

04/06/2025

35 Daily Vocabulary MCQs

Vocab Level: Graduate (10), Post-Graduate(15), Doctorate (10)

Score (Out of 35):



Graduate Level (10 MCQs)

1. Which sentence best demonstrates the correct use of the word *elicit*?
- A. The teacher hoped to elicit a smile with her joke.
 - B. The factory will elicit more cars next year.
 - C. He went to elicit his groceries.
 - D. The soldiers were elicit in their duties.

Answer: A

2. The term *juxtapose* most closely means:
- A. To blend together
 - B. To compare abstractly
 - C. To place side by side
 - D. To argue against

Answer: C

3. Choose the most appropriate synonym for *lucid*
- A. Obscure
 - B. Vivid
 - C. Confused
 - D. Shadowy

Answer: B

4. Which of the following words is a likely antonym for *meticulous*?
- A. Carefree
 - B. Precise
 - C. Thorough
 - D. Attentive

Answer: A

5. In which sentence is *mitigate* used incorrectly?
- A. They tried to mitigate the pain with medicine.
 - B. The noise was mitigated by closing the windows.
 - C. She mitigated the dessert with extra sugar.
 - D. The new law mitigates traffic issues.

Answer: C

6. The noun *brevity* refers to:
- A. The act of exaggerating

- B. The ability to be brief
- C. An extended discussion
- D. A type of literary genre

Answer: B

7. Choose the most accurate definition of *transient*

- A. Permanent
- B. Fleeting
- C. Historical
- D. Opaque

Answer: B

8. If someone is known for their *candor*, they are:

- A. Dishonest
- B. Secretive
- C. Frank and open
- D. Mysterious

Answer: C

9. Which prefix indicates a reversal or negation, as used in *disparage*?

- A. in-
- B. pre-
- C. dis-
- D. sub-

Answer: C

10. In what context is the word *benevolent* most accurately used?

- A. His benevolent scheme fooled many investors.
- B. The dictator was known for his benevolent rule.
- C. Her benevolent gestures included frequent insults.
- D. Benevolent weather is always full of storms.

Answer: B

Post-Graduate Level (15 MCQs)

11. The adjective *nuanced* implies something that is:

- A. Simplified and easy to understand
- B. Lacking in detail
- C. Subtle and complex
- D. Loud and apparent

Answer: C

12. Which is the best synonym for *foresight*?

- A. Improvisation
- B. Prediction
- C. Hesitation
- D. Nostalgia

Answer: B

13. Select the correct contextual use of *overselves*

- A. We must never doubt overselves in exams.
- B. Overselves is a term for extreme compassion.
- C. The mystical poet often wrote about our overselves.
- D. Overselves mean overreactions.

Answer: C

14. The word *catalyst* is best described as:

- A. A static element
- B. A neutral observer
- C. An agent of change
- D. A conclusion

Answer: C

15. The term *intrinsic* refers to:

- A. Something foreign
- B. Something inherently part of something else
- C. A misleading concept
- D. An outer coating

Answer: B

16. Which of the following best defines *succinct*?

- A. Verbose
- B. Confusing
- C. Concise
- D. Fragmented

Answer: C

17. Which of the following does *quintessential* NOT imply?

- A. Archetypal
- B. Perfect example
- C. Flawed version
- D. Representative model

Answer: C

18. Which sentence uses *affirming* correctly?

- A. The protestors were affirming against injustice.
- B. His actions were affirming of her strength.
- C. They affirming the room with light.
- D. Affirming was the way they left the place.

Answer: B

19. The county's decision affected all local jurisdictions. The word *county* here refers to:

- A. A group of nations
- B. A minor town
- C. A regional administrative division
- D. A court ruling

Answer: C

20. Which best explains the term *didactic*?

- A. Passive and observing
- B. Informative and instructive, often morally
- C. Expressive in style
- D. Joyful and comic

Answer: B

21. Which is closest in meaning to *unprecedented*?

- A. Historical
- B. Never done before
- C. Frequently occurring
- D. Expected

Answer: B

22. Identify the word that best fits: "His arguments were full of ____ that obscured the core idea."

- A. Persuasion
- B. Nuances
- C. Lies
- D. Hints

Answer: B

23. What is the key grammatical role of *ourselves* in this poetic context: "...we must listen to our ourselves"?

- A. Adjective modifying "listen"
- B. Abstract noun
- C. Preposition
- D. Modal verb

Answer: B

24. Which of the following is both a legal and geographic term?

- A. Foresight
- B. Affirming
- C. County
- D. Nuanced

Answer: C

25. Which root does *affirming* derive from?

- A. *firmare* – to make firm
- B. *finis* – end
- C. *forma* – shape
- D. *fides* – faith

Answer: A



Doctorate Level (10 MCQs)

26. What best captures the philosophical use of *overse/ves* in Emersonian writing?

- A. The individual's moral compass
- B. The divine aspect of the human spirit
- C. The mind's logical faculty
- D. The past memories stored in the subconscious

Answer: B

27. In legal and political theory, what role does *foresight* play in ethical governance?

- A. It acts as a substitute for data.
- B. It replaces public opinion.
- C. It predicts future impact of decisions.
- D. It challenges historical precedent.

Answer: C

28. Which collocation is least likely with *nuanced*?

- A. Nuanced argument
- B. Nuanced tone
- C. Nuanced insult
- D. Nuanced blueprint

Answer: C

29. What is the tone connotation of *affirming* in therapeutic writing?

- A. Aggressive
- B. Supportive
- C. Pessimistic

D. Cynical
Answer: B

30. Which of the following best represents a metacognitive implication of the phrase *our overselves*?

- A. Repeated behaviors
- B. Our surface identity
- C. Our deeper internal selves guiding decisions
- D. Logical inconsistencies

Answer: C

31. The etymological trail of *county* connects it most strongly to which of the following Latin roots?

- A. *Comitatus*
- B. *Contrata*
- C. *Communitas*
- D. *Curia*

Answer: A

32. In cultural theory, a *nuanced critique* is valued because it:

- A. Dismisses ambiguity
- B. Engages multiple perspectives
- C. Rejects historical context
- D. Focuses only on facts

Answer: B

33. Which is a philosophical synonym for *foresight* in rationalist traditions?

- A. Immediate judgment
- B. Contingency
- C. Prudence
- D. Heuristics

Answer: C

34. Which phrase best illustrates a *synthetic contrast* using *affirming*?

- A. Affirming the silence of resistance
- B. Affirming the absence of water
- C. Affirming the lack of clarity
- D. Affirming an unaffirmable act

Answer: A

35. In literary hermeneutics, *overse/ves* symbolize:

- A. Linguistic duality
- B. Spiritual transcendence of self
- C. External social mirrors

D. Skeptical inquiry

Answer: B