

• Some decidable (or recursive) languages:

- Strings of the form  $0^n 1^n$

- Prime numbers (Is a number  
Prime? YES/NO question)

- Many such mathematical questions  
about numbers, graphs etc.

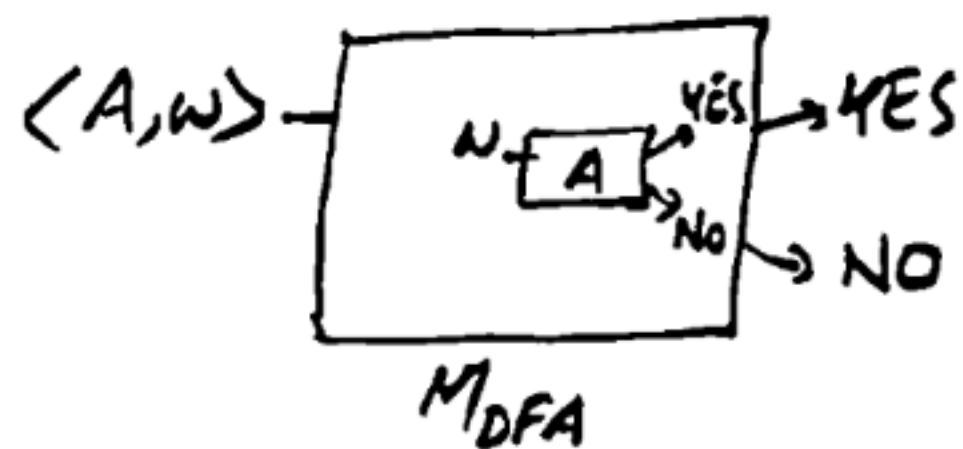
- Is a given graph 3-colourable?
- Given a directed graph, and 2 vertices  $u, v$ , Is there a path from  $u$  to  $v$  in this graph  $G$ ?
- Consider the language  $\{ \langle A, w \rangle : \text{Given DFA } A \text{ accepts } w \}$

- As a YES/NO question:

Given a DFA  $A$  and a string  $w$ ,

Does  $A$  accept the string  $w$ ?

- Claim: This is decidable.



- A Turing machine  $M_{DFA}$  can be defined, which "runs" the DFA  $A$  with input  $w$ .
- If it ends in a final (accept) state, answer YES (go to  $q_{accept}$ ).
- Else answer NO.

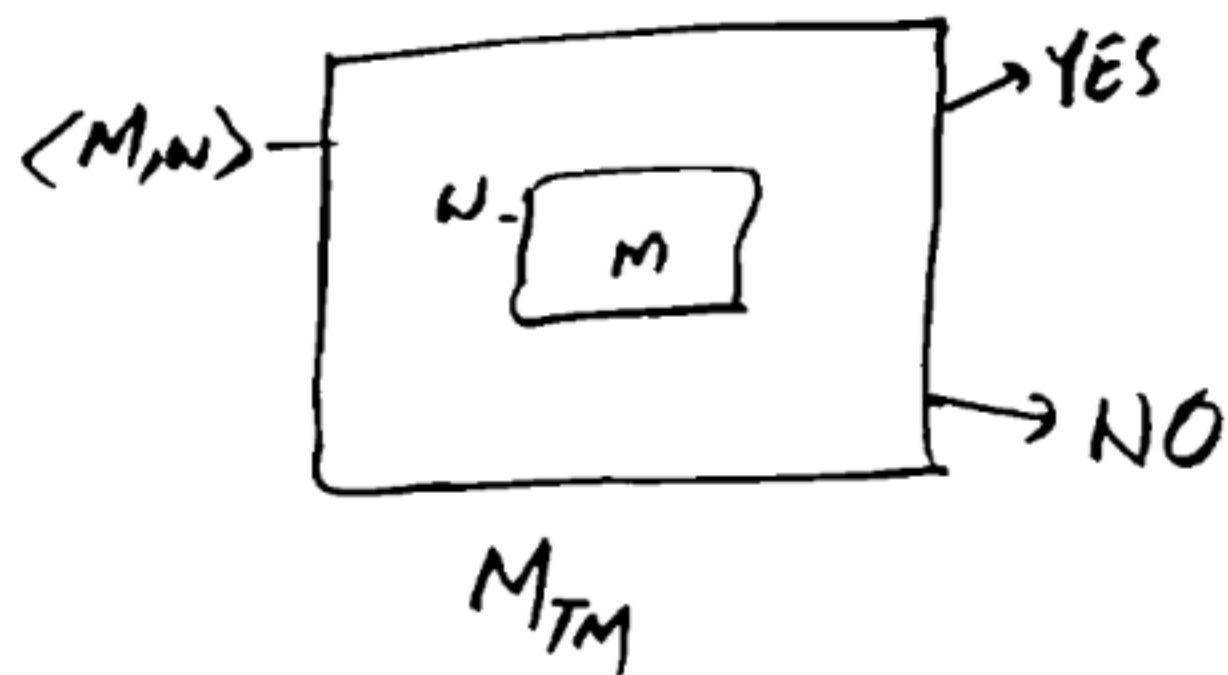
- This works for an NFA also.
    - Either we can convert it to a DFA and then run it with input  $w$ ,
    - Or we can make a non-deterministic TM. (Need to track moves till end of  $w$ ).
- Either way, we can answer YES/NO correctly.

• What about the language

$\{ \langle M, w \rangle : \text{ Turing Machine } M \text{ accepts the string } w \} ?$

• Or, given a TM  $M$  and a string  $w$ ,  
Does  $M$  accept  $w$ ? (Give YES/NO)

- The earlier trick will not work.



- Why?

- Because the  $M$  may not be a deciding Turing machine, so we can not be sure of a NO answer even if  $w \notin L(M)$ .
- $L(M)$  means the language of  $M$ .  
 $M$  accepts  $w$  if and only if  $w \in L(M)$ .



• But can we actually give a proof that this language, let us call it  $L_{TM}$ , is not decidable?

- YES!

- We can prove it with the help of  $L_d$  that we defined.  
HOW?

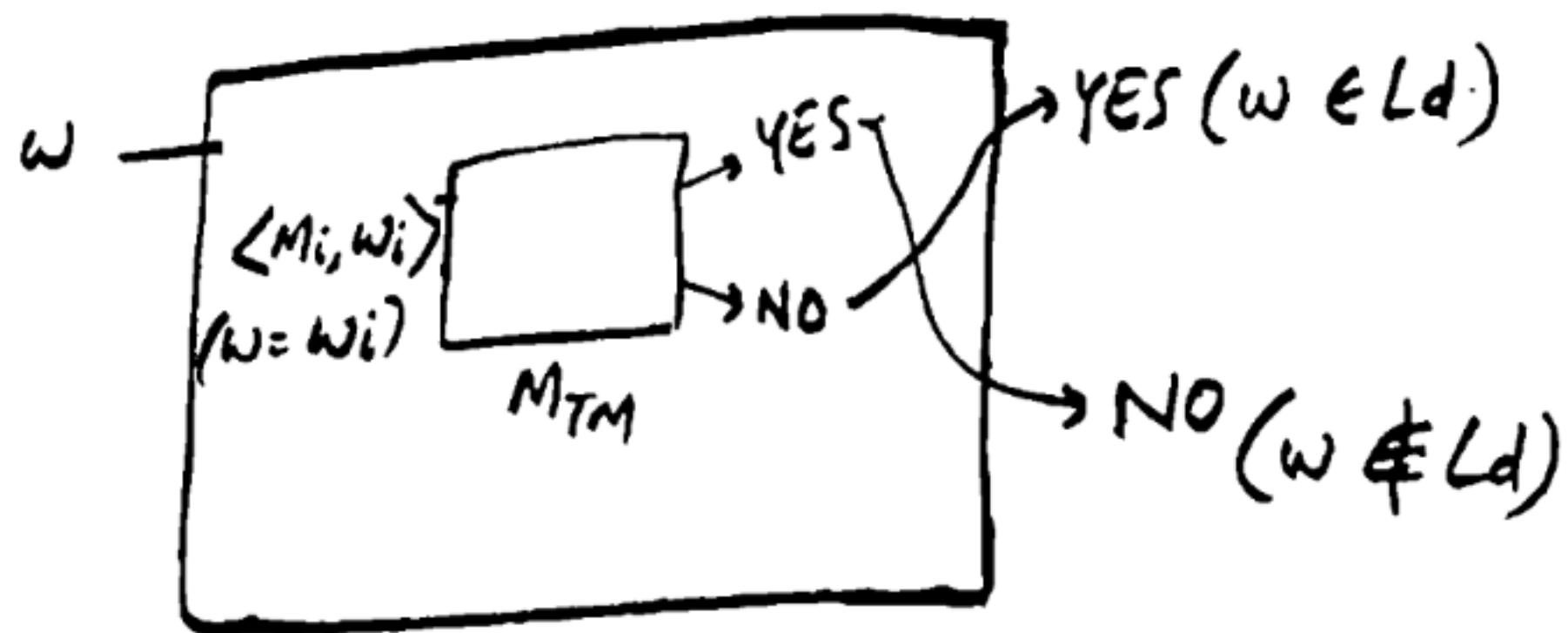
• Input:  $\langle M, w \rangle$ .

• Let us assume there is some  $M_{TM}$  that decides this language.

-i.e., it says YES if  $M$  accepts  $w$ ;  
No otherwise.

• Proof idea:

If such an  $M_{TM}$  exists,  $L_d$  is decidable.



$M_d$

- Find  $i$  such that  $w = w_i$ .  
Give  $\langle M_i, w_i \rangle$  as input to  $M_{TM}$ .

(SUDEEP)

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- Go over it and convince yourself.

i.e, if  $L_{TM}$  is decidable,

$L_d$  is also decidable.

- But we know  $L_d$  is not even recognizable. So we have a contradiction.

- It means  $L_{TM}$  is not decidable.