	The variables are
	peco, pima)
1000	
-	
9	
	Profit function of
	The Bayesian equilibrium is a
	maximmal point of expected payoff
	Maximust bould at bring
	of firm 2.
	EP2 : 42
	8 2P2 (q. *, q. *) 2 02 - 9; - 2q. 20
	202
	q * (02) = (02-9") /2 (02=(3/4,5/4)
	92
-	La te de Callows
-	Expected payoff is as follows
	12.31 /2.9.4.
	EP, = 1 9, (0,-9,-92(314)) = 1/29, (0,-2,-92 (514))
	2 (3(4))
	32, (2, 2*): 1-29; -1 (2* (3/4)+ 2* (5/4)) 32, 2-1*(34) -2* (5/4) 20
- 1	2 (21, 21)
-	391
	9, 7 3 2- 22 (34) -42 (314)
	9

on solving Bayesian equilibrium we get 91 = 1 , 92 (3/4) = 11 , 92 (5/4) = 5