

<b>Started on</b>	Tuesday, 18 April 2023, 12:28 PM
<b>State</b>	Finished
<b>Completed on</b>	Tuesday, 18 April 2023, 12:28 PM
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<b>Feedback</b>	<a href="https://www.lnmiit.ac.in/">https://www.lnmiit.ac.in/</a>

Question **1**

Not answered

Marked out of 10.00

- a) Which type of game is a "wireless channel access game" and why?
- b) Determine the Throughput, Utility, and Bayesian Nash equilibria for the same.
- c) Interpret the opportunistic spectrum access i from the game theory point of view.

Question **2**

Not answered

Marked out of 10.00

A) i) Formulate a game model for Dynamic Bandwidth Allocation with Dynamic Service Selection in Heterogeneous Wireless Networks. Mention the players, Strategy, state, instantaneous payoff: of the game.

ii), What will be the optimal control formulation?

B) *In the second price auction, truthful bidding, i.e.,  $b_i = v_i$  for all  $i$ , is a Nash equilibrium.*

Question **3**

Not answered

Marked out of 10.00

Consider a single cell CDMA Network. The SINR of the system is given by

$$\gamma_i(\mathbf{p}) = \frac{p_i h_i}{n_0 + \sum_{j \neq i} p_j h_j}$$

Determine the following

- a) The Game G
- b) Action SET A
- c) Potential Function Z(p)
- d) Constarint of the optimization
- e) The variables

## Question 4

Not answered

Marked out of 10.00

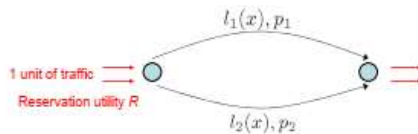
Consider a parallel link network with  $I$  links. Assume that  $d$  units of flow is to be routed through this network. We assume that this flow is the aggregate flow of many *infinitesimal* users.

Let  $l_i(x_i)$  denote the latency function of link  $i$ , which represents the delay or congestion costs as a function of the total flow  $x_i$  on link  $i$ .

Assume that the links are owned by independent providers. Provider  $i$  sets a price  $p_i$  per unit of flow on link  $i$ .

The effective cost of using link  $i$  is  $p_i + l_i(x_i)$ .

Users have a reservation utility equal to  $R$ , i.e., if  $p_i + l_i(x_i) > R$ , then no traffic will be routed on link  $i$ .



Consider an example with two links and latency functions

$l_1(x_1) = 0$  and  $l_2(x_2) = \frac{3x_2}{2}$ . For simplicity, we assume that  $R = 1$  and  $d = 1$ .

Given the prices  $(p_1, p_2)$ , we assume that the flow is allocated according to **Wardrop equilibrium**, i.e., the flows are routed along minimum effective cost paths and the effective cost cannot exceed the reservation utility.

- Using the characterization above determine the flow allocation  $x_1(p_1, p_2)$  and  $x_2(p_1, p_2)$
- Determine the payoff for the providers
- Find the pure strategy Nash equilibria of this game by characterizing the best response correspondences,  $B_i(p_{-i})$  for each player.

## Question 5

Not answered

Marked out of 10.00

A) Prove that

*A pure strategy  $s_i$  is a never-best response if for all beliefs  $\sigma_{-i}$  there exists  $\sigma_i \in \Sigma_i$  such that*

$$u_i(\sigma_i, \sigma_{-i}) > u_i(s_i, \sigma_{-i}).$$

B) Consider the Battle of Sexes Game. Suppose  $(\sigma_1, \sigma_2)$  is a mixed strategy profile. This means that  $\sigma_1$  is a probability distribution on  $S_1 = \{A, B\}$ , and  $\sigma_2$  is a probability distribution on  $S_2 = \{A, B\}$ . Compute the payoff functions  $u_1$  and  $u_2$ .

	2	
1	A	B
A	2,1	0,0
B	0,0	1,2

[5+5=10]