

Packet Tracer - Configure Initial Router Settings (Instructor

Version)

Instructor Note: Red font color or Gray highlights indicate text that appears in the instructor copy only.

Topology





Objectives

- Part 1: Verify the Default Router Configuration
- Part 2: Configure and Verify the Initial Router Configuration
- Part 3: Save the Running Configuration File

Background

In this activity, you will perform basic router configurations. You will secure access to the CLI and console port using encrypted and plain text passwords. You will also configure messages for users logging into the router. These banners also warn unauthorized users that access is prohibited. Finally, you will verify and save your running configuration.

Part 1: Verify the Default Router Configuration

Step 1: Establish a console connection to R1.

- a. Choose a **Console** cable from the available connections.
- b. Click PCA and select RS 232.
- c. Click R1 and select Console.
- d. Click **PCA** > **Desktop** tab > **Terminal**.
- e. Click **OK** and press **ENTER**. You are now able to configure **R1**.

Step 2: Enter privileged mode and examine the current configuration.

You can access all the router commands from privileged EXEC mode, However, because many of the privileged commands configure operating parameters, privileged access should be password-protected to prevent unauthorized use.

a. Enter privileged EXEC mode by entering the **enable** command.

Router> enable

Router#

Notice that the prompt changed in the configuration to reflect privileged EXEC mode.

b. Enter the show running-config command:

```
Router# show running-config
```

c. Answer the following questions:

What is the router's hostname? Router

How many Fast Ethernet interfaces does the Router have? 4

How many Gigabit Ethernet interfaces does the Router have? 2

How many Serial interfaces does the router have? 2

What is the range of values shown for the vty lines? 0 - 4

d. Display the current contents of NVRAM.

```
Router# show startup-config startup-config is not present
```

Why does the router respond with the startup-config is not present message? It displays this message because the configuration file was not saved to NVRAM. Currently it is only located in RAM.

Part 2: Configure and Verify the Initial Router Configuration

To configure parameters on a router, you may be required to move between various configuration modes. Notice how the prompt changes as you navigate through the router.

Step 1: Configure the initial settings on R1.

Note: If you have difficulty remembering the commands, refer to the content for this topic. The commands are the same as you configured on a switch.

- a. R1 as the hostname.
- b. Use the following passwords:
 - 1) Console: letmein
 - 2) Privileged EXEC, unencrypted: cisco
 - 3) Privileged EXEC, encrypted: itsasecret
- c. Encrypt all plain text passwords.
- d. Message of the day text: Unauthorized access is strictly prohibited.

Note: The activity is configured with a regular expression to only check for the word "access" in the student's **banner motd** command.

Step 2: Verify the initial settings on R1.

- a. Verify the initial settings by viewing the configuration for R1. What command do you use? show running-config
- b. Exit the current console session until you see the following message:

```
R1 con0 is now available
```

Press RETURN to get started.

c. Press **ENTER**; you should see the following message:

Unauthorized access is strictly prohibited.

User Access Verification

Password:

Why should every router have a message-of-the-day (MOTD) banner? Every router should have a banner to warn unauthorized users that access is prohibited but can also be used for sending messages to network personnel/technicians (such as impending system shutdowns or who to contact for access).

If you are not prompted for a password, what console line command did you forget to configure? R1(config-line) # login

d. Enter the passwords necessary to return to privileged EXEC mode.

Why would the **enable secret** password allow access to the privileged EXEC mode and **the enable password** no longer be valid? The **enable secret** password overrides the enable password. If both are configured on the Router, you must enter the **enable secret** password to enter privileged EXEC mode.

If you configure any more passwords on the router, are they displayed in the configuration file as plain text or in encrypted form? Explain. The service password-encryption command encrypts all current and future passwords.

Part 3: Save the Running Configuration File

Step 1: Save the configuration file to NVRAM.

a. You have configured the initial settings for **R1**. Now back up the running configuration file to NVRAM to ensure that the changes made are not lost if the system is rebooted or loses power.

What command did you enter to save the configuration to NVRAM? copy running-config startup-config

What is the shortest, unambiguous version of this command? copy r s

Which command displays the contents of the NVRAM? show startup-configuration or show start

b. Verify that all of the parameters configured are recorded. If not, analyze the output and determine which commands were not done or were entered incorrectly. You can also click **Check Results** in the instruction window.

Step 2: Optional bonus: Save the startup configuration file to flash.

Although you will be learning more about managing the flash storage in a router in later chapters, you may be interested to know now that —, as an added backup procedure —, you can save your startup configuration file to flash. By default, the router still loads the startup configuration from NVRAM, but if NVRAM becomes corrupt, you can restore the startup configuration by copying it over from flash.

Complete the following steps to save the startup configuration to flash.

a. Examine the contents of flash using the **show flash** command:

R1# show flash

How many files are currently stored in flash? 3

Which of these files would you guess is the IOS image? c1900-universalk9-mz.SPA.151-4.M4.bin

Why do you think this file is the IOS image? Answers may vary, but two clues are the file length compared to the others and the .bin at the end of the file name

b. Save the startup configuration file to flash using the following commands:

R1# copy startup-config flash

Destination filename [startup-config]

The router prompts to store the file in flash using the name in brackets. If the answer is yes, then press **ENTER**; if not, type an appropriate name and press **ENTER**.

c. Use the **show flash** command to verify the startup configuration file is now stored in flash.

Suggested Scoring Rubric

Activity Section	Question Location	Possible Points	Earned Points
Part 1: Verify the Default Router Configuration	Step 2c	10	
	Step 2d	2	
	Part 1 Total	12	
Part 2: Configure and Verify the Initial Router Configuration	Step 2a	2	
	Step 2c	5	
	Step 2d	6	
	Part 2 Total	13	
Part 3: Save the Running Configuration File	Step 1a	5	
	Step 2a (bonus)	5	
Part 3 Total		10	
Packet Tracer Score		80	
Total Score (with bonus)		105	