

13/07/2025

**35 Daily Vocabulary MCQs**

**Vocab Level: Graduate (05), Post-Graduate(20), Doctorate (10)**

**Score (Out of 35):**

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**Instructions:**

- **Total Questions:** 35
  - **Levels:** Graduate (05), Post-Graduate (20), Doctorate (10)
  - **Each question carries equal marks**
  - Choose the **best possible answer** for each
  - Each incorrect answer will carry a **penalty** of 0.25 marks.
  - **Time Limit:** 10 minutes
  - **Answers** are provided **immediately after each question**
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1. Which of the following best defines “prosaic”?

- A. Imaginative
- B. Mundane
- C. Transcendent
- D. Suspenseful

Answer: B

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2. If someone’s response is described as “laconic,” it is likely:

- A. Wordy and unclear
- B. Brief and to the point
- C. Emotionally charged
- D. Completely unrelated

Answer: B

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3. Choose the most appropriate synonym of “alacrity.”

- A. Hesitation
- B. Indifference
- C. Eagerness

D. Sluggishness

Answer: C

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4. Identify the antonym of “tenable.”

A. Defensible

B. Fragile

C. Indefensible

D. Logical

Answer: C

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5. “The policy was abandoned due to its incongruity with modern ethics.” Here, “incongruity” means:

A. Alignment

B. Disharmony

C. Symmetry

D. Optimism

Answer: B

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6. The word “exacerbate” most closely means:

A. Mitigate

B. Worsen

C. Simplify

D. Absolve

Answer: B

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7. Select the word most opposite in meaning to “fortuitous.”

A. Serendipitous

B. Unlucky

C. Calculated

D. Coincidental

Answer: C

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8. If a leader “vacillates” in decisions, they are:

- A. Authoritative
- B. Firm
- C. Indecisive
- D. Passionate

Answer: C

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9. What does “recalcitrant” best describe?

- A. Easily trainable
- B. Quietly efficient
- C. Stubbornly uncooperative
- D. Energetic and flexible

Answer: C

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10. “The idea was dismissed for being too quixotic.” What does “quixotic” imply?

- A. Practical
- B. Idealistic
- C. Depressing
- D. Oppressive

Answer: B

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11. “Pulchritude” is an obscure noun meaning:

- A. Graceful ugliness
- B. Physical beauty
- C. Moral resilience
- D. External corruption

Answer: B

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12. “Stochastic” models are primarily used in:

- A. Deterministic simulations
- B. Historical storytelling
- C. Probability-based predictions

D. Cultural studies

Answer: C

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13. Which of the following is most likely to be called “salubrious”?

A. A polluted river

B. A fast food meal

C. A mountain retreat

D. A traffic jam

Answer: C

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14. “Erudition” refers to:

A. Lack of attention

B. Deep, scholarly knowledge

C. Sensory distraction

D. Monetary wealth

Answer: B

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15. A “panacea” is best described as:

A. A symbolic tradition

B. A universal remedy

C. A slow poison

D. A historical document

Answer: B

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16. The verb “obfuscate” means to:

A. Illuminate

B. Clarify

C. Confuse

D. Conclude

Answer: C

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17. Which sentence best uses “enmity” correctly?

- A. She showed enmity by giving him flowers.
- B. Their enmity grew after years of competition.
- C. Enmity was the new recipe she tried.
- D. He was awarded for his enmity.

Answer: B

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18. “Obdurate” is best described as:

- A. Flexible
- B. Kind-hearted
- C. Stubborn
- D. Dispassionate

Answer: C

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19. Which word is closest in meaning to “ephemeral”?

- A. Enduring
- B. Fleeting
- C. Stagnant
- D. Immutable

Answer: B

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20. “Equanimity” under pressure refers to:

- A. Aggression
- B. Calmness
- C. Shock
- D. Indifference

Answer: B

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21. The word “pellucid” means:

- A. Murky
- B. Transparent or clear
- C. Uncertain

D. Harsh  
Answer: B

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22. The scientist's "incisive" remarks helped:

- A. Decrease confusion
- B. Create panic
- C. Increase doubt
- D. Extend debate

Answer: A

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23. What is the function of a "non sequitur" in logic?

- A. It strengthens conclusions
- B. It follows naturally from prior statements
- C. It is irrelevant to the prior argument
- D. It provides counterexamples

Answer: C

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24. What's the antonym of "didactic"?

- A. Instructive
- B. Preachy
- C. Entertaining
- D. Moralistic

Answer: C

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25. The term "cacophony" is associated with:

- A. Musical harmony
- B. Harsh, jarring sounds
- C. Quiet reflection
- D. Synchronized tones

Answer: B

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26. "Esoteric" knowledge is typically:

- A. Widely accepted
- B. Publicly broadcasted
- C. Understood by a few
- D. Empirical and open

Answer: C

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27. A "dichotomy" refers to:

- A. A unified concept
- B. A two-part division
- C. A blending of ideas
- D. A linguistic error

Answer: B

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28. "Veracity" is closest in meaning to:

- A. Aggression
- B. Deceit
- C. Truthfulness
- D. Secrecy

Answer: C

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29. Someone "mollified" an angry customer. They likely:

- A. Ignored them
- B. Angered them more
- C. Calmed them down
- D. Sued them

Answer: C

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30. "Anachronistic" behavior is:

- A. Timeless
- B. Inappropriate for the time period
- C. Extremely relevant

D. Universally admired

Answer: B

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31. Which of the following describes “sycophant”?

A. A critical thinker

B. A shameless flatterer

C. A trusted mentor

D. A scientific analyst

Answer: B

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32. In literary analysis, a “motif” is:

A. A numerical pattern

B. A recurring theme

C. A protagonist’s rival

D. A grammatical tool

Answer: B

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33. Which of the following best defines “equivocate”?

A. To speak clearly

B. To use ambiguous language to mislead

C. To summarize confidently

D. To agree passively

Answer: B

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34. The prefix “bene-” in English most nearly means:

A. Without

B. Bad

C. Good

D. Near

Answer: C

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35. A “diatribe” is typically:

- A. A soft spoken lecture
- B. A formal agreement
- C. A bitter verbal attack
- D. A medical procedure

Answer: C