

Lab-03

To Solve the following Linear Regression Problem using matrix Approach.

To find linear regression of data of week & product sales

X_i (week) y_j (sales in thousands)

1

2

2

4

3

5

4

9

① matrix X :

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

②. Computing matrix $X^T X$ & $X^T y$

$$X^T X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 10 \\ 10 & 30 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X^T Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 54 \end{bmatrix}$$

③. Inverse of $X^T X$

$$(X^T X)^{-1} = \frac{1}{20} \begin{bmatrix} 30 & -10 \\ -10 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

④. We know that,

$$\beta = ((X^T X)^{-1} X^T) Y$$

$$\beta = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T Y$$

$$\frac{1}{20} \begin{bmatrix} 30 & -10 \\ -10 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 54 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\beta = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

⑤. Regression line equation

$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x$$

$$y = \underline{\underline{1 + 1.6x}}$$

1. Considering the data files: Did you perform any data preprocessing steps? If yes, how?

→ Canada-per-capita-income.csv: No preprocessing steps were required as the data file has no missing values or categorical variables.

→ salary.csv: There were missing values present in "Years of Experience" & "Salary" which was removed & filled using the "mean".

→ Hiring.csv: "Experienced" values were missing which were filled as "zero" & missing "test score" were filled using mean.

2. For Canada-per-capita-income.csv, did you visualize the regression line along with the data points? What does the plot tell you about the relationship between year & per capita income?

Yes, the regression line was plotted along with data points. The plot shows a strong positive linear relationship between year & per-capita income.

Indicating that as year increases the per-capita income also increases consistently over time.

3. For hiring.csv, what is the predicted salary for candidate with 12 years of experience, 10 test score & 10 interview score?

For candidate, the predicted salary is \$92268.0722

4. For 1000-compound.csv, Did you encode categorical variables (e.g: state)? If yes, how? Did you scale the features? If yes, why?

→ categorical-encoding -

The 'state' column was encoded using OneHotEncoder to convert categorical state to binary column

→ Feature Scaling: Scaling was not applied, while scaling can improve the model performance sometimes for features with vastly different scales

~~17/3/25~~