Project 6
Exploring AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM)



Group 2

Access and Configure AWS CLI 1.

Open the Lab Environment

Start your lab session as directed.

2. Run the Lab

Initiate the lab session by clicking the "Run Lab" button.

3. Access AWS CLI

- Navigate to the AWS Details panel.
- Locate the AWS CLI section and click "Show" to reveal the CLI credentials.

```
[default] aws_access_key_id=ASIAVRCKLCEY40KG4D23

aws_secret_access_key=ECBvsPonSd+msJcWprQJnphbi7MAj9L29MXkeNlj

aws_session_token=IQoJb3JpZ2luX2VjEK////////wEaCXVzLXdlc3QtMiJHMEUCIQCb0pgfFnE2

rXBiIDySKXsXg5pgEpa0p76F3VPnbbNg/QIgdh+Ny8dwLlx/EIk5VX7n2SdwlAj5//GQKxuNEjqsEvUquA

II+P///////ARAAGgwzODAyNjA1MjAyNDEiDC6tozhmwif5ooSRnyqMAn8chjO/Gm+8FPKLOk1ze/4P

dJS3b07lAu9cBo1UD65nV/zusJqJ8umkEaR/Zu8VmhdX1UpRNmefA0050tKof7mtdMwHe0cXAc4hIZ7Kzt

qDVWqVD4TqQhfoBb1G67xyOvgS21ILZDAkQMdFSgwu1+A3xCJw9vNetvoDDx084VgOeeLPruY0N90LFEtT

IFYigu111z5ujJkABMvaqn0qZKDcxk70KfiXbJP3EK4+Lee0i4NVTiwFuMPvknN58qPxrtjQO+q7aqhQXH

JiMQ48DbXuADvQmNBPE5jCdWPdFnJWXYnLAHJrqc+HympW4HTk2CzmcElC9egyQ0kLHNgnfo6KbcCfzh3i

Qg1hTEYw6oiHuAY6nQFVrILOouZ6B0Zv0kaw6LJrxGverQaqEVsCdZLSWkEC4Q85dE/ZFy2CbYQmpCqE/E

dhNv3E2tz2ZmBiLkr3TAqeXkaNB8aUQr6IesHZS6Z1cFz3aOj6eMLhcybsRh+QpwHCcsffnwVULZDuxBOu

lbmLh58YINWBVkG8pn3JVQk+gzAp6BYruEB2iPAfzwgFYXgOsiiIorDQ8iEtT9GY
```

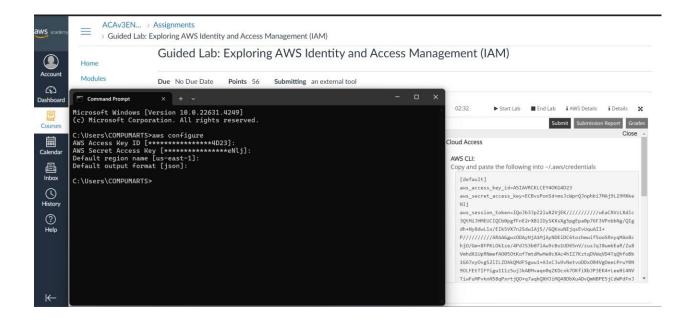
4. Configure AWS CLI

- o Open Command Prompt (cmd) on your Windows machine.
- Enter the following command to start the configuration

process:



- When prompted, input the AWS credentials provided:
- AWS Access Key ID: [Enter your aws access key id]
- AWS Secret Access Key: [Enter your aws_secret_access_key]
- Default region name: [Enter the desired AWS region, e.g., us-west-2]
- Default output format: [Enter your preferred output format, e.g., json]



Task 1: Explore Users and Groups

1. List All IAM Users o Use the following CLI command to

list all IAM users:



```
X
 Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.4249]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws configure
AWS Access Key ID [*************4D23]:
AWS Secret Access Key [************eNlj]:
Default region name [us-east-1]:
Default output format [json]:
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam list-users
    "Users": [
        {
             "Path": "/spl66/",
"UserName": "user-1"
             "UserId": "AIDAVRCKLCEY5A07VVCI7",
             "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:user/spl66/user-1",
             "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
             "Path": "/spl66/",
"UserName": "user-2",
"UserId": "AIDAVRCKLCEYR6Z05TH5Z",
             "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:user/spl66/user-2",
             "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
             "Path": "/spl66/",
"UserName": "user-3",
"UserId": "AIDAVRCKLCEY6AGQANYPE",
             "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:user/spl66/user-3",
             "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:50+00:00"
    ]
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>
```

2. List IAM Groups o Use the following CLI command to

list all IAM groups:



```
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam list-groups
    "Groups": [
         {
              "Path": "/spl66/",
              "GroupName": "EC2-Admin",
"GroupId": "AGPAVRCKLCEYQGERRWBGP",
              "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:group/spl66/EC2-Admin",
              "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
              "Path": "/spl66/",
"GroupName": "EC2-Support",
              "GroupId": "AGPAVRCKLCEYRV3ZTL2FF",
              "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:group/spl66/EC2-Support",
              "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
              "Path": "/spl66/",
"GroupName": "S3-Support",
"GroupId": "AGPAVRCKLCEY34Z2QFRIH",
              "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:group/spl66/S3-Support",
              "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
    ]
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>
```

3. Inspect User Details ○ Replace [username] with the actual username to inspect details of a specific IAM user:

```
bash

C Copy code

aws iam get-user --user-name <user_name>
```

1. User-1

2. User-2

3. User-3

4. Inspect Group Details ○ Replace [groupname] with the actual group name to inspect details of a specific IAM group:

```
bash

C Copy code

aws iam get-group --group-name <group_name>
```

1. S3-Support

```
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam get-group --group-name S3-Support
{
    "Users": [],
    "Group": {
        "Path": "/spl66/",
        "GroupName": "S3-Support",
        "GroupId": "AGPAVRCKLCEY34Z2QFRIH",
        "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:group/spl66/S3-Support",
        "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
    }
}
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>
```

2. EC2-Support

```
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam get-group --group-name EC2-Support
{
    "Users": [],
    "Group": {
        "Path": "/spl66/",
        "GroupName": "EC2-Support",
        "GroupId": "AGPAVRCKLCEYRV3ZTL2FF",
        "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:group/spl66/EC2-Support",
        "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
    }
}
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>
```

3. EC2-Admin

```
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam get-group --group-name EC2-Admin
{
    "Users": [],
    "Group": {
        "Path": "/spl66/",
        "GroupName": "EC2-Admin",
        "GroupId": "AGPAVRCKLCEYQGERRWBGP",
        "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:group/spl66/EC2-Admin",
        "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
    }
}
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>
```

Task 2: Inspect IAM Policies

1. List Policies Attached to a Group ○ To list the policies attached to a specific IAM group, use the following CLI command: ○ Replace [group name] with the actual name of the IAM group.

```
aws iam list-attached-group-policies --group-name <Group-Name>
```

1. S3-Support

2. EC2-Support

3. EC2-Admin

```
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam list-attached-group-policies --group-name EC2-Admin
{
    "AttachedPolicies": []
}
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>
```

2- Retrieve the Policy Document

 Once you have the Policy ARN from the previous command, retrieve the policy document using:

- Replace [policy-arn] with the ARN of the policy, and [version-id] with the version ID of the policy document.
- This command will show the policy document in JSON format, which includes statements like "Effect", "Action", and "Resource".



1. S3-Support

```
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam get-policy --policy-arn arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess
{
    "Policy": {
        "PolicyId": "AMazonS3ReadOnlyAccess",
            "PolicyId": "ANPAIZTJ4DXE7G6AGAE6M",
            "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess",
            "Path": "/",
            "DefaultVersionId": "v3",
            "AttachmentCount": 1,
            "PermissionsBoundaryUsageCount": 0,
            "IsAttachable": true,
            "Description": "Provides read only access to all buckets via the AWS Management Console.",
            "CreateDate": "2015-02-06T18:40:59+00:00",
            "Tags": []
    }
}
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>
```

2. EC2-Support

```
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam get-policy --policy-arn arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AmazonEC2ReadOnlyAccess
{
    "Policy": {
        "PolicyId": "AMPAIGDT4SV4GSETWTBZK",
        "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AmazonEC2ReadOnlyAccess",
        "Path": "/",
        "DefaultVersionId": "v1",
        "AttachmentCount": 1,
        "PermissionsBoundaryUsageCount": 0,
        "IsAttachable": true,
        "Description": "Provides read only access to Amazon EC2 via the AWS Management Console.",
        "CreateDate": "2015-02-06T18:40:17+00:00",
        "UpdateDate": "2024-02-14T18:43:53+00:00",
        "Tags": []
    }
}
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>
```

Task 3: Add Users to Groups

1. Add User-1 to S3-Support Group 2. Add User-2 to EC2-Support Group 3. Add User-3 to EC2-Admin Group

```
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam add-user-to-group --user-name User-1 --group-name S3-Support
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam add-user-to-group --user-name User-2 --group-name EC2-Support
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam add-user-to-group --user-name User-3 --group-name EC2-Admin
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>
```

4. Verify users are in the specified groups, list the users in each group using:

1. S3-Support

```
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam get-group --group-name S3-Support
    "Users": [
        {
            "Path": "/spl66/",
            "UserName": "user-1"
            "UserId": "AIDAVRCKLCEY5A07VVCI7",
            "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:user/spl66/user-1",
            "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
   ],
"Group": {
        "Path": "/spl66/"
        "GroupName": "S3-Support",
        "GroupId": "AGPAVRCKLCEY34Z2QFRIH",
        "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:group/spl66/S3-Support",
        "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
}
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>
```

```
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam get-group --group-name EC2-Support
    "Users": [
        {
            "Path": "/spl66/",
            "UserName": "user-2"
            "UserId": "AIDAVRCKLCEYR6Z05TH5Z".
            "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:user/spl66/user-2",
            "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
        }
   ],
"Group": {
"Dath"
        "Path": "/spl66/",
        "GroupName": "EC2-Support",
        "GroupId": "AGPAVRCKLCEYRV3ZTL2FF",
        "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:group/spl66/EC2-Support",
        "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>
```

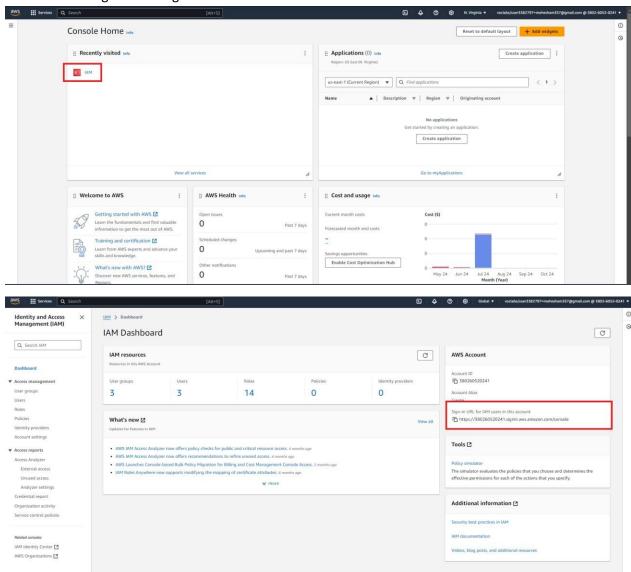
3. EC2-Admin

```
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>aws iam get-group --group-name EC2-Admin
    "Users": [
        {
            "Path": "/spl66/",
"UserName": "user-3",
             "UserId": "AIDAVRCKLCEY6AGQANYPE",
             "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:user/spl66/user-3",
             "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:50+00:00"
        }
   ],
"Group": {
"Dath"
        "Path": "/spl66/",
        "GroupName": "EC2-Admin",
        "GroupId": "AGPAVRCKLCEYQGERRWBGP",
        "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::380260520241:group/spl66/EC2-Admin",
        "CreateDate": "2024-10-05T22:57:49+00:00"
3
C:\Users\COMPUMARTS>
```

Task 4: Test Permissions

To verify the access of each user, you need to simulate their login using the AWS Management Console. Since testing involves logging in via the browser, here's how to proceed for each user:

Task 4.1: Get the console sign-in URL ○ Sign in to AWS Management Console as User-1 using the IAM sign-in URL.

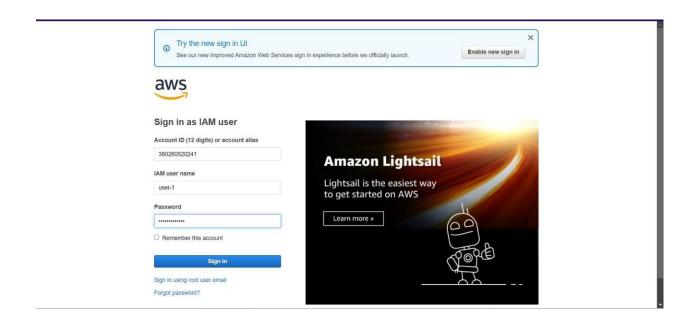


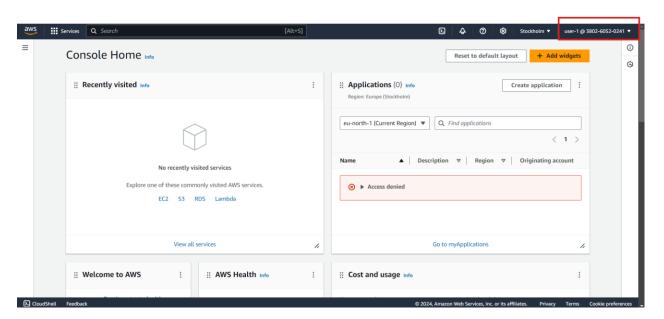
Task 4.2: Test user-1 permissions

- 2. Open a private or incognito window in your browser.
- 3. Paste the sign-in link into the private browser, and press ENTER.
- 4. Sign in with the following credentials:

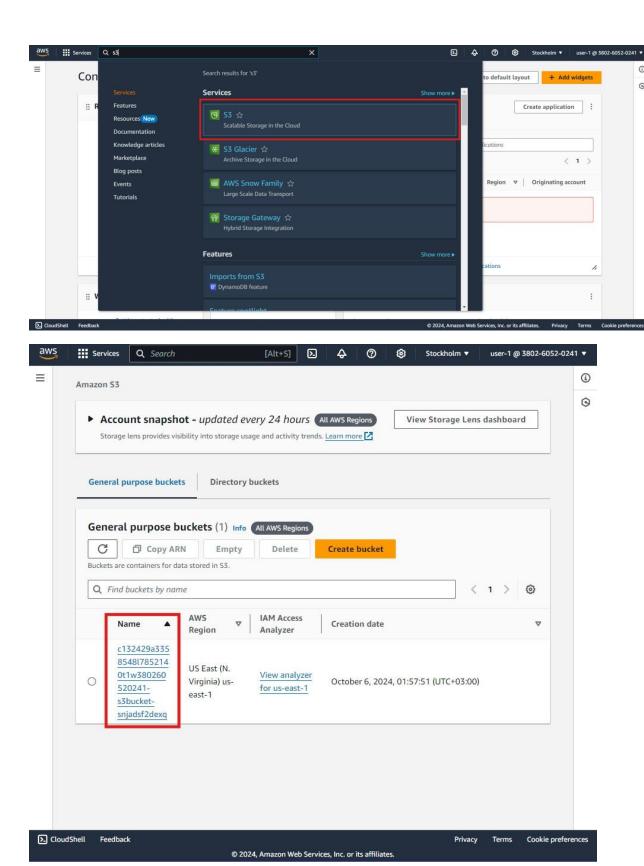
IAM user name: user-1

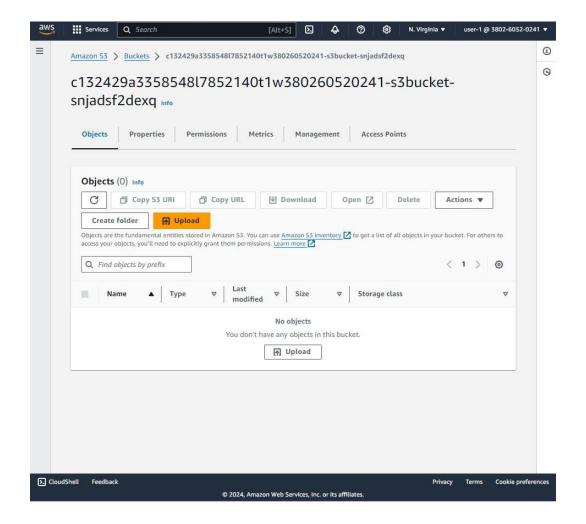
Password: Lab-Password1



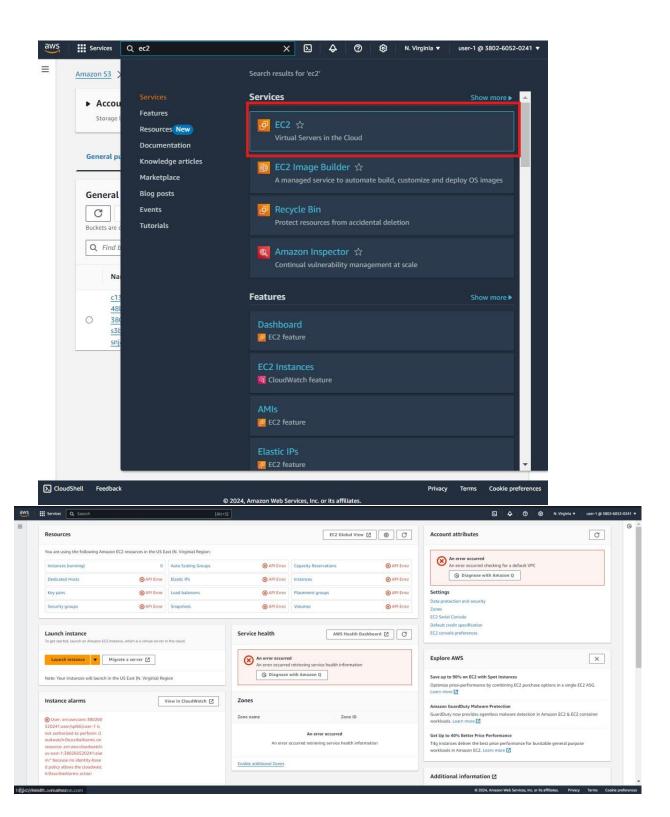


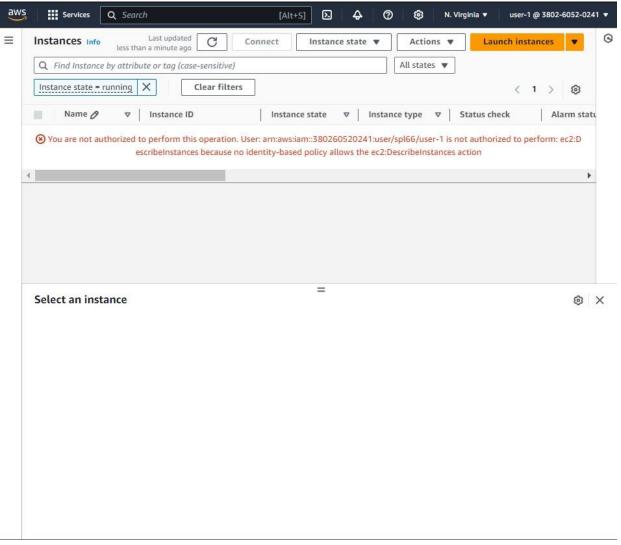
5. Navigate to the S3 service and try to list buckets.





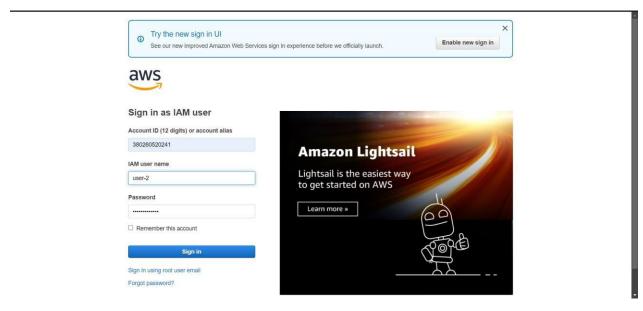
6. Try to perform any write operations (like read ec2 instance), which should fail due to user-1 has AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess policy



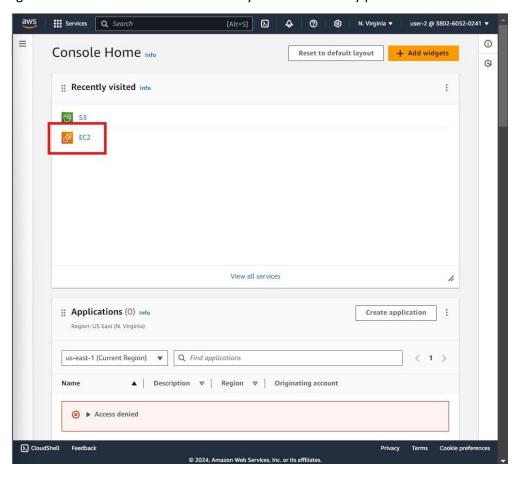


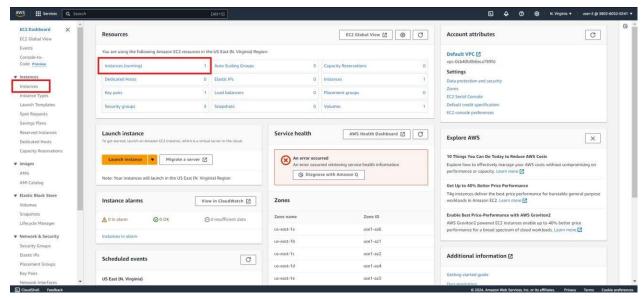
Task 4.3: Test user-2 permissions

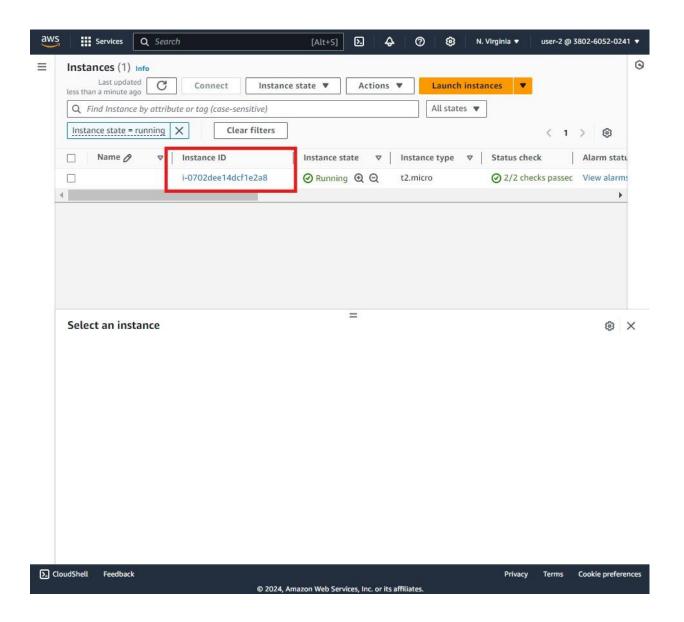
- 1. Sign in with the following credentials:
 - o **IAM user name:** user-2
 - o Password: Lab-Password2

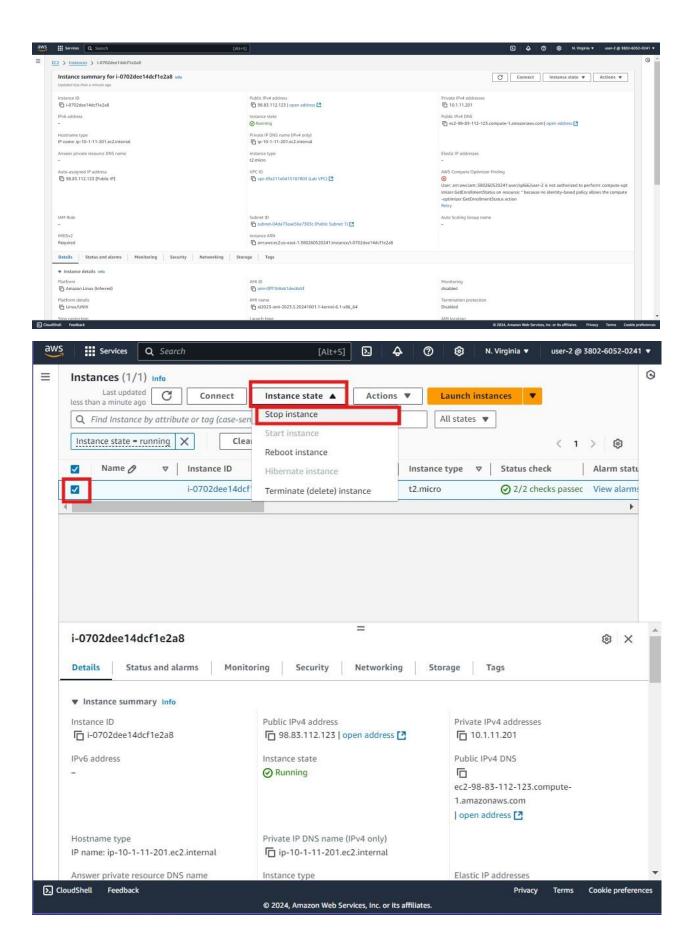


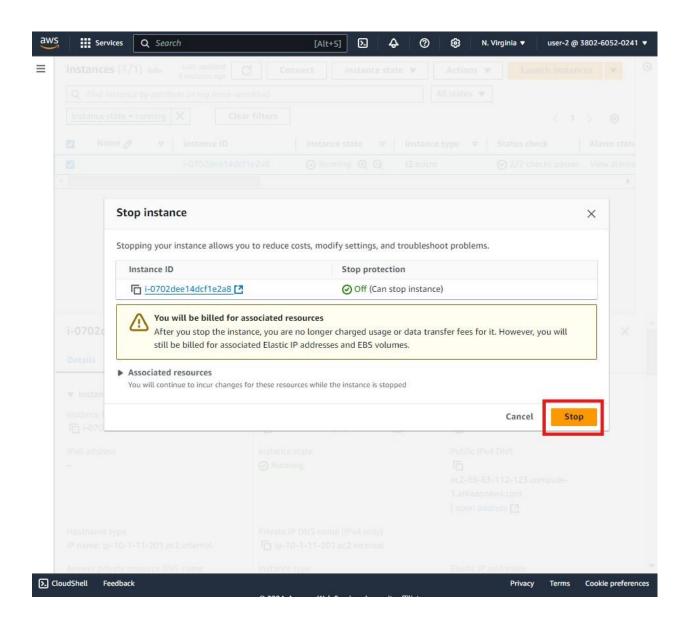
2. .Navigate to the **EC2 service.** You are now able to see an EC2 instance. However, you cannot make any changes to Amazon EC2 resources because you have read-only permissions

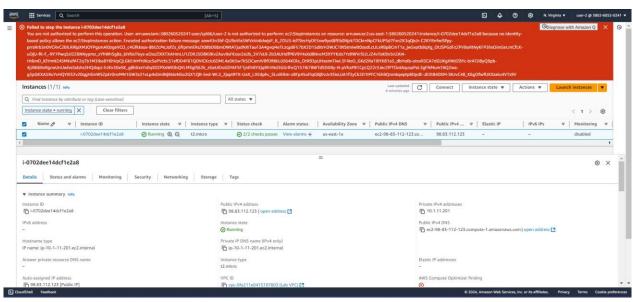








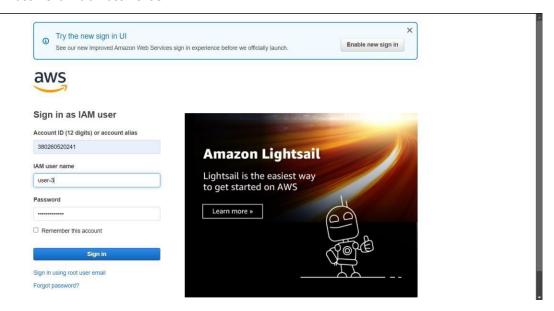


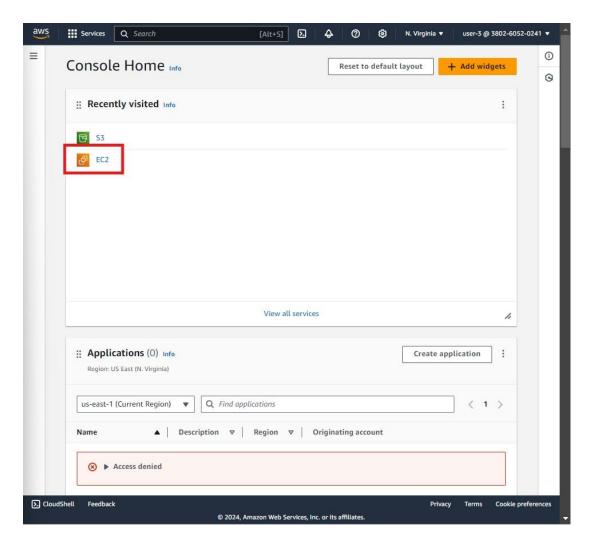


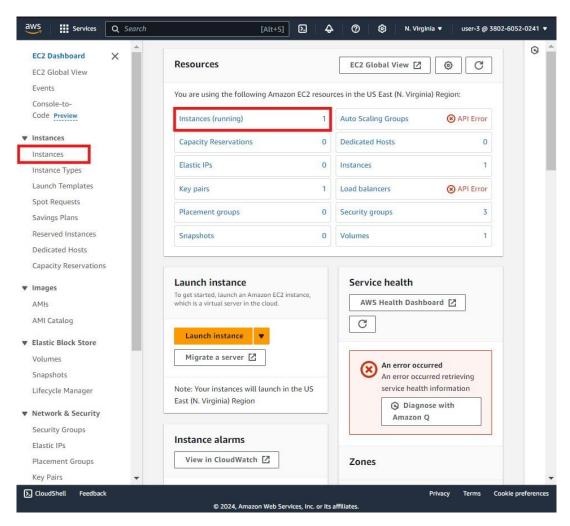
Task 4.4: Test user-3 permissions

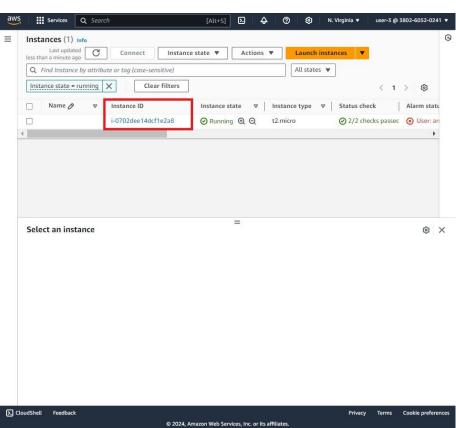
1. Sign in with the following credentials:

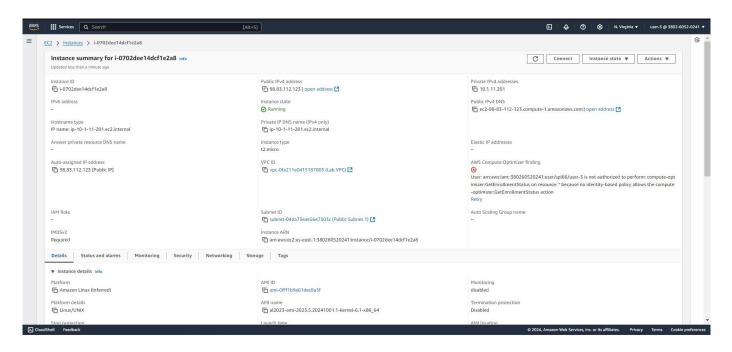
- IAM user name: user-3
- Password: Lab-Password3

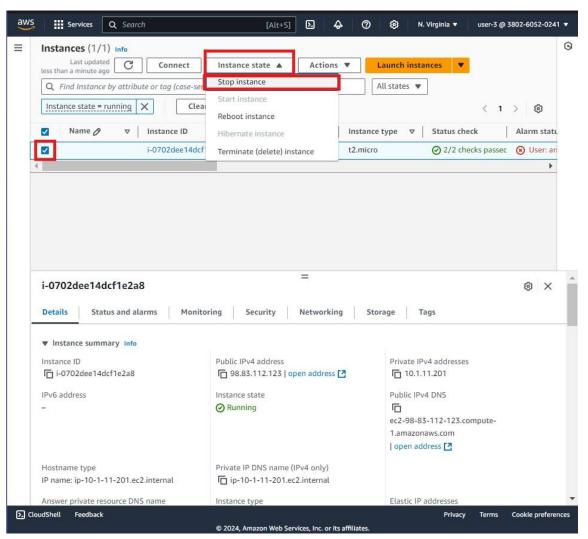


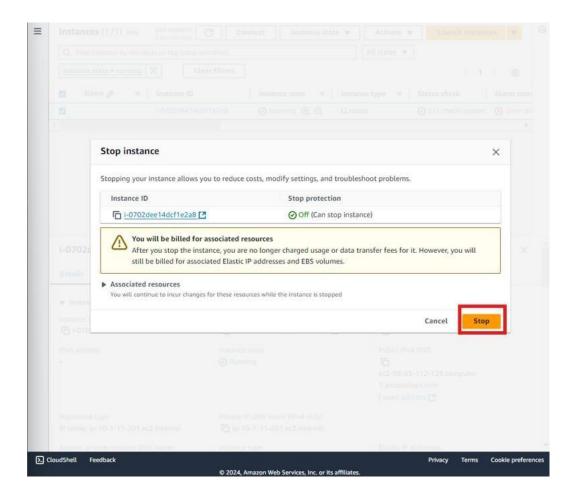


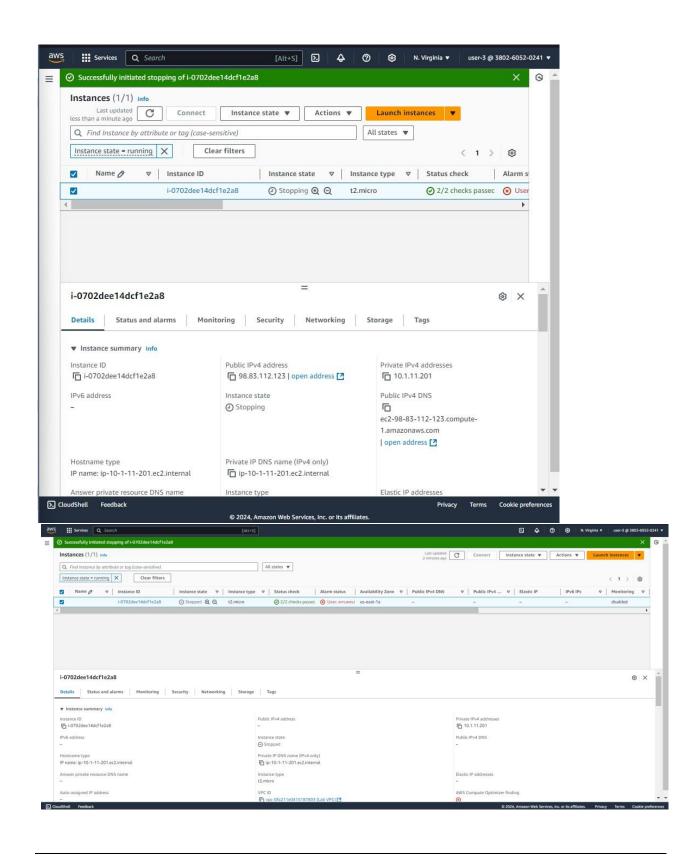








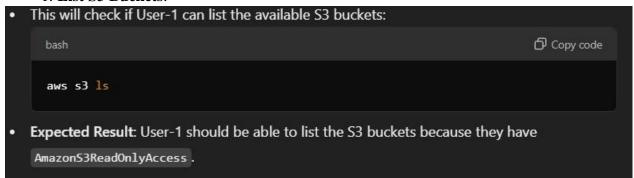




Testing Permissions for Each User Using CLI

User-1 should have read-only access to S3. You can test their permissions by attempting to perform the following operations:

1. List S3 Buckets:



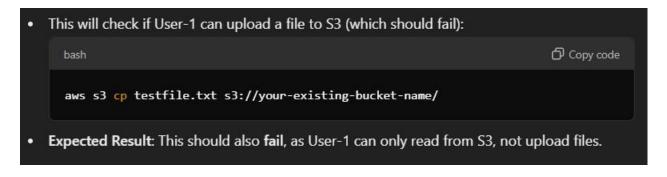
2. Attempt to Create a New Bucket:

This command attempts to create a new bucket, which should fail because User-1 has readonly access:

 bash
 Copy code

 aws s3api create-bucket --bucket test-user1-bucket --region us-west-2
 Expected Result: The command should fail because User-1 cannot perform write operations in S3.

3. Attempt to Upload a File to S3:

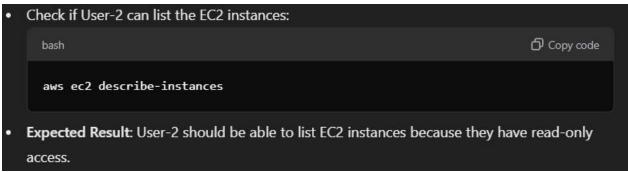


User-2 (EC2-Support Group) - EC2 Read-Only Access

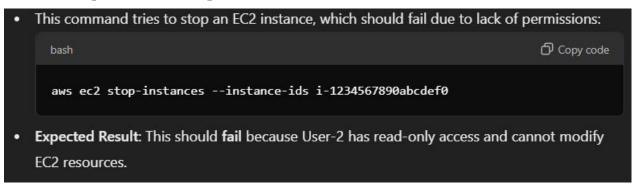
User-2 should have read-only access to EC2 resources. You can test their permissions with the following operations:

1. List EC2 Instances:

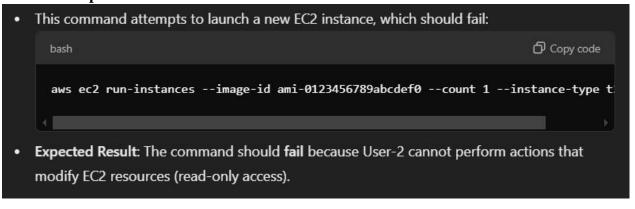
2.



Attempt to Start or Stop an EC2 Instance:



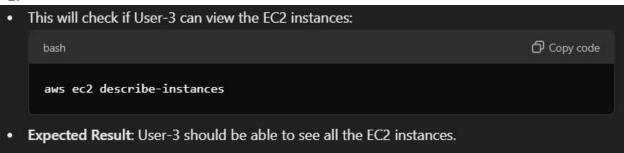
3. Attempt to Launch a New EC2 Instance:



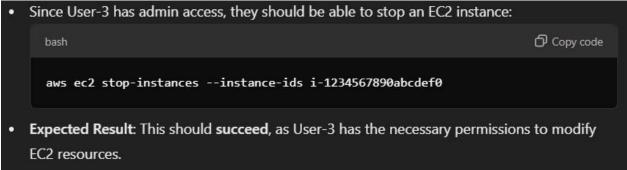
User-3 (EC2-Admin Group) - EC2 Admin Access

User-3 has full admin access over EC2, so they should be able to perform both read and write operations.

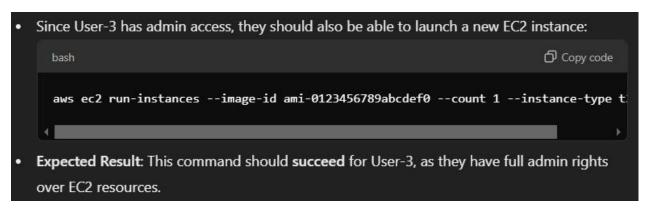
1. List EC2 Instances:

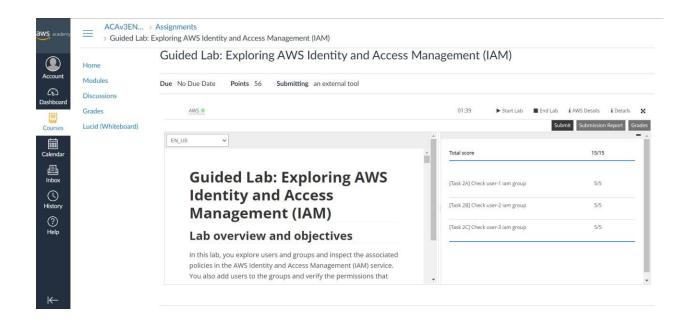


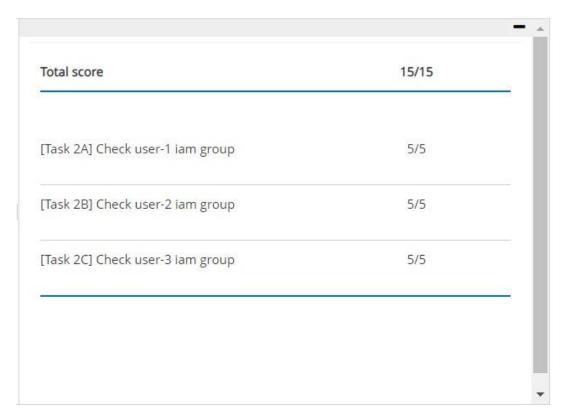
Start or Stop an EC2 Instance:



3. Launch a New EC2 Instance:







Guided Lab: Exploring AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) Lab Assignments

Oct 6 at 12:18am

56 / 56

