The questions ar Answer any 2171 of SQI cing one COPYRIGHT RESERVED BCA(III) - Fund. of 1(10) d Mgt. & Bus. A/c (BC - 301)bquer imple. 2023 ta Cor (Session: 2021-24) it. Time: 3 hours Full Marks:80 Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Answer any five questions. "Management is considered as an art consisting 1. of basic principles of science." Explain. What are the functions of a Good Manager? 2. Explain. Define Accounting. Discuss the conventions of 3. Accounting. 4. What are the ways to improve interpersonal effectiveness in an organisation? Explain. (Turn over) OA-6/2

by taking one example.

COPYRIGHT RESERVED BCA(III) — DBMS
(BC - 302)

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2023 (Session : 2021 – 24)

Time: 3 hours

Full Marks:80

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The questions are of equal value.

Answer any five questions.

- What is DBMS? What are the basic components of DBMS?
- 2. Define Normalization. Why it is done ? Explain.
- What is E-R Model ? Describe it's basic concept in detail.
- How Generalisation and specialisation are reverse to each other? Also describe Aggregation.

OA - 7/2

(Turn over)

detail, by taking one example.

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Time: 3 hours

Full Marks:80

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

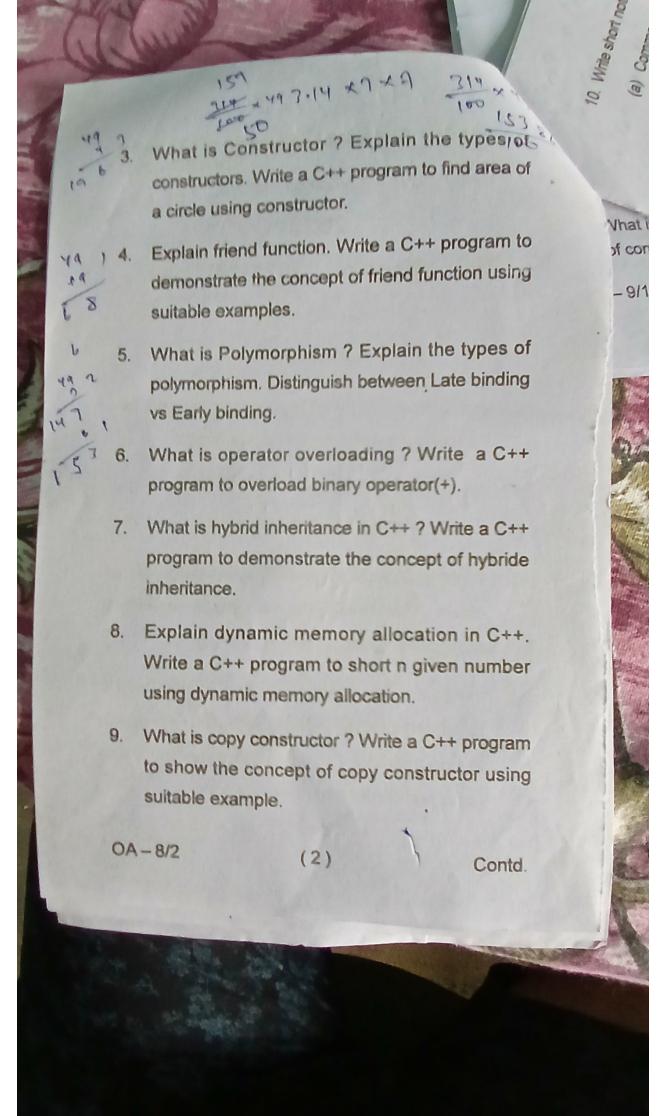
The questions are equal value.

Answer any five questions.

- What is Object Oriented Programming? Write down the features of object oriented proggamming language.
- What is inline function in C++? Discuss the limitation of inline function. Write a C++ program to find maximum of given three number using class and object and inline function.

OA - 8/2

(Turniover)



- What is SQL ? What are the two majo
- 10. Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - (a) Command line arguments
 - (b) Virtual functions
 - **Destructors**
 - (d) Abstract class

OA - 8/2 (1,200) (3) BCA(III) — OOP using C++(BC - 303)

rain ran(10) different Aggregate ubqueri COPYRIGHT RESERVED BCA(III) - Num. ain diffe Meth. (BC - 304) 2023 (T (Session: 2021 - 24) Time: 3 hours Full Marks: 80 Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The questions are of equal value. Answer any five questions. Describe Bisection Method. Find a real root of the equation $x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0$ using Bisection method up to three places of decimal. (a) Find the roots of the equation $x^3 - 5x - 7 = 0$ correct to 3 places of decimals, using the Regula-Falsi method. (b) Find the Newton-Rapshon iterative formula to find the pth root of a positive number N and hence find the cube root of 17. (Turn over)

2.

OA - 9/2

$$5x_1 - x_2 + x_3 = 10$$

 $2x_1 + 4x_2 = 12$

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = -1$$

(b) Solve the following system of equations by Coout's reduction method:

$$2x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 = 15$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = -5$$

$$4x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 = 0$$

4. Use the Jacobi's method to find the solution of the following system of equations:

$$83x + 11y - 4z = 95$$

$$7x + 52y + 13z = 104$$

$$3x + 8y + 29z = 71$$

- 5. (a) Define forward difference, backward difference and central diference.
 - (b) Given $y_0 = 4$, $y_1 = 3$, $y_2 = 4$, $y_3 = 10$ and $y_4 = 24$, find the value of $\Delta 4y_0$.

•		

6. (a) Using the Trapezoidal rule, compute the integral $\int_{0.5}^{1.1} x^2 y \, dx$ from the given data in the table :

1	0	8	1

type

X	Y
. 0.5	0.48
0.6	0.57
0.7	0.65
0.8	0.72
0.9	0.8
1.0	0.86
1.1	0.92

- (b) Compute $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1} + x^2 \cdot dx$ using Simpson's one-third rule.
- 7. Using Runga-Kutta method of the fourth order to find y (0.2) and y (0.4), gives that y. $\frac{dy}{dx} = y^2 x$, y(0) = 2 by taking h = 0.2.
- 8. Prove the following:

(a)
$$e^{x} = (\Delta^{2} / E) e^{x} \cdot Ee^{x} / \Delta^{2} \cdot e^{x}$$

(Turn over)

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(b)
$$\left(\mathbb{E} \frac{1}{2} + \mathbb{E} - \frac{1}{2} \right) (1 + \Delta) \frac{1}{2} = 2 + \Delta$$

(c)
$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2} \delta_2 + \delta v_1 + \frac{\delta_2}{4}$$

(d)
$$\Delta + \nabla = \Delta / \nabla - \nabla / \Delta$$

- (a) Use Trapezoidal rule to evaluate considering 9. five sub-intervals.
 - (b) Evaluate using Simpson's $\frac{3}{8}$ rule taking $h=\frac{1}{6}$
- 10. Using Runga-Kutta method of second order solve: $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - x$, y(0) = 2, find y (0.1) and y (0.2) correct to four decimal places. Carry out first five interation, taking initial starting of solution vector as (0,0, 0) 7.

OA - 9/2 (1,200)

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BCA(III) - Num. Meth. (BC - 304)