```
In [1]:
import os
import torch
import yaml
import glob
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
import torchvision.transforms as transforms
import torchvision
import torch.nn as nn
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
from torch.utils.data import Dataset
from PIL import Image
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd
In [2]:
def extract files():
    import google.colab
    import zipfile
    google.colab.drive.mount('/content/drive')
    PROJECT DIR = "/content/drive/MyDrive/thesis/data/"
    zip ref = zipfile.ZipFile(PROJECT DIR + "fiveK.zip", 'r')
    zip ref.extractall(".")
    zip ref.close()
```

In [3]:

```
def extract_files():
    import google.colab
    import zipfile

google.colab.drive.mount('/content/drive')
    PROJECT_DIR = "/content/drive/MyDrive/thesis/data/"

zip_ref = zipfile.ZipFile(PROJECT_DIR + "fiveK.zip", 'r')
    zip_ref.extractall(".")
    zip_ref.close()
```

In [4]:

```
if 'google.colab' in str(get_ipython()):
```

```
extract files()
  config path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/thesis/config.yaml"
else:
  config path = "../../config.yaml"
Mounted at /content/drive
In [5]:
device = torch.device('cuda:0' if torch.cuda.is available() else 'cpu')
print(device)
cpu
In [6]:
try:
    # Load configuration
    with open(config path, 'r') as config file:
        config = yaml.safe load(config file)
except:
    raise FileNotFoundError (f"Config file not found at path: {config path}")
In [7]:
base checkpoint path = config['paths']['checkpoints']
In [8]:
def load best checkpoint(checkpoint dir):
    # Check if the directory exists
    if not os.path.exists(base checkpoint path):
        print(f"No directory found: {checkpoint dir}")
        return None
      # Get a list of all checkpoint files in the directory
    checkpoint files = glob.glob(os.path.join(checkpoint dir, f'{os.path.basename(checkpoint dir)} *.pth'))
    # Check if any checkpoint files are present
    if not checkpoint files:
        print(f"No checkpoints found in the directory: {checkpoint dir}")
        return None
    best accuracy = 0.0
    accuracies = []
    epochs = []
    lossess = []
    for checkpoint file in checkpoint files:
        checkpoint = torch.load(checkpoint file, map location=torch.device(device))
        accuracies.append(checkpoint['accuracy'].cpu())
        epochs.append(checkpoint['epoch'])
```

```
lossess.append(checkpoint['loss'])
if best_accuracy < checkpoint['accuracy']:
    best_accuracy = checkpoint['accuracy']
    best_checkpoint = checkpoint

return best_checkpoint, accuracies, epochs, lossess</pre>
```

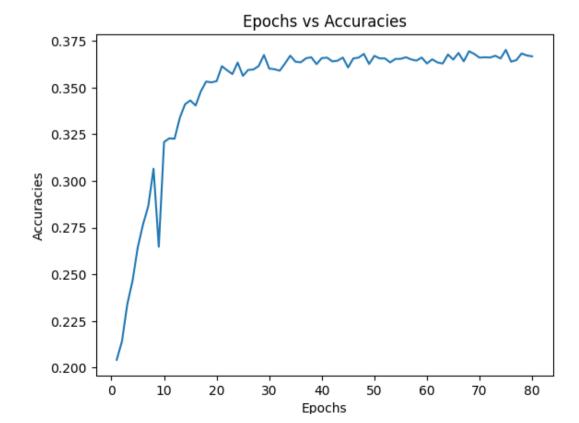
In [9]:

```
checkpoint, accuracies, epochs, losses = load_best_checkpoint(base_checkpoint_path)
```

In [10]:

```
# Draw the plot between epochs and accuracies
print(type(epochs[0]))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.plot(epochs, accuracies)
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracies')
plt.title('Epochs vs Accuracies')
plt.show()
```

<class 'int'>



In [11]:

```
# Draw the plot between epochs and accuracies
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.plot(epochs, losses)
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Losses')
plt.title('Epochs vs Losses')
plt.show()
```

Epochs vs Losses 3.50 3.25 3.00 2.75 2.50 2.25 2.00 1.75 1.50 30 40 70 0 10 20 50 60 80 Epochs

```
In [12]:
```

```
print(checkpoint['accuracy'])
tensor(0.3702, dtype=torch.float64)
```

In [13]:

```
model_name = config['model']['name']
if not model_name.startswith('resnet'):
```

```
raise ValueError("Model name must start with 'resnet'")
In [14]:
if config['model']['type'] == 'FEATURE EXTRACTOR':
    model = torchvision.models. dict [model name] (weights='IMAGENET1K V1')
    # Freeze all layers except the fully connected layers
    for param in model.parameters():
        param.requires grad = False
elif config['model']['type'] == 'FINE TUNING':
    model = torchvision.models. dict [model name] (weights='IMAGENET1K V1')
elif config['model']['type'] == 'TRAIN FROM SCRATCH':
    model = torchvision.models. dict [model name] (weights=None)
else:
    raise ValueError(f"Unknown model type: {config['model']['type']}")
num ftrs = model.fc.in features
model.fc = nn.Linear(num ftrs, config['model']['num classes'])
model = model.to(device)
In [15]:
model.load state dict(checkpoint['state dict'])
Out[15]:
<all keys matched successfully>
In [16]:
print(checkpoint['epoch'])
75
In [17]:
# List of class directories
class directories = ['expA', 'expB', 'expC', 'expD', 'expE']
In [18]:
class CustomDataset(Dataset):
    def init (self, data dir, filename, transform=None):
        super(). init ()
        self.filename = filename
        self.transform = transform
        self.classname = self. extract class name(data dir)
        self.encode = {k: i for i, k in enumerate(class directories)}
```

```
# Read the train.txt file and store the image paths
        with open(self.filename) as f:
            self.image paths = [os.path.join(data dir, line.strip()) for line in f]
    def len (self):
        return len(self.image paths)
    def getitem (self, index):
        image path = self.image paths[index]
        image = Image.open(image path)
        label = self.encode[self.classname]
        if self.transform is not None:
            image = self.transform(image)
        return image, label
    def extract class name(self, root dir):
        # Extract the class name from the root directory
        class name = os.path.basename(root dir)
        return class name
In [19]:
data folder = config['paths']['data']
test file = config['paths']['test']
In [20]:
def read dataset(data folder, txt file, trasform=None):
    # Create separate datasets for each class
    datasets = []
    for class dir in class directories:
        class train dataset = CustomDataset(
            data dir=os.path.join(data folder, class dir),
            filename=os.path.join(txt file),
            transform=trasform
        datasets.append(class train dataset)
    return datasets
In [21]:
test tr = transforms.Compose([
```

тъ гоот.

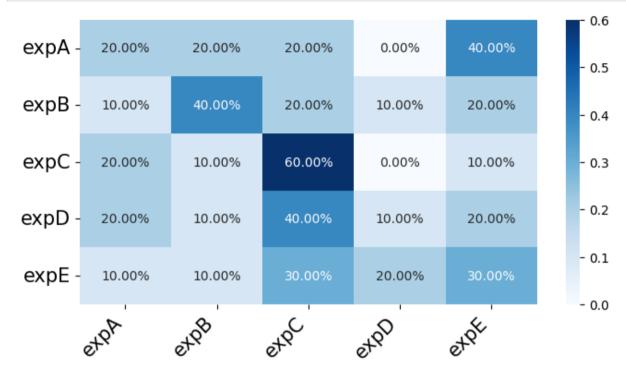
])

transforms.CenterCrop(224),
transforms.ToTensor(),

transforms.Normalize([0.485, 0.456, 0.406], [0.229, 0.224, 0.225])

```
111 [ZZ]:
test dataset = torch.utils.data.ConcatDataset(read dataset(data folder, test file, test tr))
In [23]:
bs = 64
In [24]:
test dataloader = DataLoader(test dataset, batch size=bs*2, shuffle=False)
In [25]:
def test accuracy(model, data loader, device):
    model.eval()
    correct = 0
    total = 0
    nb classes = len(class directories)
    confusion matrix = np.zeros((nb classes, nb classes))
    with torch.no grad():
        for data in data loader:
            images, labels = data[0].to(device), data[1].to(device)
            outputs = model(images)
            , predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
            total += labels.size(0)
            correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
            for t, p in zip(labels, predicted):
                confusion matrix[t.long(), p.long()] += 1
    return round(100 * correct / total, 2), confusion matrix
In [26]:
accuracy, confusion matrix = test accuracy(model, test dataloader, device)
In [27]:
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}%")
Accuracy: 32.0%
In [28]:
plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
class names = list(class directories)
confusion matrix = confusion matrix / confusion matrix.sum(axis=1, keepdims=True)
```

```
df_cm = pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix, index=class_names, columns=class_names).astype(float)
heatmap = sns.heatmap(df_cm, annot=True, fmt='.2%', cmap='Blues')
heatmap.yaxis.set_ticklabels(heatmap.yaxis.get_ticklabels(), rotation=0, ha='right', fontsize=15)
heatmap.xaxis.set_ticklabels(heatmap.xaxis.get_ticklabels(), rotation=45, ha='right', fontsize=15)
plt.show()
```



In [29]:

```
def imshow(inp, title=None):
    """Display image for Tensor."""
    inp = inp.numpy().transpose((1, 2, 0))
    mean = np.array([0.485, 0.456, 0.406])
    std = np.array([0.229, 0.224, 0.225])
    inp = std * inp + mean
    inp = np.clip(inp, 0, 1)
    plt.imshow(inp)
    if title is not None:
        plt.title(title)
    plt.pause(0.001) # pause a bit so that plots are updated
```

In [30]:

```
def visualize_model_predictions(model,img_path):
    was_training = model.training
```

```
model.eval()

img = Image.open(img_path)
img = test_tr(img)
img = img.unsqueeze(0)

img = img.to(device)

with torch.no_grad():
    outputs = model(img)
    _, preds = torch.max(outputs, 1)

ax = plt.subplot(2,2,1)
ax.axis('off')
ax.axis('off')
ax.set_title(f'Predicted: {class_directories[preds[0]]}')
imshow(img.cpu().data[0])

model.train(mode=was_training)
```

In [31]:

```
visualize_model_predictions(model, img_path=os.path.join(config['paths']['data'], 'expC', '4100.png'))
```

Predicted: expB



In [31]: