



Laboratory Logbook

Introduction to Neural Computing and  
Deep Learning

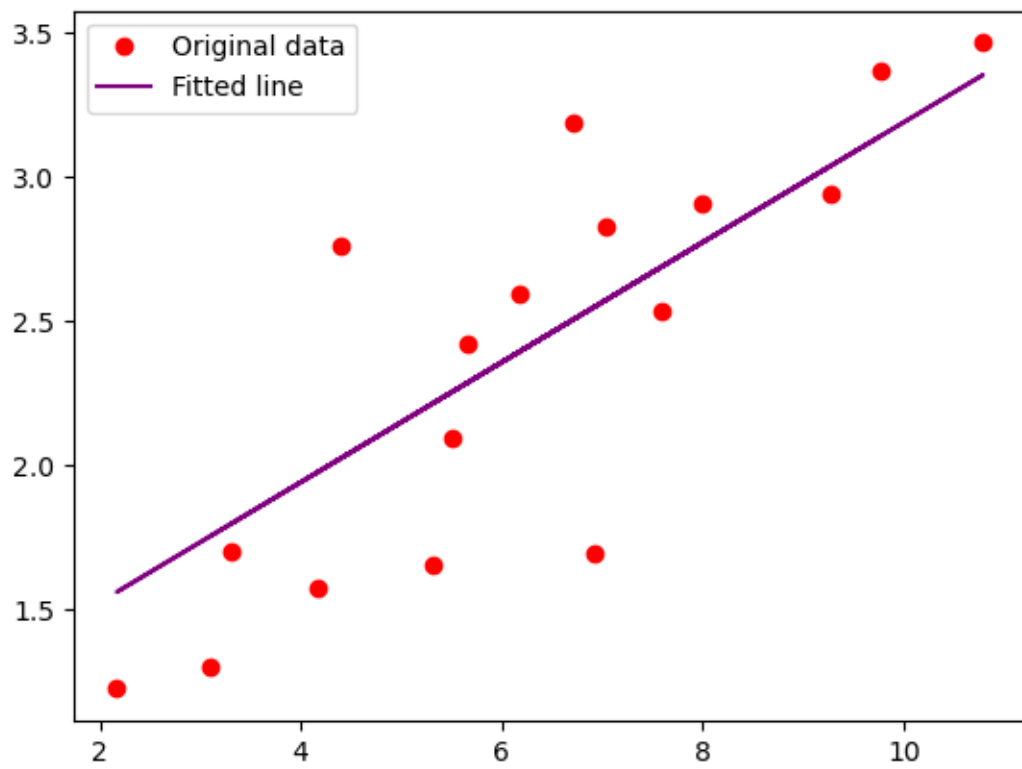
MOD006650

1915205

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## Lab 1



## Lab 2

Accuracy = 0.953

Model: "sequential\_3"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_15 (Dense)	(None, 10)	350
dense_16 (Dense)	(None, 9)	99
dense_17 (Dense)	(None, 7)	70
dense_18 (Dense)	(None, 4)	32
dense_19 (Dense)	(None, 1)	5

Total params: 556 (2.17 KB)

Trainable params: 556 (2.17 KB)

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

None

SID = 1915205

$1915205/8964879 = 0.214$

$h2=h2$  and  $h3=h4$

$x1 = 0.214 \times 23 = 4.922$

$x2 = 0.214 \times 32 = 6.848$

$x3 = 0.214 \times 56 = 11.984$

$x4 = 0.214 \times 48 = 10.272$

Because Hidden Layer 1 = Hidden Layer 2

Hidden Layer 1:

$0.2 \times 4.922 = 0.984$

$0.2 \times 6.848 = 1.37$

$0.2 \times 11.984 = 2.397$

$0.2 \times 10.272 = 2.0544$

Sum of these:  $0.984 + 1.37 + 2.397 + 2.0544 = 6.805$

Applying ReLU (can't have negatives):  $6.7925 > 0$ , and  $h1 = h2 = 6.7925$  therefore all fine

Now because Hidden Layer 3 = Hidden Layer 4

Hidden Layer 3:

$0.1 \times 6.805 = 0.681$

$0.1 \times 6.805 = 0.681$

$0.681 + 0.681 = 1.362$

Applying ReLU:  $1.362 > 0$ , and  $h3 = h4$

Output Layer 1 =  $0.5 + 2(0.3 \times 1.362) = 1.317$

Apply sigmoid:  $1/(1 + e^{(-1.317)}) = 0.789$

Output 1 = Output 2

Output Layer 1 =  $0.5 + 2(0.3 * 1.362) = 1.317$

Apply sigmoid:  $1/(1 + e^{(-1.317)}) = 0.789$

## Lab 3

## Lab 4

## Lab 5



## Lab 6

## Lab 7

## Lab 8

## Lab 9

## Lab 10

## Lab 11

## Lab 12

## References