Experiment 4

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Aim: To create an interactive form using the form widget

Theory:

1. Form Widget:

- The Form widget is a container used to group multiple form fields together.
- It helps manage the state of the form, including validation, submission, and resetting.
- The Form widget maintains a FormState object that holds the current state of the form fields.
- Form widgets facilitate form submission, validation, and error handling.

2. FormField Widget:

- A FormField widget represents a single form field within a Form.
- Flutter provides various subclasses of the FormField widget for different types of input fields, such as TextFormField, CheckboxFormField, RadioFormField, DropdownButtonFormField, etc.
- Each form field widget encapsulates the logic for validating user input and managing its state.
- Form fields can be customized with properties to specify validation rules, error messages, initial values, input formatting, and more.
- Form fields automatically register themselves with the Form widget and handle validation and state management transparently.

Validation:

- Flutter's form widgets include built-in support for validation to ensure that user input meets specific criteria.
- Form fields can be configured with validation functions or validators to check the correctness of user input.
- Validators can be synchronous or asynchronous functions that return error messages if the input is invalid.
- Flutter provides a FormFieldState class associated with each form field, which exposes methods to validate the field's value and retrieve validation errors if any.

4. Submission:

- The Form widget provides a mechanism to submit the form data once it's been filled out by the user.
- Developers can define an onSaved callback for each form field to specify how the field's value should be processed when the form is submitted.

 When the form is submitted, the onSaved callbacks for all form fields are invoked, allowing developers to collect, process, and submit the form data to a backend server or perform other actions.

```
class LoginScreen extends StatefulWidget {
class LoginScreenState extends State<LoginScreen> {
  void dispose() {
   super.dispose();
    emailController.dispose();
    passwordController.dispose();
     await auth.signInWithEmailAndPassword(
     Navigator.of(context).pushReplacement(MaterialPageRoute(
     print('Login failed: $e');
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
         children: [
```

```
height: MediaQuery.of(context).size.height,
padding: const EdgeInsets.all(15),
          child: Image.asset(
            color: Theme.of(context).indicatorColor,
     child: Container(
            borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(15)
         color: Theme.of(context).primaryColor,
        style: TextStyle(color:
        children: <TextSpan>[
```

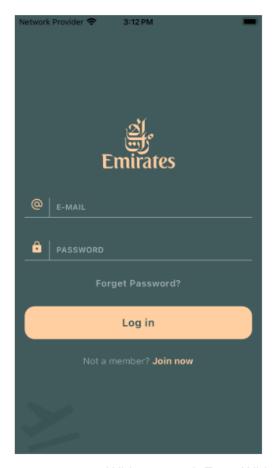
```
FontWeight.bold, color: Theme.of(context).indicatorColor),
 firebaseAuth.authStateChanges();
    await firebaseAuth.signInWithEmailAndPassword(
     password: password,
   await firebaseAuth.createUserWithEmailAndPassword(
     email: email,
     password: password,
  Future<void> signOut() async {
```

```
State<SplashScreen> createState() => SplashScreenState();
class SplashScreenState extends State<SplashScreen> with
SingleTickerProviderStateMixin{
 void initState() {
    controller = AnimationController(vsync: this,duration: const
    animation = CurvedAnimation(parent: controller, curve:
     Navigator.of(context).pushReplacement(MaterialPageRoute(builder:
       child: Center(
         child: Hero(
```

width: 200,

App UI:





Widgets used: Form Widget, Form Widget Fields

Conclusion: Therefore understood the use of form widget in Flutter. Implemented signup and login page using form widget in my Flutter application.