nose.	
Come Commenter of the			Learners watch videos on cleaning the nose.	

Core-Competence to be developed

- Self-efficacy-wiping nose appropriately
- Learning to learn-practice wiping nose
- Communication and collaboration-discussion, singing

Link to PCIs:	Link to values:
Health education- personal hygiene	Responsibility
- Life skills- effective communication (responds to verbal instructions in importance of cleaning the noise)	• Peace
- ESD- personal safety as they observe dangers of putting objects in	
the nose	
Link to other subjects:	Suggested Community Service learning activities
• Language	Parental enjoyment- provision of a clean handkerchief, Resource
 Music and movement 	person
 Psychomotor and creative activities 	
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning	Suggested assessment;
Parental engagement-provision of clean handkerchief	Oral questions
• guest person from health facilities (resource person)	Observations
Suggested Resources:	
Handkerchiefs water soan containers charts pictures videos	

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Proper nose cleaning	Able to tell the importance of cleaning their nose, ability to clean the nose using a clean handkerchief appropriately, maintain a clean handkerchief besides cautioning others to	Able to tell the importance of cleaning their nose, ability to clean the nose using a clean handkerchief appropriately, maintain a	Able to tell the importance of cleaning their nose, ability to clean the nose using a clean handkerchief.	Able to tell a clean and dirty nose but cannot clean the nose using a handkerchief appropriately.
	avoid putting objects in the nose.	clean handkerchief.		

Strand	Sub-strand/	Specific Learning Outcomes)	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry Question(s)
	(Suggested time)		Experiences	
1.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	1.3 Care for teeth 5 lessons	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) talk about items and substances that destroy teeth b) name items used to clean their teeth	 Learners are guided to name items and substances that destroy their teeth Learners listen to a resource person talk about dangers of using 	 What substances and items destroy teeth? What should we avoid in order to keep our teeth healthy? What items are used to clean teeth?

Core-Competence to be developed • Learning to learn-sorting things that destroy tee • Communication and collaboration-discussion	c) clean teeth appropriate to cleaning teeth	. ,	substances that destroy teeth Learners are guided to name items used to clean their teeth Learners imitate cleaning teeth Learners be guided to talk about appropriate times for clean teeth Learners watch videos on cleaning of teeth Learners sing songs related to care for teeth	4. Why do we clean our teeth?5. When do we clean our teeth?	
Link to PCIs:		Link to values			
LSP- guidance: hygiene, grooming, and etiquet	tte		onsibility		
• Life skills- making good choices: to avoid substances to that destroy		• Patier	nce		
teeth		• Respe	ect		
Links to other subjects		Suggested con	nmunity Service learning activ	ities	
	• Language, Psychomotor and creative activities music and movement		==		
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning			Suggested assessment		
• Parental engagement- parents should be sensitize to limit substances			questions		
they give to children that destroy their teeth	• observ	vation			
Suggested Resources,	D	. 1			
 Tooth brushing materials, water, videos, charts 	, Resource persons e.g.	a dentist			

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Proper cleaning of	Able to tell the importance of	Able to tell the importance	Able to tell the importance	Able to tell a clean and dirty
teeth	cleaning their teeth, ability to clean	of cleaning their teeth,	of cleaning their teeth,	nose but cannot clean the teeth
	the teeth using a clean toothbrush	ability to clean the teeth	ability to clean the teeth	using a tooth brush
	appropriately, maintain a clean	using a clean handkerchief	using a clean brush	appropriately.
	handkerchief besides cautioning	appropriately, maintain a		
		clean brush		

	others to avoid putting of	ojects in		
Strand 1.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	Sub- (Suggested time) 1.4 Sanitation/ Toileting 10 Lesson	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) talk about the importance of toilet facilities for personal hygiene b) identify toilet facilities in the school c) express the urge for toileting d) use of toilet facilities properly for personal hygiene e) appreciate the need to use clean toilet for personal hygiene	Suggested Learning Experiences • Learners are guided to talk about the importance of sanitary facilities in the school • Learners are guided to identify the toilets facilities in the school compound • Learners are guided in talking about how to express the urge for toileting • Learners practice seeking permission to go to toilets • Learners observe a role play on the use of sanitary facilities • Learners use games to practice the use of toileting facilities	 Key Inquiry Question(s) Why should we use toilets facilities? Which are the toilets facilities in school? What do you do when you need to go to the toilet? How do you use toilets facilities correctly? Why do you keep the toilet clean?
 Communic Self-effica Citizenship Link to PCIs: health eduction life skillstoilets 	o learn-identifying urge and seation and collaboration-disc cy-using toilet appropriately p-proper use of toilets cation-personal hygiene as the effective communication as to	seeking permission cussion	Learners are guided to talk about the need to use clean toilet/latrine for personal hygiene Link to values Patience Responsibility respect	
Link to other subjection Language.	ects: Psychomotor and Creative a	ctivities	 Suggested Community Service Lear parental engagement – provide to: 	9
Suggested Non for	mal activity to support lear in an organized activity in the	ning	Suggested assessment:	
Suggested Resource	es; Real objects, pictures, to	ileting facilities/ materials, water,	toilertories/tissue paper	

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Toilet use	Able to tell the importance of toilet facilities, identify toilet facilities in the school, express the urge for	Able to tell the importance of toilet facilities, identify toilet facilities in the school toileting express the urge	Able to tell the importance of toilet facilities, identify toilet facilities in the school, express the urge for	Able to identify toilet facilities, cannot express the urge for toileting and cannot use the toilet well.
	toileting and use the toilet well besides assisting others.	for toileting and use the toilet well	toileting facilities but cannot use the toilet well.	

Strand	Sub- (Suggested time)	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	1.1.3 Foods/Feeding 10 Lessons	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) talk about different food eaten at home b) talk about the importance of eating food c) talk about the dangers of sharing food from someone else's mouth d) feed self-using clean hands or feeding items appropriately e) observe proper feeding habits f) maintaining a clean feeding area g) appreciate different foods eaten at home	 Learners to be guided in naming foods eaten at home Organise learners in groups to talk about foods they eat at home and school Learners are guided to read pictures of foods Learners are guided to colour drawings of foods -learners sing songs and recite poems on importance eating food foods be guided to discuss the dangers of eating food from someone's mouth In groups learners practice feeding self Learners are guided to talk about proper feeding habits Learners are guided to clean their feeding area Learners practice cleaning the feeding area 	 How do we eat? Why do we eat food? How should we behave when eating? Why should we use clean feeding items when feeding ourselves? Why should we clean our feeding area? What are the dangers of eating from someone's mouth

	Learners tell stories, sing songs and recite poems on foods eaten at home and school Learners practice the culturally appropriate feeding habits using clean or feeding items
	• watch videos of different
Care-Competence to be developed	foods

- Self-efficacy-feeding self
 Communication and collaboration –guided discussion
 Learning to learn-learning proper feeding habits

Link to PCIs	Link to values
Health education-personal hygiene, not eating from other peoples	• Respect
mouth	Responsibility
Citizenship: guide learners about hygiene to clean the feeding areas	
Link to other subjects	Suggested community service learning activities
Psychomotor and Creative Activities	Parental engagement- reinforce feeding habits
Music and Movement	
• Language	
Suggested non formal activity to support learning	Suggested assessments
Feeding programme	Oral questions
	• Observations
Suggested Resources, charts, videos, realia (feeding items)	

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching	Below Expectation
			Expectation	
Feeding habits	Able to talk about foods eaten at	Able to talk about foods	Able to talk about sfoods	Able to talk about foods,
	home, tell importance of eating	eaten at home, tell	eaten at home, tell	cannot tell the
	food, talk about dangers of	importance of eating food,	importance of eating	importance of food and
	sharing from someone else	talk about dangers of sharing	food, talk about dangers	cannot hold the feeding
	mouth, feed self-using clean	from someone else mouth,	of sharing from someone	

hands, observe proper feeding habits, maintain clean feeding	feed self-using clean hands, observe proper feeding	else mouth, observe proper feeding habits but	items well while feeding self.
area besides assisting others to	habits, maintain a clean feeding area.	cannot keep the feeding area and items clean	Self.

Strand	Sub-strand (Suggested time)	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	2.1 Plants 10 Lessons	By the end of sub strand the learner should be able to: a) identify the types of plants found in the home and school environment b) talk about safe and harmful plants found in the home and school environment c) appreciate the importance plants found in the home and school environment	 learners are guided to take a walk in the school compound to name plants within their school environment Learners are guided to name plants found in the home environment learners are guided to identify the safe and harmful plants in the home and school environment in groups learners practice match and pair pictures of safe and harmful plants learners paste picture cut outs of plants found at home and school environment Learners sing songs on plants found at home and school environment learners recite poems, and rhymes about plants found at home and school environment 	a) Which plants are found at home and school environment? b) Which plants are safe? c) Which plants are harmful? d) What is the importance of plants found in the home and school environment?

Core-Competence to be developed

- Critical thinking and problem solving-coming up with what to do when in contact with dangerous plants Learning to learn-when identifying the plants
- Communication and collaboration-in discussion
- Imagination and creativity-discuss in groups
- Self efficacy-

Link to PCIs	Link to value
- ESD: environmental education, environmental awareness- as they take a	- Cooperation
walk in the school	- Responsibility
- DRR: personal safety- learners observe safety as they identify safe and	
harmful plants	
- Life skills: effective communication- learners to responds to instructions	
as they match pictures of safe and harmful plant	
Link to other subjects	Suggested community service learning activities
- Creative, Mathematics, Music And Movement, Language	- Parental engagement
Suggested non formal activity	Suggested assessments
Group activities- to match and pair safe and harmful plants	- Observations
	- Oral questions
Suggested Resources- plants, charts	

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting	Approaching	Below Expectation
		Expectation	Expectation	
Identification of safe and harmful plants	Able to identify the types plants found at home and school environment, talk about safe and harmful plants in home and school environment, appreciate the importance of plants besides identifying other uses of the plants	-Able to identify the plants found at home and school environment, talk about safe and harmful plants in home and school environment, appreciate the importance of plants.	-Able to identify the plants found at home and school environment, talk about safe and harmful plants in home but cannot appreciate the importance of plants.	Able to identify one or two plants found at home and school environment and cannot talk about the harmful and safe plants.

2.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
	2.2 Animals 10 Lessons	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to:	Learners are guided to walk around and name the animals found within school compound.	1. Which animals are found at home and school?

a) Talk about animals found at home and school environmentb) Identify animals found at home and school environment	 Learners are guided to identify animals found at home and school environment by taking a school tour. Learners colour pictures animals from a picture book. Learners are guided to identify the 	2. Which animals are dangerous to you?3. Which animals are safe to
c) Identify safe and dangerous animals found at home and school environment	dangerous animals found at home and school environment. In groups, learners discuss the dangerous animals found at home and school. Sort and group pictures of dangerous animals from a picture book. Learners sing songs and recite poems	handle at home and school?
d) Appreciate the animals found at home and school environment	about animals found at home and school environment • Learners watch videos of animals	

Core-Competence to be developed:

- Communication and Collaboration-discussing in pairs;
- Self efficacy- while taking a walk; Digital literacy- watching videos:

• Digital interacy- watching videos;					
Critical thinking and problem solving- when confronting dangerous animals					
Link to PCIs	Link to value				
 ESD: Animal welfare: Introduction- to animal welfare education- as 	Cooperation				
they identify animals found at home and school	• Respect				
DRR: personal safety: as they identify safe and dangerous animals they	• Care				
observe their safety					
• Life skills: making good choices: not to disturb and play with dangerous					
animals					
Link to other subjects	Suggested community service learning activities				
• Mathematics	Parental engagement				
Creative					
 Psychomotor 					
Music and Movement					

• Language					
Suggested non formal activity to support learning	Suggested assessments				
Nature walk	 Observations 				
	Oral questions				
Suggested Resources:					
- Realia, Picture cut outs; flash cards; - Picture books; crayons, paper; v	videos				

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Identifying safe and	Able to talk about animals	Able to talk about animals	Able to talk about animals	Able to talk about only two
dangerous animals	found at home and school	found at home and school	found at home and school	animals found at home and at
	environment, Identify	environment, Identify	environment, Identify	school environment.
	animals found at home and	animals found at home and	animals found at home and	
	school environment,	school environment,	school environment but	
	identify safe and dangerous	identify safe and dangerous	cannot identify safe and	
	animals at school and home	animals at school and home	dangerous animals.	
	environment besides	environment		
	taking care of the animals			

strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 NATURAL			Learners are guided to	What is the weather
ENVIRONMENT	2.3 Weather	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to:	observe the weather condition of the day	condition of the day?
	5 Lessons	a) Observe weather conditions in the immediate environment	 Learners are guided to talk about weather conditions they have observed 	How do you respond to a different weather conditions?
		b) Identify different weather conditions in the immediate environment	Learners are guided to talk about weather different conditions by observing pictures, charts and watch videos	How do you respond to a different weather condition of the day?
		c) respond to weather conditions appropriately in the immediate environment	Learners sing songs and recite poems about different	

	d) appreciate different weather conditions in the immediate environment	weather conditions for enjoyment • Learners are guided to play with prevailing condition			
Core-Competence to be developed					
Learning to learn-playing with kites, balloon		the weather			
Creativity and imagination- construction of	<u> </u>				
 Critical thinking –dressing according to wea Self efficacy- expressing whether feeling ho 					
Self efficacy- expressing whether recining no	t of cold				
Link to PCIs	Link	Link to values			
ESD: environmental education- educati	tal awareness as the learners	• Responsibility			
observe the weather condition of the day		• Cooperation			
 Life skills: effective communication- comm about weather conditions they observed 	unicate verbally as they talk				
Links to other subjects	Suga	gested community service learning activities			
• language	Suge	Tree planting in the community by learners			
 music and movement 		Parental engagement in developing materials e.g. kites			
 creative and psychomotor 		Guided tours			
Suggested non formal activity to support learning		Suggested assessments			
Health clubs		• Observation			
• Oral questions					
Suggested Resources Balloons, kites, propellers, flutes (hollow objects), realia (trees)					
Danoons, kites, propeners, nutes (nonow objects), re	ana (necs)				

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Response to weather conditions	Able to observe weather conditions in the immediate environment, identify different weather conditions in the immediate environment, respond to	Able to observe weather conditions in the immediate environment, identify different weather conditions in the immediate environment, respond to	Able to observe weather conditions in the immediate environment and identify different weather conditions in the immediate environment	Able to observe weather conditions in the immediate environment but cannot identify different weather conditions.

weather conditions	weather conditions	
appropriately besides	appropriately	
appreciate different weather		
conditions.		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 NATURAL ENVIRON- MENT	2.4 Water 5 Lessons	By the end of the strand the learners should be able to: a) identify sources of water at home and school b) talk about uses of water in their home and school c) conserve water at home and school d) appreciate water conservation at home and school	learners are guided to take a walk to identify sources of water within the school environment learners are guided to talk about sources of water at home and school learners are guided to observe sources of water from a picture book, watch videos, charts learners are guided to talk about uses of water at school and home learners are guided to close taps after and when not in use learners are guided on how to use and re-use water properly learners are guided to engage in water games learners are guided to sing songs, recite poems, and rhymes related to water	 Where do we get water? What are the uses of water? How do we conserve water? How do we use water sparingly?

- Core-Competence to be developed

 Self efficacy- using water sparingly

 Learning to learn-opening and closing taps

 Critical thinking and creativity- re using water

 Communication and collaboration-discuss sources of water
 - Digital literacy- play games with digital devices

Link to PCIs	Link to values
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ESD: Environmental education, animal welfare, financial literacy	Responsibility			
	• Cooperation			
Links to other subjects	Suggested community service learning activities			
• Language	Parental empowerment			
Psychomotor and creative	Parental involvement			
Music and movement				
Suggested non formal activity learning	Suggested assessment			
Participate in a fun day for creativity	 Observation 			
Re- circling water in the community	Oral questions			
Suggested Resources				
Water, buckets, picture books, videos, play containers, charts				

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Conserving water	Able to identify sources of water at home and school, talk about uses of water at	Able to identify sources of water at home and school, talk about uses of water at	Able to identify sources of water at home and school, talk about uses of water at home	Able to identify sources of water at home and school but cannot talk about uses of
	their home and school, conserve water at home and school ,appreciate water conservation at home and school besides assisting others to perform simple experiments with water.	their home and school, conserve water at home and school ,appreciate water conservation at home and school.	and school, conserve water at home and school but cannot conserve water.	water and cannot conserve water at home and school.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
		Outcomes		
2.0 NATURAL ENVIRON- MENT	5 Lessons	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) talk about the safety measures when playing with soil b) take safety measures when playing with soil for safety	 Learners be guided to talk about safety measures while playing with soil Learners take safety measures while play with soil learners tell safety measures when handling soil learners are guided to play with soil 	 What safety measures do you observe when playing with soil? What do you need to do when playing with soil?

	c) playing with soil for enjoymentd) appreciate playing with soil for enjoyment	learners sing songs, recite poems on safety when handling soil	
Core-Competence to be developed			
• Communication and collaboration- discussion			
Self efficacy-confidence in handling soil			
Learning to learn- learn safety measures to take	e wnen playing		
Link to PCIs	Lin	k to values	
ESD: DRR: personal safety		 Responsibility 	
Life skills- effective communication		• Unity	
Link to other subject	Sug	Suggested community service learning activities	
• Language		Parental engagement	
 Music and Movement 		Parental empowerment	
Suggested non formal activity to support learning		Suggested assessment	
Role playing		Observation and oral questions	
Suggested Resources			
 Sandpits, containers, charts, picture books, 			

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Taking safety measures in play	Able to talk about the safety measures when playing with soil, take safety measures when playing with soil for safety, play with soil for enjoyment besides assisting others to explore the different soil textures.	Able to talk about the safety measures when playing with soil, take safety measures when playing with soil for safety, play with soil for enjoyment.	Able to talk about the safety measures when playing with soil, take safety measures when playing with soil for safety.	Able to play with soil.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)

2.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	2.6 Sound 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub strand the learners are able to: a) identify different sounds within their immediate environment b) talk about different sounds in the environment c) imitate sounds outcome in their immediate environment d) appreciate the different sounds in the environment	 learners are guided to take a walk to listen to different sounds within their environments In groups learners discuss different sounds in the environment Learners practice imitation of different sounds within the environment Learners practice hitting of objects to produce different sounds Learners sing songs related to sounds in the environment Learners are guided to play games to learn about different sounds in the environment 	 What sounds do you hear? What are the different sources of sounds?
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Core-Competence to be developed

- Communication and collaboration- telling sources of sounds
- Critical thinking and problem solving-telling different sounds
- Learning to learn
- Citizenship

Links to PCIs	Link to values
ESD: environmental education- environmental awareness	Cooperation
Life skills: creative thinking	Unity
Link to other subjects	Suggested community service learning activities
Music and movement	Parental engagement
• Language	
• Psychomotor	
Suggested non formal activity to support learning	Suggested assessment
Role playing	Oral questions
	Observations

Suggested Resources

• Musical instruments, realia (birds and animals in the environment), pictures, charts

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Identifying sounds in the environment	Able to identify different sounds, within their immediate environment, talk about different sounds in their environment, imitate sounds outcome in their immediate environment, appreciate different the sounds in their environment besides identifying and distinguishing other sources of	Able to identify different sounds, within their immediate environment, talk about different sounds in their environment, imitate sounds outcome in their immediate environment, appreciate different the	Able to identify different sounds, within their immediate environment, talk about different sounds in their environment, imitate sounds outcome in their immediate environment	Able to identify different sounds, within their immediate environment but cannot talk about different sounds in their environment.
	sounds in their environment.	sound in their environment.		

Strand	Sub-strand/Theme/Topic (Suggested time)	Specific Learning Outcomes (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) and attitudes (a)	Suggested Learning Experiences (align to the level competency descriptors)	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	2. 7 Smell 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub strand the learners should be able to: a) identify the sources of smell in the immediate environment b) differentiate between good and bad smell in the immediate environment c) appreciate good scent in the immediate environment	 Learners are guided to identify different sources of smell in the environment. In groups learners sort and group substances that smell good Learners sing songs, recite poems on good scent 	 What do you use to smell with? Which are some of the sources of smell? Which substances smell good? Which substances smell bad?

Core-Competence to be developed

- Self efficacy- confidence for learners who smell good
- Learning to learn-identifying good and bad smell Communication and collaboration-telling sources of smell
- Critical thinking and problem solving-smelling substances while blind folded

Link to PCIs	Link to values
 ESD: environmental education, environmental awareness 	 Cooperation
Life skill: effective communication	
Link to other subjects	Suggested community service learning activities
Music and movement	Parental involvement

• Psychomotor				
• Language				
Creative activities				
Suggested non formal activity to support learning	Suggested assessment			
Nature walk	 Oral questions 			
	 observations 			
Suggested Resources				
- Food substances, plants, nature walk field trips, substances that smell good and bad				

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Responding to good	Able to identify the sources of smell	Able to identify the sources	Able to identify the sources	Able to identify the sources
and bad smell	in the immediate environment,	of smell in the immediate	of smell in the immediate	of smell in the immediate
	differentiate between good and bad	environment, differentiate	environment, differentiate	environment but cannot
	smell in the immediate environment,	between good and bad	between good and bad smell	differentiate between good
	appreciate good scent in the	smell in the immediate	in the immediate	and bad smell in the
	immediate environment besides	environment, appreciate	environment.	immediate environment.
	assisting others to respond	good scent in the		
	appropriately to good and bad smell.	immediate environment.		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences (Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	2.8 Light 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub strand the learners should be able to: a) talk about the sources of light in the immediate environment b) talk about uses of light in the environment c) differentiate day and night d) appreciate the importance of light in their daily activities	 Learners are guided to talk about sources of light in their environment Learners talk about objects that produce light Learners are guided to talk about uses of light in their environment learners are guided to play with shadows learners perform simple experiments using sources of light learners are guided to appreciate light as cause of day and night Learners sing songs and recite poems related to light 	 What are the sources of light? How can you differentiate day and night? What produces light in the day and night? What are the uses of light?

Core-Com	netence	to be	devel	oned
COLCOIL	DULUILU	to bt	ucre	upcu

- Communication and collaboration-discussion on sources of light
- Critical thinking and problem solving-switch on light when dark
- Learning to learn-through experiments

Link to PCIs	Link to values
Life skills: Appropriate use of light	• Respect
 Creative thinking to solve social problems 	• Cooperation
Conflict resolution	
Link to other subjects	Suggested community service learning activities
Music and Movement	Parental engagement
Language	
 Psychomotor 	
Suggested non formal activity to support learning	Suggested assessment
Role playing	Oral questions
	• Observations

Suggested Resources

- Sources of light (sun, torch, lamps etc.)
- Piece of cloth

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Importance of light	Able to talk about the sources of	Able to talk about the sources	Able to talk about the sources	Able to talk about the sources
	light in the immediate	of light in the immediate	of light in the immediate	of light in the immediate
	environment, talk about uses of	environment, talk about uses	environment, talk about uses	environment, can differentiate
	light in the environment,	of light in the environment,	of light in the environment,	day and night but cannot talk
	differentiate day and night,	differentiate day and night,	differentiate day and night.	about uses of light in the
	appreciate the importance of light	appreciate the importance of		environment.
	in their daily activities besides	light in their daily activities.		
	assisting others to perform simple			
	experiment using different sources			
	of light			

Strand	Sub- strand/Theme/Topic (Suggested time)	Specific Learning Outco (ensure you cover knowledge (k), skills (s) attitudes (a)	align to the level competency descriptors)	ey Inquiry Question(s)
	3.1 Care 10 Lessons veloped for our environment d collaboration-developing r	By the end of the sub strathe learner should be able a) talk about the care of classroom and home environment b) talk about care of different items and materials used in the classroom and home environment c) appreciate the need to maintain a clean environment	to: about how to care of the home and classroom environment • Learners are guided to talk about how to take care of different items and materials used in caring for the environment at home and classroom 3.	used for caring in the classroom and home?
	d problem solving-using a li			
Link to PCIs • Health education-li • ESD-environmenta literacy	ving in a clean environment l education, environmental a	,	Link to values	
Link to other subjects • Music and moveme • Psychomotor • Language	ent		 Suggested community service learning activities Parental involvement Community visits 	s
Suggested non formal active Participate in the cl	rity to support learning ean-up activity in the school		Suggested assessments	
Suggested Resources • Brushes, brooms, w	viping cloths, litterbins			

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Cleaning material	Able to talk about care of	Able to talk about care of	Able to talk about care of	Able to talk about care of
	classroom and home environment,	classroom and home	classroom and home	classroom and home
	talk about care of different items	environment, talk about care	environment, talk about care	environment
	and materials used in the	of different items and	of different items and	
	classroom and home environment,	materials used in the	materials used in the	
	appreciate the need to maintain a	classroom and home	classroom and home	
	clean environment besides	environment, appreciate the	environment.	
	assisting others to identify	need to maintain a clean		
	cleaning materials.	environment.		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 ENVIRONMENTAL CARE AND SAFETY	3.2 Safety 15 Lessons	By the end of sub strand the learners should be able to: a) identify safe and dangerous places, objects and activities in the immediate environment b) handle different materials in the immediate environment appropriately c) use different materials and facilities appropriately in the immediate environment d) appreciate the need for safety in the immediate environment	 learners are guided to identify safe and dangerous places, objects, activities and games in their environment learners are guided on how to handle different materials for safety learners are guided to clean working areas after an activity learners are guided to watch videos showing dangerous places, objects, activities and games learners are guided on how to use different materials and facilities properly Learners sing songs and recite poems related to safety 	 What are the dangerous places, objects, activities and games? How do you observe safety How do you use materials safely?

Core-Competence to be developed

- Communication and collaboration discussion
 Critical thinking and problem solving- identifying and reporting incidences of safety.
 Learning to learn-how to handle unsafe objects

 Link to pcis ESD: disaster and risk reduction- personal safety Citizenship- child care and protection avoid dangerous places Life skills- effective communication 	Link to values Responsibility Unity
Links to other subjects Language Music and movement Psychomotor	Suggested community service learning activities • Parental engagement in safety
Suggested non formal activity to support learning • DRR club Suggested resources	Suggested assessment
Realia, videos, flashcards	

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectatio
Safety measures in the environment	Able to identify safe and dangerous places, objects and activities in the immediate environment, handle different materials in the immediate environment appropriately, use different materials and facilities appropriately in the immediate environment appreciate the need for safety in the immediate environment besides can guide other learners to recognize safe and dangerous places, objects and activities.	Able to identify safe and dangerous places, objects and activities in the immediate environment, handle different materials in the immediate environment appropriately, use different materials and facilities appropriately in the immediate environment appreciate the need for safety in the immediate environment.	Able to identify safe and dangerous places, objects and activities in the immediate environment, handle different materials in the immediate environment appropriately.	Able to identify safe and dangerous places, objects and activities in the immediate environment.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
		Outcomes		
4.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	4.1 Myself 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to:	Learners are guided to tell their names	1. What is your name?

a) Tell their names for identity b) Identify their sex for self-awareness c) Identifying body parts (head, hand and legs d) Appreciate oneself for self-esteem	 Learners sing songs about their names and sex Learners are guided to group themselves according to sex Learners are guided on picture reading categorizing boys and girls Learners are guided to identify body parts Learners are guided on picture reading on body parts from charts Learners sing songs on body parts In groups learners sing songs about themselves.
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Core Competencies						
• Learning to learn-interpersonal relationship						
Self- efficacy-identifying self by name and sex	• Self- efficacy-identifying self by name and sex					
Collaboration and communication						
Link to PCIs	Link to values					
• ESD: Gender issues in education, gender awareness- learners identify their	• Respect					
sex for self awareness	Accept one self					
• Life skills - self awareness and self-esteem: knowing and loving myself,						
personal identity as learners tell their names						
Links to other subjects	Suggested community service learning activities					
• Language	Parental engagement in safety					
Music and Movement						
• Psychomotor						
Mathematics						
Creative Activities						
Suggested non formal activity to support learning Suggested assessment						
 Role play Oral questions observation 						
Suggested Resources						
Charts, picture books, pastiche/clay						

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Self awareness	Able to tell their names for identity, identify their sex for self-awareness, identifying body parts, appreciate oneself for self-esteem besides	Able to tell their names for identity, identify their sex for self-awareness, identifying body parts, appreciate oneself for self-esteem.	Able to tell their names for identity, identify their sex for self-awareness, identifying	Able to tell their names for identity, identify their sex for self-awareness.
	identifying classmate for interpersonal relationship.	Tot seit esteem.		

4.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	4.2 Our School 10 Lessons	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Talk about people working in the school for identification b) Appreciate the work done by people in school c) Identify structures found in the school for familiarization d) Identify the flag and the flag post for patriotism(Learners are guided to talk about work done by people in the school Learners are guided to walk round the school to identify structures In groups learners identify different structures on the chart Learners sing songs about structures and people in school Learners recite poems about our school Learners are guided to colour the flag 	 Who are the people in school? What work is done by different people in school? What structures are found in the school? What are the colours of the flag?
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Core competence to SCBE developed					
 Communication and collaboration-talk about work done 	Communication and collaboration-talk about work done				
 Learning to learn-learning about work done by people in school 					
- Citizenship, patriotism					
Link to PCIs	Link to values				
 Citizenship: national hood nationalism 	Patriotism as they colour national flag				
 Life skill: Knowing our school as they walk around 	Respect people and work done by them				
Links to other subjects	Suggested community service learning activities				
 Language activities 	- Parental engagement in safety				
 Music and movement 					
 Psychomotor activities 					
- Creative activities					
Suggested non formal activity to support learning Suggested assessment					
- Role play	- Oral questions, Observation				

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Following rules and regulations	Able to talk about people working in the school for identification, appreciate the work done by people in the school, identify structures found in the school for familiarization, identify the flag and the flag post for patriotism, besides assisting others to follow the school rules and regulations.	Able to talk about people working in the school for identification, appreciate the work done by people in school, identify structures found in the school for familiarization, identify the flag and flag post for patriotism.	Able to talk about people working in the school for identification, appreciate the work done by people in school, identify structures found in the school for familiarization	Able to talk about people working in the school for identification and the work done.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcom	es Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	4.3 Home 20 Lessons	By the end of sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Talk about people foun at home for self-awareness b) Appreciate the people home for harmonious living	people found at home. Learners watch videos of people found at home Learners draw pictures of people	 Who are the people are found at home? What work is done by people at home?
Core competence to SC	CBE developed			
_	arning about work done by p	eople at home		
Self-efficacy-colour	_			
	d collaboration-discussing and	d role playing		
Link to PCIs			Link to values	
-	al hood and nationalism, know	ving our school as they	Patriotism as they colour national flag	
walk around, identi			Respect – people and work done by people	
Links to other subjects			Suggested community service learning activities	
Language Activities		• Visiting an elderly person to learn about	etiquette in the community	
Creative Activities				
Music And Movement				
Psychomotor Activity				
Suggested non formal activity to support learning			Suggested assessment	
 Role play in clubs 			 Oral questions observation 	

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Harmonies living	Able to talk about people found at home for self-awareness, appreciate the people at home for harmonious living besides assisting others to talk about the uses of buildings and structures at home.	Able to talk about people found at home for self-awareness, appreciate the people at home for harmonious living	Able to talk about people found at home for self-awareness but cannot appreciate the people at home for harmonious living	Able to talk about people found at home for self-awarness.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	4.4 Interpersonal Relationship 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Talk about courteous words for different situations b) Use courteous words appropriately during interactions c) Show etiquette in their interactions for personal relationships)	Learners are guided on situations where they can use courteous words Learners are guided to talk about courteous words. Learners are guided on situations where they can use courteous words Learners are guided to use courteous words in incidental learning to reinforce etiquette In groups learners practice use of courteous words	1. What do you tell someone who has done something good to you? 2. What do you tell someone who has done something bad to you? 3. What words would you use to show appreciation? 4. How do you greet different people? 5. When do you use the

	courteous words?
Core-Competence to be developed	1101401
Communication and collaboration-sharing materials	
 Critical thinking and problem solving-listening to a story and an 	swering questions
Self efficacy-use of courteous words	
Link to PCIs and Values:	Links to Values
 Life skills-learning to share 	 Respect, responsibility, peace, love
Citizenship-social cohesion, integrity	
Links to other subject(s):	Suggested Community Service Learning
 Languages 	Visit an elderly person to learn about etiquette in the community
Religious education	
 Psychomotor 	
Formal Activity to support learning through application	Suggested Assessment
 Role plays, dramatization 	Observation, question and answers (oral question)
Suggested Resources; charts, pictures, boxes, videos	

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Courtesy	Able to talk about courteous words for different situations, use courteous words appropriately during interactions, show etiquette in their interactions for personal relationships is sides assisting others to use courteous wards in day to day life.	Able to talk about courteous words for different situations, use courteous words appropriately during interactions show etiquette in their interactions for personal relationships.	Able to talk about courteous words for different situations use courteous words appropriately during interactions.	Able to talk about courteous words.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)	
4.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	4.5 Dressing 10 Lessons	By the end of the sub strand the learners are able to: a) Talk about clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations b) Talk about the importance of dressing for protection c) Appreciate clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations	Learners are guide to identify clothes worn at different occasions Learners are guided to colour clothes worn at different occasions Learners are guided to put on different attires worn on different occasions appreciate clothes worn at different occasions	 What clothes do people wear at home? What clothes do you wear at school? What clothes do you wear at different occasions? 	
_	rn-learning about clothes	worn on different occasions			
• Communicatio Link to PCIs	n and collaboration-discu	assing clothes worn at different occasion	Link to values		
Citizenship – Dress common			• Respect		
	ective communication		respect		
Links to other subjects Language Activities Religious Education Creative Activities Music and Movement			 Suggested community service learning activities Visiting an elderly person to learn about etiquette In the community 		
Suggested non formal activity to support learning:			Suggested assessment		
• Role play			Oral questions, Observation		
Suggested ResourceCultural attires		materials, charts, resource person			

Indicator	Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
Dressing	Able to talk about clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations, talk about the importance of dressing for protection, appreciate clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations besides assisting others to identify different clothes worn by other people.	Able to talk about clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations, talk about the importance of dressing for protection, appreciate clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations besides	Able to talk about clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations, talk about the importance of dressing for protection.	Able to talk about clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations.

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION CURRICULUM DESIGNS

PREPRIMARY CRE

SUBJECT TITLE: CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Christian Religious Education (CRE) activities at the pre-primary level focus on the holistic development of the learner through use of life approach. They help the learner to differentiate between good and evil, learn about God, His beautiful creation (living and non-living things) and prayer. These activities are geared towards the continuous moral and spiritual development of the learner. Teachers should help the learner to appreciate people of different religious backgrounds, through emphasis on love and respect for one another.

The aim of Christian Religious Education activities at the pre-school level, is to develop awareness and appreciation of the generosity, love and care of God's creation. This will enable the learner to acquire the qualities of sharing, respect, kindness, getting along with others and the ability to differentiate good from evil.

Christian Religious education is a unique subject in the curriculum; because it touches on core aspects of the society. CRE is concerned with both the academic and moral development of the individual learner. The teaching of CRE therefore, cannot be separated from the daily life situations which affect the physical, moral, emotional and spiritual growth of the learner. In the present society, the learner is faced with various challenges in life. The CRE Curriculum Design aims at equipping the learner with spiritual, intellectual and moral development to be able to deal with these challenges.

General Learning Level Outcomes

The learner will be expected to:

- Demonstrate God's love through all creation in their lives
- Demonstrate the word of God through prayer, saying simple memory verses and singing Christian songs for their spiritual growth
- Demonstrate understanding of the person of Jesus Christ and emulate him in their daily lives
- Apply Christian values in their interaction with others from diverse cultural background for harmonious co-existence
- Appreciate the church as a house of God for their spiritual nourishment

ТНЕМЕ	SUB-THEME Suggested time	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES(KSA)	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS	
1.0 GOD'S CREATION	1.1 Who is God? No of hours 1 No of lessons 2	By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate God's love as the Sole Creator in his/her life to promote personal relationship with Him. b) Identify God as the Heavenly Father in his/her life to respect Him as the Father of mankind. c) Appreciate God as the Sole Creator, Heavenly Father for personal development.	 Learners could be guided to recite simple short poems on God as his/her Sole creator, based on respect for God.(Genesis 1:27) In groups Learners will sing songs on God as their Heavenly Father to develop the virtue of love(Matthew 6:9) Learners will be exposed to a variety of relevant learning resources for example; pictures, watching videos, observing the di charts and posters to enhance their understanding of God as the Sole Creator and Heavenly Father(Genesis1:27,Mathew 6:9) Organize learners in small groups to sing thanksgiving songs to God as their Sole Creator and Heavenly Father.(Genesis 1:27) 	1. Who is God? 2. Where does He live? 3. Who is your Heavenly Father?	
Learning to lear Learners will app Communication Heavenly Father. Link to PCIs: Li	oreciate that God is the and Collaboration:	ow that God is the Sole Creator and every eir Heavenly father and listen to a talk fr -Learners will recite simple poems, role poems, role poems, Effective	withing they see was created by God through single om a religious leader. play and observe pictures in relation to God's creation to Values: Love, and respect for God's (Galatians 5:22) to promote proper moral upl	ation as the Sole Creator and creation, others and myself	
Link to other learning activity areas: Language, HRE and IRE activities.			Suggested Community Service Learning activities: Encourage learners to sing songs praising God with the other children in their various Churches		
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Visit a nearby church to listen to a talk from a religious leader on God as the Sole Creator and Heavenly Father.			Suggested assessment: Oral questions and observation & portfolios		
Suggested learn	ing resource lews Bible s isual				

- Charts Text books **Assessment Rubrics** 1.0 GOD'S 1.2 Myself Mention his /her name for Learners are guided to mention their What is your **CREATION** self awareness name? No of hours $1\frac{1}{2}$ b) Sing songs as special creature Who created Learners are guided to sing songs to created in the image and signify him/her as a child of God created vou? No of lessons 3 likeness of God. in His image and likeness(Genesis 1:27) c) Appreciate himself/herself as Learners are guided in small groups to a unique child of God mention each others' names.(Isaiah 43:1) **Core Competences to be developed:** Citizenship- Learners will appreciate their name as given by their parent, hence develop a sense of belonging. Learning to learn: Learners will participate in activities that will help them understand themselves on how God created them as special creatures. Communication and Collaboration: Learners will interact with each other in groups to improve on their vocabulary, co-operation and develop values of love, concern, care and sharing(Deutronomy 5:10) Link to Values: Love, Peace, respect, joy, kindness and integrity (Galatians Link to PCIs: Life Skills Education; Self-awareness-Myself (Am God's Creation), Self Esteem (Am a unique and special creature). 5:22) to promote proper moral upbringing Suggested Community Service Learning activities: Encourage parents at Link to other learning activity areas: Language and psychomotor activities. home to appreciate and accept their children(learners)in order to enhance assertiveness and self esteem Suggested assessment: Oral questions, check list and observation Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Organize for an outdoor activity for learners to sing songs related to self. Suggested learning resource Holy News Bible portifolios

 - Drawn pictures on the charts
 - Cut-outs
 - ❖ Audio visual
 - Flash cards

Assessment Rubr	rics				
Exceeds expectation Learners are able to mention their names and appreciate themselves as children of God reciting poems and using songs that identifies them as children of God that he created.		Meets Expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation Learners are able to mention their names, appreciate themselves as children of God but cannot be able to appreciate their gender or sing songs in relation to themselves.	
		Learners are able to mention their names, appreciate themselves as children of God and appreciate their gender as God given with guidance.	Learners are able to mention their names, appreciate themselves as children of God, and their gender and singing songs related to them with assistance.		
I.0 GOD'S CREATION	1.3 My family No of hours 1 No of Lessons 2	By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a. Name the family members for example father, mother, brothers and sisters to have a sense of belonging. b. Mention that his/her family members are a gift from God. c. Appreciate God for creating his/her parents, brothers and sisters.	 Learners will be encouraged to respond to God's love by obeying and respecting their family members. (Ephesians 6:1-4) Learners will be guided in small groups to colour drawn pictures of family members. (John2:12) Organize learners in small groups to sing simple short songs to thank God for the gift of their family members. (Exodus 20:12) Learners will be guided individually in different times to name their family members. (Matthew 12:46) Learners will observe drawn pictures of family members displayed on charts, flash cards, cutouts and watch relevant videos and films. (Luke 8:20). 	 Who created your family members? How many family members do you have? What is the name of your guardian? How many brother do you have? How many sisters do you have? 	

In groups learners could be guided to make simple prayers and sing thanksgiving songs to God for blessing them with family members to enhance cooperation			
Learning to learn: Learners will know that their family members are a gift from God for example, father, mother, brothers, sisters and guardians as they pray			
and share meals.			
Link to PCIs: Citizenship: Social cohesion: living in harmony with my family	Link to Values: Unity, love, responsibility and respect(Galatians 5:22)		
members.	to promote proper moral upbringing		
Life skills education-knowing and living with my family and others.			
Link to other learning activity areas: Language and psychomotor activities	Suggested Community Service Learning activities: Learners will be		
	organized in groups to pay a visit to a nearby home and assist the family		
	(watering plants).		
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Learners will identify a	Suggested assessment: Observation ,portifolios and oral questions		
family near the school and learn how family members should live.			

Suggested learning resource Holy News Bible charts

- Pictures
- Cut-outs
- **❖** Audio visual
- Text books
- Talking walls
 Flash cards
 Textbooks

◆ 1extbooks Assessment Rubrics					
Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation		
 The learner is able to name his/her family members and understand that they are special gift from God. The learner can draw and colour the pictures of his family members. 	 The learner is able to name his/her family members and understand that they a special gift from God with assistance. The learner can colour the drawn pictures of his family members with assistance 	 The learner is able to mention the name of his/her family members and helped to understand that they are special gift from God. The learner can neither draw nor colour the drawn pictures of his family members. 	The learner is able to name his/her family members but does not understand that they are special gift from God.		

GOD'S	1.4 Communicaticating	By the end of the sub-theme the	Learners are guided to say simple 1. How do you
CREATION	to God through prayer. No of hours -1 No of lessons-2	learner should be able to: a) Demonstate understanding that prayer is the most important way of communicating with Good by Appreciate different time of prayer for his/her spiritual nourishment. c) Show the desire to thank and praise God for his provision through prayer	prayers on thanksgiving to God as their creator(Mathew6:9-13,Jeremiah 33:3) • Learners to guided to say simple prayers at different times(Mark 11:24) • Learners will listen to simple prayers from DVDs, TV, radio and any audio visual devices and will be guided to role play simple short prayers.(Jeremiah 29:12) c c communicate to God? 2. When do you communicate to God? 3. Who answers your prayers? 4. How can you thank God?
Core competences to be developed: Communication and collaboration-Learners will learn to make simple praye Learning to learn-Learners will understand ways of talking to God for various Link to PCIs: Life Skills education: Effective communication, thus communication with God and others. Link to other activities areas: Language and psychomotor activities.			
organized in gro	-formal Activity to support oups to pay a visit to a nearby ader giving a talk on prayer.	learning: Learners will be church next to school and listen	Suggested assessment: Observations, oral questions and portfolios.
Suggested learn Good N Charts Picture Cut-our	ning resource: News Bible ts prayer books visual ards		

Assessment Ru	brics:			
Exceeds expect	ation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
2.0 Holy Bible	2.1 The Bible No of hours -1 No of lessons -2	By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a) Name the Bible as a Holy book used by Christians for spiritual nourishment b) Sing simple songs reflecting the Bible as a Holy book of God to be respected. c) Appreciate the Bible as a Holy Book in his/her daily life for spiritual growth		 What is a Bible? At what time do you read the Bible? Why the Bible is called a Holy book? Where do you keep your Bible?
Core Competences to be developed: Communication and Collaboration - Learners will participate in differ understanding of the Bible as a Holy book. Learning to learn-By observing Bible pictures, watch audio visual pictural Link to PCIs: Life skills Education; Critical thinking, Effective Communication and Assertiveness. Link to other learning activity areas: Language and psychomotor activities. Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Learners to be				levelop the skill of inquiry. alatians 5:22) to promote proper les: Pay a visit to a nearby church Bible as a Holy book.
guided to organize themselves in small groups outside the classroom within the school compound to observe different pictures in the Bible				
PictureCut-ou	News Bible s ts devices e.g Audio vis ards	ual		

Assessment Rubrics				
Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
The learner is able to identify and distinguish the Bible from the other books and mention that it is a Holy book which contains God's word being used by Christians to strengthen one's faith.	The learner is able to identify and distinguish the Bible from the other books and mention that it is a Holy book that contains God's word being used by Christians to strengthen one's faith with assistance.	The learner is able only to identify and may not distinguish the Bible from the other books, but can mention that it is a Holy book which contains God's word and is used by Christians to strengthen ones faith with assistance.	The learner is only able to mention the Bible as a Holy book but may not know that it is a Holy book that contains God's word which is being used by Christians to strengthen ones faith even with assistance.	

3.0 CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS	3.1 Birth of Jesus Christ	By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to:	Organize learners in groups to listen to the story about the birth celebrate your birthday? 1. How do you celebrate your birthday?
FESTIVALS AND RITUALS	No of hours 3 No of lessons 6	 a) Describe the story about the birth of Jesus as his/her savior b) Demonstrate the visit by the shepherds through role playing to signify God's love. 	of Jesus Christ, his parents, and his town of birth.(Mathew1:18-25,2:1-12) • Learners are encouraged to narrate a story about the birth of Jesus Christ.(Luke1:26-45) • Organize learners to demonstrate the birth of Jesus Christ and encourage them to role play through singing and dancing.(Isaiah 9:6) • Learners are led to move around the classroom to observe the displayed pictures of the birth of Jesus Christ, his birth place and parents.(Luke2:1-14) • Learners colour drawn pictures of Jesus, different types of buildings

Core competencies to be developed: Communication and Collaboration-The learners will Learning to learn-Learners will know the story about	the of birth of Jesus Christ, His parents a				
Link to PCIs: Life Skills Education, Self- awareness,	, Citizenship-unity, participation as a	Link to values: Love and concern, Humi			
team.		respect (Galatians 5:22) to promote prope			
Links to other learning activity areas: Environmenta	Links to other learning activity areas: Environmental and language activities Suggested Community learning activities: In groups learners will be led to visit a nearby animal farm to obset the place where baby Jesus was laid after birth and fetch some water for the animals.				
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Learners will pay a visit to a nearest Suggested assessment: Oral questions, group work and					
church to learn more about the story of the birth of Jesu		observations.			
Suggested learning resource: Good News Bible Plasticine Pictures Cut-outs Digital devices e.g Audio visual Flash cards Charts Textbooks Small baskets Flash cards Assessment Rubrics					
Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation		
The learner has the ability to tell the story about the birth of Jesus Christ, name His parents and place of birth, as well as he/she can draw and colour pictures based on the birth of Jesus Christ.	The learner is able to tell the story about the birth of Jesus Christ, mention His parents, birth place and colour drawn pictures without assistance.	The learner has the ability to tell the story about the birth of Jesus Christ, his parents birth place and guided to colour drawn pictures.	The learner has the ability to tell the story of Jesus Christ, His		

parents

3.0 CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS FESTIVALS AND RITUALS	3.2 Christian Festivals Christmas No of hours- 1 No of lessons -2	By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate the meaning of Christmas as an important Christian celebration about God's love to mankind. b) Appreciate Christmas celebration by singing Christmas carols to acknowledge God's love to mankind.	 Learners are guided to retell the story of the birth of Jesus Christ.(Luke1:1-38) Learners sing short and simple Christmas carols. Organize learners in small groups to walk around the classroom and observe the displayed pictures on charts explaining to them the significance of Christmas.(Luke2:8-20) Learners are guided to colour drawn pictures of some the events that takes place during Christmas. Learners sing Christmas carols and watch relevant digital materials based on the birth of Jesus Christ.(Luke I:18-24) 	and place of birth with assistance 1. How do you celebrate on Christmas day? 2. What do you do on Christmas day? 3. How do you celebrate your birth day? 4. When do you celebrate Christmas?
Communication and co				
		ties leading interaction and communicati	on	
Links to PCIs: Effective		al Languages Health and Hygiana	Link to values: Respect, sharing, love, (Galatians 5:22) to promote proper mor Suggested Community Service Learning	al upbringing
Links to other learning activity areas: Environmental, Languages, Health and Hygiene activities.			Learners will be guided to pay a visit to a cowshed and have an idea of where baby Jesus was laid after birth.	
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning : Learners in a group will visit an animal farm and observe how the cowshed looks like.			Suggested assessment : Group participal oral questions.	tion, observation and
Suggested learning reso ❖ Good News Bib ❖ Charts ❖ Pictures				

- Cut-outs
 Flash cards
 Digital devices e.g Audio visual
 Flash cards
- Charts
- Textbooks

Assessment Rubrics			
Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
➤ The learner has an ability	The learner has an ability to	The learner has an ability to	The learner has an
to listen and narrate the	listen and narrate the story of	listen and narrate the story of the	ability to listen to the
story of the event that took	the event that took place on	event that took place on	story of the event that
place on Christmas day,	Christmas day, and can tell the	Christmas day with assistance	took place on
and can tell the importance	importance of Christmas	but cannot tell the importance of	Christmas but cannot
of Christmas celebrations	celebrations with assistance.	Christmas celebrations.	re- tell the story even
without assistance			with assistance.

3.0 CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS FESTIVALS AND RITUALS	3.3 Simple Christian Rituals No of hours-1 No of lessons-2	By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a. Name some simple Christian rituals for his/her spiritual growth b. Appreciate taking part in Christian rituals for example giving offerings and praying for his/her spiritual nourishment.	Learners are guided to name some simple Christian rituals for example giving offerings in the church as a sign of appreciation.(1Samuel:21-28) In groups learners practice some simple rituals pertaining to Christianity for example closing of the eyes during prayers(Proverbs 3:9-10)	1. How should you behave while in church? 2. What do you give in the church as an offering to God?		
Core competencies to be developed: Communication and collaboration. Learners through sharing will improve their vecebulary and communication skills.						
Communication and collaboration- Learners through sharing will improve their vocabulary and communication skills. Learning to learn – Learners will participate in activities leading interaction and communication						
Link to PCIs: Life Skill Education: Effective communication, passing on the message. Link to values: Respect, obedience and integrity (C 5:22) to promote proper moral upbringing						
Links to other learning activity areas: Environmental, Language and psychomotor activities.			Suggested Community learning activity pay a visit to the church and participate a sign of thanksgiving to God.			

Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning : Learners will visit a nearby church and observe how people are participating in giving offerings and in return do the same.	Suggested assessment: Observation and oral questions
Suggested learning resource:	

Good News Bible

- Charts
- Pictures
- Cut-outs
- Digital devices e.g Audio visual
 Flash cards
- Charts
- Textbooks
- Flash cards
- Small baskets

Exceeds expectation	Meeting expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
The learner has the ability to name, draw and colour pictures of rituals pertaining to Christianity. He/she is able to give offerings without making any observations of people giving offerings.	The learner has the ability to name and colour drawn pictures of rituals pertaining to Christianity. He/she is able to give offerings without making any observations of people giving offerings.	The learner has the ability to name and colour drawn pictures of rituals pertaining to Christianity with assistance. He/she is able to give offerings after making some observations of people giving offerings.	The learner has the ability to colour drawn pictures of rituals pertaining to Christianity with assistance. He/she is able to give offerings when given direction.

4.0 CHRISTIAN	4.1	By the end of the sub-theme the	• Learners are guided to identify 1. How should y
VALUES	Love of God and neighbour No of hours-3 No of lessons-6	 learner should be able to: a) Identify ways of showing love to God as the first commandment for their spiritual growth b) Sing songs in praise of God and ones neighbour. c) Appreciate the importance of showing respect to his/her neighbor as one of the requirements of the Ten Commandments for proper moral upbringing 	value of respect.(Matthew6:5- 8) 2. Why should y observe good
by God out his unmeasu	collaboration : Learners in grant love.		memory verses together to enhance their unity as children cre urch, they will appreciate interacting with other people in the
	Learning, parental empower ams; Citizenship which pron		Suggested Community learning activities: Pay a visit to nearby church and observe how people behave in church return do the same.
themselves and practice	e good behaviors that they sh	ng: In groups learners will organize nould display while in church	Links to values : Integrity,respect and responsibility. (Galatians 5:22) to promote proper moral upbringing
Links to other activity	areas: Environmental and	Psychomotor activities.	Suggested assessments: Oral questions, check lists, portfolio, and observation
Suggested learning re Good News Bi Textbooks Pictures Cut-outs Digital devices			

Assessment Rubrics					
Exceeds expectation	Meet expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation		
 The learner is able to demonstrate and mention good behaviors that he/she should display while in the church praying. The learner is able to identify different times of prayers and explain the need of praying without any assistance. 	 The learner is able to demonstrate and mention good behaviors that he/she should display while in the church praying. The learner is able to identify different times of prayers and explain the need of praying with assistance. 	 The learner is able to demonstrate and mention good behaviors that he/she should display while in the church praying with assistance. The learner is unable to identify different times of prayers and explain the need of praying even with assistance. 	 The learner is unable to demonstrate and mention good behaviors that he/she should display while in the church praying even with assistance. The learner is not able to identify different times of prayers and explain the need of praying even with assistance. 		

5.0 PLACES OF WORSHIP	5.1 Church as a place of worship No of hours-2 No of lessons-4	By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a. Identify the church as a place of worship. b. Demonstrate activities that take place in the church for example singing, praying and giving of offerings as thanksgiving to God. c. Appreciate the church as a place of worship and have respect for other places of worship.	 Learners are guided in groups to observe different places of worship as displayed on charts and posters in the classroom.(Isaiah 56:7) Learners are guided to mention different churches they know. In groups learners will practice some good behaviors that they need to display while inside the church.(Matthew21:13) Learners sing songs based on the activities that take place in the church.(Luke 19:45) 	 Why do you pray? How do you pray? Who takes you to the church? When do you go to church? Whom do you go with to the church?
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Core Competence to be developed:

Communication and collaboration: Learners in groups will sing simple short songs; recite memory verses together to enhance their unity as children created by God out his unmeasured love.

Citizenship: After the learners have been exposed to relevant charts, posters, pictures and church, they will appreciate interacting with other people in the society.

Link to PCIs: Service Learning, parental empowerment and engagement avenues for	Links to values: Integrity, respect and
community involvement.(initiation into the religious institutions	responsibility(Galatians 5:22) to promote proper moral
Learner support programmes:guidance(good manners in places of worship)	upbringing
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: In groups learners will organize	Suggested Community learning activities: Pay a visit to a
themselves and practice good behaviors that they should display while in church	nearby church and observe how people behave in church in
	return do the same
Links to other activity areas: Environmental and Psychomotor activities.	Suggested assessments: Oral questions, check lists, portfolio,
	and observation
Suggested learning resource:	
❖ Good News Bible	

Cut-outsAudio visual

		_
*	Flash	cards

Pictures

Assessment Rubrics			
Exceeds expectation	Meet expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
The learner is able to demonstrate and mention good behaviors that he/she should display while in the church praying.	<u> </u>	 The learner is able to demonstrate and mention good behaviors that he/she should display while in the church praying with assistance. The learner is unable to identify 	The learner is unable to demonstrate and mention good behaviors that he/she should display while
The learner is able to identify different times of prayers and explain the need of praying without any assistance.	The learner is able to identify different times of prayers and explain the need of praying with assistance.	different times of prayers and explain the need of praying even with assistance.	in the church praying even with assistance. The learner is not able to identify different times of prayers and explain the need of praying even with assistance.

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Religious and moral activities at the pre-primary level comprise learning about the supernatural being (Allah SWT). The aim of moral and Islamic religious activities at the pre-primary level is to develop awareness and appreciation of the generosity, love and care of Allah (SWT) to all His creations. This will enable children acquire the values of sharing, care, respect, love, empathy, obedience, kindness, being social, helping those in need and the ability to tell right from wrong. These activities are geared towards the continuous moral and spiritual development of young children. Children need to participate in activities that integrate religion and moral values. Teachers should help them appreciate people of different religious backgrounds and inculcate the values at an early age so that they can grow up as upright members of the society.

SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of the Pre-Primary years, the learner should be able to:

- a. Exhibit basic literacy skills in Arabic alphabets
- b. Recite short surah with confidence
- c. Demonstrate love, appreciation and awareness of Allah (SWT) and His creation.
- d. Demonstrate love and appreciation for Prophet Muhammad (SAW) by emulating his actions
- e. Practice Islamic etiquettes and values for interpersonal relations
- f. Celebrate Islamic festivals to appreciate the Islamic culture

PRE-PRIMARY ONE

STRAND	SUBSTRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION(S)
1.0 THE HOLY QUR'AN	1.1 The Arabic Alphabets (Suggested time: 8 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Recognise the Alphabets in the Arabic text b) Articulate correctly the sounds of the Arabic alphabets c) Read the Arabic alphabets from right to left	 Learners are introduced to the sounds of/ the Arabic alphabets through: flash cards Cut-outs Models Stories Learners listen and respond to instructions based on Arabic alphabets e.g. name, sound Learners are guided to use digital educational materials on Arabic Alphabets e.g. Al-Noorania Learners listen to and sing songs on Arabic alphabets Learners practice pronouncing the sounds of the Arabic alphabets in pairs or small groups Learners are guided to identify Arabic alphabets through ICT and games Arabic alphabets should be displayed for reference and used appropriately Learners practice the correct orientation of reading and writing the Arabic alphabets (Right to left) Learners are engaged in hands-on and pre-writing activities 	 Where do we find the Arabic alphabets? How do you identify the Arabic alphabets? How do we relate the alphabets to the environment?
	nd collaboration, Digi	tal literacy ving and living with others;	Links to Values: Unity, love.	
	ication – listening and	•		

Links to other Activities: Language Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning	
	Sing songs related to Arabic alphabets to their elders	
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning:	Suggested Assessment	
The learners participate in exhibition of their creative work on Arabic	Checklist, observation, portfolio,	
alphabets during parents meeting		
Suggested Learning Resources		
Flashcards, cut-outs, charts, models, picture book, yasarnal quran ,juz amma, Digital educational resources e.g Al Noorania,		

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Reads correctly the Alphabets in the Arabic text	Recognises the Alphabets in the Arabic text	Recognises most of the Alphabets in the Arabic text	Recognises a few of the Alphabets in the Arabic text
Consistently and correctly articulates the sounds of the Arabic alphabets	Correctly articulates the sounds of the Arabic alphabets	Articulates the sounds of most of the Arabic alphabets	Articulates the sounds of some of the Arabic alphabets
Consistently and correctly reads the Arabic alphabets from right to left	Correctly reads the Arabic alphabets from right to left	Sometimes reads the Arabic alphabets from right to left	Rarely reads the Arabic alphabets from right to left

STRAND	SUBSTRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION(S)
		OUTCOMES	EXPERIENCES	
	1.2 Short Surah (fatiha)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Recite correctly Surah Fatiha	Learners are engaged in listening to and reciting surah Fatiha using varied digital educational materials/resource	1. When do we recite surah Fatiha?
	(Suggested time: 5 lessons)	for use in swalah b) Handle the Qurán with respect	persons • Learners to recite Surah Fatiha in pairs and small groups	2. Which is the first surah of the Qurán?
		as a holy book c) Appreciate reciting surah	Learners to practice the correct orientation of reading Arabic – Surah Fatiha (Right to left)	3. How best do you recite surah fatiha?
		Fatiha during swalah	learners are guided on how to take care of the Quran.	4. How do we take care of the Holy Quran?
Core competer	ice to be developed:	Learning to learn		
Links to PCIs	Links to PCIs and Values:		Links to Values: Respect ,love,unity a	nd Responsibility
	lls of Knowing and ; Reciting short verse	living with others - Effective es		

Links to other Activity Areas: Language Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning Arrange books at home	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to Support learning:	Suggested Assessment	
Recite Surah Fatiha to their family members Checklist,		
Suggested Learning Resources		
Flashcards, Juz'uu Amma, Yasarnal Qurán, charts, Digital educational resources e.g Al Noorania,		

Assessment Rubrics			
EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Fluently and confidently recites surah Fatiha	Recites correctly surah Fatiha	Recites surah Fatiha	Recites surah Fatiha with difficulty
Handles the Holy Qur'an (Mus'haf)	Respectfully handles the Holy	Sometimes handles the Holy Qur'an	Handles the Holy Qur'an with less
respectfully and carefully	Qur'an (Mus'haf)	carefully	care

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION(S)
2.0 PILLARS OF IMAN	2.1 Belief in Allah (SWT) Allah's Creation Myself (Suggested time: 4 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Identifying oneself as a creation of Allah as stated in the Qur'an (Al Khaliq- the Creator) b) Appreciate the uniqueness of oneself as the creation of Allah	 Learners are engaged in activities that show their images Learners are engaged in mentioning the body parts and relate it to Allah (ALKhaliq) Engage learners in group discussions about themselves Sing songs / Anashid /qasida and recite poems related to the theme Learners are exposed to table top games/hands-on activities related to the theme Learners are engaged in a discussion on good and bad touches Learners are introduced to appropriate activities such as painting, printing and drawing 	Who am I? How am I similar and yet different from others? Who created me?

Link to PCIs: Life skills – Skills of knowing and living with oneself – self awareness and self esteem: personal identity	Link to Values Love, respect, responsibilities,
Link to Link to other Activity Areas Psychomotor and creative activities	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities Do simple chores at home
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning: Develop a picture book with their photos/ prints/ drawing	Suggested Assessment Observation, oral questions
Suggested Learning Resources Flashcards, charts, Digital educational resources, items for reflection(mirror, wate	<u> </u>

Assessment Rubrics					
EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION		
Expresses self clearly and confidently by identifying oneself as Allah's creation	Confidently identifies oneself as Allah's creation	Sometimes identifies oneself as Allah's creation	Rarely identifies oneself as Allah's creation		
Confidently states that they are alike and different in many ways yet special	States that they are alike and different in many ways yet special	States that they are alike and different	Rarely states that they are alike and different		

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTION(S)
	2.2 Belief in His prophets Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W) His name (Suggested time: 2 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Mention the prophet's name and accompany it with the phrase (Swalallahu Aleyhi Wassalaam – Peace be upon him) as a sign of love and respect b) Narrate confidently simple short stories on prophet Muhammad (S.A.W) c) Demonstrate love for prophet Muhammad (S.A.W) by emulating his character	 Learners are introduced to stories on the character of the Prophet e.g. picture book Learners are engaged in simple short stories on the character of the prophet Muhammad (S.A.W) through digital educational materials Learners sing anashid/qasida and recite poems on prophet Muhammad (SAW) and his character Learners are guided to role play on prophet Muhammad's character (Al Amin – the trustworthy) Learners are engaged in prewriting activities such as colouring e.g. the Kaaba, trees related to the story of the prophet 	 Who is the last prophet? What was the character of the prophet Muhammad (S.A.W) How do we praise prophet Muhammad (S.A.W)
Link to PCIs Life skills: Skills	of Knowing and living wi		Link to Values: Love, integrity, Respec	t
Links to other activity areas Psychomotor and creative Activities		Suggested Community Service Learning: could be engaged at home in activities that show honesty, humility and love		
Suggested Non-formal Activity to support learning: Learners play games and sing songs on honesty with others		Suggested Assessment Oral questions, observation		
Suggested Resou Pictures, digital m	rces naterials, charts, picture boo	k, resource person	1	

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Mentions the prophet's name and accompanies it with the phrase (S.A.W) and gives its meaning (Peace Be Upon Him)	Mentions the prophet's name and accompanies it with the phrase S.A.W – (Peace Be Upon Him)	Mention the prophet's name and sometimes accompanies it with the phrase SAW – (Peace Be Upon Him)	Mentions the prophet's name but rarely accompanies it with the phrase SAW – Peace Be Upon Him
Narrates confidently and logically simple short story on prophet Muhammad (SAW)	Narrates confidently simple short story on prophet Muhammad (SAW)	Attempts to narrate simple short story on prophet Muhammad (SAW)	Rarely narrates simple short story on prophet Muhammad (SAW)
Always tells the truth confidently in any circumstance	Tells the truth in any circumstance	Hesitant to tell the truth	Rarely tells the truth

STRAND	SUBSTRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
3.0 DEVOTIONAL ACTS	3.1 Pillars of Islam Shahada Al- wahid (Suggested time: 3 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Recite correctly the shahada (Testify that Allah is one and Muhammad is His messenger) as a pillar of Islam b) Demonstrate love for Allah (S.W.T) by exalting His name with the phrase 'Subhanahu wa taala' when mentioned c) emonstrate love for prophet Muhammad by praising him with Swalallahu Aleyhi wassalaam when his name is mentioned	 Learners listen to and respond to audio-visual materials and resources on the shahada Learners recite the Shahada Learners sing anashid /qasida and recite poems on shahada/oneness of Allah Learners are engaged in a discussion on oneness of Allah(Shahada) Learners are given hands-on activities to reinforce on the shahada e.g stencil printing, picture frame, painting 	 What is shahada? When do we recite the shahada? Who says the shahada?

Links to PCIs:Life skills – Skills of Knowing and living with oneself: self	Links to Values: Love, respect and integrity
awareness,	
Citizenship: understanding integrity – Religious virtues	
Links to other activities	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities
Environmental Activities	
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning:	Suggested Assessment
Learners to be encouraged to recite the shahada before sleeping	Checklist, oral questions
Suggested Learning Resources	
Stencil, paint, pictures, audio visual materials	

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
		EXPECTATION	
Confidently and correctly recites the	Recites correctly the shahada with	Recites the shahada	Attempts to recite the shahada
shahada with its meaning	confidence		
Always says subhanahu wa taala whenever	Always says subhanahu wa taala	Sometimes says subhanahu wa	Rarely says subhanahu wa taala
Allah's name is mentioned and reminds	when Allah's name is mentioned	taala when Allah's name is	when Allah's name is mentioned
others		mentioned	

STRAND	SUBSTRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
4.0 MORAL TEACHINGS	4.1 Islamic Etiquette • Greetings (Suggested time – 1 lesson)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Acquire appropriate spoken phrases related to Islamic greeting b) Appreciate the importance of using Islamic greeting in daily life c) Apply Islamic greeting appropriately while interacting with others	 Learners are shown pictures/videos on Islamic greeting in different situations and be encouraged to talk about it. Learners practice Islamic greeting e.g. skit/role-play. Learners listen to and sing songs related to Islamic greeting. In pairs or small groups learners discuss the importance of Islamic greeting 	 When do you greet? Who do you greet? How do we greet? Why do you greet?
_	developed: Communication			
	: Skills of knowing and livi sonal relationship, Exchans		Link to Values: Respect, love, peace, respon	sibility
Links to other Activity Areas Environmental and language activities		Suggested Community Service Learning Activities Greeting community members		
Suggested Non Formal Activity to support learning: Learners practice Islamic greeting at home with others		Suggested Assessment: Observation, oral qu	uestions	
Suggested Learning Re	sources: Pictures, digital m	aterials, charts, costumes		

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
		EXPECTATION	
Confidently and fluently says the	Fluently says the Islamic greeting	Sometimes says the Islamic	Rarely says the Islamic greeting
complete Islamic greeting		greeting correctly	correctly
Always uses appropriately the complete Islamic greeting while interacting with other people	Uses the Islamic greeting appropriately while interacting with people	Sometimes uses the Islamic greeting while interacting with others	Rarely uses the Islamic greeting while interacting with others

STRAND	SUBSTRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
	4.2 Toileting (Suggested time – 2 lesson)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Exhibit appropriate manners of entering and leaving the toilet b) Identify proper way of toileting in their day to day life c) Demonstrate proper use of water during toileting	 Learners are guided on entering and leaving the toilet according to Islamic teachings e.g. digital educational materials Learners are always encouraged to wash their hands after visiting the toilet Learners are engaged in discussion on proper use of toilet Charts on proper use of toilet should be displayed and used appropriately Learners sing simple songs/ qasida/ anashid on toilet manners Learners are guided to demonstrate proper way of toileting and use of water Learners sequence pictures showing proper use of toilet (four different pictures) 	 How do we enter and leave the toilet? How do we use the toilet properly? What do we do after leaving the toilet?
Core competence	e to be developed: Self efficacy			
Links to PCIs: I awareness and sel Life skills: Effect Learner support	Life skills: Skills of knowing and f-esteem ive Decision making ,making che Programme: Guidance, hygiene	d living with oneself – self pices, washing hands	Links to Values: Responsibility	
Links to other Activity Areas Environmental Activities		Suggested Community Service Learning portable containers for use in the toilet	Activities: fill water in	
	under the supervision of caregive	ning: Practice proper manners of vers	Suggested Assessment Observation/oral question	
	naterials, charts, water, bottles, to	ilet papers		

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES	BELOW EXPECTATION
		EXPECTATION	
Always uses the left foot when entering the toilet and leaves with the right foot and says the du'a respectively	Always uses the left foot when entering the toilet and leaves with the right foot	Sometimes uses the correct foot when entering and leaving the toilet	Rarely uses the correct foot when entering and leaving the toilet
Properly uses the toilet independently	Able to use the toilet properly	Able to use the toilet with minimal assistance	Uses the toilet with assistance

STRAND	SUBSTRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS
MORAL TEACHINGS	4.3 Islamic phrases Bismillah and Alhamdulillah (Suggested time – 1 lesson)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Pronounce correctly the Islamic phrases as a form of worship b) Use appropriately the given Islamic phrases in their day to day activities c) Appreciate the importance of Islamic phrases in daily life	 Learners listen to and respond to audio-visual aids. In pairs or small group learners practice the Islamic phrases in their activities: Say Bismillah before any activity and Alhamdulillah after every activity. Listen sing simple songs/anashid and recite poems related to the Islamic phrases 	 When do we use these phrases? What do these phrases mean? Why do we say Bismillah and Alhamdulillah?
		ation and collaboration, Learning t		
	e skills: Skills of knowing and stening and responding	d living with oneself: Effective	Link to values: Love and Respect	
Links to other Ac	<u> </u>		Suggested Community service learning Activi	ties:
Language activities			Encouraging their peers and community members to use the phrases when doing any good activity	
Non-formal activity to support learning			Suggested Assessment	
Practice the Islamic phrases at home			Observation checklist/oral questions	
Suggested Learn Flash cards, pictur	ing Resources es, Audio-visual aids, charts,			

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Says confidently and fluently the given Islamic phrases	Says correctly the given Islamic phrases	Says the given Islamic phrases	Attempts to say the given Islamic phrases
Always says Bismillah before any activity and Alhamdulillah after every activity and reminds others	Says Bismillah before any activity and Alhamdulillah after every activity	Sometimes uses the Islamic phrases	Rarely uses the Islamic phrases

STRAND	SUBSTRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING	SUGGESTED LEARNING	KEY INQUIRY	
		OUTCOMES	EXPERIENCES	QUESTIONS	
	4.4 Relationship Respect for places of worship - Masjid (Suggested time – 2 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Identify the Islamic place of worship in their environment b) Appreciate the importance of a masjid as a place of worship c) Use masjid as a place of worship	 Learners view pictures of masjid through digital educational materials and others Discuss in pairs and in small groups about a masjid Learners complete picture puzzles of a masjid Learners use creative art activities to make a masjid Sing songs/anashid/qasida and recite poems on a masjid 	 What is a masjid? Why do we go to the masjid? What do you find in a masjid? 	
Core competence to					
Creativity and imagi					
Links to PCIs: Life relationship	e skills: Skills of knowing a	and living with others: interpersonal	Links to Values: Respect and responsib	oility	
Links to other Acti	•		Suggested community service learning	g Activities: Arrange books	
Psychomotor and cr			within the mosque		
	mal Activity to support lea		Suggested assessment: Oral questions/o	observations	
	ents/caregiver to the masjid				
Suggested Learning	Suggested Learning Resources				

Flash cards, pictures, paint, crayons, digital materials, charts, play dough/clay, boxes, materials for mosaic,

Assessment Rubrics

EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Identifies and names the masjid in	Identifies the mosque in their	Sometimes identifies the mosque in	Rarely identifies mosque in their
their environment	environment	their environment	environment
Clearly and logically expresses their	Clearly expresses their experiences in	Expresses their experiences in the	Attempts to express their experiences
experiences in the masjid	the mosque	mosque	in the mosque
Regularly goes to the masjid for	Often goes to the mosque for prayers	Rarely goes to the mosque for	Hardly goes to the mosque for
prayers		prayers	prayers

5.0 ISLAMIC FESTIVALS	5.1 Eid Celebrations	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to:	• Learners sing simple songs/nashids on Eid	KEY INQUIRY QUESTIONS 1. What is Eid?
	(Suggested time – 2 lessons)	 a) Identify Eid as an Islamic festival b) Appreciate the importance of Eid activities by participating in the celebrations c) Show happiness and joy during Eid by exchanging gifts 	 Learners watch and/or discuss Eid activities in pairs or small groups Learners make and exchange Eid greeting cards and gifts Learners newstell Eid Activities 	2. How do we celebrate Eid?

Core competence to be developed: Communication and Collaboration, Learning to learn

Links to PCIs: Life skills: Skills of knowing and living with others: Effective communication: responding to simple instructions	Link to Values; Love, responsibility, peace, unity
Citizenship: Understanding integrity: sharing	
Link to other activity areas	Suggested Community Service Learning: sharing gifts
Environmental Activities	during Eid with neighbours
Suggested Non-Formal activity to support learning: Children to be encouraged to share with family members and neighbours	Suggested Assessment: Observation, oral questions
Suggested Learning Resources	
Pictures, Audio-visual aids, charts, manila papers, crayons, flowers, boxes	

Assessment Rubrics			
EXCEEDS EXPECTATION	MEETS EXPECTATION	APPROACHES EXPECTATION	BELOW EXPECTATION
Consistently probes about Eid festival	Probes about Eid festivals	Sometimes probes about Eid festival	Rarely probes about Eid festivals
Clearly and logically expresses Eid experiences	Clearly expresses Eid experiences	Expresses Eid experiences	Rarely expresses Eid experiences
Willing and ready to share	Willing to share	Hesitant to share	Not willing to share

HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Hindu Religious Education offers an opportunity to learn the Hindu religion and its aspects. Hindu Religion is a way of life and its teaching starts at an early age.

H.R.E is a continuation of the knowledge acquired at an early age. Its teachings integrate four faiths: Hinduism, Sikhism, Buddhism and Jainism.

The teaching of HRE aims at nurturing faith in Paramatma, self-awareness, one's social obligations and duty to the immediate environment. HRE thus, enables learners to enjoy learning and living through play. It provides an opportunity to instil in children good social habits and moral values for effective living as individuals and members of the community and Nation at large. The HRE curriculum, therefore, provides avenues for holistic physical mental, emotional and spiritual growth for learners. It enables them to develop personal beliefs while appreciating the beliefs of others. HRE also covers pertinent and contemporary issues in society such as children's rights, life skills and community service.

The learners acquire requisite competencies such as Communication and Collaboration, Imagination and Creativity, Digital Literacy, Critical Thinking and Problem solving, Learning to Learn and Self-efficacy.

GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES OF HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION:

By the end of Early Years Education, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Appreciate and thank Paramatma for His Creation in relation to our existence
- 2. Develop faith in Paramatma's Love and provisions to enhance self-efficacy
- 3. Demonstrate the understanding that all the Holy Scriptures contain divine knowledge and require careful handling with respect.
- 4. Develop awareness of National/Cultural festivals and participate to demonstrate unity in diversity for national cohesion and co-existence.
- 5. Perform simple rhythmic Yoga exercises to become healthy Citizens of Kenya
- 6. Acquire a sound foundation for developing into an ideal human being.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes (KSA)	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 MANIFESTATIONS 1.1 Avataars/Enlightened Souls - Shri Ram - Shri Krishna - Guru Nanak Dev Ji - Lord Buddha - Lord Mahavir (2 lessons) 1.1 Avataars/Enlightened souls as per the four faiths b) Recognize pictures and images of Avataars/Enlightened souls to associate themselves with Avataars/Enlightened souls as per their faith. c) Appreciate the Avataars/Enlightened souls for divine knowledge		 The learner could be shown the pictures/images/murtis/animated stories, of Avataars/Enlightened souls from all the 4 faiths. The learner to be guided to pick the pictures/images of Avataars/Enlightened souls from other pictures as a group activity. The learner could be taught songs/stories about Paramatma and Avataars 	Do you know the person in the picture? Name any two great men of God.	
Core Competences to be deve	eloped: Communication and Co	ollaboration, Creativity and I	magination, Digital Literacy, Learning to) learn.
Link to PCIs: Life Skills: The Communication_Interpersonal instructions.	skills of Knowing and living w relationships-responding to sin	Link to Values: Respect, Love, Humili showing love and care, using kind word		
Links to other subjects: 1. Nu	ameracy: counting, sorting and	Suggested Community Service Learn	ning activities:	
2. Literacy: Picture reading, St3. Movement and Creative Act	ory Stating ivities – Picture/image recognit	ion, singing songs.		
Suggested Non Formal Activity to support learning: Invite a resource person to come and state the children about Paramatma			Suggested assessment: Oral questions	, portfolio, observation
*	es Resource person, Pictures an		l edia	

Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
and identifies the images of Avataars/Enlightened souls of their Hindu faiths.	The learner can identify images of Avataars/Enlightened souls with correct names as per different faiths. (Require at least three out of four faiths)	The learner is inconsistent in recognizing the images of Avataars with their respective names. (Between one and two faiths)	The learner is unable to relate the image with correct name of Avataars/Enlightened souls to any of the four faiths.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes (KSA)	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 CREATION	1.1 Myself (My name Gender (sex) My family (Nuclear) My surrounding Environment (Nature) – Plants and Flowers) (2 lessons)	By the end of the Sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Recognize self, parents and siblings by names for self-awareness b) Identify plants and flowers in their immediate Environment as part of Paramatma's creation. c) Appreciate Paramatma's creation through watering plants for continuity of life	 The learner could introduce themselves for self-identity. The learners could be guided to mention the names of the members of their family. The learner could be guided on how to care for their immediate environment. 	 What is your name? Are you a boy or girl? Do you know your father and mothers' name? Do you have plants and flowers in your surrounding? How do you take care of your plants?
Core Competences t	to be developed: Commun	ication and Collaboration, Digita	ll literacy, Learning to Learn, Self-Efficac	y, Critical thinking.
Link to PCIs: Life S awareness, Personal i		and living with oneself - Self-	Link to Values: Respect, Love, Humili and care, using kind words	ty and compassion- showing love
2. Skills of knowing and living with others- Interpersonal relationships (with parents and Creator), Effective Communication (meanings of name) PCIs: ESD-Environmental Awareness-Caring of plants Parental engagement and Empowerment: Telling stories and singing songs on Paramatma's Creation, Naming immediate family as part of creation				
Links to other subjects:			Suggested Community Service Learn	ing activities:

Environmental Studies – Self-identity and awareness of Plants & flowers Language Activities –Names and other vocabulary ICT				
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation			
The learner could be encouraged to visit places of worship accompanied by				
their parents to strengthen the knowledge. They will be encouraged to look				
after the plants in the school/home garden				
Suggested Learning Resources Pictorial books, Audio-visual aids, Resource person				

Criterion	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Self-awareness	Confidently states the names of	The learner can correctly state	Occasionally states the correct	The learner always makes
Sen-awareness	all family members, extended	the names of siblings as well	names of siblings as well as	mistakes in stating the correct
	family and is aware of his/her	as parents and their names.	those of the parents	names of siblings as well as
	gender.			parents.
Immediate	Identifies and fairly mentions	Correctly mentions names of	The learner is aware of the	Hardly able to name the
environment	the names of flowers of	few flowers in the immediate	immediate environment can	flowers in the immediate
	immediate environment and	environment and waters them	name few of the flowers and	environment and shows no
	demonstrates ability to take	regularly.	waters them sometimes.	interest to water them.
	care of them			

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes (KSA)	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Yoga	1.1 Simple postures (Rhythmic exercises) (4 lessons)	By the end of the Sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Name the parts of the body Used for specific postures to ease practice b) Demonstrate simple yoga for physical wellbeing c) c. Appreciate the importance of yoga for better health	 Learner could be shown charts/pictures/flash cards/videos displaying parts of the body used in performing Yoga. Learners could be guided to practice simple postures correctly as a group activity 	 How do you become strong? We become strong by? Do you know about Yoga?

Core Competences to be developed: Digital literacy, Learning to Learn			
Link to PCIs: <u>Life Skills</u> : 1. Skills of knowing and living with oneself - Self-awareness-parts of the body,	Link to Values: Respect, Love, Humility and compassion- showing love and care, using kind words, patience, obedience.		
2. Skills of knowing and living with others- Effective Communication-coping with emotions			
PCIs: Parental engagement and empowerment			
Links to other subjects: Psychomotor activities Literacy.	Suggested Community Service Learning activities:		
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation		
Invite a yoga master to demonstrate simple correct yoga postures			
Suggested Learning Resources Resource person, Pictorial books, Audio visual aids			

Criterion	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Body parts for specific postures	Consistently and correctly knows the body parts involved for specific postures. Articulate body parts and demonstrate correctly the postures and practice religiously.	Correctly knows the body parts involved for specific postures. Articulates and demonstrate correctly the postures.	The learner can at times correctly state the body parts involved in a posture and demonstrate the correct posture.	The learner can rarely recognize the body parts involved in the postures or demonstrate
Postures for physical and spiritual growth.	Correctly and consistently demonstrate simple yoga for physical fitness and spiritual growth. Display confidence in daily actions. Appreciate the importance of the practice of yoga	The learner can correctly and consistently demonstrate simple yoga for physical fitness and spiritual growth. Display confidence in daily actions.	The learner is aware of the correct postures for physical fitness and spiritual growth. At times displays confidence in daily actions	The learner rarely demonstrates correct Yoga postures for physical fitness and spiritual growth and lacks confidence in daily actions.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes (KSA)	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)	
1.0 WORSHIP	1.1 Places of Worship Mandir Derasar Gurudwara Buddhist temple (2 lessons)	By the end of the Sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Acknowledge the places of worship as sacred b) Demonstrate the appropriate pose for his/her place of worship	The learner could be encouraged to visit different places of worship	1. Where do we go to pray?	
	1.2 Basic rituals for worship (2 lessons)	a) Appreciate basic rituals for daily worship	The learner could be shown the correct way of standing/sitting/joining palms for worship by the teacher	1. What is the appropriate pose for worship at the Temple?	
Core Competences	to be developed: Commun	l ication and Collaboration, Digit	al literacy, Learning to Learn, Self-Efficacy		
Link to PCIs: Life Skills-1. Skills of knowing and living with oneself - Self-awareness – self-efficacy Self-esteem. Skills of knowing and living with others- Effective Communication-Listening attentively Parental engagement and empowerment		Link to Values: Respect_Love, Humility and compassion-using kind words, obedience			
Links to other subjects: Psychomotor: Poses for worship Mathematical Activity: counting number of Jaaps on Mala Literacy: Learning new words		Suggested Community Service Learning activities:			
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning: The learner will be given opportunity to practice the Jaap during morning prayer session at the school.		Suggested assessment: Oral questions,	portfolio, observation		
Suggested Learning	g Resources Resource perso	n, Pictorial books, Audio-visual	aids,		

Criterion	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Basic Rituals for Worship	Consistently and correctly- identify and perform the correct pose during worship	The learner can correctly identify the correct pose during worship.	The learner can at times - identify the correct pose during worship	The learner can rarely - identify the correct pose during worship
	- Demonstrate the appropriate pose at his/her place of worship. Also inspires peers	pose appropriately for worship-demonstrate the appropriate	pose appropriately for worship-demonstrate the appropriatepose for their place of worship	- pose appropriately for worship
	for the correct pose at different places of worship of all faiths.	pose for their place of worship		

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes (KSA)	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Sadachar (Good Behaviour)	1.1 General Etiquettes Forms of Greetings in: Places of Worship / For different ages (2 Lessons)	By the end of the Sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Mention different ways of greetings used at places of worship for social interact b) Demonstrate appropriate phrases in greetings at places of worship for different age c) Appreciate the importance appropriate words of greetings, at places of worship as a sign of respection.	guided/using digital media/charts/pictures on the different forms of greetings. Learners practice and role play greetings in pairs or groups. ces ges e of	 How do you greet your parents/guardians/elders/fri ends? How should you behave at a place of worship?
	<u>-</u>	tion and collaboration, Citizensh		
Communication-List Self-esteem	<u>Skills-</u> 1. Skills of knowing and tening attentively, Interpersona attentively and empowerment: Guidance	l relationship, Self-efficacy, w	.ink to Values: _ Respect,_Love, Humility vords, obedience, Social cohesion, Hones	
Links to other subj Psychosocial activit		S	Suggested Community Service Learnin	g activities:

Language: greetings	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning: Teacher will plan a	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation
short enactment to depict greetings for different ages and people	
Suggested Learning Resources Resource Person, Audio Visual, Posters	

Criterion	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Greetings in: Places of Worship / For different ages	Confidently and consistently practice different forms and ways of greetings used at places of worship, for different ages using appropriate words in addition to his own faith.	Confidently and consistently practice different forms and ways of greetings used at places of worship, for different ages using appropriate words.	At times practice different forms and ways of greetings used at places of worship, for different ages using appropriate words.	Sometimes practices different forms and ways of greetings used at places of worship, for different ages using appropriate words.
Greetings in surrounding environment	Always confident to respond and greet people from different backgrounds with respect to promote social cohesion in the immediate environment.	Correctly responds and greet people from different backgrounds with respect to promote social cohesion.	Fairly responds and greet people from different backgrounds with respect at times to promote social cohesion.	Hardly responds and greet people from different backgrounds with respect.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes (KSA)	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)		
1.0 SCRIPTURES	1.1 Names of Holy Scriptures Ramayan Sri Guru Granth Sahib Ji Kalpasutra Dhammpaddha (1 lesson)	By the end of the Sub strand the learner should be able to: a) Name Holy scriptures to promote religious identity and unity b) Recognize Holy scriptures from the four faiths, for awareness of his/her faith. c) Appreciate the Holy scriptures as sacred.	 Through displayed images learner could be familiarized with different Scriptures Learner could be engaged in answering questions on the images of the scriptures displayed. The learner could be encouraged to participate in colouring activity 	 Name the holy book you have seen at home. Where is the holy book kept in your house? Who reads this holy book in your house? 		
Core Competences t	Core Competences to be developed: Communication and Collaboration, Learning to Learn, Digital literacy					

Link to PCIs: Life-skills: Effective communication-self-esteem, Self-efficacy	Link to Values: Respect, Love, Humility and compassion-using kind
Citizenship: Peace Education-Integrity-Social cohesion-	words, obedience, Social cohesion, Honesty, sharing.
PCIs: Parental empowerment and engagement: Guidance	
Links to other subjects:	Suggested Community Service Learning activities:
Mathematics by knowing the number of scriptures	
Hygiene for handling the scriptures	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning: To have a class project that	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation
portrays all the scriptures on one display	
Suggested Learning Resources Resource person, Pictorial books, Flash cards, digital	limages

Criterion	Exceeding expectations	Meeting expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Names of Scriptures	Confidently and correctly mention the names of Scriptures always	Confidently and correctly mention the names of Scriptures	Correctly mention the names of Scriptures at times	Sometimes mention the names of Scriptures correctly