REPUTATION MANAGER

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Abstract

With the rise of internet in the recent times, the need of managing the image of an organization in this domain has become a crucial practice. This web application is a tool to extract data from various popular social platforms and use sentimental analysis to classify them into positive and negative feedback which will be very useful for the company. This paper highlights the methods of extracting useful data from Twitter, YouTube comments and online news platforms and implementation of sentimental analysis on them using techniques of artificial intelligence and deep learning.

Introduction

Reputation Manager provides:

- A secure online environment: Corporate teams that access and exchange restricted data online should do so confidently without the threat of privacy breaches. This is why roles, privileges and access must be assigned in a secure setting.
- Single platform/window: We offer a single dashboard through which users can hand out information. It serves as the single destination for information gathered from Twitter, YouTube comments, and different news sources.
- Search and monitoring functionalities: We track emerging stories and conversations and their corresponding origins.
- Cost-effective and practical: Conventional methods of monitoring millions of conversations about a single brand is not only tiresome, but very expensive as well. Our tool makes sure that it accomplishes in a cost effective and practical manner.

Proposed Method

A. Extraction of Tweets:

Tweets are extracted using the Twitter API offered by Twitter's developer platform and stored in a dataframe for analysis and processing.



Extraction of YouTube comments:

YouTube comments are extracted using YouTube API, which enables one to search for videos matching specific search criteria.

The extracted comments are stored in a CSV file with various columns extracted like username, description, time stamp, etc.



C. Extraction of News from Online Platforms

News circulated by various journalists and published by different newspapers which is extracted with the help of News API, which is a simple HTTP REST API for searching and retrieving live articles from all over the web.

Sentimental Analysis using SIA VADER

VADER uses a combination of a sentimental lexicon is a list of lexical features (e.g. words) which are generally labelled according to their semantic orientation as either positive or negative with a weighted compound score after appropriate and custom normalization.

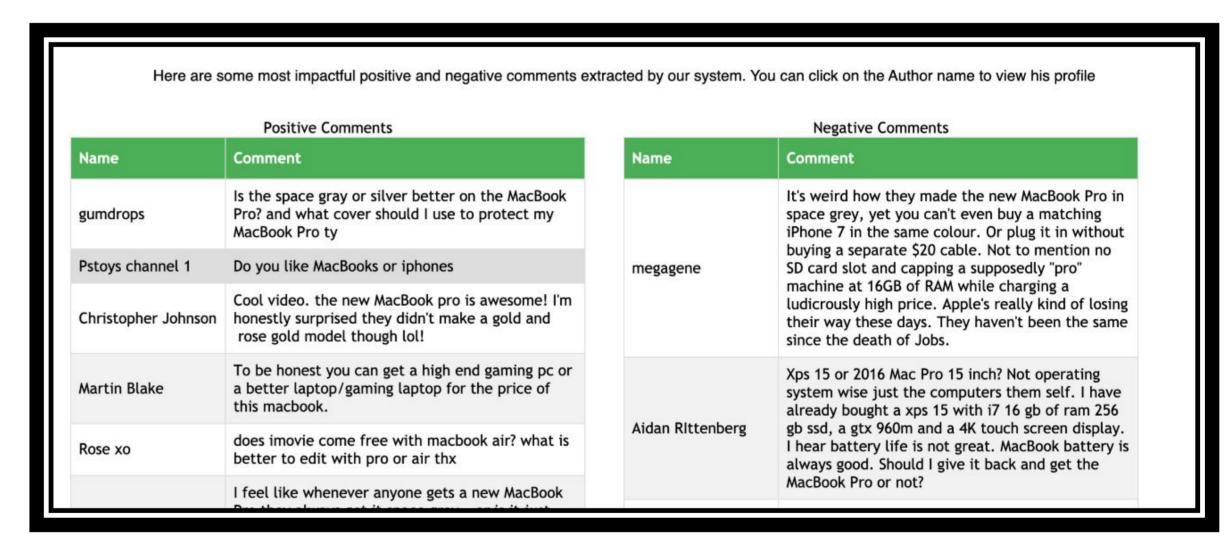
Sentimental Analysis using LSTM Model

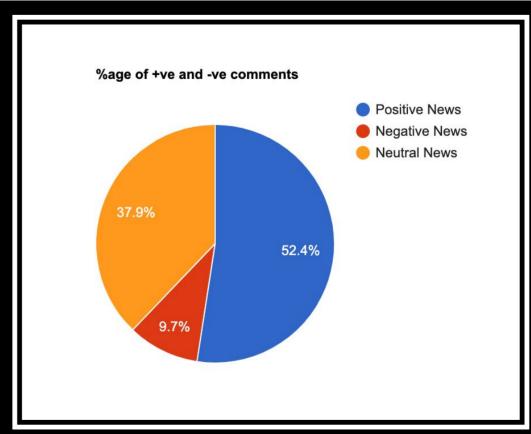
Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	(None,	45)	0
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None,	45, 50)	20000050
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None,	45, 128)	91648
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None,	45, 128)	0
lstm_2 (LSTM)	(None,	128)	131584
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None,	1)	129
activation_1 (Activation)	(None,	1)	0
activation_1 (Activation) ====================================		1)	0

Training Data	Epoch	Learning Rate	Optimizer	Loss Function
1,00,000	50	Default	Adam	Binary Crossentropy

Experimental Results and Discussion

Fitting was done over 50,000 training example, in batch sizes of 32 for 50 epochs and an accuracy of 76% was obtained on test set.





Conclusions

Our web application behaves a tool for companies and organizations classify them as positive and negative with a compound score, gauging their impact on the image and reputation of the company. This will help the company to counter and act upon the feedback or comment.

References

- YouTube Data API Documentation
 - Twitter API Documentation
 - News API Documentation
- Usage of NLTK-SIA VADER Documentation