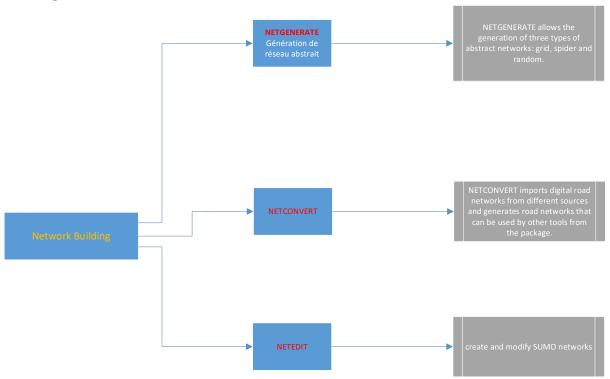
Table des matières

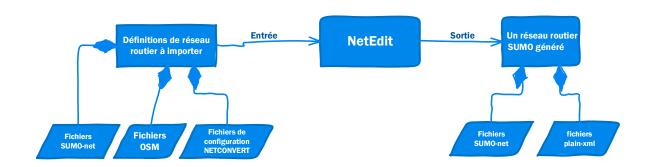
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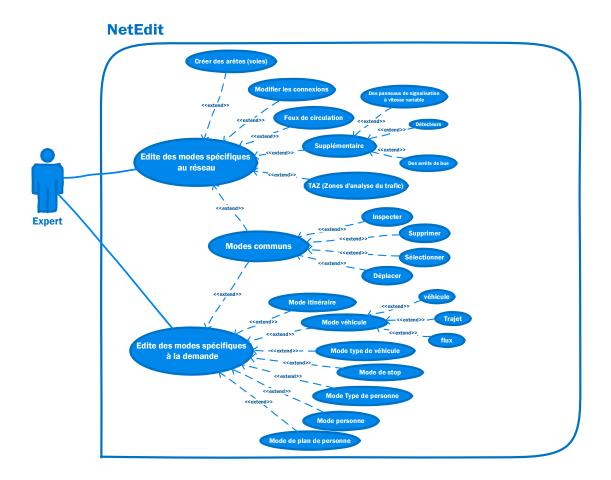
Réseau

SUMO guide 2

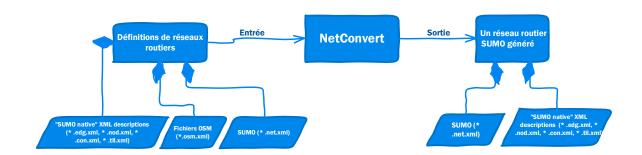


Architecture SUMO

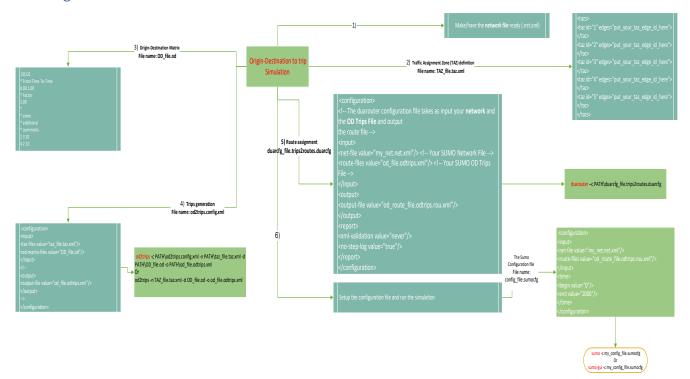




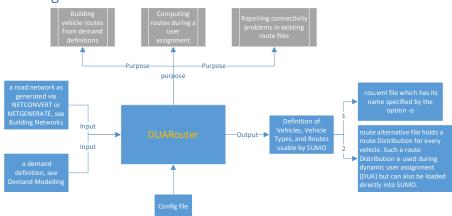
Architecture SUMO

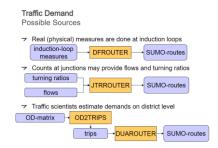


Demande



SUMO guide 2

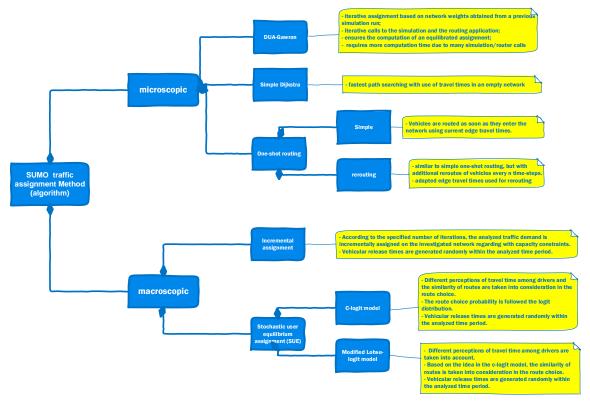




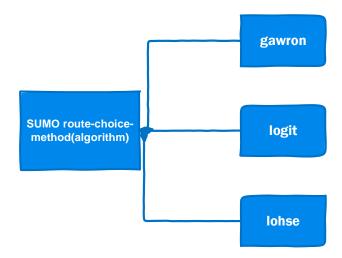
- → OD2TRIPS: converter for O/Dmatrices
- → JTRROUTER: router based on turning ratios
- → DUAROUTER: router based on a dynamic user assignment
- DFROUTER: router which uses detector data

Automatic Routing is incremental assignment. This happens automatically when using <trip> input directly in SUMO instead of <vehicle>s with pre-defined routes(or a mix).

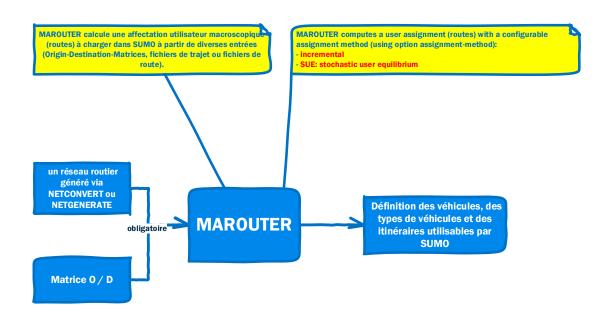
assignment



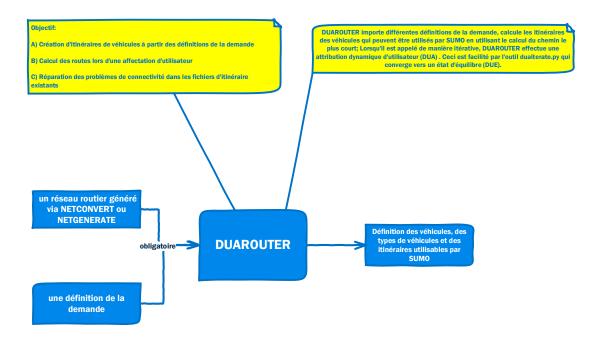
assignment



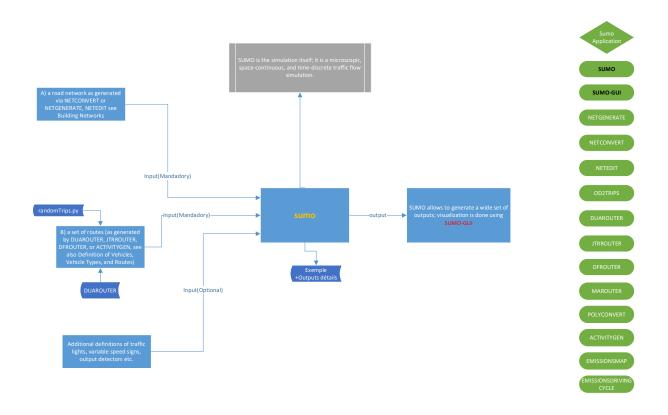
assignment

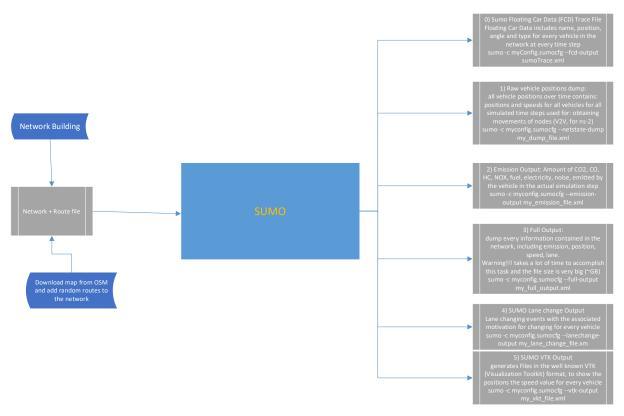


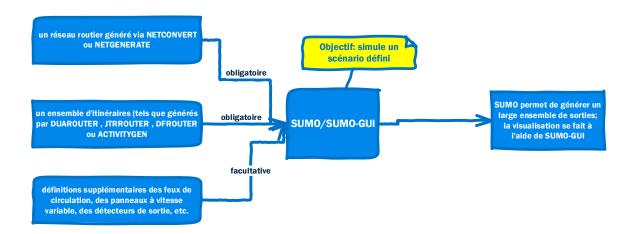
assignment



SUMO

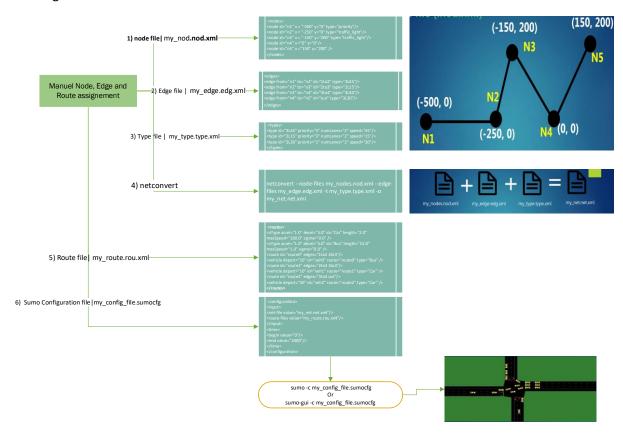


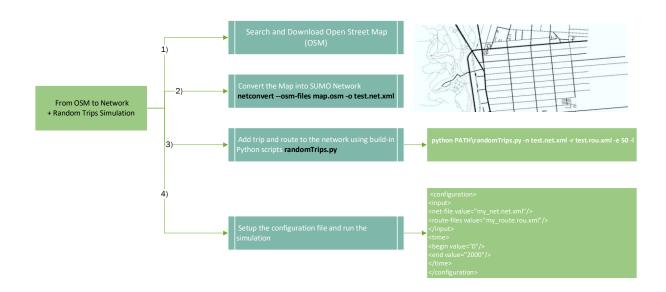




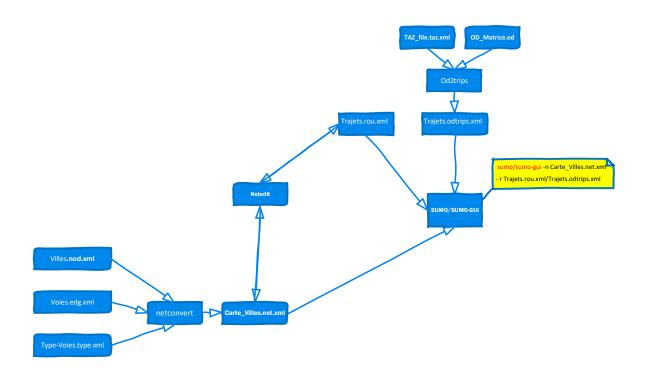
Réseau + demande + SUMO

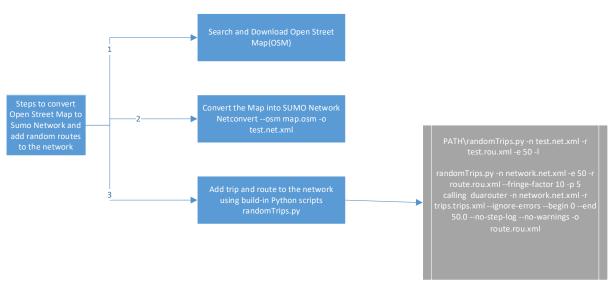
SUMO guide 1





Architecture SUMO





Exemple NetEdit VS SUMO ROUTING:

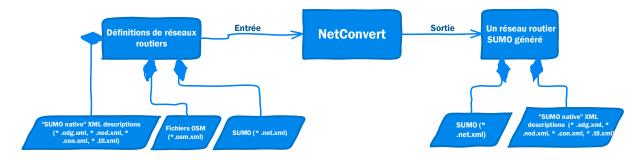
Réseaux / PlainXML

SUMO -Networks a deux représentations:

- Un ensemble de fichiers plain-xml qui décrivent la topologie et la géométrie du réseau
- Le fichier .net.xml qui est chargé dans la simulation. Il contient de nombreuses informations générées telles que les structures dans une logique d'intersection et de droit de passage.

NETCONVERT peut convertir librement et sans perte d'informations entre ces deux formats. Seul le format *plain-xml* est destiné à être édité par les utilisateurs. En revanche, le format *.net.xml* a beaucoup d'interdépendances subtiles entre ses éléments et ne doit jamais être modifié à la main. Le format *plain-xml* est décrit ci-dessous.

Il est possible de charger un fichier net.xml avec des fichiers correctifs plain-xml dans NETCONVERT pour modifier certains aspects d'un réseau existant.



1. Création manuel de réseau routière (nœuds et segments)

a. nodes file | Villes.nod.xml

b. edges file | Voies.edg.xml

c. Type edges file | Type-Voies.type.xml

d. Application netconvert

```
MINGW64:/c/SUMO_APP/Documentation/15_05/creation manuel de réseau — X

Administrateur@DESKTOP-GIM90V7 MINGW64 /c/SUMO_APP/Documentation/15_05/creation manuel de réseau

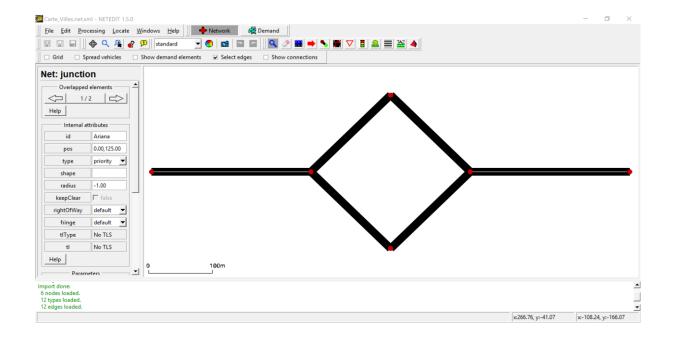
S netconvert --node-files Villes.nod.xml| --edge-files Voies.edg.xml -t Type-Voie s.type.xml -o Carte_Villes.net.xml
```

e. Carte_Villes.net.xml:

```
"http://sumo.dlr.de/xsd/net_file.xsd">

- clocation netOffset="375.00,125.00" convBoundary="0.00,0.0750.00,250.00" origBoundary="-375.00,-125.00,375.00,125.00" projParameter="!"/>

- ctype id="Type-Ariana-Tunis" priority="-1" numlanes="2" speed="120.00"/>
- ctype id="Type-Bardo-Damis" priority="-1" numlanes="2" speed="120.00"/>
- ctype id="Type-Bardo-Damis" priority="-1" numlanes="2" speed="120.00"/>
- ctype id="Type-Benarous-Bardo* priority="-1" numlanes="2" speed="120.00"/>
- ctype id="Type-Marsa-Benarous priority="-1" numlanes="2" speed="120.00"/>
- ctype id="Type-Tunis-Bardo* priority="-1" numlanes="2" speed="120.00"
```



2. Ajout de la demande(O/D)

a. Traffic Assignment Zone (TAZ) definition File | TAZ_file.taz.xml

b. Origin-Destination Matrix File | OD_Matrice.od

c. Application Od2trips

```
MINGW64:/c/SUMO_APP/Documentation/15_05/creation manuel de réseau
Administrateur@DESKTOP-GIM9OV7 MINGW64 /c/SUMO_APP/Documentation/15_05/creation
manuel de réseau
$ od2trips -n TAZ_file.taz.xml -d OD_Matrice.od -o Trajets.odtrips.xml
Success.time 2488.08
Administrateur@DESKTOP-GIM9OV7 MINGW64 /c/SUMO_APP/Documentation/15_05/creation manuel de réseau
```

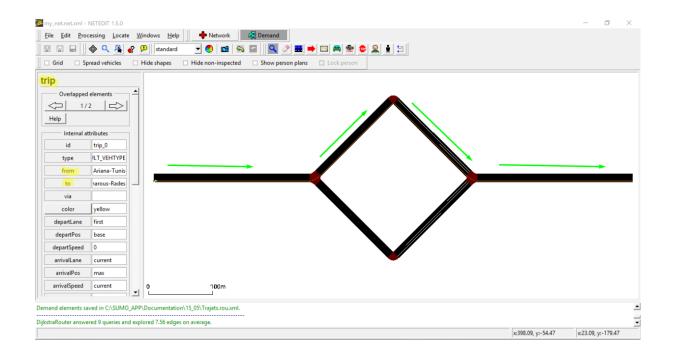
d. Trajets.odtrips.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
        ⊟<!-- generated on 05/15/20 13:46:24 by Eclipse SUMO od2trips Version 1.5.0</p>
<configuration xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="http://sumo.dlr.de/xsd/od2tripsConfiguration.xsd">
             coutput>
coutput>
coutput>
coutput>
coutput>
coutput>
configuration>
-->
croutes xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="http://sumo.dlr.de/xsd/routes_file.xsd">
ctrip id="0" depart="2488.08" from="Ariana-Tunis" to="Benarous-Rades" fromTaz="1" toTaz="2" departLane="free" departSpeed="max"/>
c/routes>
```

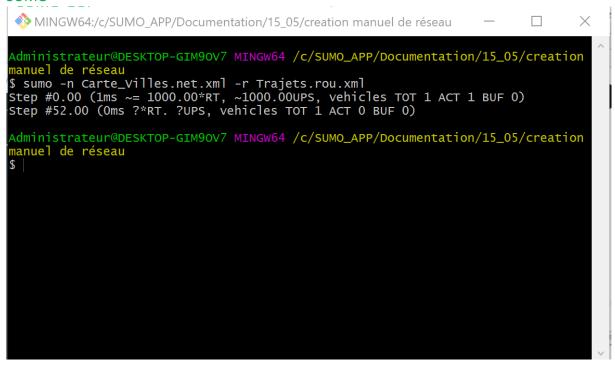
e. Fichier route Trajets.rou.xml

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
```

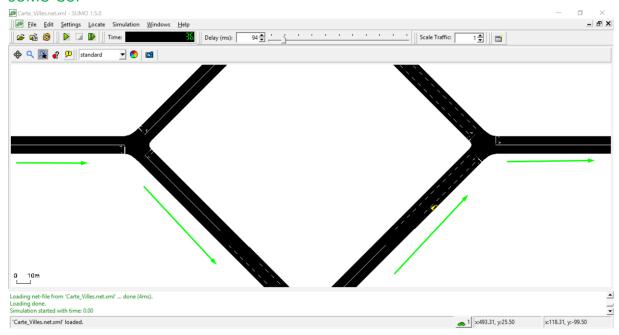
3. Ouvrir la carte et la demande dans l'application Netedit(optionnel) :



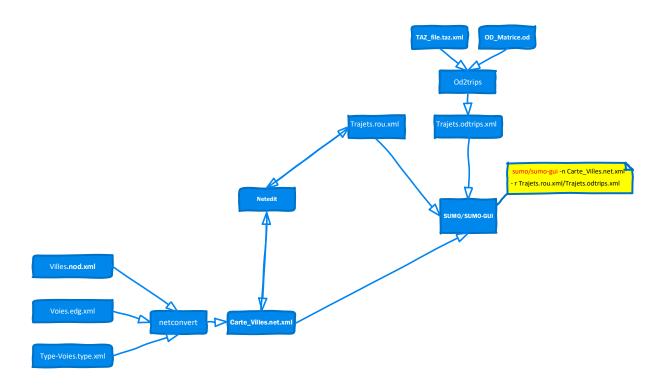
4. SUMO



5. SUMO-GUI

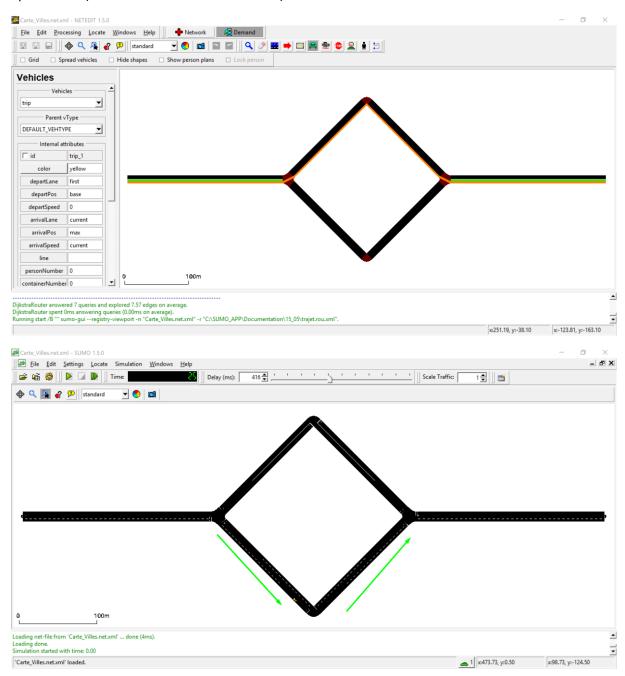


6. Organigramme explicatif

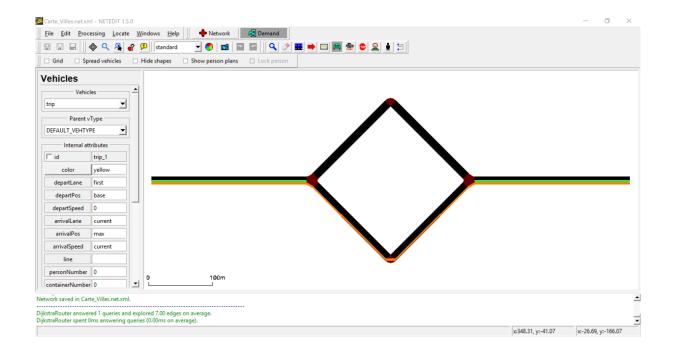


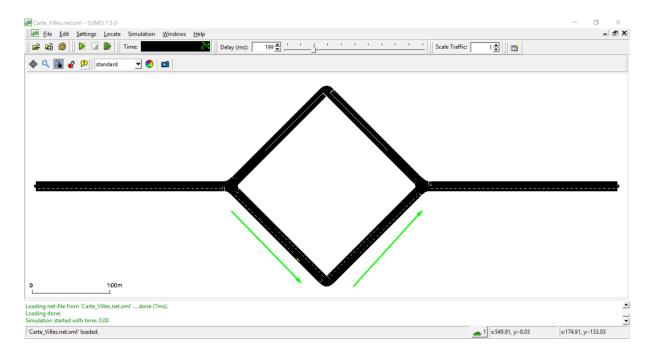
7. Evaluation

Speed =120 (Tunis-Marsa et Marsa-Benarous)

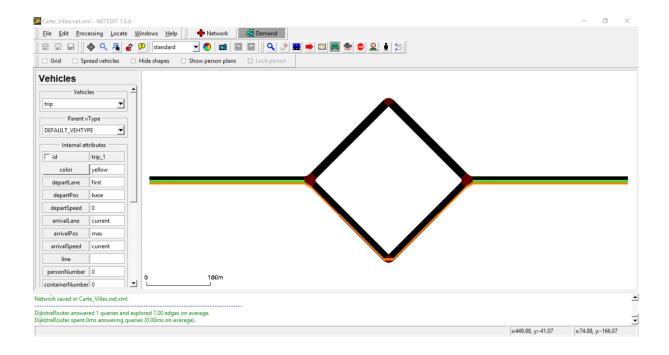


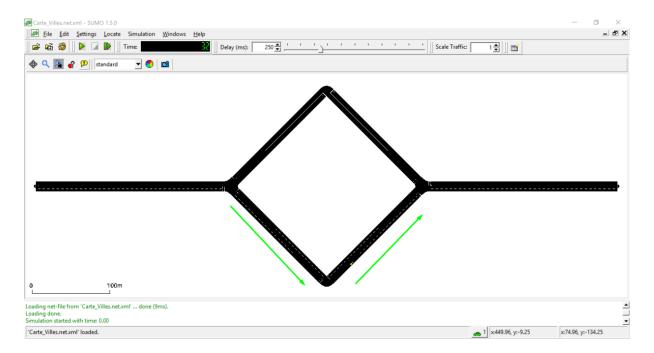
Speed = 60



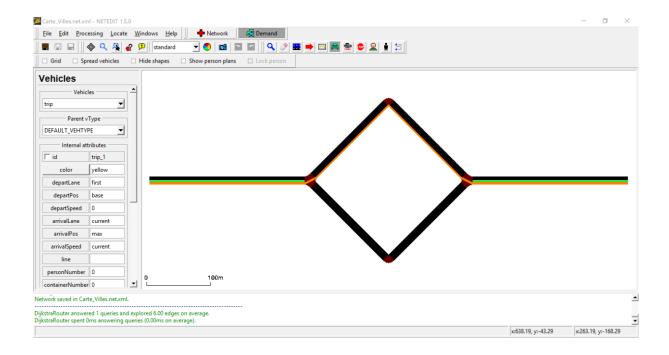


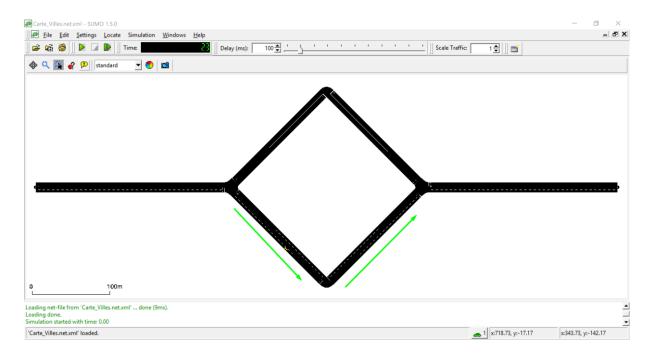
Speed = 20



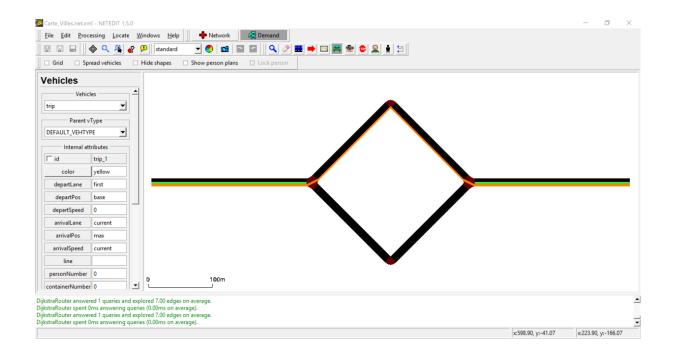


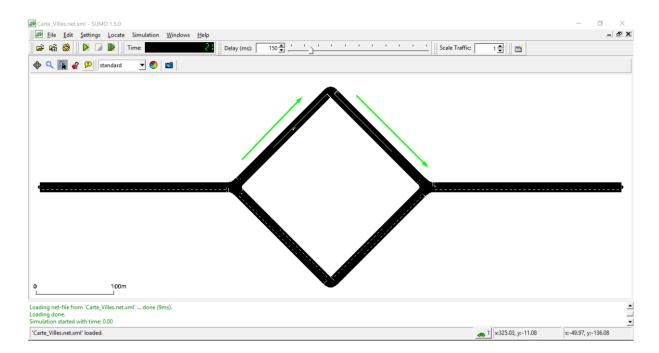
Length = 159.98



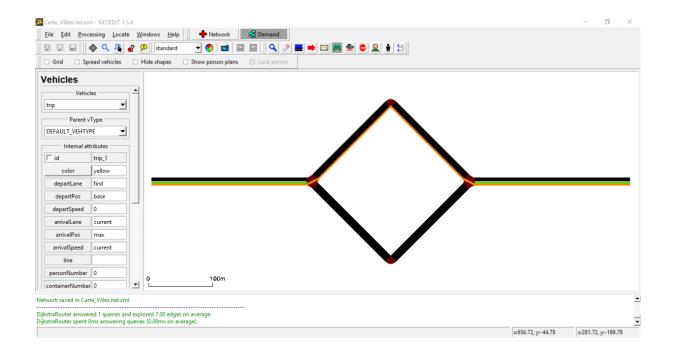


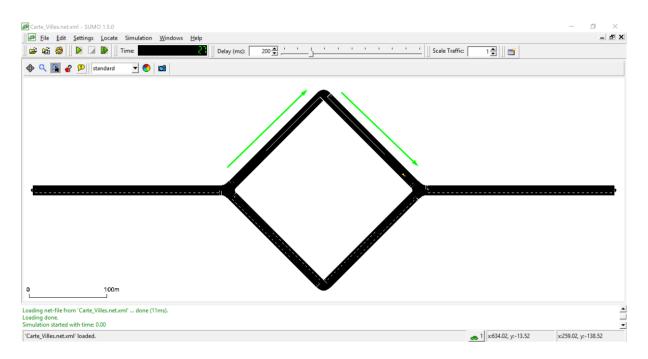
Length = 100



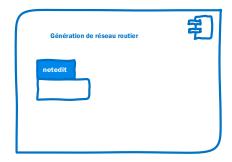


Length = 50

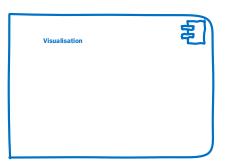




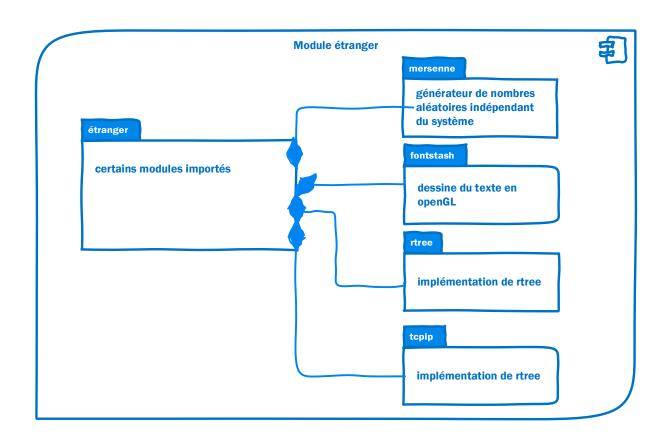
Architecture SUMO (les modules)

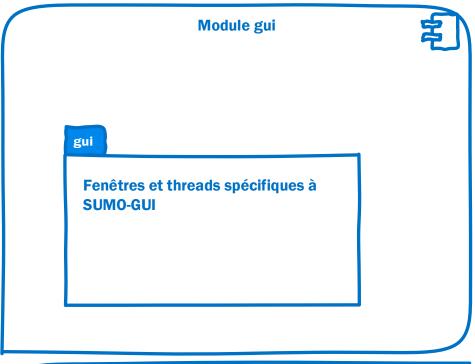


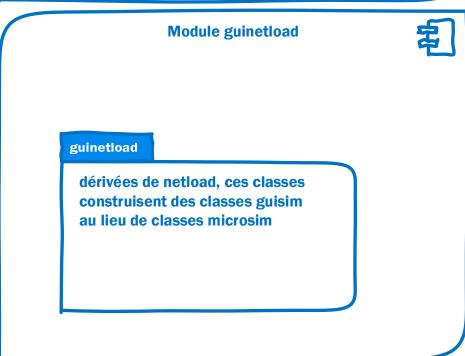




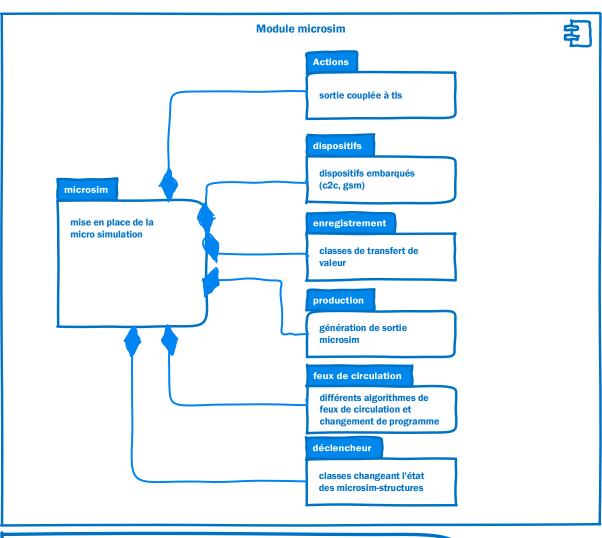
Architecture SUMO

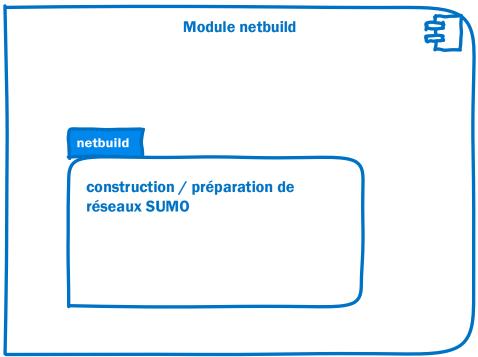






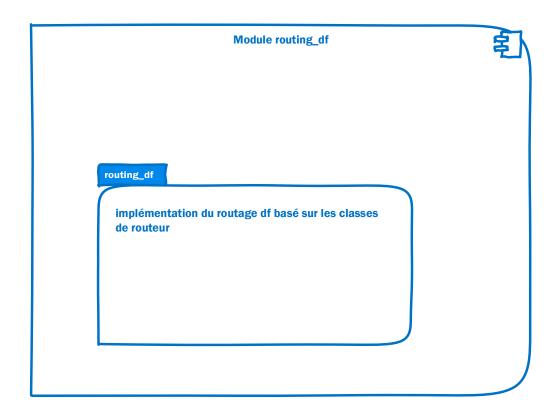
Module guisim guisim classes dérivées de microsim, étendues par des méthodes de visualisation et d'interaction **Module Icônes** Icônes icônes d'application (MS Windows)

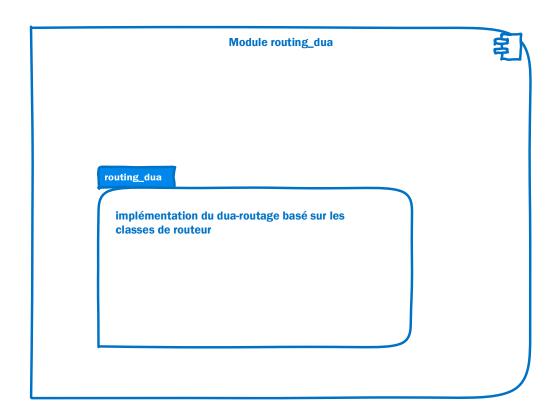


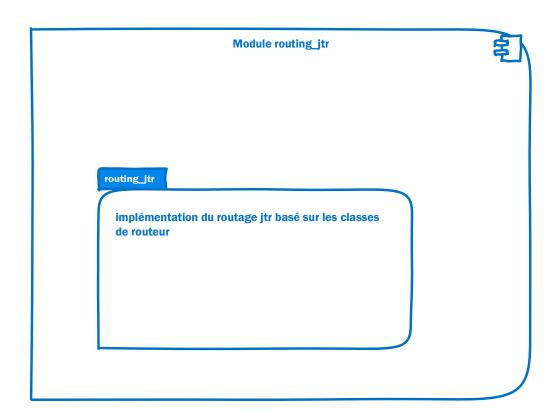


Module netload netload charge les réseaux SUMO pour la simulation, construit des classes microsim Module od2trips od2trips Importation et conversion de matrices O/D en définitions de déclenchement

Module polyconvert polyconvert Importation et conversion d'objets géométriques nommés, colorés **Module router** router Classes de base pour le routage des applications







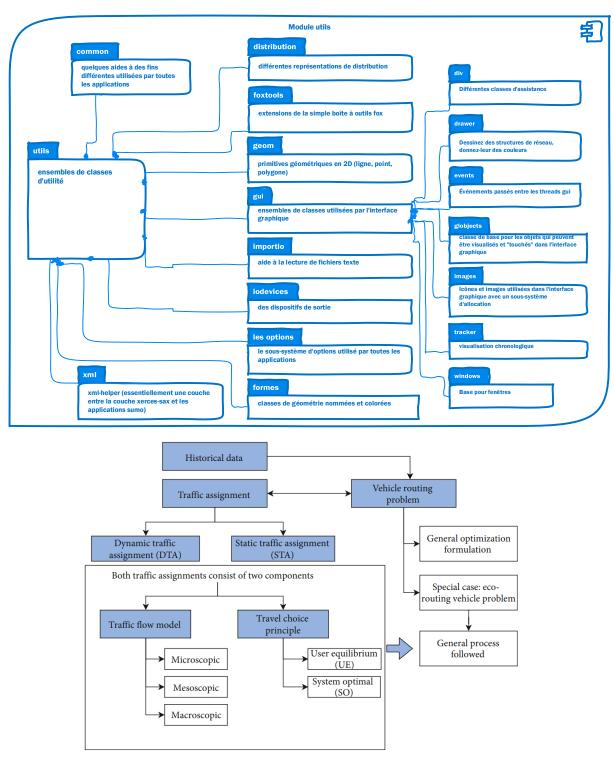
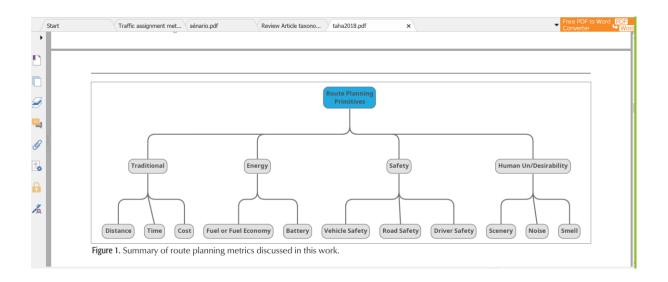


FIGURE 1: Traffic assignment classification, components, and traffic assignment relationship with routing.



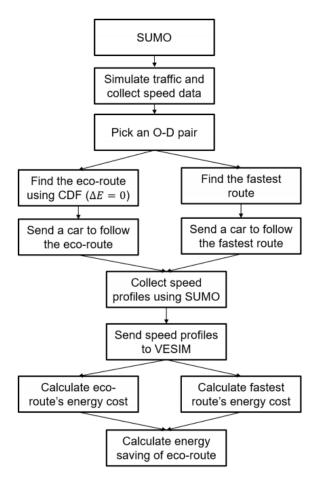


Fig. 18: Procedure for calculating energy costs using SUMO and VESIM