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Problem Statement: There can be multiple customers, who can place multiple orders on the site. Now a sales person can handle these orders will distribute into multiple sales persons (One order will be assign to one salesperson only). So a sales person can have multiple orders of multiple customers

1. Create Database

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl SQL > create database inventory;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.0372 sec)
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl SQL > use inventory;
Default schema set to `inventory`.
```

2. Design Schema

```
+-----+
| Tables_in_inventory |
+-----+
| customer             |
| orders               |
| salesperson          |
+-----+
```

```
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.0050 sec)
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > select * from orders;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| order_id | amount | cust_id | sales_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 101      | 100    | 1       | 2        |
| 102      | 450    | 1       | 1        |
| 103      | 450    | 2       | 1        |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.0012 sec)
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > select * from salesperson;
+-----+-----+
| salesperson_id | salesperson_name |
+-----+-----+
| 1              | Bob              |
| 2              | Andy             |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.0012 sec)
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > select * from customer;
+-----+-----+
| customer_id | first_name |
+-----+-----+
| 1           | Tom       |
| 2           | Jerry     |
+-----+-----+
```

3. Create tables

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > create table customer(
-> customer_id int not null,
-> first_name varchar(30),
-> primary key (customer_id));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.0644 sec)
```

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > create table salesperson(
-> salesperson_id int not null,
-> salesperson_name varchar(30),
-> primary key (salesperson_id));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.0676 sec)
```

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > create table orders(
-> order_id int not null,
-> amount int,
-> cust_id int,
-> sales_id int,
-> PRIMARY KEY (order_id),
-> FOREIGN KEY (cust_id) REFERENCES customer(customer_id),
-> FOREIGN KEY (sales_id) REFERENCES salesperson(salesperson_id)
-> );
```

4. Insert sample data

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > INSERT INTO customer (customer_id, first_name) VALUES ('1', 'Tom');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.0378 sec)
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > INSERT INTO customer (customer_id, first_name) VALUES ('2', 'Jerry');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.0043 sec)
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL >
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > INSERT INTO salesperson (salesperson_id, salesperson_name) VALUES ('1', 'Bob');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.0076 sec)
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > INSERT INTO salesperson (salesperson_id, salesperson_name) VALUES ('2', 'Andy');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.0040 sec)
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL >
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > INSERT INTO orders (order_id, amount, cust_id, sales_id) VALUES ('101', '100', '1', '2');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.0085 sec)
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > INSERT INTO orders (order_id, amount, cust_id, sales_id) VALUES ('102', '450', '1', '1');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.0045 sec)
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > INSERT INTO orders (order_id, amount, cust_id, sales_id) VALUES ('103', '450', '2', '1');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.0058 sec)
```

5. Find the sales person have multiple orders.

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > select sp.salesperson_id, sp.salesperson_name
-> from salesperson sp , orders o
-> where sp.salesperson_id = o.sales_id
-> group by sp.salesperson_id
-> having count(sp.salesperson_id) > 1;
+-----+-----+
| salesperson_id | salesperson_name |
+-----+-----+
| 1              | Bob              |
+-----+-----+
```

6. Find the all sales person details along with order details

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > select sp.salesperson_id, sp.salesperson_name, o.order_id, o.amount, o.cust_id
-> from salesperson sp, orders o
-> where sp.salesperson_id = o.sales_id;

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| salesperson_id | salesperson_name | order_id | amount | cust_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 2 | Andy | 101 | 100 | 1 |
| 1 | Bob | 102 | 450 | 1 |
| 1 | Bob | 103 | 450 | 2 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

7. Create index

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > CREATE INDEX index_on_cust_name ON customer (first_name);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.0923 sec)
```

8. How to show index on a table

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > SHOW INDEX FROM customer;

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Table | Non_unique | Key_name | Seq_in_index | Column_name | Collation | Cardinality | Sub_part | Packed | Null | Index_type | Comment |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| customer | 0 | PRIMARY | 1 | customer_id | A | 2 | NULL | NULL | | BTREE | |
| customer | 1 | index_on_cust_name | 1 | first_name | A | 2 | NULL | NULL | YES | BTREE | |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.0089 sec)
```

9. Find the order number, sale person name, along with the customer to whom that order belongs to

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl inventory SQL > select o.order_id, sp.salesperson_name, c.first_name
-> from orders o, customer c, salesperson sp
-> where c.customer_id = o.cust_id and o.sales_id = sp.salesperson_id;

+-----+-----+-----+
| order_id | salesperson_name | first_name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 101 | Andy | Tom |
| 102 | Bob | Tom |
| 103 | Bob | Jerry |
+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.0058 sec)
```