Execution OKR	Variables	Formula(s)
Engineering Delivery	T= Time in Days	[(T-E)/T](C)=Score
Predictability	Assigned	. , . ,
	E = Time in Days excess	For Instance, if T=30, E=3, and
	of due	C=S=10:
	C = Complexity of	
	project (S=10, A=8, B=6,	[(30-3)/30](10)=9
	C=4, D=2)	Score = 9.
Release Velocity (Biweekly)	P = planned releases	Δ Score = p-u
	U= unplanned releases	Success Percent = [p/u](100)
Production Quality and	I = Total Incidents	Score = $[(\Sigma S)/I](T)$
Reliability	S = Incidents by Severity	
	Type (there are only 4	
	types: 1, 2, 3, 4)	
	T = Severity Type	
	Weightage (for S=1,	
	S=2, T=0.3. for S=3, S=4,	
	T=0.2)	
TPA Operational Efficiency	V = output volume	Efficiency Score = V/P
and SLA Compliance	P = number of people	
		To Increase efficiency score,
		volume to people needed ratio
		must become wider.
Call Center Service Level and	T = Total Calls per day	Score = [(T/A)](C)
Customer Experience	A = calls per agent YoY	
	C = Call quality (3	Again, C is a predefined
	predefined types:	variable, 1 of 3 possibilities.
	Standard=0.7,	
	Gold=0.85,	If possible, add a prerequisite
	Platinum=0.9)	metric of daily 50 + calls which
		basically means make an
		option to display the scores of
		when T is greater than 50 only!
Cross Functional Program	T= Time in Days	Success % =[(T-E)/T](100)
Delivery	Assigned	
	E = Time in Days excess	
	of due	
Sales Pipeline Conversion	P = Product	Cycle % =[(P-B)/P](100)
and Cycle Time	B = Backfill amount	

Marketing Campaign	OFC = initial potential	Turnover Success Percent=
Execution Readiness	clients	100[(IF/OFC)10]
	IF = enforced policy	
	signed	