1. Prerequisites: 2GB RAM, 2 CPUs,

2. Ensure unique MAC address:

```
devops@devops-VirtualBox:~$ ip link
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN
mode DEFAULT group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
2: enp0s3: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel
state UP mode DEFAULT group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:58:da:07 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
3: enp0s8: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel
state UP mode DEFAULT group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:1f:03:46 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:
```

3. Ensure unique Product uuid

```
devops@devops-VirtualBox:~$ sudo cat /sys/class/dmi/id/product_uuid
[sudo] password for devops:
04ec4899-6462-f14d-b6a8-4d8a1a8abc9d
```

4. Ensure unique hostname for the machine:

Note: This may require you to start a new session for hostname to reflect in command prompt.

```
devops@devops-VirtualBox:~$ sudo hostnamectl set-hostname master

devops@master:~$ hostname
master

devops@master:~$ cat /etc/hostname
master
```

5. Set Static ip address in Ubuntu 18.04:

```
devops@master:~$ sudo netplan generate
devops@master:~$ sudo ls /etc/netplan/
01-network-manager-all.yaml
devops@master:~$ sudo cat /etc/netplan/01-network-manager-all.yaml
# Let NetworkManager manage all devices on this system
network:
 version: 2
  renderer: NetworkManager
  ethernets:
   enp0s3:
      dhcp4: no
      addresses: [192.168.56.120/24, ]
    enp0s8:
      dhcp4: yes
      nameservers:
        addresses: [8.8.8.8, 8.8.4.4]
```

```
devops@master:~$ sudo netplan apply
devops@master:~$ ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK, UP, LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN
group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
2: enp0s3: <BROADCAST, MULTICAST, UP, LOWER UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq codel
state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:58:da:07 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 192.168.56.120/24 brd 192.168.56.255 scope global
noprefixroute enp0s3
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe58:da07/64 scope link
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
3: enp0s8: <BROADCAST, MULTICAST, UP, LOWER UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq codel
state UP group default glen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:1f:03:46 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 10.0.3.15/24 brd 10.0.3.255 scope global dynamic
noprefixroute enp0s8
       valid 1ft 86340sec preferred 1ft 86340sec
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe1f:346/64 scope link
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
devops@master:~$ sudo cat /etc/hosts
127.0.0.1 localhost
          devops-VirtualBox
127.0.1.1
192.168.56.120 master
devops@master:~$ ping master
PING master (192.168.56.120) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from master (192.168.56.120): icmp seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.021
64 bytes from master (192.168.56.120): icmp seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.025
ms
^C
--- master ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1011ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.021/0.023/0.025/0.002 ms
```

6. Letting iptables see bridged traffic:

```
cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/modules-load.d/k8s.conf
br_netfilter
EOF

cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables = 1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables = 1
EOF

devops@master:~$ cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/modules-load.d/k8s.conf
> br_netfilter
```

```
> EOF
[sudo] password for devops:
br netfilter
devops@master:~$ cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf
> net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables = 1
> net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables = 1
> EOF
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables = 1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables = 1
devops@master:~$ sudo sysctl --system
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-console-messages.conf ...
kernel.printk = 4 4 1 7
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ipv6-privacy.conf ...
net.ipv6.conf.all.use tempaddr = 2
net.ipv6.conf.default.use tempaddr = 2
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-kernel-hardening.conf ...
kernel.kptr restrict = 1
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-link-restrictions.conf ...
fs.protected hardlinks = 1
fs.protected symlinks = 1
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-magic-sysrq.conf ...
kernel.sysrq = 176
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-network-security.conf ...
net.ipv4.conf.default.rp filter = 1
net.ipv4.conf.all.rp filter = 1
net.ipv4.tcp syncookies = 1
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ptrace.conf ...
kernel.yama.ptrace scope = 1
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-zeropage.conf ...
vm.mmap min addr = 65536
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/50-default.conf ...
net.ipv4.conf.all.promote secondaries = 1
net.core.default qdisc = fq codel
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-sysctl.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.conf ...
```

7. Check for availability of following ports:

```
Install "netstat" if not found using the following command.
devops@master:~$ sudo apt-get install net-tools

devops@master:~$ netstat --listen | grep 6443
devops@master:~$ netstat --listen | grep 2379
devops@master:~$ netstat --listen | grep 2380
devops@master:~$ netstat --listen | grep 1025[0-2]
devops@master:~$ netstat --listen | grep 3[0-2][0-7][0-6][0-7]
```

8. Install Docker:

a. Install packages to allow apt to use a repository over HTTPS

sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install -y \

```
apt-transport-https ca-certificates curl software-properties-common
gnupg2
  b. Add Docker's official GPG key:
curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-
key --keyring /etc/apt/trusted.gpg.d/docker.gpg add -
   c. Add the Docker apt repository:
sudo add-apt-repository \
 "deb [arch=amd64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu \
 $(lsb release -cs) \
 stable"
   d. Install Docker CE
sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install -y \setminus
 containerd.io=1.2.13-2 \
 docker-ce=5:19.03.11~3-0~ubuntu-$(lsb release -cs) \
 docker-ce-cli=5:19.03.11~3-0~ubuntu-$(lsb release -cs)
  e. Create /etc/docker
sudo mkdir /etc/docker
   f. Set up the Docker daemon
cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/docker/daemon.json
  "exec-opts": ["native.cgroupdriver=systemd"],
  "log-driver": "json-file",
  "log-opts": {
   "max-size": "100m"
  "storage-driver": "overlay2"
   g. Create /etc/systemd/system/docker.service.d
sudo mkdir -p /etc/systemd/system/docker.service.d
  h. Restart Docker
sudo systemctl daemon-reload
sudo systemctl restart docker
   i. If you want the docker service to start on boot, run the
     following command:
sudo systemctl enable docker
   j. Check for completion of Docker installation.
devops@master:~$ docker --version
Docker version 19.03.11, build 42e35e61f3
   k. To allow docker to be used as non-root user:
Create the docker group.
```

```
$ sudo groupadd docker
Add your user to the docker group.
$ sudo usermod -aG docker $USER
Log out and log back in so that your group membership is re-evaluated.
```

9. Install Kubernetes:

```
sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install -y apt-transport-https
curl -s https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt/doc/apt-key.gpg | sudo
apt-key add -
cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list
deb https://apt.kubernetes.io/ kubernetes-xenial main
EOF
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install -y kubelet kubeadm kubectl
sudo apt-mark hold kubelet kubeadm kubectl
Check for Kubernetes Installation:
devops@master:~$ kubeadm version
kubeadm version: &version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"20",
GitVersion: "v1.20.2",
GitCommit: "faecb196815e248d3ecfb03c680a4507229c2a56",
GitTreeState: "clean", BuildDate: "2021-01-13T13:25:59Z",
GoVersion:"go1.15.5", Compiler:"gc", Platform:"linux/amd64"}
```