

## HIGHLIGHT GRAMMAR-6

### 1. Nouns

- A.** 1. Do yourself  
**B.** 1. 1. Honesty and policy \_ abstract noun, 2. a bunch \_ collective noun, keys \_ common noun 3. Habits \_ abstract noun 4. Lie \_abstract noun 5. Mr. John \_proper noun  
**C.** 1. army 2.team 3.bunch 4.bouquet 5.library 6. flock 7. gang 8. band 9. troupe 10. class  
**D.** 1. My childhood is the best period of my life. 2. I have great pleasure to welcome you. 3. He is a man of strength. 4. Her sadness was so intense that she could not weep. 5. Soldiers received an award for their bravery. 6. My mom's weakness is the reason of worry for me. 7. Honesty is the best policy. 8. Justice must be followed in every situation.9. She must take right decision.10. Please measure the length of the table.  
**E.** 1. Length 2. Sweetness 3. Strength 4.Bravery 5. Width 6. Justice 7. Pride 8. Poverty 9. Height 10. Childhood.

### 2. Number Nouns

- A.** 1. radios 2. berries 3. computers 4. books 5. boxes 6. calves 7. studios 8. Horses 9. tattoos 10. wives 11.step-mothers 12. Englishmen 13. boatmen 14. clocks  
**B.** 1. Chair 2. Thief 3. catches 4. Foot 5. stories 6. Ox 7. Piano 8. men 9. mice10. albums 11.laps 12.deaths 13. Toy 14. Woman-lawyer  
**C.** 1. Girl does not tell a lie. 2. His tooth is white. 3. There are many cats in a room.  
4. There were ten ladies in the bus. 5. There are many fish. 6. Where is my glass?  
7. She read many stories. 8. Sheep are grazing. 9. Children are playing in the park. 10. Boys go to school. 11. Give me a glass of water. 12. Their wives are not happy. 13. The scissors keep on the tool box. 14. The police are looking for the criminal. 15. What is your hair colour? 16. My new trousers does not fit me well. 17. Where have you kept the pair of scissors? 18. A man is making in the premises. 19. These, chairs are made of plastic. 20. The furniture of their room is very costly.

### 3. Gender (Nouns)

- A.** 1. The duchess wanted to learn painting from the mistress. 2. The waiter welcomed the man into the restaurant. 3. The shepherdess asked the

landlady to lend her some money. 4. The tigress ate the son of the washerman. 5. The empress announced her heiress. 6. The mare kicked the man badly. 7. Mrs Rawat and Mrs Goyal went for shopping. 8. The hero of the movie was very beautiful.

**B.** 1. sir, Masculine 2. wife, Feminine 3. priest, Masculine 4. tiger, Masculine 5. heroine, Feminine 6. horse, Masculine 7. washerwoman, Feminine 8. bull, Masculine

**C.** 1. N 2. C 3. F 4. C 5. C 6. M

**D.** 1. He 2. herself 3. duchess 4. father 5. lion 6. He 7. guests 8. It

#### 4. Articles

**A.** 1. a 2. An 3. A 4. an 5. a

**B.** 1. He bought a dozen bananas. 2. I want to buy an ink pen. 3. He is a great man. 4. A lot of people appreciated him. 5. She is a nice girl.

**C.** 1. the 2. an 3. An 4. The, the 5. The 6. an 7. The 8. the

#### 5. Pronouns

**A.** 1. us 2. I 3. he/she 4. she 5. she 6. you 7. he/she 8. We 9. I 10. him

**B.** 1. your, mine 2. her 3. its 4. him 5. your 6. our, my 7. his 8. their

**C.** 1. himself 2. themselves 3. ourselves 4. itself 5. himself 6. herself 7. themselves 8. themselves

**D.** 1. that 2. those 3. This 4. That 5. those

**E.** 1. Either 2. each 3. Each 4. Each 5. Either

**F.** 1. What 2. Where 3. Who 4. Who 5. Where

**G.** 1. That is the boy who met me on the road. 2. She is the lady whose daughter plays with me every day. 3. This is the confectionery that prepares delicious cakes. 4. She is the teacher whom I want to meet. 5. I am studying mathematics which is very difficult.

**H.** 1. some 2. no one 3. Something, nothing 4. Many 5. little 6. a few 7. anyone 8. Someone 9. No one 10. Everybody

#### 6. Adjectives

**A.** 1. bright 2. intelligent 3. big 4. old 5. blue 6. naughty 7. wise 8. beautiful

**B.** 1. Many 2. any 3. a lot 4. some 5. any 6. much 7. some 8. any

**C.** 1. third 2. two 3. hundred 4. All 5. second 6. four 7. three 8. two

**D.** 1. These 2. That 3. This 4. these 5. That 6. that 7. this 8. This 9. these 10. Those

**E.** 1. my 2. my, your 3. own 4. their 5. my, yours 6. my 7. Its 8. Our

**F.** 1. hard-working 2. many 3. all 4. some 5. What 6. Whose 7. my 8. famous

#### 7. Comparison of Adjectives

**A.** 1. better 2. more difficult 3. tallest 4. more useful 5. fittest 6. happiest 7. worst 8. safest

**B.** 1. bolder, boldest 2. more suitable, most suitable 3. neater, neatest 4.

happier, happiest 5. deeper, deepest 6. tastier, tastiest 7. hotter, hottest 8. poorer, poorest 9. stronger, strongest 10. more wonderful, most wonderful

**C.** It is the largest building of all. 2. The tortoise is the slowest animal. 3. It is the most joyful moment of our life. 4. It is the most wonderful day. 5. I have read the most of books. 6. He is the best actor. 7. It is the worst situation. 8. He is the ablest man of all. 9. It is the heaviest of all. 10. She is the nicest girl of all.

**D.** I have three friends. All friends study in my class. Their name is Akshat, Yash and Rishabh. Akshat is a lazy boy while Yash is hard-working. On the other hand, Rishabh is a clever boy.

### **8. Verbs**

**A.** 1. plays 2. runs 3. loves 4. bursted 5. eating 6. brings 7. paint 8. brought 9. switch 10. eating

**B.** 1. Transitive 2. Intransitive 3. Intransitive 4. Intransitive 5. Transitive 6. Intransitive 7. Transitive 8. Intransitive

**C.** 1. needs 2. Could 3. must 4. should 5. shall 6. ought to 7. Can 8. May

**D.** 1. He sat on a chair. 2. I bought a shirt. 3. I saw a girl. 4. She asked me a question. 5. Ajay had a bike. 6. The police caught a thief.

### **9. Adverbs**

**A.** 1. nicely 2. quickly 3. easily 4. heavily 5. gladly

**B.** 1. high 2. beside 3. everywhere 4. nowhere 5. away

**C.** 1. today 2. yet 3. once 4. soon 5. early

**D.** 1. very 2. just 3. very 4. almost 5. entirely

**E.** 1. daily 2. sometimes 3. always 4. everyday 5. occasionally

**F.** 1. really, Adverb of Degree 2. before, Adverb of Time 3. often, Adverb of Frequency 4. sometimes, Adverb of Frequency 5. carefully, Adverb of Manner 6. now, Adverb of Time

### **10. Comparison of Adverbs**

**A.** 1. less, least 2. more, most 3. worse, worst 4. farther, farthest 5. more carefully, most carefully

**B.** 1. tightly 2. bravely 3. latest 4. far 5. more brightly 6. hardest

### **11. Subject and Predicate**

**A.** 1. You 2. The young painter 3. The students 4. The black shirt 5. Wajid 6. Priya 7. Shyam 8. the stone

**B.** 1. They 2. Rakesh 3. A boy 4. The meeting 5. Naina 6. Mona 7. Yash 8. We

**C.** 1. She is a very naughty girl. 2. All of them were confused. 3. He is not coming today. 4. Salman looked happy. 5. Don't make a noise. 6. I went to Rajasthan with my family. 7. The baby is crying badly. 8. She is very angry.

**D.** 1. d 2. e 3. a 4. b 5. c 6. h 7. f 8. g

**E.** My friend, He, He, My friend, he, He, The door of the house, The lock, My friend, He

### **12. The Sentence**

**A.** 2. Tanya is an intelligent girl. 3. I love chocolates. 4. This site is very beautiful. 5. They are poor people. 6. His head is bleeding. 7. We are going to the market today. 8. She is wearing a yellow frock.

**B.** 1. (i) My birthday falls in July. (ii) My birthday does not fall in July. 2. (i) I go to market by cycle. (ii) I do not go to market by cycle. 3. (i) Yes, I study Sanskrit at school. (ii) No, I do not study Sanskrit at school. 4. (i) Yes, I saw the movie Harry Potter. (ii) No, I did not see the movie Harry Potter. 5. (i) Yes, I like strangers. (ii) No, I don't like strangers. 6. (i) Yes, I like watching cartoon films. (ii) No, I don't like watching cartoon films.

**C.** 1. Please give me a glass of water. 2. Just do your work quietly in the exam. 3. You should write your complete address on an application form. 4. Go and change your school uniform. 5. Take the right position.

**D.** 1. When will you go to meet him? 2. How long is it? 3. Why can't you go there? 4. Who is his team's captain? 5. Whom does this book belong to? 6. Is this answer very complicated?

**E.** 1. How beautiful she is! 2. What a confused person you are! 3. How smelly the rotten fruits are! 4. What a wonderful player Sachin Tendulkar is! 5. How dangerous it is to play with fire! 6. How beautiful the rain is!

### **13. Formation of Interrogatives**

**A.** 1. Yes, I go to school. 2. Yes, I have done my homework. 3. No, I shall not come today. 4. Yes, I am happy. 5. Yes, I help my parents. 6. No, I am not feeling sleepy. 7. Yes, I love my brother and sister. 8. Yes, I like ice-cream.

**B.** 1. What 2. What 3. Where 4. Who 5. When 6. Which 7. Why 8. When

**C.** 1. You are going to meet her, aren't you? 2. She is still very strong, isn't she? 3. The minister will come next month, won't he? 4. You will be attending her function, won't you be? 5. You will join the club next week, won't you? 6. The plane has reached the airport, hasn't it? 7. I should add more sugar to this pudding, shouldn't I? 8. They are going to attend the wedding, aren't they?

**D.** 1. Do you eat two apples every morning? 2. Would it be better to go there in the evening? 3. Did she do her task well? 4. Did you receive my mail? 5. Where are the girls? 6. Does he look like Tom Cruise? 7. How are you? 8. How is the day today? 9. How many rupees did you pay for it? 10. How many brothers or sisters do you have?

### **14. Conjunctions**

**A.** 1. The moon was bright but not bright as the sun. 2. The food was not tasty because it was spicy. 3. Wait till I come back. 4. Though the team played well, they did not win the match. 5. Do you know his house number or

phone number? 6. The sun had set but it was still light outside.  
**B.** 1. We decided to take part as we were good dancers. 2. They lost a lot of money but they are still rich. 3. The market will open if the rain stops. 4. He was on a good position still he was not happy. 5. He is as sincere as his sister.

**C.** 1. He is rich but unhappy. 2. Is it black or white? 3. If weather is fine, we will play. 4. We got home and went straight for breakfast. 5. You can go on bike or take a bus.

**D.** 1. No sooner did I entered the house than my cat pounced on me. 2. Either read it properly or stop coming to the class. 3. As she ran very fast, I fell behind. 4. He is neither hard-working nor sincere. 5. Not only you can go home but also your sister can come home.

### 16. Present Tense

**A.** 1. is 2. use 3. lives 4. live 5. drink 6. goes 7. comes 8. reads.

**B.** 1. (a) The sun is not a star. (b) Is the sun a star? 2. (a) A mango does not taste better than a pineapple. (b) Does a mango taste better than a pineapple? 3. (a) We do not use plastic bags. (b) Do we use plastic bags? 4. (a) Smoking does not damage our health. (b) Does smoking damage our health? 5. (a) The milkman does not come on a bicycle. (b) Does the milkman come on a bicycle?

**C.** 1. is shining 2. is singing 3. is exercising 4. is watering 5. is crying 6. is waiting 7. are serving 8. is working

**D.** 1. have read 2. have cleaned 3. have eaten 4. has broken 5. has bought 6. has taken

**E.** 1. (a) Ramesh has not written two letters. (b) Has Ramesh written two letters? 2. (a) Two readers have not appreciated it. (b) Have two readers appreciated it? 3. (a) Rehaana has not completed her course. (b) Has Rehaana completed her course? 4. (a) I have not seen many live performances. (b) Have I seen many live performances? 5. (a) Our relatives have not shifted to Goa. (b) Have our relatives shifted to Goa? 6. (a) All of us have not had our dinner. (b) Have all of us had our dinner?

**F.** 1. has been reading 2. has been teaching 3. has been painting 4. have been waiting 5. has been attending 6. has been preparing 7. have been trying 8. has been coming

**G.** 1. (a) My grandmother has not been suffering from headache. (b) Has my grandmother been suffering from headache? 2. (a) Aditi and her brother have not been playing in the park since 7 o'clock. (b) Have Aditi and her brother been playing in the park since 7 o'clock? 3. (a) We have not been watering the trees. (b) Have we been watering the trees? 4. (a) I have not been advising him about his studies. (b) Have I been advising him about his studies. 5. (a) Param has not been trying to pass the exam. (b) Has Param been trying to pass the exam? 6. (a) Shivam has not been driving himself.

(b) Has Shivam been driving himself? 7. (a) The girl has not been laughing.  
(b) Has the girl been laughing? 8. (a) We have not been waiting for her for three hours. (b) Have we been waiting for her for three hours?

### **17. Past Tense**

**A.** 1. sew, came 2. agreed 3. attended 4. spoke 5. ate 6. agreed 7. wore 8. went

**B.** 1. was helping 2. was watching 3. was asking 4. was working 5. was sitting 6. were trying 7. were flying 8. was walking

**C.** 1. (a) She was not speaking to herself. (b) Was she speaking to herself?  
2. (a) Ashima was not playing with her doll when her mother arrived. (b) Was Ashima playing with her doll when her mother arrived? 3. (a) Sanjay was not sleeping during the seminar. (b) Was Sanjay sleeping during the seminar?  
4. (a) They were not running to catch a bird. (b) Were they running to catch a bird? 5. (a) The rest of us were not pretending to laugh. (b) Were the rest of us pretending to laugh? 6. (a) The teacher was not looking only at the students in the front row. (b) Was the teacher looking only at the students in the front row?

**D.** 1. had killed 2. had managed 3. had played 4. had gone 5. had dropped 6. had left 7. had given 8. had stood

**E.** 1. had been selling 2. had been cleaning 3. been playing 4. had been singing 5. had been waiting

**F.** 1. (a) We had not been playing in the park for two hours. (b) Had we been playing in the park for two hours? 2. (a) My aunty had not been cleaning the room since morning. (b) Had my aunty been cleaning the room since morning? 3. (a) I had not been eating since one hour. (b) Had I been eating since one hour? 4. (a) The children had not been walking to the garden when the owner saw them. (b) Had the children been walking to the garden when the owner saw them? 5. (a) Ramesh had not been sleeping when the manager entered. (b) Had Ramesh been sleeping when the manager entered?

### **18. Future Tense**

**A.** 1. shall open 2. shall meet 3. will prepare 4. will buy 5. shall meet 6. will, join 7. shall give 8. shall dance

**B.** 1. (a) Suresh will not like this dish. (b) Will Suresh like this dish? 2. (a) He will not join us tomorrow. (b) Will he join us tomorrow? 3. (a) We shall not take part in the competition. (b) Shall we take part in the competition? 4. (a) The police will not run after the thief. (b) Will the police run after the thief? 5. (a) She will not invite her friends at her birthday party. (b) Will she invite her friends at her birthday party? (a) 6. I shall not do my homework tomorrow. (b) Shall I do my homework tomorrow?

**C.** 1. shall be giving 2. will be reading 3. will be resting 4. will be cooking 5. will be playing 6. shall be doing 7. will be seeing 8. will be coming

**D.** 1. shall have done 2. will have gone 3. will have taken 4. shall have lived  
5. will have learnt 6. will have gone

**E.** 1. (a) I shall not have finished the novel by next week. (b) Shall I have finished the novel by next week? 2. (a) You will not have submitted your project by that time. (b) Will you have submitted your project by that time? 3. (a) The Principal will not have delivered his speech before I reach the school. (b) Will the Principal have delivered his speech before I reach the school? 4. (a) I shall not have completed your painting by then. (b) Shall I have completed your painting by then?

**F.** 1. will have been decorating 2. will have been preparing 3. will have been solving 4. will have been seeking 5. will have been studying 6. will have been overflowing 7. will have been packing. 8. will have been studying.

**G.** 1. (a) Ritu's aunt will not have been inviting her to her house for quite sometime. (b) Will Ritu's aunt have been inviting her to her house for quite sometime? 2. (a) He will not have been buying all the gifts today. (b) Will he have been buying all the gifts today? 3. (a) Rehaan will not have been leaving for Mumbai tonight. (b) Will Rehaan have been leaving for Mumbai tonight? 4. (a) Carlos will not have been discovering a new island next year. (b) Will Carlos have been discovering a new island next year? 5. (a) By the end of the month, he will not have been taking treatment for one year. (b) Will he have been taking treatment by the end of the month, for one year? 6. (a) We shall not have been reaching Nainital by then. (b) Shall we have been reaching Nainital by then?

### **19. Subject-Verb Agreement**

**A.** 1. is 2. were 3. shine 4. were 5. plays 6. are 7. are 8. is 9. is 10. like

**B.** 1. die 2. is 3. is 4. is 5. is 6. are 7. are 8. are 9. is 10. are 11. is 12. is

**C.** 1. is 2. are 3. have 4. has 5. was 6. is 7. is 8. is 9. is 10. is

### **20. Active and Passive Voice**

**A.** 1. Active 2. Passive 3. Passive 4. Passive 5. Active 6. Active

**B.** 1. This book was written by Mr. Seth. 2. A song will be presented at the event by Alka. 3. Lunch is being cooked for the guests by Reema. 4. The plane was being flown by the pilot. 5. The house is being decorated by the aunts. 6. A story was told to the grandchildren by grandmother. 7. A card was given to the teacher by the students.

### **21. Prepositions**

**A.** 1. on 2. at 3. at 4. from 5. into 6. before 7. of 8. for

**B.** 1. to 2. from 3. with 4. at 5. since 6. for 7. in 8. at

### **22. Direct and Indirect Speech**

**A.** 1. Maggie said that she was sorry for her behaviour. 2. I told my mother that I wanted to eat rice. 3. She told Rima that she was leaving for the station then. 4. Megha said that their relatives were waiting for them. 5. The girl

exclaimed with fear that there was a snake under the carpet. 6. She said that she would give her brother a treat. 7. She said that she had bought a computer from Delhi. 8. Piya said that her brother was sleeping.

**B.** 1. Mother said, "Jaya, you are a good girl." 2. He said to me, "What is your name." 3. Tarun said, "Amit, I shall defeat you." 4. She said to her, "You can dance very well." 5. The teacher said, "You have done well." 6. She says, "I am hungry." 7. He said, "The sun sets in the west." 8. Rekha said, "I love to play."

**C.** 1. am, now 2. Is 3. will 4. said 5. told 6. told 7. Hurrah

**D.** 1. She said to me, "I will help you." 2. He said that he would phone him. 3. She said to the daughter, "Clean the doors." 4. You said to them, "I will help you." 5. She says, "I am recording the programme." 6. "Listen carefully," said the teacher. 7. They said, "We shall not go to the park today."

### **23. Punctuation**

**A.** 1. What a delightful time I had last week! 2. Ajit, Amit, Charu and Ravi went to the market. 3. I was sitting in the room with Radha and Sheeba. 4. You haven't read a letter, have you? 5. Have you gone to Amritsar? 6. Rajat said, "I want to eat mango." 7. Yes, I remember him. 8. What a place! 9. The soldiers have gone. 10. Do you want to have lunch?

**B.** 1. How far is Delhi from Goa? 2. Please call these students: Naveen, Surbhi, Priya and Nargis. 3. I saw a programme on Dr. Stephen Hawking on the BBC. 4. What an amazing picture! 5. Did you like the song? 6. Dr. Singh is a famous person. 7. "Stop there," ordered the policeman. 8. Nimisha asked, "Where is your house?". 9. "The view of these hills from here is beautiful," Anil exclaimed. 10. Vikram Seth and Shobha De are famous Indian writers. 11. Mumbai is an expensive city. 12. Did you like the film "Taare Zameen Par." 13. I am going to Australia. 14. Johny said, "I like ice-cream." 15. Get me these: "milk, sugar, coffee and coco powder."

### **24. Homophones**

1. weak 2. weight 3. steal 4. peace 5. aloud 6. advice 7. hare 8. check 9. air 10. Here

### **25. Synonyms And Antonyms**

**A.** 1. j 2. i 3. h 4. g 5. f 6. e 7. d 8. c 9. b 10. a

**B.** 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. d 5. c 6. d 7. a 8. c

### **26. Puzzle (Cross-Word)**

1. Aged 2. Lettuce 3. Sort 4. Oak 5. Eat 6. Rapid 7. Drum 8. Crow 9. Whale 10. Open 11. Shy (top to bottom), sleep (left to right) 12. USA (left to right), UAE (top to bottom) 13. Yes 14. Niece 15. Kid 16. Sure

### **Comprehension**

#### **1. Earth Day**

**A.** 1. c 2. b 3. d 4. a

**B.** 1. Earth 2. Automobiles 3. resources 4. environment 5. friendly

## **2. Christopher Columbus**

1. d 2. a 3. b 4. c

## **3. Honesty**

1. The hidden treasure was an iron box filled with valuable ornaments made of gold and diamond. 2. The peasant at once went to the person from whom he had bought the land and showed him the treasure. 3. The previous owner said that the treasure had been hidden in the plot by his ancestors. As the peasant had found it, it belongs to him. 4. This story teaches that we should be honest and not greedy. 5. Yes, the people today are greedier than the characters in this story.

## **HIGHLIGHT GRAMMAR-7**

### **1. Nouns**

**A.** 1. Reena, Bhopal 2. Najma, Puma t-shirt 3. Mumbai 4. Krishna, Taj Mahal, Agra 5. Narendra Modi, Prime Minister, India

**B.** 1. girl 2. student 3. ball 4. writer 5. fruit cakes

**C.** 2. f 3. b 4. a 5. c 6. e 7. h 8. g

**D.** 1. A 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. A

**E.** 1. Justice 2. truth 3. kindness 4. tallest 5. highest

### **2. Number and Gender (Nouns)**

**A.** 1. He is a good man. 2. The boys' balloons are beautiful. 3. Ravi and Johan are friends. 4. Beside Mohan, six more boys were present there. 5. Goose like water. 6. Where is your luggage? 7. Many children love eating pasta. 8. I have an apple. 9. We are firemen. 10. The mice are gray.

**B.** Do yourself

### **3. Pronouns**

**A.** 1. her 2. He, she 3. me 4. you, him 5. it, it 6. It

**B.** 1. His, mine 2. theirs 3. his, hers 4. theirs 5. yours, mine 6. theirs 7. hers 8. his

**C.** 1. These are the mugs my mother gave me. 2. That is Neha's friend. 3. These are your books. 4. That is my house. 5. All those are the people who danced at the function. 6. Remove the mats. These are dirty. 7. Look at the clothes here. These are imported from London. 8. That is the Red Fort.

**D.** 1. himself 2. myself 3. ourselves 4. himself 5. itself 6. myself

**E.** 1. Who ate the cake? 2. Who is knocking at the door? 3. Where do you want to live in? 4. Who watched the match? 5. What do you like? 6. Who is he and where does he work? 7. Who inaugurated the function? 8. Who has written this beautiful poem?

**F.** 1. Either 2. Each 3. Each 4. either 5. Either 6. each 7. Neither 8. Either

**G.** 1. anyone 2. All 3. Someone 4. everyone 5. anybody 6. everything 7.

anything 8. Nobody 9. Everyone 10. Nobody

**H.** 1. This is the boy who has lost his bag. 2. Shreyas who does the work well is doing the work. 3. This is the lady who talks too much. 4. This is the dog that is very faithful. 5. Here is the girl whom I was searching for. 6. He is the man who helped me. 7. This is the house that belongs to Raman . 8. This is the plant which is full of red flowers.

#### **4. Adjectives**

**A.** 1. big 2. beautiful 3. honest 4. best 5. wise 6. gracious.

**B.** 1. some 2. little 3. much 4. lot 5. a lot of 6. much

**C.** 1. first 2. a few 3. five 4. first 5. first 6. All

**D.** 1. That 2. That 3. These 4. Certain 5. Such 6. such

**E.** 1. What 2. Which 3. What 4. Which 5. Whose 6. Whose

**F.** 1. Every, Distributive numeral adjective 2. few, Indefinite numeral adjective 3. Which, Interrogative adjective 4. that, Demonstrative adjective 5. several, Adjective of number 6. next, Adjective of number

**G.** 1. own 2. own 3. very 4. very 5. own 6. own 7. complete 8. very 9. own 10. very

**H.** 1. accessible 2. adversary 3. wonderful 4. picturesque 5. wooden 6. innermost 7. latest 8 whitish 9. older 10. dependent 11. trustworthy 12. preferable

#### **5. Comparison of Adjectives**

**A.** 1. tallest 2. more 3. as, as 4. smallest 5. smallest 6. more, than

**B.** 1. some 2. any 3. much 4. a few 5. some 6. little

**C.** 1. later 2. latest 3. last 4. next 5. last 6. latter

#### **6. Transitive and Intransitive Verbs**

**A.** 1. attend, Transitive 2. stopped, Transitive 3. avoid, Transitive 4. know, Transitive; guide, Transitive 5. playing, Intransitive 6. gone, Intransitive 7. lived, Transitive 8. overlook, Transitive

**B.** 1. laughed 2. slipped 3. coughed 4. blushed 5. bled

**C.** 1. Her confidence had now completely evaporated. 2. He is yawning. 3. God exists. 4. She is shivering. 5. His uncle died. 6. He screamed loudly. 7. Tanya is sleeping. 8. She fainted with fear. 9. A child is crying. 10. The young girl blushed. 11. Nisha is weeping. 12. He slipped in the wet bathroom. 13. She sighed with fear. 14. The apple has began to decay. 15. The train has arrived.

#### **7. Finite and Non-Finite Verbs**

**A.** 1. Stop 2. tried 3. comes 4. speaks 5. tried 6. help 7. wake up 8. asked

**B.** 1. She went to Delhi to visit the Red Fort. 2. It is a good deed to help the needy. 3. Every team has a coach to set the pace of the team. 4. Reema has gone to England to attend the meeting there. 5. I went to the exhibition to

buy some statues. 6. I opened the purse to look into it.

C. 1. He picked up his book running into the room. 2. I saw some very beautiful birds. 3. Being hurt, the girl was hospitalised. 4. Opening the door, Roma went into the garden. 5. Seeing a lion, he ran for his life. 6. Alighted from the train, I looked for my mother.

D. 1. singing 2. riding 3. don't like crying 4. is surprising 5. wants dying 6. Cycling

### **8. Subject-Verb Agreement**

A. 1. is 2. is 3. has 4. is 5. is 6. plays 7. have 8. is 9. was 10. is

B. 1. Slow and steady wins the race. 2. Some of the girls are sick. 3. The pair of trousers is his. 4. She and I are leaving the job. 5. Five million rupees is a lot of money. 6. Each of the criminals was arrested. 7. Some of the milk has curdled. 8. Many of the peaches were sour. 9. Much of the wheat was saved from pests. 10. The news is shocking.

### **9. Adverbs**

A. 1. there 2. there 3. here 4. there 5. everywhere 6. downstairs

B. 1. quickly 2. slowly 3. neatly 4. easily 5. sweetly 6. gladly

C. Do yourself

D. 1. absolutely 2. a lot 3. so 4. so 5. very 6. almost

E. 1. tomorrow 2. never 3. soon 4. yesterday 5. soon 6. now

F. 1. She will certainly come here 2. This work is beyond my capability, therefore I cannot do it. 3. She came last in the competition, hence she is not happy. 4. Hopefully she went to Mumbai. 5. She unexpectedly asked him about the pending matter. 6. She will surely come there.

G. 1. When 2. much 3. Why 4. Where 5. How 6. many

H. 1. where 2. why 3. when 4. when 5. when 6. where

I. 1. I am often late for office. 2. I only asked for a glass of water. 3. She has almost finished the homework. 4. He usually drives to school. 5. She seldom disagrees with me. 6. We shall certainly meet them soon.

J. 1. just 2. highly 3. hard 4. short 5. nearly 6. Lately

K. 1. My suitcase was packed tight. This shirt is tight. 2. Meetings take place at fortnightly intervals. The committee meets fortnightly 3. Employees are paid weekly. This is a weekly magazine. 4. Don't hit it so hard. She had a hard life. 5. She opened her eyes wide. The road was wide enough. 6. The Sun just came out. It was a just decision. 7. They went long. This road is so long. 8. Please be here at 9 o'clock sharp. His mind is so sharp.

9. I prefer to deal with him directly. It is a direct object. 10. The sun was low in the sky. They are low caste people.

### **10. Simple Tenses**

A. 1. ran to open the door. 2. wants to collect coins. 3. likes to work in the

garden. 4. love to dance in the parties. 5. went to play in the park. 6. sat to read a newspaper.

**B.** 1. jogged, walk 2. read, resolved 3. take 4. extended, promised 5. studies, works, sleeps 6. get, shall sleep

### **11. Continuous Tenses**

1. She was walking so fast that she was becoming breathless. 2. My uncle will be selling the old house and buying a new one. 3. They are tieing his hands and feet and holding him fast. 4. She will be leaving for Chennai. She will be taking a new job. 5. The police will be guarding the roads. 6. I am reading an article about what the government is planning to achieve in the field of education in five years. 7. I shall not be receiving any information from him. 8. They are coming to my house to tell me what is happening.

### **12. Perfect Tenses**

**A.** 1. The movie will have begun when you reach the theatre. 2. The director has just arrived for the function. 3. We have known her for a while. 4. The girl had injured before the police arrived. 5. We shall have reached the airport around then. 6. The book stall had closed when we reached.

**B.** 1. have done 2. had sunk 3. will have heard 4. has departed 5. had finished 6. had written

### **13. Perfect Continuous Tenses**

**A.** 1. has not been feeling 2. has been giving 3. have been reading 4. have been going 5. have not been coming 6. has been playing 7. have been waiting 8. Has, been raining 9. has been visiting

**B.** 1. has been crying 2. had been playing 3. has been playing 4. had been working 5. had not been studying 6. will have been sitting 7. had been knowing 8. had been living 9. had not been practising

**C.** 1. will have been visiting 2. will have been winning 3. shall have been completing 4. will have been leaving 5. shall have been meeting 6. will have been 7. will have been flying 8. will have been costing 9. Shall, have been inviting

### **14. Determiners**

**A.** 1. A woman is standing there. 2. He bought an elephant. 3. The pen he bought is red. 4. The king is very kind to the people. 5. She is a beautiful girl.

**B.** 1. these 2. that 3. your 4. which 5. whose 6. this

**C.** 1. Many 2. Few 3. Some 4. Every 5. Either

### **15. Articles**

**A.** 1. an 2. an 3. a 4. a 5. a

**B.** 1. The, the 2. The 3. The, the 4. a 5. An, a

**C.** 1. Dinner is ready. 2. Apples are good to eat. 3. When do you have

breakfast? 4. This is the article which she published. 5. Gold is a precious metal. 6. An aeroplane flies in the sky.

### **16. Prepositions**

- A. 1. since 2. on, at 3. for 4. by 5. in 6. on  
B. 1. under 2. on behalf of 3. without 4. under 5. because of 6. within  
C. 1. around, Preposition of Place 2. into, Preposition of Motion 3. over, Preposition of Place. 4. with, Preposition of Cause 5. for, Preposition of Purpose 6. by, Preposition of Source

### **17. Conjunctions**

- A. 1. You must walk fast otherwise you will miss the bus. 2. Do your work properly or leave the job. 3. He was found stealing, so he was arrested. 4. The rabbit was fast but the tortoise was steady. 5. God made the man and man made the country. 6. He is neither my brother nor my friend.  
B. 1. No sooner I entered the house than my father shouted at me. 2. Not only my present job is good but also my earlier job was good. 3. English is neither boring nor difficult. 4. No sooner Aman reached the office than the rain started. 5. I like fruits as well as nuts very much. 6. As he drove very fast, so I was left behind.  
C. 1. He lost not only his suitcase but also his papers. 2. He was punished because he had committed forgery. 3. She is very old, still she enjoys good health. 4. He works hard in order that he may earn fame. 5. The question was easy, still many boys failed to solve. 6. The maid neither could not read nor write.

### **18. The Sentence**

A. 1. He is an intelligent boy. 2. Will you come with me to the party? 3. What a lovely building this is! 4. Everybody was present in the class. 5. Hurry up or we will miss the match. 6. Sohan is unable to move.

- | <b>B. Subject</b>    | <b>Predicate</b>                             |
|----------------------|--|
| 1. She               | is going to a camp for the summer vacations. |
| 2. Rita              | ate her lunch before we arrived.             |
| 3. We                | won the badminton match.                     |
| 4. The big black dog | belongs to Miss Anne.                        |
| 5. She               | swept all the broken pieces of vase.         |
| 6. The flowers       | are smelling sweet.                          |

- C. 1. AS 2. AS 3. NS 4. NS 5. AS 6. AS  
D. 1. She does not attend the college regularly. 2. We have time to waste. 3. Ankit will not attend the party. 4. The man is honest in his work. 5. I have seen the Taj Mahal. 6. Manisha cannot speak English fluently.  
E. 1. Have they completed their work? 2. Did Mrs. Rao go to the market? 3. Will they come later? 4. Is Rekha a singer? 5. Did Mr. Ram teach us

English? 6. Do I like cricket?

F. 1. Surekha is coming with us for the party, isn't she? 2. They took a car loan from the bank, didn't they? 3. You do not live near our shop, do you? 4. Ramesh has finished his project, hasn't he? 5. Kapil runs a departmental store, doesn't he?

G. 1. Well done! Anju is presenting the show very well. 2. Aha! My father has a designer watch. 3. Oh! You are late for the training session. 4. What a great moment that was! 5. Indeed! Sameer is a very good boy. 6. How fast can Arpana write! 7. How beautiful the Earth is! 8. How lovely the flower is!

### **19. Phrases and Clauses**

A. 1. eating cherries. 2. To be an engineer is 3. to ride a scooter 4. a big house 5. drinking milk 6. to buy her a computer

B. 1. He is a man with a kindly nature. 2. I have a beautiful sari made of silk. 3. This is a window made of glass. 4. I have a sweater made of wool. 5. I like jewellery made of silver. 6. She is a star of great fame.

C. 1. They reached home a short time ago. 2. Radha spoke with care. 3. I want to complete this work at this moment. 4. My brother studied out of the country. 5. The horse ran at a high speed. 6. She solved the question with easiness.

D. 1. at that time, Adverb phrase 2. in the morning, Adverb phrase 3. a man of jolly nature, Adjective phrase 4. in the praise of God, Prepositional phrase 5. to meet my father, prepositional phrase. 6. in the conference, Prepositional phrase

E. 1. P 2. C 3. P 4. C 5. P 6. P

F. 1. If you work hard 2. If I make a promise 3. till I return 4. If you do not hurry 5. because I choose to 6. where I am 7. where he lived

G. 1. who is your sister 2. that just passed 3. which was gifted by her husband 4. that you can see here 5. that I was wearing yesterday 6. which you presented me 7. who work hard

H. 1. what do you want? 2. whatever I like. 3. that I shall fail 4. who she is. 5. that the door was open. 6. what had happened. 7. how you do this.

### **20. Simple, Compound and Complex Sentences**

A. 1. The broken table, bear 2. Mahi and Mani, played 3. We, went 4. She, has 5. He, opened 6. Sohan, leads 7. She, come 8. He, lives 9. Rohan, plays 10. He, works

B. 1. She felt sorry for she was punished. 2. Though she was not very well educated, yet she led a comfortable life. 3. You must leave now or you will be late. 4. She was intelligent, therefore she won the trophy. 5. They are not rich but they are happy. 6. She not only works in a college but also manages her shop. 7. Hardly had they reached home when it began to rain. 8. As he is a good boy, he helps people. 9. She is not only sincere but also punctual. 10.

She is my neighbour, so she plays with me.

- C. 1. No one came to school as it was a holiday. 2. That is the park where I played. 3. She always carries a torch at night because she is scared of dark. 4. He failed in the competition because he did not study. 5. The dog saw the bread that was on the table. 6. Rekha was happy when she reached Delhi. 7. We expect that they will win the match. 8. There was a boy who wanted to be the king. 9. Although he is very tired, he will come. 10. Since you lied him, he is angry.

## **21. Active and Passive Voice**

A. 1. had caused, Active Voice 2. was gifted, Passive Voice 3. drank, Active Voice 4. opened, Active Voice 5. obeyed, Active Voice 6. was achieved, Passive Voice

B. 1. This book was written by a famous writer. 2. The dogs are fed by Amit. 3. Rajat was invited to the party by Ria. 4. Sacred trees were often prayed by ancient people. 5. Your work must be completed today by you. 6. My hall is being decorated by Kavya.

C. 1. I was allowed to use their table by them. 2. Slogans were shouted by the labourers. 3. They were told to write a letter of apology by him. 4. The prizes will be given away by the minister. 5. The food is cooked by the servant. 6. By whom will those ministers be disciplined? 7. A new building will be constructed near the road by them. 8. His new car was driven by Shubham.

D. 1. By whom was the final charge taken? 2. Lunch is being had by the workers. 3. Books are issued from this library by the students. 4. Their candidate should be reconsidered by them. 5. A new house is being made by the labourers. 6. The hall was built in 1955 by them. 7. The project was started last year by her. 8. The contracts were prepared last year by the company.

F. 1. You are requested to shut the door. 2. Let the police be informed. 3. Let the doctor be called. 4. Let the fan be switched off. 5. Let not the flowers be plucked. 6. Let the students be punished. 7. Let not the school be bunked.

E. 1. By whom has this been done? 2. What is contained in this pocket? 3. When will the office be shifted by them? 4. Has the painting been completed by you? 5. By whom was this lovely ring presented to you? 6. How is a useful medicine made by this plant? 7. By whom were such tricks as these taught to you? 8. Columbus discovered America.

G. 1. Shruti is painting three paintings. 2. That child broke the blue bulb. 3. My aunt has knitted this cardigan. 4. They praised the performance. 5. Someone has pulled down the old building. 6. I expect summer showers.

## **22. Direct and Indirect Speech**

A. 1. She said that they were late that day. 2. My mother told me that she had been waiting for me since evening. 3. He told his friend that he had lost his

shirt the previous day. 4. She told at the concert that they hadn't heard that song before. 5. The teacher told the students that apples are red. 6. Puneet asked where the bike was.

**B.** 1. Hina inquired of me if I was going to the exhibition. 2. The landlord asked whether he really felt comfortable there. 3. He asked if he would return his bike immediately. 4. The master asked angrily why he had disturbed him. 5. Sneha asked who was that boy. 6. The shopkeeper asked whether I would get him that design.

**C.** 1. I requested Raj to help me in solving that sum. 2. The parents advised the children not to go out in the dark. 3. Her brother suggested her to work hard. 4. He requested me not to scold him. 5. I asked my friend if he could make a cup of tea for me.

**D.** 1. He said to Rekha, "Is it permitted?" 2. Ketan said to him, "Will you take part in dance?" 3. She said to children, "Can you draw?" 4. The stranger said, "Is here a bus stop?" 5. He wanted to know, "How is he injured?"

### **23. Synonyms**

1. long 2. sad 3. fruitful 4. insane 5. free 6. size 7. love 8. following 9. true  
10. follow 11. reward 12. word 13. control 14. success 15. polite

### **24. Antonyms**

**A.** 1. opaque 2. compulsory 3. public 4. untidy 5. student 6. genuine 7. captivity 8. exit 9. reveal 10. defense

**B.** 1. expand 2. admit 3. distract 4. internal 5. timid 6. easy 7. depart 8. static 9. descend 10. reserved

### **25. Proverbs**

1. Eating an apple everyday is good for health. 2. Those who speak much often work less. 3. Corrective measures are always good. 4. A person who has a bad experience once always dreads to initiate. 5. The more one hurries in any work, the less is likely to be his speed in doing the work. 6. One should think and plan before speaking as words once spoken cannot be taken back. 7. It's difficult to teach something new to a grown-up person. 8. Those people who talk a lot and are always teaching others usually do not do much work.

### **29. Comprehension**

#### **1. Tomato Ketchup**

1. Only dark red coloured tomatoes are selected for manufacturing tomato ketchup. 2. Hygiene-conscious manufacturers require the fruits to be soaked for about five minutes and this is followed by spraying. 3. If you have tried detaching the flimsy skin of the tomatoes from the flesh, you will appreciate the intricacy of the process involved. 4. Time is a crucial factor from the moment tomatoes are heated to the time they are pulped as peeled tomatoes may lose their bright red colour if exposed to air for too long. 5. In the pulper, seeds, coarse fibres and the remaining fragments of skin are

removed speedily, Glass or stainless steel banks are used for storing the tomatoes to ensure that the peeled tomatoes do not come in contact with iron. 6. Manufacturers have their own recipes for producing their own brand of tomato ketchup.

## **2. A Brave Warrior**

1. a. he had given his sister to a Turk and he had eaten with him. b. the huge army of the Mughal emperor.
2. Man Singh went to Udaipur after the conquest of Sholapur. He was given a good reception but the Rana refused to dine with him.
3. The altercation between Rana Partap and Man Singh resulted into the battle of Haldighati
4. (a) dishonoured, (b) whose name will be remembered forever.
5. 'Maharana Partap'

## **3. Harmful Mosquitoes**

1. b 2. d 3. d 4. a 5. b

## **4. A Trip**

1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b 5. c 6. c

## **HIGHLIGHT GRAMMAR-8**

### **1. Nouns**

**A.** 2. orphanage 3. mortuary 4. dairy 5. asylum 6. laundry 7. laboratory 8. studio 9. cinema 10. nursery

**B. Do yourself**

**C.** 1. improvement 2. advancement 3. entertainment 4. cynicism 5. correction 6. criticism 7. deviation 8. heroism 9. Jainism 10. intuition 11. engagement 12. corruption 13. graduation 14. Hinduism 15. reduction 16. merriment 17. agreement 18. conservation 19. arrangement 20. narration

**D.** 1. host 2. dray 3. covey 4. pod 5. ascension 6. murder 7. troop 8. parliament 9. catch 10. gam 11. cloud 12. pod 13. brood 14. crowd 15. hives

**E.** 1. dog, ball 2. The family, movie 3. cousin 4. girl 5. giraffe, neck 6. duck, water 7. kids, ice cream 8. cup, tea 9. video game 10. Mother

**F.** 1. cotton 2. steel 3. gold 4. polythene 5. wool 6. jute

**G. Do yourself**

### **2. Noun Genders**

**A.** 1. Girl 2. Aunt 3. Dog 4. Duchess 5. Prince 6. Hostess 7. Hen 8. Sir 9. Lion 10. Poetess.

**B.** 1. common 2. common 3. neuter 4. common 5. neuter 6. neuter

**C.** 1. boy 2. sister 3. his 4. our 5. their 6. brother

**D.** 1. Masculine 2. Common 3. Feminine 4. Common 5. Masculine 6. Neuter

### **3. Number : Nouns**

**A.** 1. have 2. is 3. are 4. is 5. belongs 6. were 7. is 8. were 9. is 10. is

**B.** 1. troubles 2. glass 3. wheat 4. news 5. cattle 6. scenery 7. shoes 8. people  
9. sheep 10. alphabet

#### **4. Pronouns**

- A.** 1. he, Anshul 2. It, dog 3. her, Dina 4. he, Jai 5. its, medicine  
**B.** 1. he 2. us 3. them 4. mine 5. me  
**C.** 1. What 2. Which 3. These 4. Which 5. this 6. that  
**D.** 1. Reflexive 2. Emphatic 3. Reflexive 4. Reflexive 5. Reflexive  
**E.** 1. Each 2. Everything 3. nothing 4. Someone 5. each other 6. each other  
**F.** 1. who 2. that 3. anyone 4. anyone 5. all 6. who

#### **5. Adjectives**

- A.** 1. blackish 2. careful 3. terrifying 4. preferable 5. beautiful 6. handy 7. wordless 8. reddish 9. countless 10. woolen.  
**B.** 1. electric, car 2. favourite, Italian, dishes 3. university, bookstore, available, chemistry.  
**C.** 1. long yellow 2. tall thin 3. excellent farming 4. big red 5. young intelligent 6. ten US

#### **6. Comparison of Adjectives**

2. Akbar was greater than any other king. 3. The USA is richer than any other country in the world. 4. Lead is heavier than any other metal. 5. The sword is not as mighty as the pen.

#### **7. The Present Tense**

- A.** 2. drives, is driving 3. rains, rains 4. carry, am carrying 5. run, are running 6. is ringing, rings 7. is doing, does 8. smokes, is smoking 9. watch, am not watching 10. are working, work 11. is waiting, is waiting 12. rides 13. am going, go 14. am learning, am learning 15. plays, is playing  
**B.** 1. I've been learning 2. cut 3. been running 4. eaten 5. been cleaning 6. finished 7. has been calling 8. been visiting

#### **8. The Past Tense**

- A.** 1. was leading, had 2. was reading, came 3. called, was watching 4. bit, was eating 5. fell, was hanging 6. were watching, danced 7. tried, was jogging.  
**B.** 1. had adopted 2. had lived 3. had gone 4. had not gone, had not attended 5. had married 6. had got, had remarried, had not got 7. had owned 8. Do yourself 9. Do yourself 10. Do Yourself  
**C.** 1. had finished, checked 2. had been, heard 3. had been eating 4. had eaten, arrived 5. got, had missed 6. had not listened 7. had been drinking 8. had been playing 9. had been jumping 10. had been trying

#### **9. The Future Tense**

- A.** 1. will teach 2. shall give 3. shall, be sailing 4. will, be staying 5. will go 6. will, tell 7. will be 8. will, come 9. will be crossing 10. will go  
**B.** 1. shall have been living 2. will have written 3. will have been writing 4. will,

you have finished 5. shall have been marrying 6. shall have been. 7. will she have been 8. will have painted

### **10. Non-Finite Verbs**

**A.** 1. Give me something to drink. 2. She arrived early to watch us play. 3. He started to read the lesson when teacher arrived. 4. The pages torn when he tried to turn them. 5. He has two kids to look after. 6. She went back home to relax.

**B.** 1. She is going to college to teach. 2. He is too ill to continue work right now. 3. Did you remember to pay the money? 4. He is very poor to afford the food. 5. I was sorry to hear of his loss. 6. This is her greatest desire to help old people.

**C.** 1. Having finished, Perfect Participle 2. no Participle 3. weeping, Present Participle 4. no, Participle 5. Having borrowed, Perfect Participle 6. Learned, Participial Adjective 7. chirping, Present Participle

**D.** 1. Speaking 2. shining 3. Making 4. Forgetting 5. Weeping 6. Talking 7. screaming 8. Shouting

**E.** 1. collecting 2. Walking 3. Planning 4. Reading 5. Writing 6. Making

**F.** 1. Hearing, she, Participle 2. watching, Gerund, object 3. dancing, learning, Gerund, object 4. Jumping, cat, Participle 5. being, Gerund, used after preposition 6. visiting, Gerund, used after preposition

### **11. Modal Auxiliaries**

**A.** 1. Can 2. should 3. Would 4. need to 5. Shall 6. can 7. ought to 8. might 9. can 10. may

**B.** 1. You may walk through this boundary. 2. Do you think she could still sing. 3. I may gave him permission to come by bike. 4. Perhaps it might not be going to work. 5. Do you think she could be planning a party? 6. I may give him permission to submit the file tomorrow.

**C.** 1. will 2. will 3. shall 4. will 5. shall 6. will

**D.** 1. would 2. should 3. Would 4. should 5. Would 6. Should

**E.** 1. needn't 2. must 3. ought to 4. must 5. ought to 6. must 7. mustn't 8. need to 9. must 10. ought to

### **12. Adverbs**

**A.** 1. very 2. already 3. daily 4. yesterday 5. today 6. joyfully 7. very 8. How

**B.** 1. I teach carefully. 2. He pronounces the English language well. 3. Rajat studies brilliantly. 4. Sheena does not learn fast. 5. She takes revenge quickly. 6. Work very hard. 7. She rises early. 8. Mrs. Bansal approaches the subject far less artistically.

**C.** 1. well 2. hard 3. later 4. faster 5. cheerfully 6. better 7. best 8. slowly 9. worst 10. neatly.

**D.** 1. Is Ramesh already there? 2. Kanika is still very intelligent. 3. She wrote a letter carefully. 4. Nothing ever appears by chance. 5. She has just started a school. 6. She kept her view quite cleverly. 7. They often have been told that.

### **13. Prepositions**

- A.** 1. for 2. in 3. due to 4. off 5. about 6. in  
**B.** 1. in 2. On 3. after 4. at 5. in 6. before  
**C.** 1. into 2. over 3. across 4. through 5. a round 6. to 7. towards 8. across

### **14. Determiners**

- A.** 1. my 2. Which 3. my, my 4. your 5. a 6. A 7. the 8. a 9. an 10. my  
**B.** 1. Whose, Interrogative 2. How much, Interrogative 3. This, Demonstrative 4. any, Quantifier 5. five, Determiner of Number 6. Most, Quantifier 7. his, Possessive 8. first, Determiner of Number, his, Possessive  
**C.** 1. The French are artistic. 2. I do not put any water. 3. I waited several hours for them. 4. Which book are they reading? 5. Put the book in your bag. 6. This bag is heavier than that. 7. These mangoes are sweet. 8. Can you lend me some sugar?

### **15. Articles**

- A.** 1. He has a metal ring. 2. He wants to become an engineer. 3. What a shot! 4. A goat and a monkey were friends. 5. Only a few people attended the meeting. 6. Shiraz is a manager.  
**B.** 1. a 2. an 3. the 4. the 5. an 6. an 7. the  
**C.** 1. an 2. The 3. ✗ 4. ✗ 5. the 6. the 7. ✗ 8. ✗ 9. An 10. a. 11. The 12. ✗ 13. an 14. The 15. a, a

### **16. Conjunctions**

- A.** 1. He was ill, so he went to the doctor. 2. She is not intelligent, yet she writes well. 3. He is a doctor but he likes music. 4. I will come with you but you have to promise me. 5. The restaurant was expensive but the food was not good. 6. Our trip was cancelled, so we watched the movie. 7. I was angry but I did not reveal my feelings. 8. She likes tea and coffee. 9. I was exhausted, so I had to go for a long drive. 10. Jai helps in my work, for Jai cares for me.  
**B.** 1. She finished her work first though she started late. 2. He is as quiet as me. 3. My brother is faster than you. 4. The girl sang while the children danced. 5. She is leaving, so that we are giving her farewell. 6. Karan is as clever as his brother. 7. You will not get anything unless you reach early.  
**C.** 1. So, that 2. not only, but also 3. not only, but also 4. so, that 5. as well as 6. Both, and 7. as if 8. not only, but also

### **17. Active and Passive Voice**

- A.** 1. The extra department has been decided to be closed by the office authorities. 2. Curd is made from cow's milk by us. 3. These rooms were decorated by those talented children. 4. Neena was scolded for her rude behaviour by her mother. 5. This work was done expertly by her. 6. He is looked after by me.  
**B.** 1. Was the thief caught by them? 2. Will the new bridge be inaugurated by the king? 3. Are the cars made by them in Korea? 4. Why has the film been banned by the government? 5. When was the plane hijacked by them? 6.

Was the child killed by the bull? 7. Has the body been found by the police? 8. Is our complaint being looked into by you?

C. 1. The quality of your work delighted us. 2. Are the children making a noise? 3. The storm damaged the building. 4. The director eagerly listened to the narrative. 5. Who has committed this crime? 6. She teaches us French.

D. 1. Let the television be turned off. 2. Let the work be completed. 3. Let I be given a glass of water. 4. Let it be brought home. 5. Let not the dog be beaten. 6. Let we be gone for a walk. 7. Let your lesson be learned.

### **18. Direct and Indirect Speech**

A. 1. Prem said that he was hungry. 2. The boys said that they had played hockey. 3. Sanchi asked her friend if he remembered the lady they were talking about. 4. Grandfather said that he was tired. 5. Jaya requested Deepa to lend her watch to her for some time. 6. The teacher instructed his students to locate the fertile regions on the map of India.

B. 1. The participant enquired when the show would begin. 2. Gagan asked who would be the next coach of their team. 3. I asked Jatin if he was sure they would leave next week. 4. I asked him if he would come for dinner. 5. My aunt asked if I would like a cup of coffee. 6. Dina asked me dearly what she would do for my relatives.

C. 1. denied 2. suggested 3. assured 4. complained 5. wished 6. ordered

D. 1. Leena said, "How intelligent I am!" 2. She said, "I am glad to be here for the party." 3. Karan said to Kapil, "Wait for me here." 4. She said to me, "Please pass the rice." 5. They said to me, "Do you feel sorry for him?" 6. Naman said, "I prefer juice to coffee." 7. He said, "The Earth moves round the Sun."

### **19. The Sentence**

A. 1. How tense the young girl looks! 2. I will reach late. 3. How hot the day is! 4. Am I not right? 5. He does not sell vegetables. 6. Did the train get late? 7. Is she not an artist? 8. It is an unsatisfactory reply. 9. You should not break rules. 10. How sweet the song is!

B. 1. He bought an expensive car last year that he sold. 2. He wanted the money and he got it. 3. I can prove it that he is a liar. 4. The girl was too weak to walk. 5. He carelessly lost his documents. 6. He bought a house which belonged to his uncle. 7. He is honest therefore he is respected by all. 8. Reena is a girl who is an excellent cook. 9. She is sure about her success. 10. He borrowed a pen yesterday but he had lost it.

C. 1. Complex 2. Complex 3. Simple 4. Compound 5. Compound 6. Complex 7. Compound 8. Complex 9. Complex 10. Complex

D. 1. is 2. is 3. come, take 4. had 5. is 6. accepted 7. is 8. hope 9. spotted 10. is.

### **20. Phrases and Clauses**

A. 1. made of silk 2. from a village 3. in great problem 4. in time 5. in need 6.

with a bad temper 7. of one of the criminal groups 8. of great courage

**B.** 1. into the playground 2. on his face 3. on the road at night 4. at any price 5. to my great profit 6. for a while, on the bench, in the park 7. at home 8. in a beautiful style 9. In her car, 10. at the top of his voice

**C.** 1. going to the park 2. to win the game 3. Buying a building in this city 4. with waiting for an increment 5. to buy a house 6. exercising in the morning 7. Working for the needy 8. To smoke

**D.** 1. If I like the sculpture (SC) I shall buy it (MC) 2. Jatin likes painting (MC) but I prefer crafting (CC) 3. The life of a butterfly is brief (MC) but it is very active (CC) 4. As you are sick (SC) you should not go to play (MC) 5. I am fond of mangoes (MC) but I do not like fruits (CC) 6. He left yesterday (MC) and he has not called since (CC) 7. The article was written by someone (MC) who has a thorough knowledge of the topic (SC) 8. The lady knitted her sweater (MC) while she waited for her son (SC) 9. He took juice (MC) that he might get well soon (SC) 10. She will come (MC) after she gets the permission (SC)

**E.** 1. that is blue, car 2. that we lived in, building 3. that you gave me, reason 4. who is in the cabin, man 5. who laughs last, He 6. we kept before them, demand 7. that flow down from the Himalayas, rivers 8. that my uncle gave me, chair 9. that bites, dog 10. where I studied, school

**F.** 1. as if he was tired, Adverb clause of Manner 2. If I had a million rupees, Adverb clause of Condition 3. in case you feel sick, Adverb clause of Condition 4. as Lata Mangeshkar does, Adverb clause of Manner 5. unless you have a ticket, Adverb clause of Condition 6. wherever you want, Adverb clause of Place 7. though she began late, Adverb clause of Contrast 8. because it is dark outside, Adverb clause of Reason

**G.** 1. why you are angry, object 2. what the soldier did, subject 3. if she will come today, object 4. why he is happy, object 5. that they will perform well, object 6. his grandfather is not well, object 7. that he may be allowed to quit, object 8. That she will come, subject

## 21. Transformation of Sentences

**A.** 1. Honesty is better than any other policy. 2. Earlier she was not feeling as good as now. 3. He is one of my best friends. 4. His friend is more handsome than him. 5. This question is easy as any other question. 6. This movie is more popular than most other movies. 7. I have not seen any girl as beautiful as she is. 8. Her brother is cleverer than her. 9. He is the richest man. 10. He is better than all other actors.

**B.** 1. The girl is not short. 2. Only the coward would say so. 3. The king was not a foolish man. 4. She did not succeed to keep her promise. 5. The woman said everything. 6. India is not a dirty country. 7. No sooner had the principal arrived, the function began. 8. China is the most populated country.

**C.** 1. There is no place like home. 2. Isn't she eligible for the job? 3. Doesn't anyone like to be praised? 4. Would anyone like to visit such a place? 5. Everyone likes to be rich. 6. Everyone loves his parents. 7. Who can please

easily? 8. Who can repay your help and kindness? 9. Don't waste time. 10. The Earth is round.

**D.** 1. Everyone likes freedom. 2. Oh! You lost your purse. 3. How rich he is! 4. We are very tired. 5. It is a very silly question. 6. It is very sad that this poor beggar is dead. 7. The dance was so wonderful. 8. How cunning she is! 9. Who doesn't like to be appreciated? 10. Man is not immortal. 11. I wish that I could see my mother once. 12. We are very hungry.

## **22. Synthesis of Sentences**

**A.** 1. Hurting her leg, she stopped running. 2. Feeling tired, he laid his work aside. 3. Gold is a very expensive, golden, bright and beautiful metal. 4. We saw a very fine piece of sculpture. 5. Having a good record, she is impossible to be doubted. 6. He is too fat to run. 7. Getting tired of play, she sat down to rest. 8. To educate her son, she sent him to England. 9. Here goes my friend Rahul. 10. Jawaharlal Nehru, the first Prime Minister of India, died in 1964.

**B.** 1. The place was dark and dirty. 2. The players as well as the coaches were tired. 3. Not only the journey was long but also the wind was cold. 4. Getting up, I looked about everywhere but could not find my bag. 5. You as well as sumit may go to the party. 6. He was punished for he was stubborn. 7. Seeing an old woman in the street, we stopped to help her and gave her some money. 8. Gita cannot study for she is poor. 9. It is very dark, so I cannot see. 10. I am in the right but you are in the wrong. 11. I was angry but I kept quiet. 12. He is a cheater as well as a thief.

**C.** 1. Always remember that you are the head boy of the school. 2. He told me that he paid the money to a guard. 3. The robber who robbed banks, was caught. 4. I went to the park because I needed some refreshment. 5. The boy who fell on the road, hurt his hand that began to bleed. 6. It is a mystery that I cannot solve. 7. Although he was a noted poet, he gave up writing. 8. The girl who has just joined the school lives in Kanpur.

## **23. Punctuation**

**A.** 1. Hurrah! They have won the match. 2. O dear! You are injured badly. I think we need to call Dr. Sharma. 3. What a relief! 4. I read "Alice in Wonderland" last week. 5. "Why did you purchase so many vegetables?" I asked him. 6. Well, this is indeed a pleasant surprise. 7. She said, "I am not feeling well." 8. Can I visit him tomorrow? 9. Men and women, young and old, enjoyed the show. 10. We bought pens, pencils, papers and crayons.

**B.** 1. There is an interesting information in this book about the habits of animals. 2. She was born in India, but grew up in America. 3. Yes, you will be in-charge of the team. 4. I need an intelligent person for my research. 5. The people left for Mumbai on 14 March, 2008. 6. Large crowds gathered outside Buckingham Palace, hoping to catch a glimpse of Queen Elizabeth. 7. He is a good person. 8. Rahul, sit down. 9. She is going to the market. 10. I have costly jackets, coats, mufflers and trousers.

## 24. Idioms

Do yourself

## 25. Synonyms and Antonyms

- A. 1. h 2. f 3. e 4. c 5. d 6. b 7. g 8. a  
B. 1. c 2. b 3. h 4. f 5. g 6. e 7. d 8. a

## 26. Homophones

- A. 1. piece 2. heir 3. weak 4. lesson 5. deer 6. steal 7. I 8. four 9. right 10. principle  
B. 1. male 2. by 3. eight 4. know 5. aunt 6. weight 7. I 8. principle 9. hour 10. whole

## 29. Comprehension

### **1. Your Amazing Brain**

1. c 2. d 3. c 4. d 5. a.

### **2. From Nomad to Farmer**

1. 'Ice bridge' theory is reasonable because the Earth was experiencing an Ice Age thousands of years ago. 2. Benefits of living life as a nomad was gathering plants growing in the wild. 3. Other uses may be watering the crops, bathing, etc. 4. Because they had to adapt to the climate and resources of that area. 5. The Great Plains would be most suitable because of agriculture, availability of water and transport.

### **3. Extreme Weather**

- A. 1. condensation 2. moisture 3. Lightning 4. tornado 5. hurricane  
B. 1. Severe storms happen in low-pressure weather systems. 2. Lightning has enough energy to heat the air all around it. This sudden burst of heat is what causes the noise we know as thunder. 3. A tornado is a spinning mass of air over land that can destroy virtually everything in its path, while a hurricane is the most powerful storm known on the Earth. Forming over warm ocean waters off the coast of the tropics, they can become gigantic swirling mixtures of air and water. 4. People can become lost in the snow and freeze to death. 5. Blizzard would be the most difficult weather to face because homes can be covered over with snow, trapping people indoors and freeze to death.