

## ANSWERS OF MACHINE LEARNING

— 1. Movie Recommendation systems are an example of:

- — i) Classification  
— ii) Clustering  
— iii) Regression

Options:

- a) 2 Only  
b) 1 and 2  
c) 1 and 3  
d) 2 and 3

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d) 2 and 3

— 2. Sentiment Analysis is an example of:

- i) Regression  
— ii) Classification  
— iii) Clustering  
— iv) Reinforcement

Options:

- a) 1 Only  
b) 1 and 2  
c) 1 and 3  
d) 1, 2 and 4

d) 1, 2 and 4

3. Can decision trees be used for performing clustering?

- a) True  
b) False

a) True

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— 4. Which of the following is the most appropriate strategy for data cleaning before performing clustering analysis, given less than desirable number of data points:

- i) Capping and flooring of variables  
— ii) Removal of outliers

Options:

- a) 1 only  
b) 2 only

- c) 1 and 2
- d) None of the above

— i) Capping and flooring of variables

5. What is the minimum no. of variables/ features required to perform clustering?

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) 3

b) 1

6. For two runs of K-Mean clustering is it expected to get same clustering results?

- a) Yes
- b) No

a) Yes

— 7. Is it possible that Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between successive iterations in K-Means?

- a) Yes
- b) No
- c) Can't say
- d) None of these

b) No

8. Which of the following can act as possible termination conditions in K-Means?

- i) For a fixed number of iterations.
- ii) Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between iterations. Except for cases with a bad local minimum.

— iii) Centroids do not change between successive iterations.

iv) Terminate when RSS falls below a threshold.

Options:

- a) 1, 3 and 4
- b) 1, 2 and 3
- c) 1, 2 and 4

d) All of the above

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d) All of the above

9. Which of the following algorithms is most sensitive to outliers?

- a) K-means clustering algorithm
- b) K-medians clustering algorithm
- c) K-modes clustering algorithm
- d) K-medoids clustering algorithm

a) K-means clustering algorithm

10. How can Clustering (Unsupervised Learning) be used to improve the accuracy of Linear Regression model (Supervised Learning):

- i) Creating different models for different cluster groups.
- ii) Creating an input feature for cluster ids as an ordinal variable.
- iii) Creating an input feature for cluster centroids as a continuous variable.
- iv) Creating an input feature for cluster size as a continuous variable.

Options:

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 3 and 4
- d) All of the above

d) All of the above

11. What could be the possible reason(s) for producing two different dendrograms using agglomerative clustering algorithms for the same dataset?

- a) Proximity function used
- b) of data points used
- c) of variables used
- d) All of the above

d) All of the above

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12. Is K sensitive to outliers?

YES

13. Why is K means better?

Relatively simple to implement.

Scales to large data sets.

Guarantees convergence.

Can warm-start the positions of centroids.

Easily adapts to new examples.

Generalizes to clusters of different shapes and sizes, such as elliptical clusters

14. Is K means a deterministic algorithm?

k-means clustering is based on a non-deterministic algorithm.

to ensure consistent results, FCS Express performs k-means clustering using a deterministic method.