```
import numpy as np
# Create two random 3x3 matrices
matrix1 = np.random.rand(3, 3)
matrix2 = np.random.rand(3, 3)
print("Matrix 1:")
print(matrix1)
print("\nMatrix 2:")
print(matrix2)
# Calculate the product of the two matrices
product result = np.prod([matrix1, matrix2], axis=0)
print("\nProduct of matrices:")
print(product result)
# Perform element-wise multiplication
multiply result = np.multiply(matrix1, matrix2)
print("\nElement-wise multiplication:")
print(multiply result)
# Calculate the dot product of the two matrices
dot product result = np.dot(matrix1, matrix2)
print("\nDot product of matrices:")
print(dot product result)
Matrix 1:
[[0.46269482 0.1605347 0.86142764]
 [0.22252666 0.82588103 0.76073336]
 [0.15082994 0.39135715 0.93855117]]
Matrix 2:
[[0.15937351 0.31768567 0.93514727]
 [0.06997297 0.70378267 0.09101898]
 [0.84182388 0.6595554 0.22394663]]
Product of matrices:
[[0.0737413 0.05099957 0.8055617 ]
 [0.01557085 0.58124075 0.06924117]
 [0.12697225 0.25812172 0.21018537]]
Element-wise multiplication:
[[0.0737413 0.05099957 0.8055617 ]
 [0.01557085 0.58124075 0.06924117]
 [0.12697225 0.25812172 0.21018537]]
Dot product of matrices:
[[0.81014474 0.82813231 0.64021332]
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[0.73365771 1.15368008 0.45362972]
 [0.8415175 0.94237338 0.38685451]]
import numpy as np
# Create two arrays representing sets
set1 = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
set2 = np.array([3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
# Perform set operations
union result = np.union1d(set1, set2) # Union
intersection result = np.intersectld(set1, set2) # Intersection
set_difference_result = np.setdiff1d(set1, set2) # Set Difference
(set1 - set2)
xor result = np.setxor1d(set1, set2) # XOR
# Print the results
print("Union Result:", union_result)
print("Intersection Result:", intersection_result)
print("Set Difference Result (set1 - set2):", set_difference_result)
print("XOR Result:", xor_result)
Union Result: [1 2 3 4 5 6 7]
Intersection Result: [3 4 5]
Set Difference Result (set1 - set2): [1 2]
XOR Result: [1 2 6 7]
import numpy as np
# Create a random 1D array with 10 elements
np.random.seed(42) # Setting seed for reproducibility
random array = np.random.rand(10)
# Cumulative sum
cumulative sum = np.cumsum(random array)
# Cumulative product
cumulative product = np.cumprod(random array)
# Discrete difference with n=3
discrete difference = np.diff(random array, n=3)
# Find unique elements in the array
unique elements = np.unique(random array)
# Print the results
print("Random Array:", random_array)
print("Cumulative Sum:", cumulative sum)
print("Cumulative Product:", cumulative_product)
print("Discrete Difference (n=3):", discrete difference)
print("Unique Elements:", unique elements)
```

```
Random Array: [0.37454012 0.95071431 0.73199394 0.59865848 0.15601864
0.15599452
 0.05808361 0.86617615 0.60111501 0.70807258
Cumulative Sum: [0.37454012 1.32525443 2.05724837 2.65590685
2.81192549 2.96792001
3.02600362 3.89217977 4.49329478 5.20136736]
Cumulative Product: [3.74540119e-01 3.56080649e-01 2.60648878e-01
1.56039662e-01
2.43450960e-02 3.79770157e-03 2.20584225e-04 1.91064794e-04
1.14851916e-04 8.13234921e-051
Discrete Difference (n=3): [ 0.88027946 -0.39468929  0.75192011 -
0.54050251 1.00389023 -1.97915711
  1.445172371
Unique Elements: [0.05808361 0.15599452 0.15601864 0.37454012
0.59865848 0.60111501
0.70807258 0.73199394 0.86617615 0.95071431]
import numpy as np
# Create two 1D arrays
array1 = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
array2 = np.array([10, 20, 30, 40, 50])
# Addition using zip()
result_zip = [x + y \text{ for } x, y \text{ in } zip(array1, array2)]
print("Result using zip():", result zip)
# Addition using numpy.add()
result add = np.add(array1, array2)
print("Result using numpy.add():", result add)
# User-defined function for addition
def custom add(x, y):
    return x + y
# Use numpy.frompyfunc() to create a ufunc
custom add func = np.frompyfunc(custom add, 2, 1)
# Perform addition using the user-defined function
result custom = custom add func(array1, array2)
print("Result using user-defined function:", result_custom)
Result using zip(): [11, 22, 33, 44, 55]
Result using numpy.add(): [11 22 33 44 55]
Result using user-defined function: [11 22 33 44 55]
from functools import reduce
import math
# Define a function to find the LCM of two numbers
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```
def lcm(x, y):
    return x * y // math.gcd(x, y)
# Define a function to find the GCD of two numbers
def gcd(x, y):
    return math.gcd(x, y)
# Example array of elements
array = [12, 18, 24, 36]
# Find the LCM of the elements in the array
lcm result = reduce(lcm, array)
# Find the GCD of the elements in the array
gcd_result = reduce(gcd, array)
print("Array:", array)
print("LCM of the elements:", lcm_result)
print("GCD of the elements:", gcd result)
Array: [12, 18, 24, 36]
LCM of the elements: 72
GCD of the elements: 6
```