

# **Vellore Institute of Technology**

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#### **REVIEW 3 REPORT**

TOPIC: Parallelization of Smith Waterman Local Sequence Alignment Algorithm

Submitted for the course: Parallel and Distributed Computing (CSE4001)

Submitted by

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# ABSTRACT:

Genome is an emerging field, constantly presenting many new challenges to researchers in both biological and computational aspect of application. Sequence comparison is a very essential and important operation. They detect similar or identical parts between two sequences called the query sequence and the reference sequence.

The most prevalent kinds of sequence alignment are global and local alignments. In local alignment algorithms we try to match parts of sequences and not the entirety of them. On the other hand, global alignment, we find the superior counterpart between parts of the sequences.

Local alignment is faster than global alignment, due to the lack of need to align the entire sequences. In our project, we would be implementing the Smith-Waterman Algorithm in a serial and parallel manner to for comparison and analysis. As common sense suggests, the parallel implementation should execute and provide the same result as the serial implementation but in a lesser amount of time.

Advances in genomics have triggered a revolution in discovery-based research and systems biology to facilitate understanding of even the most complex biological systems such as the brain.

# **KEYWORDS:**

Local alignment, gene sequencing, smith-waterman algorithm, parallelisation, openMP, SIMD, openMP+SIMD.

# **INTRODUCTION:**

Parallel and Distributed computing is the future of technology. All products and their fundamental concepts are being shifted to a parallel computing model. Everybody would agree that serial computing is easy to implement and use, but simply not efficient enough for industry-level purposes.

Due to this reason, day by day higher number of industries are providing and using cloud solutions which work on the basis on parallel and distributed computing. For instance, Amazon's AWS or Google's Google Cloud platform are becoming the centre for development, may it be in the field of web development, or in the field of data analytics.

To cope up with the fast-paced improvement in technology, one must also become familiarized with this domain, and hence this project. Gene sequencing problem is one of the major issues for researchers regarding optimized system models that could help optimum processing and efficiency without introduction overheads in terms of memory and time.

Bioinformatics and computational biology is a latest multidisciplinary field which explains many aspects of the fields of computer science, while computational biology harnesses computational approach and technologies to respond biological questions conveniently.

# RELATED WORK:

Sl.	Title	Author	Journel		KEY CONCEPTS
no			Name	YEAR	ADVANTAGES, DISADVANTA
					GES & FUTURE ENHANCEMENT
1	Seguence	M.P Sudha	Internation	2016	This research paper talks about the
	Sequence Alignment in DNA Using Smith Waterman and Needleman Algorithms	School of Computing Sciences, Vel's University, Pallavaram, Chennai-600 117 P.Sripriya Assistant Professer, School of Computing Sciences, Vel's University, Pallavaram, Chennai-600 117	al Journal of Computer Science and Information Technologi es	2016	algorithms for DNA sequencing and scoring patterns.  Smith Waterman Algorithm is a local alignment technique which compares nucleic acid sequences.  Needleman-Wunsch algorithm is a global alignment technique and finds alignment of the entire sequence of both the proteins.  It concludes that most sequences that are homologous share statistical significance.
2	Performance Analysis Of Needleman- Wunsch Algorithm (Global) And Smith- Waterman Algorithm (Local) In Reducing Search Space And Time For Dna Sequence Alignment	FN Muhamad, RB Ahmad, SM Asi, MN Murad	IOP Conf. Series: Journal of Physics: Conf. Series 1019 (2018) 012085	2018	This work intends to analyze large DNA sequences as well as reducing the search space and time complexity without compromising the accuracy and efficiency. The analysis concluded that the scoring and traceback techniques used in Needle and Smith are able to align an optimal alignment and improved the performance in searching similarity as well as reduced gaps and mismatch. OpenMP directives able to parallelize the codes and execute it faster, with four cores it can get an execution time of around 60% reduced
3	Analysing Multiple DNA Sequence Alignment Algorithms- Smith Waterman Algorithm and Parallel Smith Waterman	Kartika Ahuja, Kompal	INTERNA TIONAL JOURNA L FOR RES EARCH IN AP PL I ED SC IENC E AND ENGINEE	2015	This paper states that since DNA Sequence alignment algorithms are computationally demanding in nature special purpose hardware alternatives of this method like Parallel Smith Waterman have been developed. This parallel method for smith waterman algorithm uses strategy of divide and conquer. This keeps

	Algorithm		RING		the essence of smith waterman
	riigoriiiiii		TECHNOL		with faster computations. However
			O GY		this algorithm is limited to long
			(IJRASET)		sequence queries
4	Parallel Smith- Waterman	Deepa. B. C , Nagaveni. V	Internation al Journal on Recent	2015	This paper states the difference between the time complexities of the Smith Waterman algorithm
	Algorithm for Gene Sequencing		and Innovation Trends in		when executed sequentially and in parallel manner. Parallelization of the algorithm reduces the time
			Computing and Communic		complexity from O(mn) to O(m+n) for a single sequence comparison and from O(mnk) to O(m+nk) for
			ation		multiple sequence pairs comparison.
5	Improving the Mapping of	Liang-Tsung Huang,	BioMed Research	June 2015	This paper focuses on on how to improve the mapping, especially
	Smith- Waterman	Chao-Chin Wu, Lien-Fu Lai and	Internation al		for short query sequences, by better usage of shared memory.
	Sequence Database	Yun-Ju Li	Volume		CUDASW++ 3.0 is the latest
	Searches onto		2015, Article ID		version, which couples CPU and GPU SIMD instructions and
	CUDA- Enabled GPUs		185179		carries out concurrent CPU and GPU computations. Since it is
	Endored of os				observed that the shared memory
					in each streaming multiprocessor is not fully utilized in
					CUDASW++, the execution flow
					of the Smith-Waterman algorithm was rearranged to fully utilize the
					shared memory
6	An Improved Smith-	Yanfeng Liu Leixiao Li	INT.J.BIO AUTOMA	March 31,	With the development of big data technology, more and more
	Waterman	Jing Gao	TION	2019	scholars are now using Spark
	Algorithm Based on				technology to achieve algorithm parallelization. It was seen that,
	Spark				the rate of the Spark-OSW is
	Parallelization				positively correlated with the data size within a certain range, i.e., the
					greater the data, the shorter the
					Spark-OSW runtime (the greater the SW runtime). For this
					algorithm, the acceleration in the sixteen-node cluster was much
					faster than that in the eight-node
					cluster, revealing that the algorithm performance improves
					with the growth in the number of nodes.
7	Accelerating	Yu Liu, Yang	Internation	2015	This paper proposes an efficient
	Smith-	Hong, Chun-	al Journal	Oct 19	SW alignment method, called
	Waterman	Yuan Lin, and	of		CUDA-SWfr, for the protein
	Alignment for Protein	Che-Lun Hung	Genomics		database search by using the
	riotelli			<u> </u>	intratask parallelization technique

	D-4-1			I	1 1 CDL1 CDL1
	Database Search Using Frequency Distance Filtration Scheme Based on CPU-GPU Collaborative System				based on a CPU-GPU collaborative system. Before doing the SW computations on GPU, a procedure is applied on CPU by using the frequency distance filtration scheme (FDFS) to eliminate the unnecessary alignments. The experimental results indicate that CUDA-SWfr runs 9.6 times and 96 times faster than the CPU-based SW method without and with FDFS, respectively.
8	Comparative Study of the Parallelization of the Smith- Waterman Algorithm on OpenMP and Cuda C	Amadou Chaibou, Oumarou Sie	Journal of Computer and Communic ations, 2015, 3, 107-117	June 2015	This paper states that the relatively low cost of GP-GPU will make parallel computing more accessible to the public.  Expanding the use of GP-GPU to parallel computing in addition to graphics for which they are at the basis created. In the case of the Smith-Waterman algorithm, it isconclude that the GP-GPU accelerates it more than OpenMP. In general, it is recommended to use GP-GPU than OpenMP for massively parallel and long calculations.  They have proposed a mathematical modelling of time calculating of the matrix's scoring on the OpenMP and GP-GPU. This equation setting allows us to make wise choices in the number of thread (OpenMP) and the size of the grid computing (GP-GPUs).
9	SWIMM 2.0: Enhanced Smith— Waterman on Intel's Multicore and Manycore Architectures Based on AVX-512 Vector Extensions	Enzo Rucci Carlos Garcia Sanchez	Internation al Journal of Parallel Programmi ng	April 2019	This paper uses SWIMM 2.0 and SIMD exploitation. Most efficient energy footprint implementation.
10	Parallelizing the Smith- Waterman Algorithm using Open	Matthew Baker, Aaron Welch, Manjunath Gorentla Venkata	Oak Ridge National Lab. (ORNL), Oak Ridge,	2015- 01-01	Parallelizing the Smith-Waterman algorithm using the OpenSHMEM model and interfaces in OpenSHMEM.  The performance characteristics of

11	SHMEM and MPI-3 One- Sided Interfaces	Zeiad El-Saghir,	TN (United States) Conference Paper	Decem	the OpenSHMEM implementation were better than the MPI-3 implementation. The OpenSHMEM implementation using non-blocking interfaces performs better than the implementation using blocking interfaces Parallelizing smith-waterman
	Implementatio n of Smith- Waterman Algorithm using MPI, OpenMP and Hybrid Model	Hamdy Kelash, SayedElnazly, HossamFaheem	al Journal of Innovative Technology and Exploring Engineerin g(IJITEE)	ber 2016	algorithm using different parallel model: pure MPI, pure OpenMP and hybrid MPI/OpenMP model.  Hybrid model which combines the MPI and OpenMP models gives better performance in terms of the execution time than the pure MPI model and obviously than the serial time  Pure MPI is better than the pure OpenMP model.
12	SWIFOLD: Smith- Waterman implementatio n on FPGA with OpenCL for long DNA sequences	Enzo Rucci, Carlos Garcia, Guillermo Botella, Armando De Giusti, Marcelo Naiouf & Manuel Prieto- Matias	Selected articles from the 5th Internation al Work- Conference on Bioinforma tics and Biomedical Engineerin g: systems biology	Nove mber 2018	SWIFOLD: a Smith-Waterman parallel Implementation on FPGA with OpenCL. SWIFOLD offers the best average performance for small and medium test sets, achieving a performance that is independent of input size and sequence similarity. SWIFOLD provides competitive performance rates in comparison with GPU-based implementations on the latest GPU generation for the large dataset.
13	A Case Study for Performance Portabilityusin g OpenMP 4.5	Rahulkumar Gayatri Charlene Yang Thorsten Kurth Jack Deslippe	National Energy Research Scientific Computing Center (NERSC)L awrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL)Ber keley, CA, USA	2015	OpenACC and OpenMP, both lack the ability to fully generate a customized multi-dimensional grid and threads for GPUs.  In future, they like to evaluate the practical amount of work required to port kernels which exceed thememory space that can be allocated on the device.
14	An approach of performance comparisons with OpenMP	Chih-Hung Chang Chih-Wei Lu	Wiley Online Library	1 April 2016	They proposed a parallel programming approach using hybrid CUDA and MPI programming, for testing the partition loop iterations according

	and CUDA parallel programming on multicore systems	Chao-Tung Yang Tzu-Chieh Chang			to the number of C1060 GPU nodes in a GPU cluster which consists of one C1060 and one S1070.
15	Parallel Implementatio n of Smith- Waterman Algorithm using MPI, OpenMP and Hybrid Model	Zeiad El-Saghir, Hamdy Kelash, SayedElnazly, HossamFaheem	Internation al Journal of Innovative Technology and Exploring Engineerin g(IJITEE)	Decem ber 2016	Parallelizing smith-waterman algorithm using different parallel model: pure MPI, pure OpenMP and hybrid MPI/OpenMP model. Hybrid model which combines the MPI and OpenMP models gives better performance in terms of the execution time than the pure MPI model and obviously than the serial time Hybrid model provides better performance than the pure MPI model. Pure MPI is better than the pure OpenMP model.

# **EXISTING SYSTEM DESCRIPTION:**

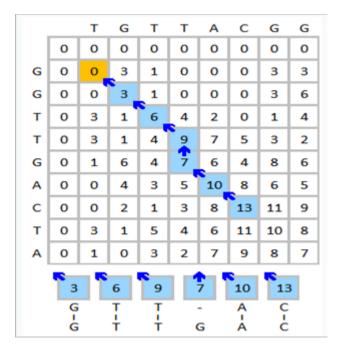
The Smith–Waterman algorithm performs local sequence alignment; that is, for determining similar regions between two strings of nucleic acid sequences or protein sequences. Instead of looking at the entire sequence, the Smith–Waterman algorithm compares segments of all possible lengths.

Smith–Waterman algorithm aligns two sequences by matches/mismatches (also known as substitutions), insertions, and deletions. Both insertions and deletions are the operations that introduce gaps, which are represented by dashes. The Smith–Waterman algorithm has several steps:

- 1) Initialize the scoring matrix. The dimensions of the scoring matrix are 1+length of each sequence respectively. All the elements of the first row and the first column are set to 0. The extra first row and first column make it possible to align one sequence to another at any position, and setting them to 0 makes the terminal gap free from penalty.
- 2) Scoring. Score each element from left to right, top to bottom in the matri. The value of each cell is determined from the cell which has the maximum value among the cell just above it, or to its leftt or diagonal to it. If the cell which has the maximum value is diagonal to the computing cell we add the value of the diagonal cell and the match value or mismatch value in case of match and mismatch respectively. If the cell which has the maximum value is the cell above it or to its left, we add the gap value to the maximum value. If none of the scores are positive, this element gets a 0. Otherwise the highest score is used and the source of that score is recorded.
- 3) Traceback. Starting at the element with the highest score, traceback based on the source of each score recursively, until 0 is encountered. The segments that have the highest similarity score based on the given scoring system is generated in this process. While performing traceback we write the elements of both gene sequence if the value came from its diagonal element otherwise

we insert a gap denoted by a dash. If the value of that cell came from the cell above it we introduce a gap at that position in the sequence which is written horizontally else if the value of that cell came from the cell to its left we introduce a gap at that position in the sequence which is written vertically. We stop when a 0 is encountered.

# Example of a scoring matrix -



# **DATA SET DESCRPTION:**

### 10000:

### Acytostelium subglobosum LB1 hypothetical protein partial mRNA

NCBI Reference Sequence: XM\_012903828.1

FASTA Graphics

Go to: ✓

LOCUS XM\_012903828 10002 bp mRNA linear INV 15-JUN-2015 DEFINITION Acytostelium subglobosum LB1 hypothetical protein partial mRNA.

ACCESSION XM\_012903828 VERSION XM\_012903828.1

DBLINK BioProject: PRJNA280978

BioSample: SAMD00019534

KEYWORDS RefSeq.

SOURCE Acytostelium subglobosum LB1
ORGANISM Acytostelium subglobosum LB1

Eukaryota; Amoebozoa; Mycetozoa; Dictyosteliida; Acytostelium.

### Acytostelium subglobosum LB1 hypothetical protein partial mRNA

NCBI Reference Sequence: XM\_012896193.1

FASTA Graphics

Go to: ✓

LOCUS XM\_012896193 10011 bp mRNA linear INV 15-JUN-2015 DEFINITION Acytostelium subglobosum LB1 hypothetical protein partial mRNA.

ACCESSION XM\_012896193 VERSION XM\_012896193.1

DBLINK BioProject: PRJNA280978
BioSample: SAMD00019534

KEYWORDS RefSeq.

SOURCE Acytostelium subglobosum LB1
ORGANISM Acytostelium subglobosum LB1

Eukaryota; Amoebozoa; Mycetozoa; Dictyosteliida; Acytostelium.

# 8000:

# Dictyostelium discoideum AX4 HEAT repeat-containing protein (DDB\_G0279487) mRNA, complete cds

NCBI Reference Sequence: XM 636563.1

FASTA Graphics

Go to: ✓

LOCUS XM\_636563 8004 bp mRNA linear INV 29-JAN-2010

DEFINITION Dictyostelium discoideum AX4 HEAT repeat-containing protein

(DDB\_G0279487) mRNA, complete cds.

ACCESSION XM\_636563 VERSION XM\_636563.1 KEYWORDS RefSeq.

SOURCE Dictyostelium discoideum AX4
ORGANISM Dictyostelium discoideum AX4

Eukaryota; Amoebozoa; Mycetozoa; Dictyosteliida; Dictyostelium.

# Acytostelium subglobosum LB1 hypothetical protein partial mRNA

NCBI Reference Sequence: XM\_012894172.1

FASTA Graphics

Go to: ✓

LOCUS XM\_012894172 8022 bp mRNA linear INV 15-JUN-2015 DEFINITION Acytostelium subglobosum LB1 hypothetical protein partial mRNA.

ACCESSION XM\_012894172 VERSION XM\_012894172.1

DBLINK BioProject: PRJNA280978
BioSample: SAMD00019534

KEYWORDS RefSeq.

SOURCE Acytostelium subglobosum LB1
ORGANISM Acytostelium subglobosum LB1

Eukaryota; Amoebozoa; Mycetozoa; Dictyosteliida; Acytostelium.

### 5000:

# Acytostelium subglobosum LB1 hypothetical protein partial mRNA

NCBI Reference Sequence: XM\_012893369.1

FASTA Graphics

Go to: ✓

linear INV 15-JUN-2015 LOCUS XM\_012893369 5004 bp mRNA DEFINITION Acytostelium subglobosum LB1 hypothetical protein partial mRNA.

ACCESSION XM\_012893369

VERSION XM\_012893369.1
DBLINK BioProject: PRJNA280978 BioSample: SAMD00019534

KEYWORDS RefSeq.

Acytostelium subglobosum LB1 ORGANISM Acytostelium subglobosum LB1

Eukaryota; Amoebozoa; Mycetozoa; Dictyosteliida; Acytostelium.

#### Acytostelium subglobosum LB1 hypothetical protein partial mRNA

NCBI Reference Sequence: XM\_012897382.1

FASTA Graphics

Go to: ✓

LOCUS XM\_012897382 5010 bp mRNA linear INV 15-JUN-2015 DEFINITION Acytostelium subglobosum LB1 hypothetical protein partial mRNA.

ACCESSION XM\_012897382 VERSION XM\_012897382.1

DBLINK BioProject: PRJNA280978 BioSample: SAMD00019534

KEYWORDS RefSeq.

SOURCE Acytostelium subglobosum LB1 ORGANISM Acytostelium subglobosum LB1

Eukaryota; Amoebozoa; Mycetozoa; Dictyosteliida; Acytostelium.

# PROPOSED SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE:

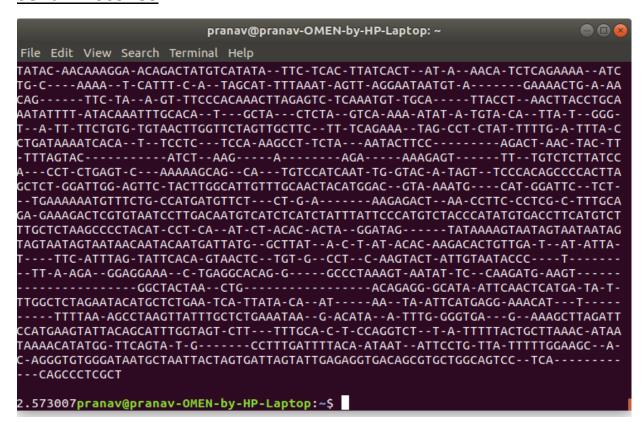
In the existing system for local alignment for gene sequencing, sequential process is followed to implement the Smith Waterman algorithm. This process consumes a lot of time when the size of the data is huge. With the advancement in biotechnology it is mandatory that we must be equipped ourselves to process more information as the data being recorded is increasing day to day. Therefore, we are parallelizing the for loops which is used to compute the matrix using openMP and openMP+simd constraints. This helps us reduce the execution time.

# **RESULTS:**

#### **SCREENSHOTS:**

Data-set: 5000

Serial: 2.669483



#### omp parallel for: 2.635877

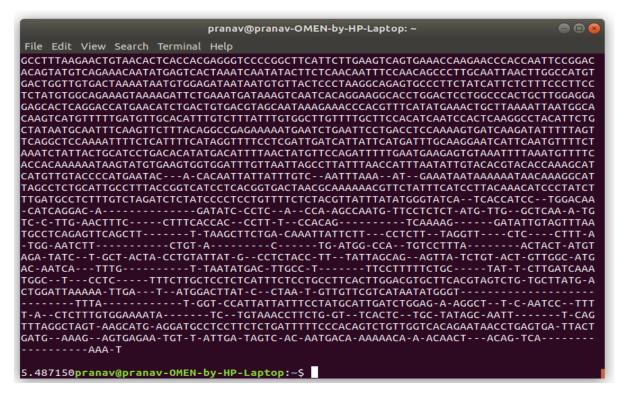
```
pranav@pranav-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
TATAC-AACAAAGGA-ACAGACTATGTCATATA--TTC-TCAC-TTATCACT--AT-A--AACA-TCTCAGAAAA--ATC
TG-C----AAAA--T-CATTT-C-A--TAGCAT-TTTAAAT-AGTT-AGGAATAATGT-A-----GAAAACTG-A-AA
CAG-----TTC-TA--A-GT-TTCCCACAAACTTAGAGTC-TCAAATGT-TGCA-----TTACCT--AACTTACCTGCA
AATATTTT-ATACAAATTTGCACA--T---GCTA---CTCTA--GTCA-AAA-ATAT-A-TGTA-CA--TTA-T--GGG-
T--A-TT-TTCTGTG-TGTAACTTGGTTCTAGTTGCTTC--TT-TCAGAAA--TAG-CCT-CTAT-TTTTG-A-TTTA-C
CTGATAAAATCACA--T--TCCTC---TCCA-AAGCCT-TCTA---AATACTTCC-----AGACT-AAC-TAC-TT
·TTTAGTAC-----ATCT--AAG----A-----AGA-----AAAGAGT-----TT--TGTCTCTTATCC
A---CCT-CTGAGT-C--AAAAAGCAG--CA---TGTCCATCAAT-TG-GTAC-A-TAGT--TCCCACAGCCCCACTTA
GCTCT-GGATTGG-AGTTC-TACTTGGCATTGTTTGCAACTACATGGAC--GTA-AAATG----CAT-GGATTC--TCT-
·-TGAAAAAATGTTTCTG-CCATGATGTTCT---CT-G-A-----AAGAGACT--AA-CCTTC-CCTCG-C-TTTGCA
TTGCTCTAAGCCCCTACAT-CCT-CA--AT-CT-ACAC-ACTA--GGATAG-----TATAAAAGTAATAGTAATAGT
TAGTAATAGTAATAACAATACAATGATTATG--GCTTAT--A-C-T-AT-ACAC-AAGACACTGTTGA-T--AT-ATTA-
T----TTC-ATTTAG-TATTCACA-GTAACTC--TGT-G--CCT--C-AAGTACT-ATTGTAATACCC----T---
·-TT-A-AGA--GGAGGAAA--C-TGAGGCACAG-G-----GCCCTAAAGT-AATAT-TC--CAAGATG-AAGT---
          ----GGCTACTAA--CTG----
                                -----ACAGAGG-GCATA-ATTCAACTCATGA-TA-T-
TTGGCTCTAGAATACATGCTCTGAA-TCA-TTATA-CA--AT----AA--TA-ATTCATGAGG-AAACAT---T--
 ·---TTTTAA-AGCCTAAGTTATTTGCTCTGAAATAA--G-ACATA--A-TTTG-GGGTGA---G-AAAGCTTAGATT
CCATGAAGTATTACAGCATTTGGTAGT-CTT---TTTGCA-C-T-CCAGGTCT--T-A-TTTTTACTGCTTAAAC-ATAA
TAAAACATATGG-TTCAGTA-T-G------CCTTTGATTTTACA-ATAAT--ATTCCTG-TTA-TTTTTGGAAGC--A-
C-AGGGTGTGGGATAATGCTAATTACTAGTGATTAGTATTGAGAGGTGACAGCGTGCTGGCAGTCC--TCA------
 -- CAGCCCTCGCT
2.213429pranav@pranav-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop:~$
```

### simd parallel: 2.487348

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pranav@pranav-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
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CAG-----TTC-TA--A-GT-TTCCCACAAACTTAGAGTC-TCAAATGT-TGCA----TTACCT--AACTTACCTGCA
AATATTTT-ATACAAATTTGCACA--T---GCTA---CTCTA--GTCA-AAA-ATAT-A-TGTA-CA--TTA-T--GGG-
T--A-TT-TTCTGTG-TGTAACTTGGTTCTAGTTGCTTC--TT-TCAGAAA--TAG-CCT-CTAT-TTTTG-A-TTTA-C
CTGATAAAATCACA--T--TCCTC---TCCA-AAGCCT-TCTA---AATACTTCC------AGACT-AAC-TAC-TT
-TTTAGTAC------TT--ATCT--AAG----A-----AGA----AAAGAGT-----TT--TGTCTCTTATCC
A---CCT-CTGAGT-C---AAAAAGCAG--CA---TGTCCATCAAT-TG-GTAC-A-TAGT--TCCCACAGCCCCACTTA
GCTCT-GGATTGG-AGTTC-TACTTGGCATTGTTTGCAACTACATGGAC--GTA-AAATG----CAT-GGATTC--TCT-
·-TGAAAAAATGTTTCTG-CCATGATGTTCT---CT-G-A-----AAGAGACT--AA-CCTTC-CCTCG-C-TTTGCA
TTGCTCTAAGCCCCTACAT-CCT-CA--AT-CT-ACAC-ACTA--GGATAG-----TATAAAAGTAATAGTAATAATAG
TAGTAATAGTAATAACAATACAATGATTATG--GCTTAT--A-C-T-AT-ACAC-AAGACACTGTTGA-T--AT-ATTA-
T----TTC-ATTTAG-TATTCACA-GTAACTC--TGT-G--CCT--C-AAGTACT-ATTGTAATACCC----T---
--TT-A-AGA--GGAGGAAA--C-TGAGGCACAG-G----GCCCTAAAGT-AATAT-TC--CAAGATG-AAGT----
   · - - - - - - - - - - - - - - GGCTACTAA - - CTG - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - ACAGAGG - GCATA - ATTCAACTCATGA - TA - T -
TTGGCTCTAGAATACATGCTCTGAA-TCA-TTATA-CA--AT----AA--TA-ATTCATGAGG-AAACAT---T---
 ----TTTTAA-AGCCTAAGTTATTTGCTCTGAAATAA--G-ACATA--A-TTTG-GGGTGA---G--AAAGCTTAGATT
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TAAAACATATGG-TTCAGTA-T-G-----CCTTTGATTTTACA-ATAAT--ATTCCTG-TTA-TTTTTGGAAGC--A-
C-AGGGTGTGGGATAATGCTAATTACTAGTGATTAGTATTGAGAGGTGACAGCGTGCTGGCAGTCC--TCA-----
 -- CAGCCCTCGCT
2.159456pranav@pranav-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop:~$
```

# Data-set: of 8000

Serial: 6.812502



# omp parallel for: 6.420359

```
pranav@pranav-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
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GACTGGTTGTGACTAAAATAATGTGGAGATAATAATGTGTTACTCCCTAAGGCAGAGTGCCCTTCTATCATTCTCTTTCCCTTCC
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ACCACAAAAAATAAGTATGTGAAGTGGTGGATTTGTTAATTAGCCTTATTTAACCATTTAATATTGTACACGTACACCAAAGCAT
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TAGCCTCTGCATTGCCTTTACCGGTCATCCTCACGGTGACTAACGCAAAAAACGTTCTATTTCATCCTTACAAACATCCCTATCT
-CATCAGGAC-A------GATATC-CCTC--A--CCA-AGCCAATG-TTCCTCTCT-ATG-TTG--GCTCAA-A-TG
TC-C-TTG-AACTTTC-----GTTTCACCAC--CCTT-T--CCACAG------TCAAAAG-----GATATTGTAGTTTAA
TGCCTCAGAGTTCAGCTT-----T-TAAGCTTCTGA-CAAATTATTCTT---CCTCTT--TAGGTT----CTC----CTTT-A
-TGG-AATCTT-----CTGT-A------C-C----TG-ATGG-CCA--TGTCCTTTA------ACTACT-ATGT
AGA-TATC--T-GCT-ACTA-CCTGTATTAT-G--CCTCTACC-TT--TATTAGCAG--AGTTA-TCTGT-ACT-GTTGGC-ATG
AC-AATCA---TTTG-----TAATATATGAC-TTGCC-T-----TTCCTTTTTCTGC----TAT-T-CTTGATCAAA
TGGC--T---CCTC----TTTCTTGCTCCTCATTTCTCCTGCCTTCACTTGGACGTGCTTCACGTAGTCTG-TGCTTATG-A
CTGGATTAAAAA-TTGA---T-ATGGACTTAT-C--CTAA-T-GTTGTTCGTCATAATATGGGT--
  -----TTTA-----T-GGT-CCATTATTATTTCCTATGCATTGATCTGGAG-A-AGGCT--T-C-AATCC--TTT
T-A--CTCTTTGTGGAAAATA-----TC--TGTAAACCTTCTG-GT--TCACTC--TGC-TATAGC-AATT-----T-CAG
TTTAGGCTAGT-AAGCATG-AGGATGCCTCCTTCTCTGATTTTTCCCACAGTCTGTTGGTCACAGAATAACCTGAGTGA-TTACT
GATG--AAAG--AGTGAGAA-TGT-T-ATTGA-TAGTC-AC-AATGACA-AAAAACA-A-ACĀACT---ACAG-TCA-----
   ----AAA-T
5.315767pranav@pranav-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop:~$
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#### simd parallel: 6.236649

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pranav@pranav-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop: ~
                                                                       File Edit View Search Terminal Help
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TAACCATTTAATATTGTACACGTACACCAAAGCATCATGTTGTACCCCATGAATAC---A-CACAATTATTATTTGTC--
AATTTAAA--AT--GAAATAATAAAAAATAACAAAGGCATTAGCCTCTGCATTGCCTTTACCGGTCATCCTCACGGTGAC
TAACGCAAAAAACGTTCTATTTCATCCTTACAAACATCCCTATCTTTGATGCCTCTTTGTCTAGATCTCTATCCCCTCCT
GTTTTCTCTACGTTATTTATATGGGTATCA--TCACCATCC--TGGACAA-CATCAGGAC-A-------GATA
TC-CCTC--A--CCA-AGCCAATG-TTCCTCTCT-ATG-TTG--GCTCAA-A-TGTC-C-TTG-AACTTTC-----CTTT
CACCAC--CCTT-T--CCACAG------TCAAAAG-----GATATTGTAGTTTAATGCCTCAGAGTTCAGCTT--
  ---TAAGCTTCTGA-CAAATTATTCTT---CCTCTT--TAGGTT----CTC----CTTT-A-TGG-AATCTT----
-----CTGT-A-----CC----TG-ATGG-CCA--TGTCCTTTA------ACTACT-ATGTAGA-TATC--
T-GCT-ACTA-CCTGTATTAT-G--CCTCTACC-TT--TATTAGCAG--AGTTA-TCTGT-ACT-GTTGGC-ATGAC-AA
TCA---TTTG-----TAATATGAC-TTGCC-T----TTCCTTTTTCTGC-----TAT-T-CTTGATCAAA
TGGC--T---CCTC----TTTCTTGCTCCTCTCATTTCTCCTGCCTTCACTTGGACGTGCTTCACGTAGTCTG-TGCTT
ATG-ACTGGATTAAAAA-TTGA---T--ATGGACTTAT-C--CTAA-T-GTTGTTCGTCATAATATGGGT-
        ------TTTA-----T-GGG-A-AGGCT-
-T-C-AATCC--TTTT-A--CTCTTTGTGGAAAATA-----TC--TGTAAACCTTCTG-GT--TCACTC--TGC-TAT
AGC-AATT----T-CAGTTTAGGCTAGT-AAGCATG-AGGATGCCTCCTTCTCTGATTTTTCCCACAGTCTGTTGGT
CACAGAATAACCTGAGTGA-TTACTGATG--AAAG--AGTGAGAA-TGT-T-ATTGA-TAGTC-AC-AATGACA-AAAAA
CA-A-ACAACT---ACAG-TCA---------AAA-T
5.211665pranav@pranav-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop:~$
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# Data-set: 10000

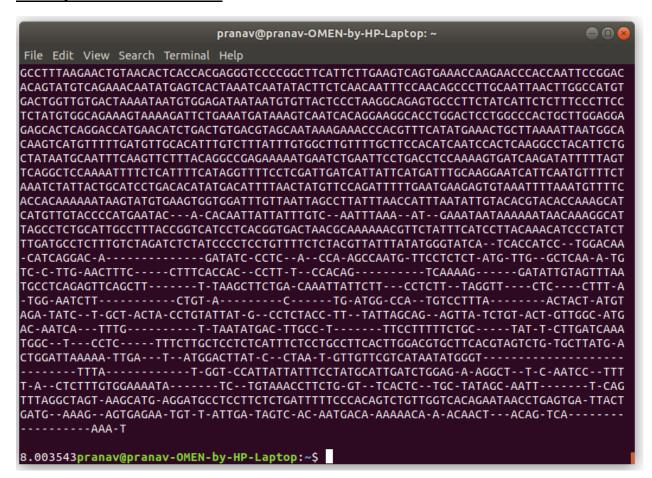
#### Serial: 10.060523

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pranav@pranav-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop: ~
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CATGTTGTACCCCATGAATAC---A-CACAATTATTATTTGTC--AATTTAAA--AT--GAAATAATAAAAAAATAACAAAGGCAT
TAGCCTCTGCATTGCCTTTACCGGTCATCCTCACGGTGACTAACGCAAAAAACGTTCTATTTCATCCTTACAAACATCCCTATCT
-CATCAGGAC-A------GATATC-CCTC--A--CCA-AGCCAATG-TTCCTCT-ATG-TTG--GCTCAA-A-TG
TC-C-TTG-AACTTTC-----CTTTCACCAC--CCTT-T--CCACAG------TCAAAAG-----GATATTGTAGTTTAA
TGCCTCAGAGTTCAGCTT-----T-TAAGCTTCTGA-CAAATTATTCTT---CCTCTT--TAGGTT----CTC----CTTT-A
-TGG-AATCTT-----CTGT-A-----CTGT-A-----C----TG-ATGG-CCA--TGTCCTTTA------ACTACT-ATGT
AGA-TATC--T-GCT-ACTA-CCTGTATTAT-G--CCTCTACC-TT--TATTAGCAG--AGTTA-TCTGT-ACT-GTTGGC-ATG
AC-AATCA---TTTG-----T-T-TAATATGAC-TTGCC-T----TTTCCTTTTTCTGC----TAT-T-CTTGATCAAA
TGGC--T---CCTC----TTTCTTGCTCCTCCTCATTTCTCCTGCCTTCACTTGGACGTGCTTCACGTAGTCTG-TGCTTATG-A
CTGGATTAAAAA-TTGA---T--ATGGACTTAT-C--CTAA-T-GTTGTTCGTCATAATATGGGT-
    ----TTTA------T-GGT-CCATTATTATTTCCTATGCATTGATCTGGAG-A-AGGCT--T-C-AATCC--TTT
T-A--CTCTTTGTGGAAAATA-----TC--TGTAAACCTTCTG-GT--TCACTC--TGC-TATAGC-AATT------T-CAG
TTTAGGCTAGT-AAGCATG-AGGATGCCTCCTTCTCTGATTTTTCCCACAGTCTGTTGGTCACAGAATAACCTGAGTGA-TTACT
GATG--AAAG--AGTGAGAA-TGT-T-ATTGA-TAGTC-AC-AATGACA-AAAAACA-A-ACAACT---ACAG-TCA--
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8.737021pranav@pranav-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop:~$
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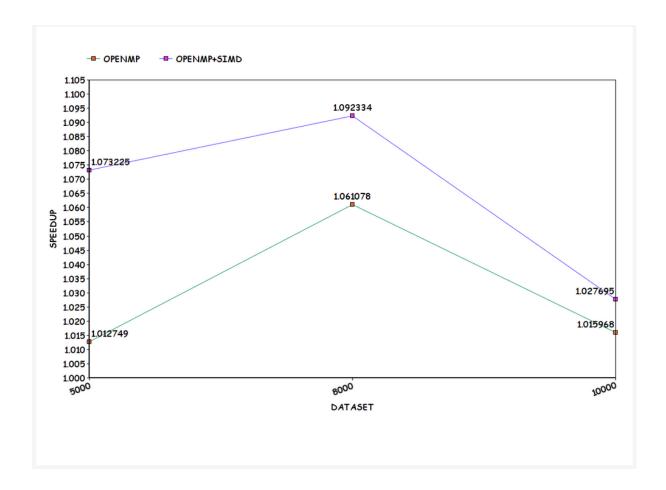
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pranav@pranav-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop: ~
                                                                                                                 File Edit View Search Terminal Help
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GACTGGTTGTGACTAAAATAATGTGGAGATAATGATTACTTCTAACAATTTCAACAAACCCCTTGAATTACTTGGAGGAGGAGTGCCCTTCTATCATTTCCCTTTCCCTTCC
TCTATGTGGCAGAAAGTAAAAGATTCTGAAATGATAAAGTCAATCACAGGAAGGCACCTGGACTCCTGGCCCACTGCTTGGAGGA
GAGCACTCAGGACCATGAACATCTGACTGTGACGTAGCAATAAAGAAACCCACGTTTCATATGAAACTGCTTAAAATTAATGGCA
CAAGTCATGTTTTTGATGTTGCACATTTGTCTTTATTTGTGGCTTGTTTTGCTTCCACATCAATCCACTCAAGGCCTACATTCTG
CTATAATGCAATTTCAAGTTCTTTACAGGCCGAGAAAAATGAATCTGAATTCCTGACCTCCAAAAGTGATCAAGATATTTTTAGT
TCAGGCTCCAAAATTTTCTCATTTTCATAGGTTTTCCTCGATTGATCATTATTCATGATTTGCAAGGAATCATTCAATGTTTTCT
ACCACAAAAATAAGTATGTGAAGTGGTGGATTTGTTAATTAGCCTTATTTAACCATTTAATATTGTACACGTACACCAAAGCAT
CATGTTGTACCCCATGAATAC - - - A - CACAATTATTATTTGTC - - AATTTAAA - - AT - - GAAATAATAAAAAATAACAAAGGCAT
TAGCCTCTGCATTGCCTTTACCGGTCATCCTCACGGTGACTAACGCAAAAAACGTTCTATTTCATCCTTACAAACATCCCTATCT
-TGG-AATCTT-------CTGT-A-----CT---TG-CT---TG-CT--TGTCCTTTA-------ACTACT-ATGT
AGA-TATC--T-GCT-ACTA-CCTGTATTAT-G--CCTCTACC-TT--TATTAGCAG--AGTTA-TCTGT-ACT-GTTGGC-ATG
AC-AATCA---TTTG-----T-TAATATGAC-TTGCC-T-----TTCCTTTTTCTGC----TAT-T-CTTGATCAAA
TGGC--T---CCTC-----TTTCTTGCTCCTCTCATTTCTCCTGCCTTCACTTGGACGTGCTTCACGTAGTCTG-TGCTTATG-A
CTGGATTAAAAA-TTGA---T--ATGGACTTAT-C--CTAA-T-GTTGTTCGTCATAATATGGGT--
         --TTTA------T-GGT-CCATTATTATTTCCTATGCATTGATCTGGAG-A-AGGCT--T-C-AATCC--TTT
T-A--CTCTTTGTGGAAAATA-----TC--TGTAAACCTTCTG-GT--TCACTC--TGC-TATAGC-AATT-----T-CAG
TTTAGGCTAGT-AAGCATG-AGGATGCCTCCTTCTCTGATTTTTCCCACAGTCTGTTGGTCACAGAATAACCTGAGTGA-TTACT
GATG--AAAG--AGTGAGAA-TGT-T-ATTGA-TAGTC-AC-AATGACA-AAAAACA-A-ACAACT---ACAG-TCA------
8.558042pranav@pranav-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop:~$
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#### simd parallel: 9.789405



# **SPEEDUP:**

DATA-SET	5000	8000	10000
omp parallel for	1.01274946	1.06107805	1.01596835
simd parallel	1.07322457	1.09233372	1.02769504



# **CONCLUSION:**

In our project, we have implemented the Smith-Waterman Algorithm in a serial and parallel manner (openMP, openMP+SIMD) for local alignment of gene sequences. We have compared the results of the implementation for sequential, parallel using openMP, parallel using openMP+SIMD. Analysis have been carried out after comparisons and results have been presented. At last we would like to conclude that parallel implementation of local gene sequencing using Smith-Waterman algorithm is advantageous when compared to sequential one. With the development in biotechnology parallel implementation would actually help in processing out large data-sets used for this problem.

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PRANAV MABDALA 17BCE0803

MOHITH J 17BCE2135

RASHI KASERA 17BCE2421

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