Code ▼

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Set Up:

```
Hide
# load packages
library(tidyverse) # for data verbs like `group-by()` & `summarise()`
library(mosaicData) # includes `HELPrct` data set
library(mosaic)
                   # includes `mplot()` interactive plot builder
library(esquisse)
                   # includes `esquisser()` interactive plot builder
# Load the HELPrct data from `mosaicData` into our RStudio environment
data("HELPrct", package = "mosaicData")
```

Data Description

```
Hide
glimpse(HELPrct)
Rows: 453
Columns: 30
$ age
                               <int> 37, 37, 26, 39, 32, 47, 49, 28, 50, 39, 34, 58, 58, 60, 36, 28, 35, 29, 27, 27, 41, 3~
$ anysubstatus
                               <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, NA, 1, 1, 1, NA, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, NA, 1, NA, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
$ anysub
                               <fct> yes, yes, yes, yes, yes, yes, NA, yes, yes, yes, NA, no, yes, yes, yes, yes, no,~
$ cesd
                               <int> 49, 30, 39, 15, 39, 6, 52, 32, 50, 46, 46, 49, 22, 36, 43, 35, 19, 40, 52, 37, 35, 18~
$ d1
                               <int> 3, 22, 0, 2, 12, 1, 14, 1, 14, 4, 0, 3, 5, 10, 2, 6, 1, 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 4, 2, 4, 1, 0,~
$ daysanysub
                               <int> 177, 2, 3, 189, 2, 31, NA, 47, 31, 115, NA, 192, 6, 6, 0, 27, 2, 220, 198, 52, NA, 12~
$ dayslink
                               <int> 225, NA, 365, 343, 57, 365, 334, 365, 365, 382, 365, 365, 365, 22, 443, 41, 405, 449,~
$ drugrisk
                               <int> 0, 0, 20, 0, 0, 0, 0, 7, 18, 20, 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 10, 0, 12, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1,~
$ e2b
                               <int> NA, NA, NA, 1, 1, NA, 1, 8, 7, 3, NA, NA, NA, 1, NA, 2, NA, 1, 4, NA, 1, NA, 2, 3, NA~
$ female
                               <int> 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0~
$ sex
                               <fct> male, male, male, female, male, female, female, male, female, male, female, female, m~
$ g1b
                               <fct> yes, yes, no, no, no, no, yes, yes, no, no, no, no, no, no, no, yes, no, yes, yes, no~
$ homeless
                               <fct> housed, homeless, housed, homeless, housed, homeless, homele
$ i1
                               <int> 13, 56, 0, 5, 10, 4, 13, 12, 71, 20, 0, 13, 20, 13, 51, 0, 0, 1, 9, 23, 26, 0, 34, 4,~
$ i2
                               <int> 26, 62, 0, 5, 13, 4, 20, 24, 129, 27, 0, 13, 31, 20, 51, 0, 0, 1, 24, 23, 26, 0, 34, ~
$ id
                               <int> 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25~
$ indtot
                               <int> 39, 43, 41, 28, 38, 29, 38, 44, 44, 44, 34, 11, 40, 41, 38, 26, 17, 40, 37, 37, 36, 2~
$ linkstatus
                               <int> 1, NA, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1
$ link
                               <fct> yes, NA, no, no, yes, no, no, no, no, no, no, no, yes, no, yes, no, yes, no, yes, no, ves, no, ~
$ mcs
                               <dbl> 25.111990, 26.670307, 6.762923, 43.967880, 21.675755, 55.508991, 21.793024, 9.160530,~
$ pcs
                               <dbl> 58.41369, 36.03694, 74.80633, 61.93168, 37.34558, 46.47521, 24.51504, 65.13801, 38.27~
$ pss_fr
                               <int> 0, 1, 13, 11, 10, 5, 1, 4, 5, 0, 0, 13, 13, 1, 1, 7, 9, 1, 13, 11, 8, 14, 10, 6, 6, 3~
$ racegrp
                               <fct> black, white, black, white, black, black, white, white, white, white, black, w~
$ satreat
                               <fct> no, no, no, yes, no, no, yes, yes, no, yes, no, yes, no, no, yes, no, no, ye, no, no, ye~
$ sexrisk
                               <int> 4, 7, 2, 4, 6, 5, 8, 6, 8, 0, 2, 0, 1, 4, 8, 3, 4, 4, 3, 7, 4, 4, 6, 9, 7, 5, 4, 5, 2~
$ substance
                               <fct> cocaine, alcohol, heroin, heroin, cocaine, cocaine, alcohol, alcohol, heroin~
$ treat
                               <fct> yes, yes, no, no, no, yes, no, yes, no, yes, yes, no, no, yes, yes, yes, no, no, yes,~
$ avg_drinks
                               <int> 13, 56, 0, 5, 10, 4, 13, 12, 71, 20, 0, 13, 20, 13, 51, 0, 0, 1, 9, 23, 26, 0, 34, 4,~
$ max_drinks
                               <int> 26, 62, 0, 5, 13, 4, 20, 24, 129, 27, 0, 13, 31, 20, 51, 0, 0, 1, 24, 23, 26, 0, 34, ~
$ hospitalizations <int> 3, 22, 0, 2, 12, 1, 14, 1, 14, 4, 0, 3, 5, 10, 2, 6, 1, 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 4, 2, 4, 1, 0,~
```

TASK 1: Write a couple of sentences describing the HELProt data—What is the setting for the data? What are they about?

The data is looking at individuals who have struggled with drug abuse. A case is a person who struggles with drug abuse. The variables help describe each individuals drug abuse situation as well as their life situation

Basic Summaries with summarise()

TASK 2: Produce an expression involving summarize() and HELPrct that will produce the following.

- 1. number of people (cases) in HELPrct study
- 2. combined total number of times in the past 6 months all the people in HELProt entered a detox program (measured at baseline)
- 3. mean time (in days) to first use of any substance post-detox for all the people in HELPrct

```
HELPrct %>%
  summarise( total_people = n(),total_detox= sum(e2b,na.rm=TRUE),use_mean = mean(daysanysub,na.rm=TRUE) )
                                   total_people
                                                                               total_detox
                                                                                                                use_mean
                                          <int>
                                                                                     <int>
                                                                                                                    <dbl>
                                           453
                                                                                      536
                                                                                                                 75.30738
1 row
                                                                                                                       Hide
NA
                                                                                                                       Hide
HELPrct %>%
  summarise( use_mean = mean(daysanysub, na.rm=TRUE) )
                                                                                                                use_mean
                                                                                                                    <dbl>
                                                                                                                 75.30738
1 row
                                                                                                                       Hide
```

Subgrouping with group_by()

TASK 3: Repeat task 2 above, but calculate the results group-by-group. Show your code and write a sentence or two about what you observe in the results for each of the following:

1. males versus females

NA NA

HELPrct %>% summarise(total_people = n(),total_detox= sum(e2b,na.rm=TRUE),use_mean = mean(daysanysub,na.rm=TRUE)) female total people total detox use mean

101116110	total_poop.o		0.00
<int></int>	<int></int>	<int></int>	<ld>></ld>
0	346	447	72.72727
1	107	89	83.77193
2 rows			

2. homeless or not

HELPrct %>% group_by(homeless)%>% summarise(total_people = n(),total_detox= sum(e2b,na.rm=TRUE),use_mean = mean(daysanysub,na.rm=TRUE)) homeless total_people total_detox use mean

<fctr> homeless 74.33051 209 379 244 157 76.22222 housed 2 rows

3. substance

HELPrct %>% group_by(substance)%>% summarise(total_people = n(),total_detox= sum(e2b,na.rm=TRUE),use_mean = mean(daysanysub,na.rm=TRUE)) substance total_people total_detox use_mean

<fctr></fctr>	<int></int>	<int></int>	<dbl></dbl>
alcohol	177	237	79.36170
cocaine	152	96	85.86517
heroin	124	203	53.65574
3 rows			
4. break down the homeless versus housed for	urther, by sex		

HELPrct %>%

group_by(female,homeless) %>% summarise(total_people = n(),total_detox= sum(e2b,na.rm=TRUE),use_mean = mean(daysanysub,na.rm=TRUE)) female homeless total_people total_detox use_mean <int> <fctr> <int> <int> <dbl>

0 homeless	169	338	72.46875		
0 housed	177	109	73.00000		
1 homeless	40	41	82.45455		
1 housed	67	48	84.60000		
4 rows					
5. break down the homeless versus housed further, by substance					
			Hide		

group_by(homeless, substance)%>%

to take at any stage as compared to alcohol and cocaine

summarise(total_people = n(),total_detox= sum(e2b,na.rm=TRUE),use_mean = mean(daysanysub,na.rm=TRUE)) homeless substance total_people total_detox use_mean <fctr> <fctr> <int> <int> <dbl>

homeless	alcohol	103	203	61.96429	
homeless	cocaine	59	60	94.86486	
homeless	heroin	47	116	71.64000	
housed	alcohol	74	34	105.00000	
housed	cocaine	93	36	79.46154	
housed	heroin	77	87	41.16667	
6 rows					
TASK 4:					

Include one or more interesting plots of the data involving at least 3 variables per plot. Write a few sentences to explain the story that your plot tells about these data. You can use one of the relationships that you studied in Task 2, or you can explore a different group of variables in the HELPrct that show something interesting. The graph below shows the relationship between the age and drug risk for each of the substances. As you can seee that heroin is a very risky drug

Hide $ggplot(data = HELPrct, aes(x = age, y = drugrisk)) + geom_point() + facet_wrap(~substance, ncol = 4) + labs(titl)$



