

| A BETTER VERSION --> https://workforwin.com/ | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Category | Name | Link | Notes |
| https://youtu.be/KLlXCfGSnA | Two Sum | https://leetcode.com/problems/two-sum/ | use hash map to instantly check for difference value, map will add index of last occurrence of a num, don't use same element twice; |
| https://youtu.be/1pk0XpD53yU | Best Time to Buy and Sell Stock | https://leetcode.com/problems/best-time-to-buy-and-sell-stock/ | find local min and search for local max, sliding window; |
| https://youtu.be/3OamN90kPa | Contains Duplicate | https://leetcode.com/problems/contains-duplicate/ | hashset to get unique values in array, to check for duplicates easily |
| https://youtu.be/bNvQlZwAlk | Product of Array Except Self | https://leetcode.com/problems/product-of-array-except-self/ | make two passes, first in-order, second in-reverse, to compute products |
| https://youtu.be/5WZt3MMT0Gc | Maximum Subarray | https://leetcode.com/problems/maximum-subarray/ | pattern: prev subarray cant be negative, dynamic programming; compute max sum for each prefix |
| https://youtu.be/DXVv6YwFrCM | Maximum Product Subarray | https://leetcode.com/problems/maximum-product-subarray/ | dp: compute max and max-abs-val for each prefix subarr; |
| https://youtu.be/nVw4P8b1VA | Find Minimum in Rotated Sorted Array | https://leetcode.com/problems/find-minimum-in-rotated-sorted-array/ | check if half of array is sorted in order to find pivot, arr is guaranteed to be in at most two sorted subarrays |
| https://youtu.be/URXENwh8oY8 | Search in Rotated Sorted Array | https://leetcode.com/problems/search-in-rotated-sorted-array/ | at most two sorted halves, mid will be apart of left sorted or right sorted, if target is in range of sorted portion then search it, otherwise search other half |
| https://youtu.be/jz2wG8nZ89A | 3Sum | https://leetcode.com/problems/3sum/ | sort input, for each first element, find next two where a + b+c, if a=prevA, skip a, if b=prevB skip b to elim duplicates; to find b,c use two pointers, left/right on remaining list; |
| https://youtu.be/UuIt7K8wPaQo | Container With Most Water | https://leetcode.com/problems/container-with-most-water/ | shrinking window, left/right initially at endpoints, shift the pointer with min height; |
| https://youtu.be/gVUrDV42fY | Sum of Two Integers | https://leetcode.com/problems/sum-of-two-integers/ | add bit by bit, be mindful of carry, after adding, if carry is still 1, then add it as well; |
| https://youtu.be/5Km3utiu7w | Number of 1 Bits | https://leetcode.com/problems/number-of-1-bits/ | modulo, and dividing n; mod and div are expensive, to divide use bit shift, instead of mod to get 1's place use bitwise & 1; |
| https://youtu.be/8v8M56RlRWf | Counting Bits | https://leetcode.com/problems/counting-bits/ | write out result for num=16 to figure out pattern; res[i] = res[i - offset], where offset is the biggest power of 2 <= i; |
| https://youtu.be/WnPLSRlsANE | Missing Number | https://leetcode.com/problems/missing-number/ | compute expected sum - real sum; xor n with each index and value; |
| https://youtu.be/UcoN6UAI64 | Reverse Bits | https://leetcode.com/problems/reverse-bits/ | reverse each of 32 bits; |
| https://youtu.be/Y0IT9f3c7kT | Climbing Stairs | https://leetcode.com/problems/climbing-stairs/ | subproblem find (n-1) and (n-2), sum = n; |
| https://youtu.be/H9bfaozjoqs | Coin Change | https://leetcode.com/problems/coin-change/ | top-down: recursive dfs, for amount, branch for each coin, cache to store prev coin_count for each amount; bottom-up: compute coins for amount = 1, up until n, using for each coin (amount - coin), cache prev values |
| https://youtu.be/c1WnW0hdfXY | Longest Increasing Subsequence | https://leetcode.com/problems/longest-increasing-subsequence/ | recursive: foreach num, get subseq with num and without num, only include num if prev was less, cache solution of each; dp=subseq length which must end with each num, curr num must be after a prev dp or if itself; |
| https://youtu.be/Ua0Ghs3lSWM | Longest Common Subsequence | https://leetcode.com/problems/longest-common-subsequence/ | recursive: if first chars are equal find lcs of remaining of each, else max of: lcs of first and remain of 2nd and lcs of 2nd remain of first, cache result; nested forloop to compute the cache without recursion; |
| https://youtu.be/5x9Ntnc3A | Word Break Problem | https://leetcode.com/problems/word-break/ | for each prefix, if prefix is in dict and wordbreak(remaining str)=True, then return True, cache result of wordbreak; |
| https://youtu.be/G8Kl9V5k6dG | Combination Sum | https://leetcode.com/problems/combination-sum/ | visualize the decision tree, base case is curSum > > target, each candidate can have children of itself or elements to right of it in order to elim duplicate solutions; |
| https://youtu.be/773zK8WpEgY | House Robber | https://leetcode.com/problems/house-robber/ | for each num, get max of prev subarr, or num + prev subarr not including last element, store results of prev, and prev not including last element |
| https://youtu.be/rWJ4CYYvOvM | House Robber II | https://leetcode.com/problems/house-robber-ii/ | curr arr without first & last, get max of subarr, then pick which of first/last should be added to it |
| https://youtu.be/6sE6TYtOwJU | Decode Ways | https://leetcode.com/problems/decode-ways/ | can char be decoded in one or two ways? Recursion -> cache -> iterative dp solution, a lot of edge cases to determine, 52, 31, 29, 10, 20 only decoded one way, 11, 26 decoded two ways |
| https://youtu.be/JIEsdwD4lY | Unique Paths | https://leetcode.com/problems/unique-paths/ | work backwards from solution, store paths for each position in grid, to further optimize, we don't store whole grid, only need to store prev row; |
| https://youtu.be/yAn0c2cV8r | Jump Game | https://leetcode.com/problems/jump-game/ | visualize the recursive tree, cache solution for O(n) time/mem complexity, iterative is O(1) mem, just iterate backwards to check if element can reach goal node, if yes, then set it equal to goal node, continue; |
| https://youtu.be/mQeF6bN8hMk | Clone Graph | https://leetcode.com/problems/clone-graph/ | recursive dfs, hashmap for visited nodes |
| https://youtu.be/EqI5nU9etnU | Course Schedule | https://leetcode.com/problems/course-schedule/ | build adjacency_list with edges, run dfs on each V, if while dfs on V we see V again, then loop exists, otherwise V visit in a loop, 3 states= not visited, visited, still visiting |
| https://youtu.be/s-y3kHqGJI | Pacific Atlantic Water Flow | https://leetcode.com/problems/pacific-atlantic-water-flow/ | dfs each cell, keep track of visited, and track which reach pac, atl; dfs on cells adjacent to pac, atl, find overlap of cells that are visited by both pac and atl cells; |
| https://youtu.be/pV2kpDP66nE | Number of Islands | https://leetcode.com/problems/number-of-islands/ | foreach cell, if cell is 1 and unvisited run dfs, increment count and marking each contiguous 1 as visited |
| https://youtu.be/P68Z7Mu_maU | Longest Consecutive Sequence | https://leetcode.com/problems/longest-consecutive-sequence/ | use bruteforce and try to optimize, consider the max subseq containing each num; add each num to hashset, for each num if num-1 doesn't exist, count the consecutive nums after num, ie num+1; there is also a union-find solution; |
| https://youtu.be/6KtZvNNpys | Alien Dictionary (Leetcode Premium) | https://leetcode.com/problems/alien-dictionary/ | chars of a word not in the order, the words are in order, find adjacency list of each unique char by iterating through adjacent words and finding first chars that are different, run topSort on graph and do loop detection; |
| https://youtu.be/bXsuJwomnMQ | Graph Valid Tree (Leetcode Premium) | https://leetcode.com/problems/graph-valid-tree/ | on each node, if union return false, loop exists, at end size must equal n, or its not connected; dfs to get size and check for loop, since each edge is double, before dfs on neighbor of N, remove N from neighbor list of neighbor; |
| https://youtu.be/8TfXPM4WOUc | Number of Connected Components | https://leetcode.com/problems/number-of-connected-components-in-an-undirected-graph/ | dfs on each node that hasn't been |