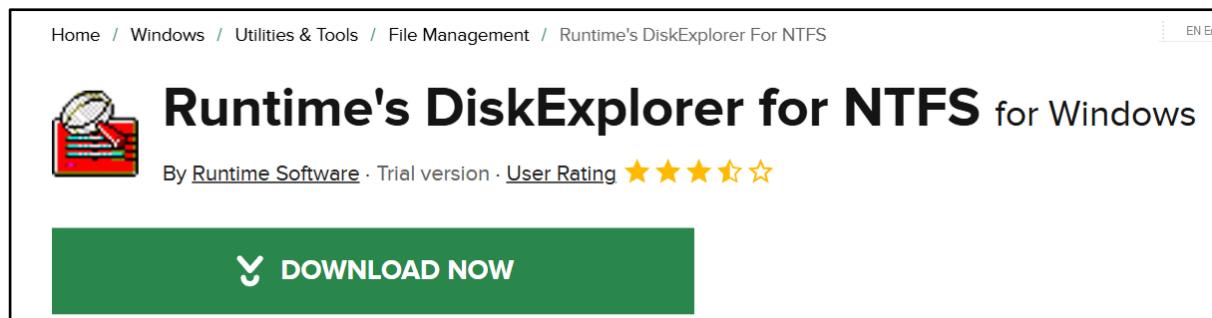


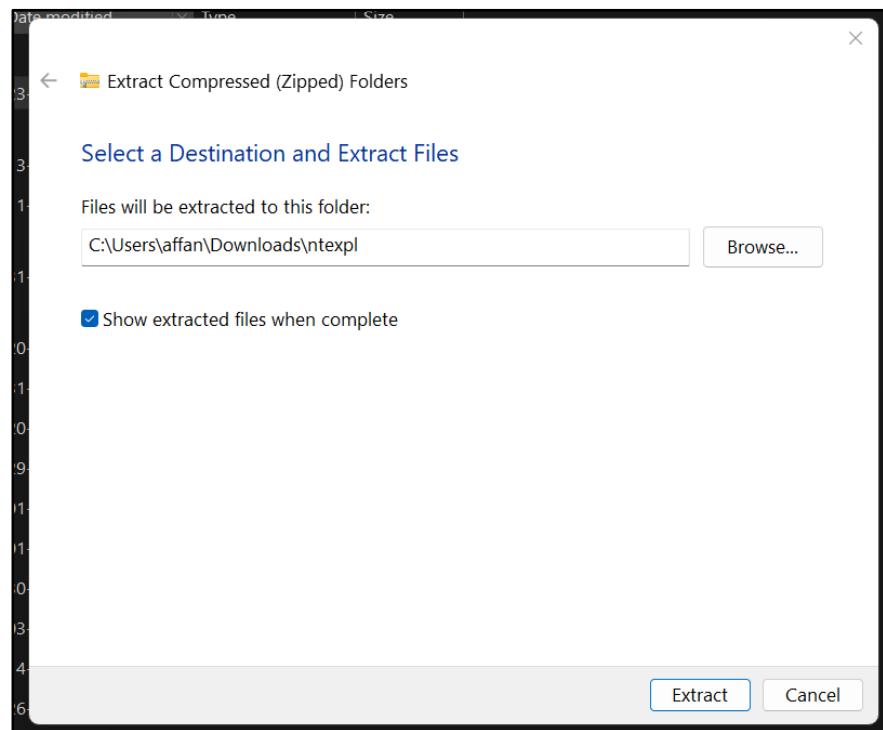
# DATA ACQUISITION AND DUPLICATION

## a) Investigating NTFS Drive Using DiskExplorer for NTFS.

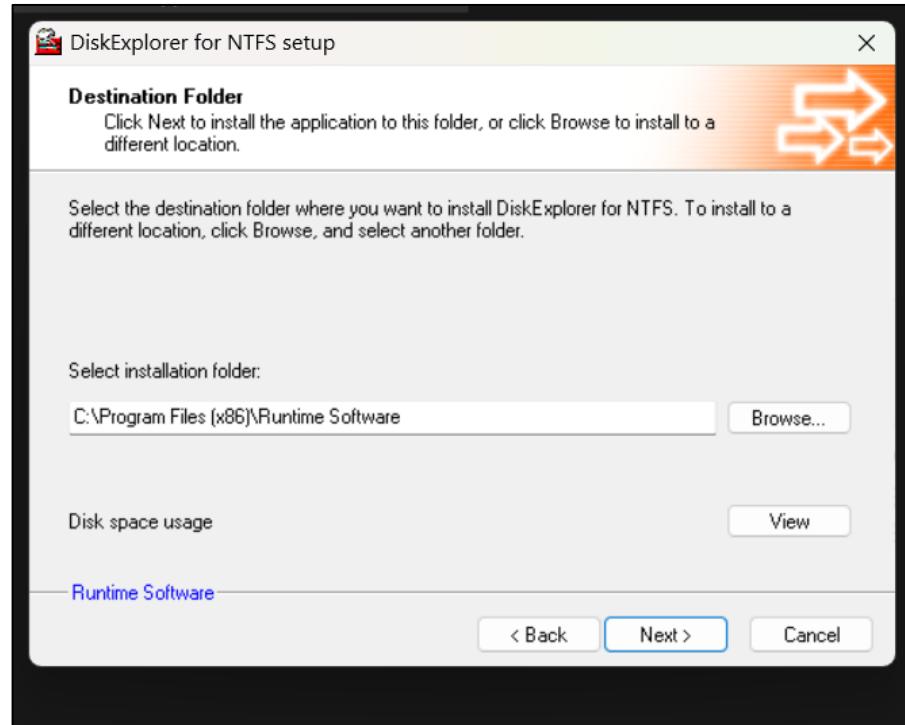
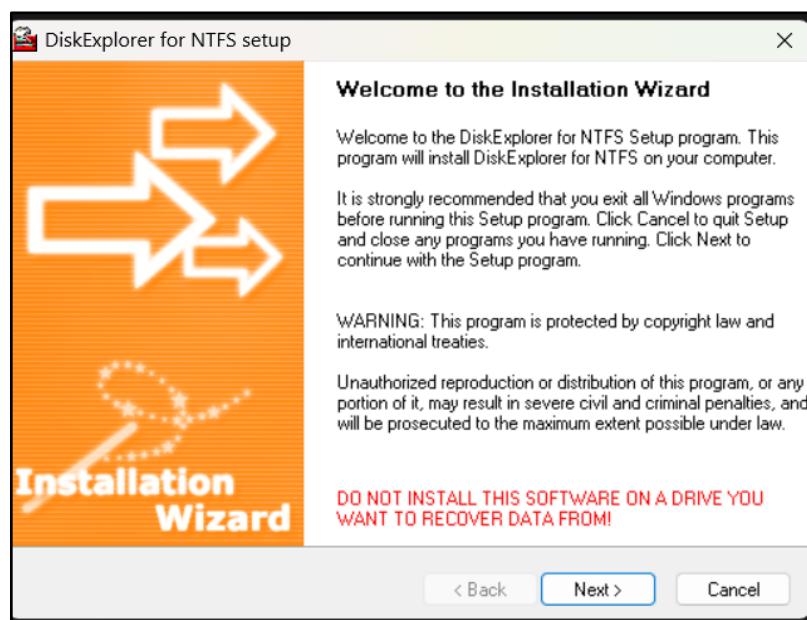
Go to Google → Download RUN TIME DISK EXPLORER FOR NTFS

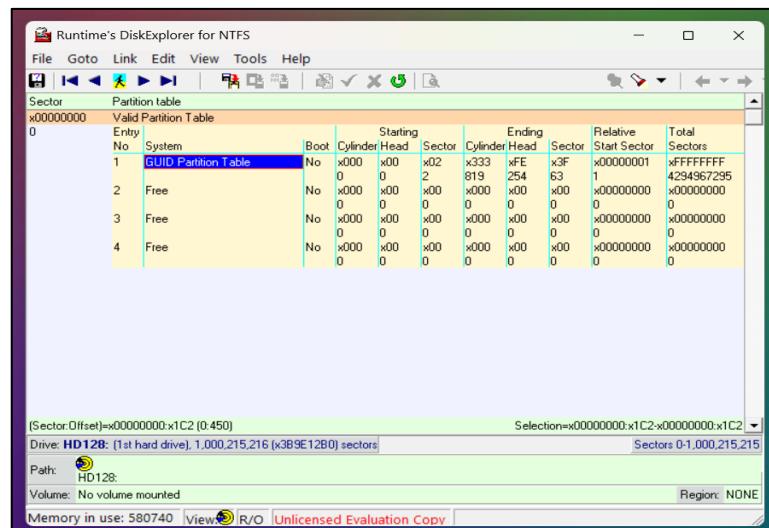
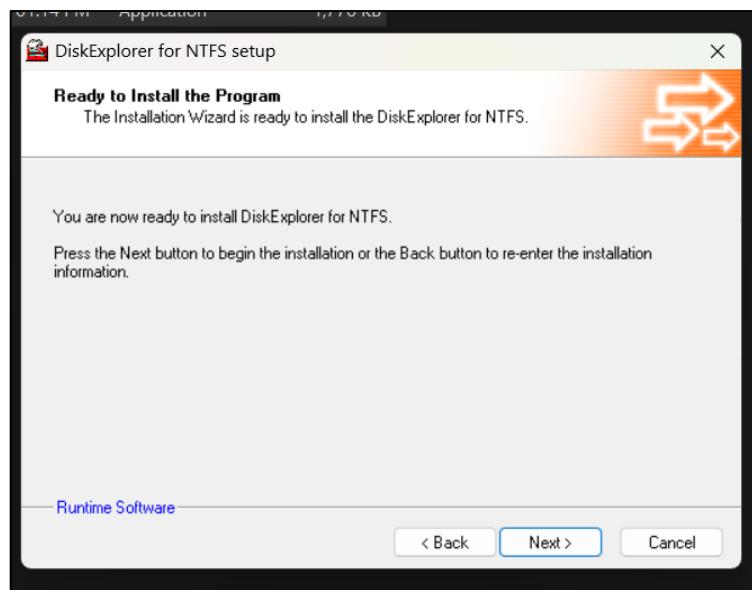


→ Install the Application → Extract file

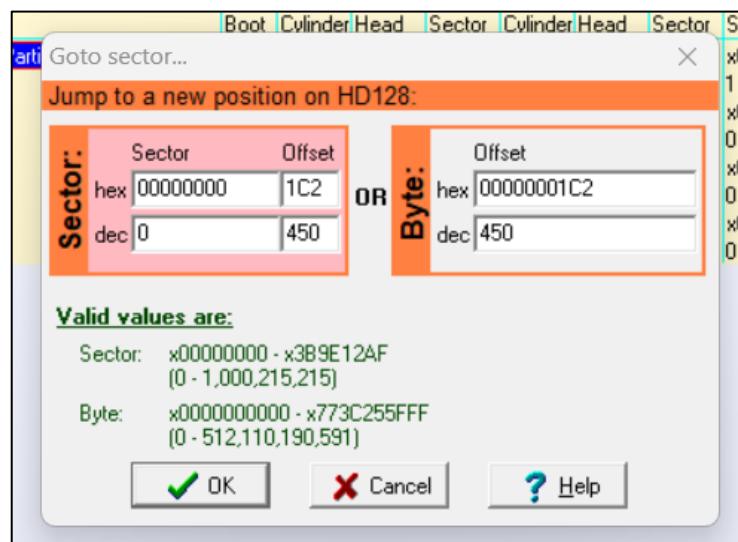


Next → Next → Next → Finished.

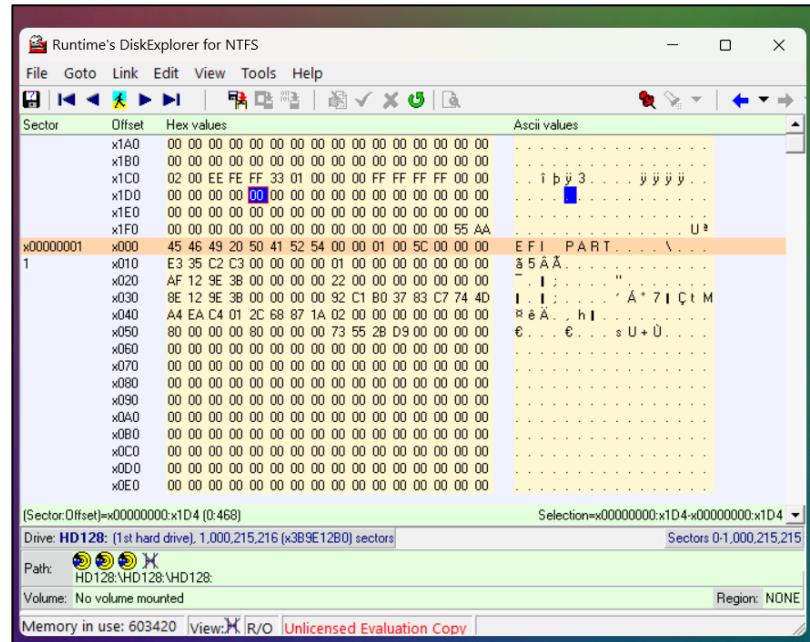




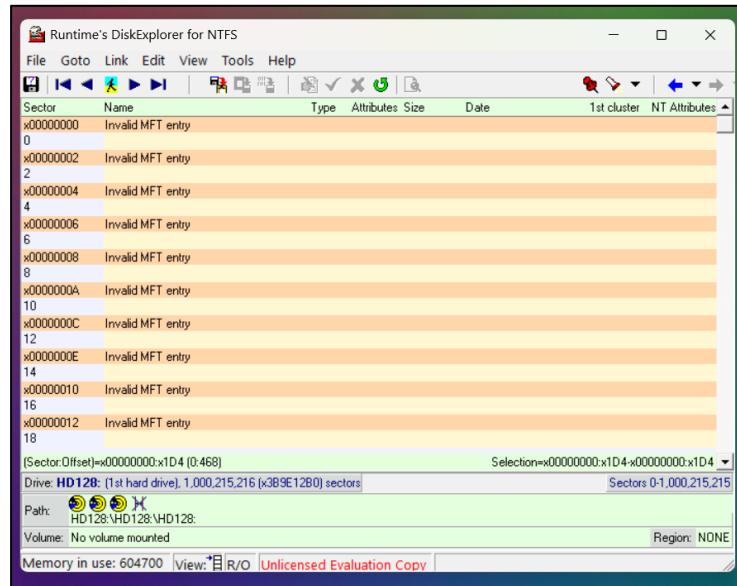
## GO to Certain SECTOR (User-Icon)

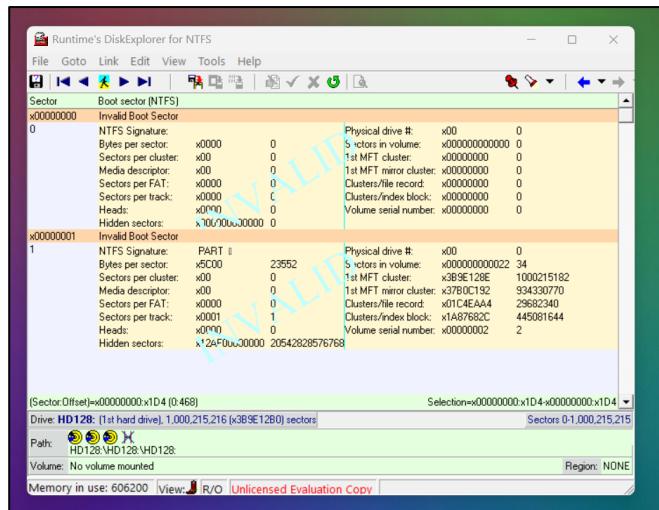


**Click OK → Then Go to FORWARD Button Click 3times → Then Click on GOTO Menu bar Select Partition Table Option → Then Click on BOOT Record → then Click on Cluster Option → OK.**

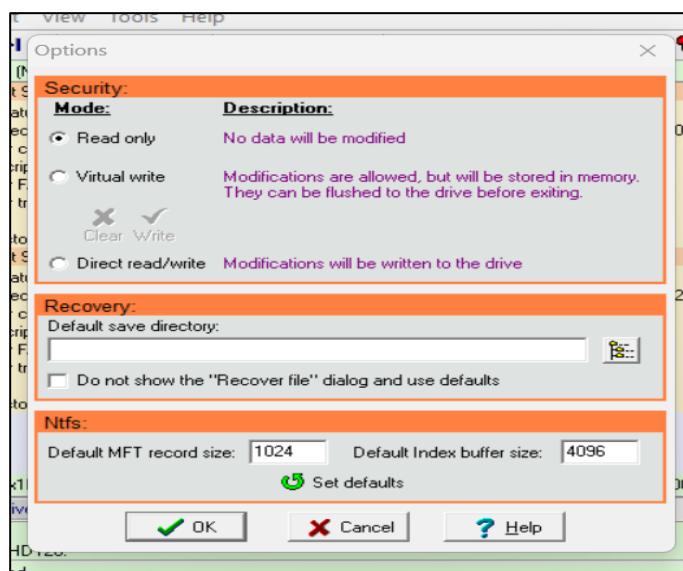


**Click on VIEW Menu Bar → Click on FILE ENTRY option → Again Click on VIEW Menu → Select as PARTITION Table Option → Again Clcik on VIEW Menu → Click on as BOOT RECORD (NTFS).**





Goto TOOLS Menu Bar → Select OPTIONS → OK → goto HELP Menu bar → Click on ABOUT Option.



## OUTPUT SLIDE:

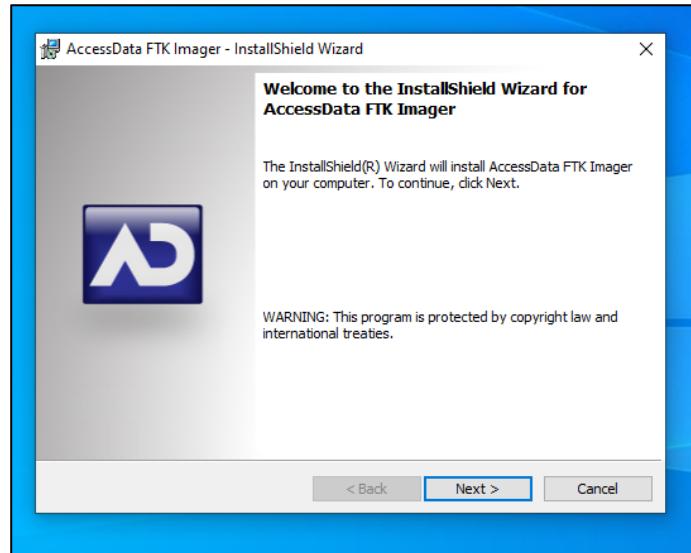


## b) Viewing Content of Forensic Image Using Access Data FTK Imager Tool

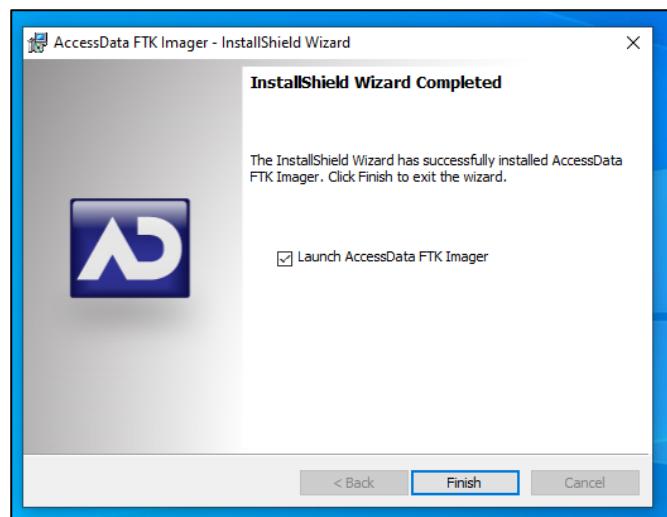
Go to Google → Download FTK Imager.



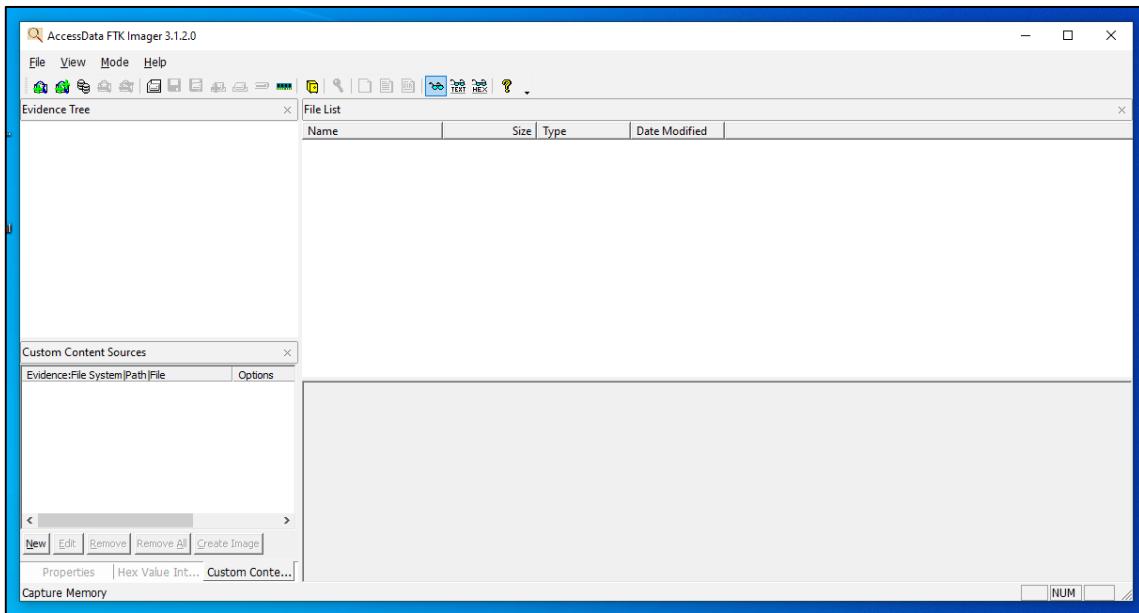
Make one Folder With Name IP/USB on Desktop



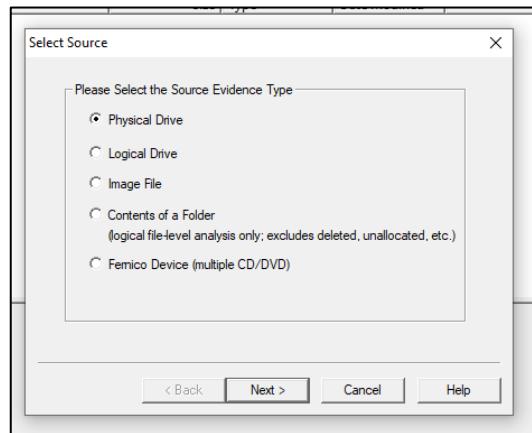
Next → Next → Install → Finished.



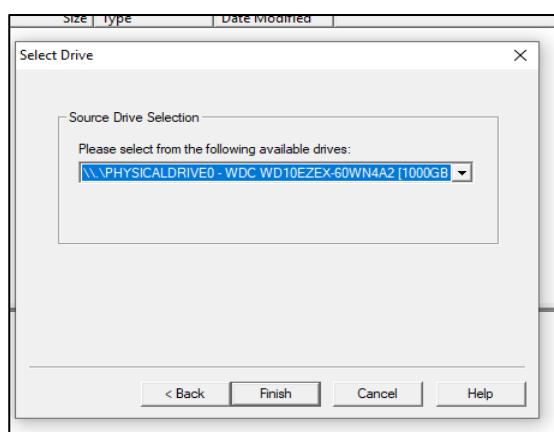
**Open the ACCESSData FTK Imager.**

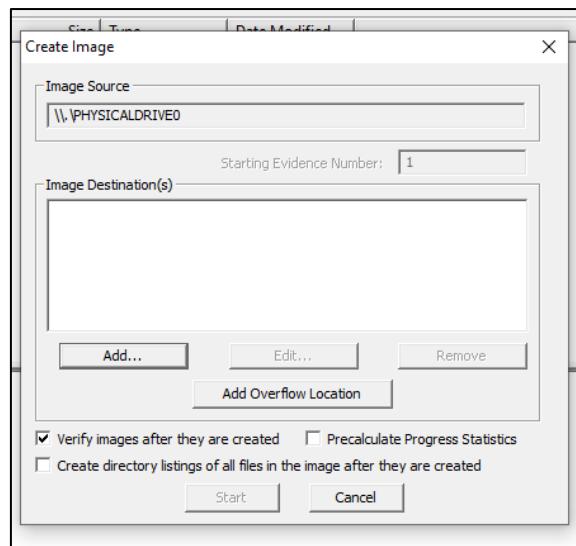


**Go to File → Create DISK IMAGER → Select PHYSICAL Drive**

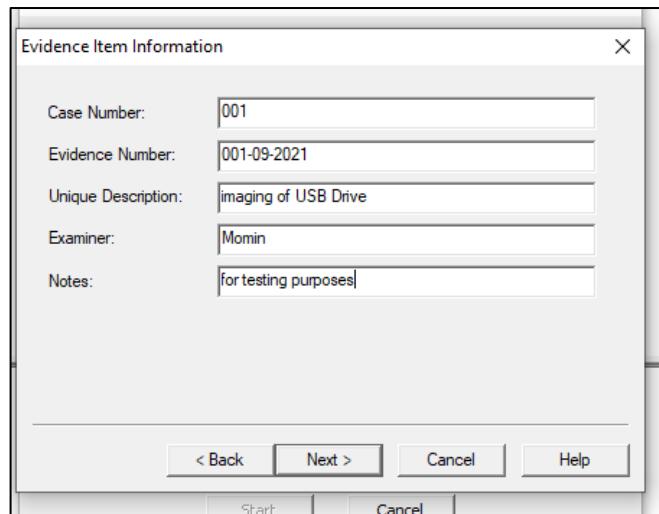


**Next → Select Path → Finish.**

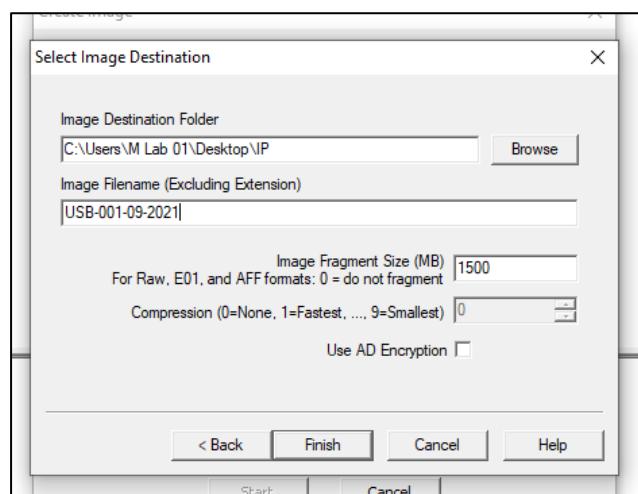


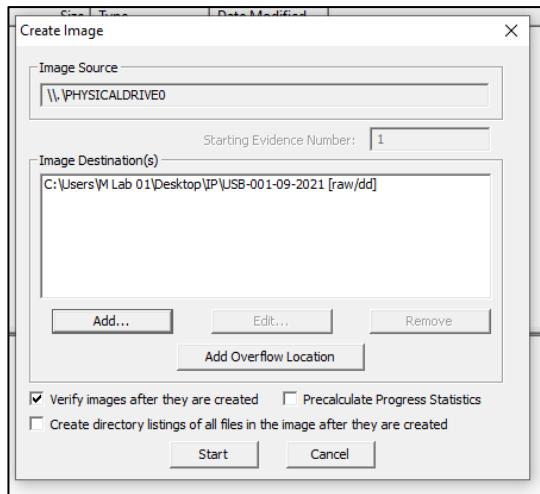


**Click on ADD → Select RAW (DD) Option → Next → Fill the Details given below.**

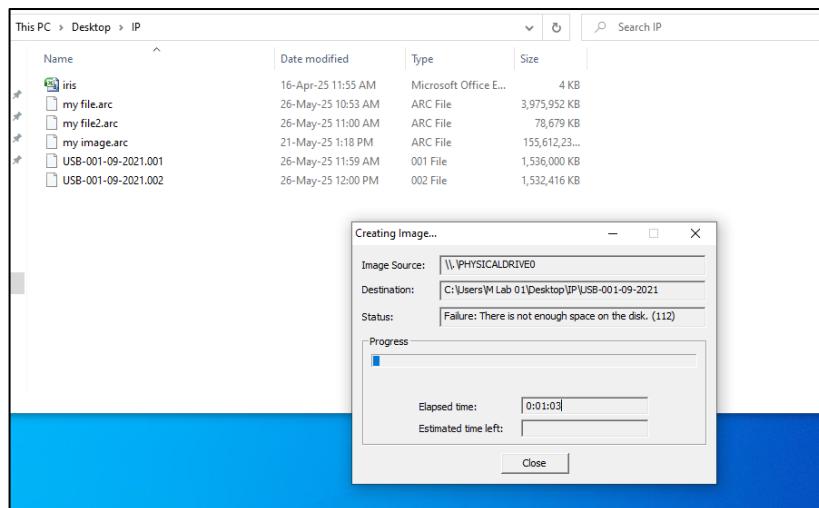


**Next → Browse → Select IP Folder →**



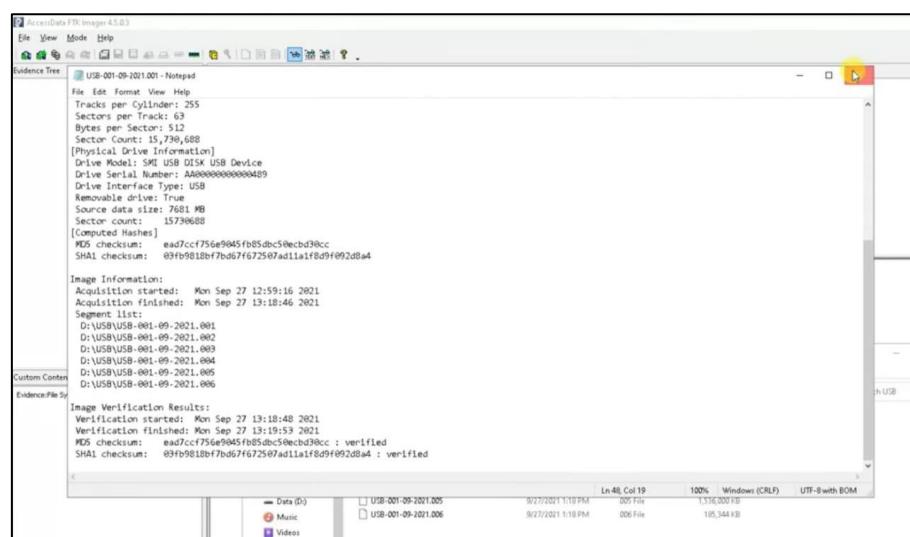


**Click on START**



**Click on any single file which show the details of an image.**

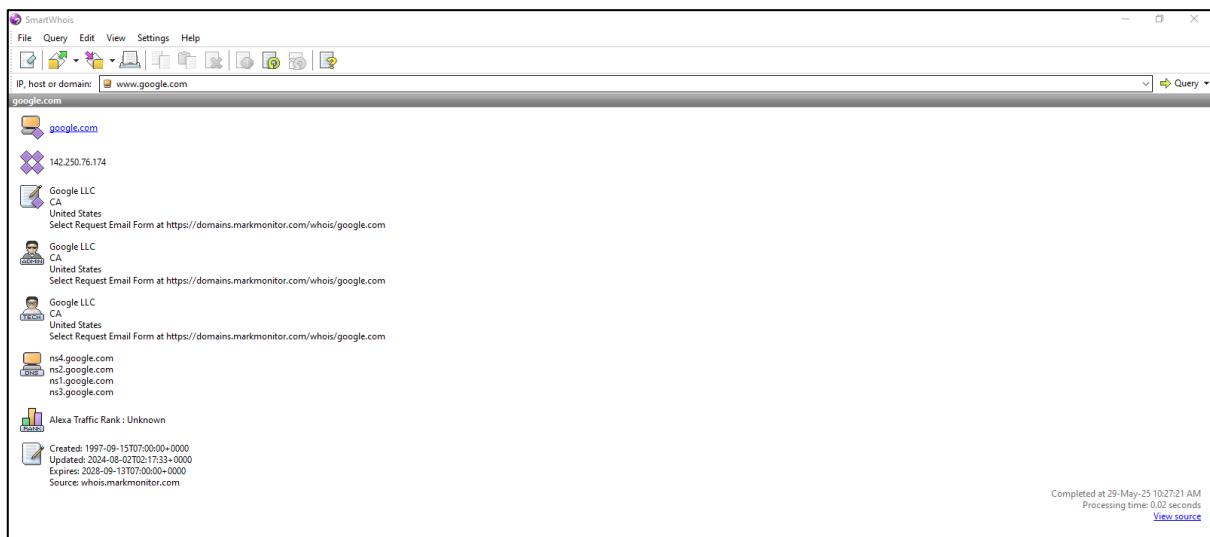
**OUTPUT SLIDE:**



# INVESTIGATING WEB ATTACKS

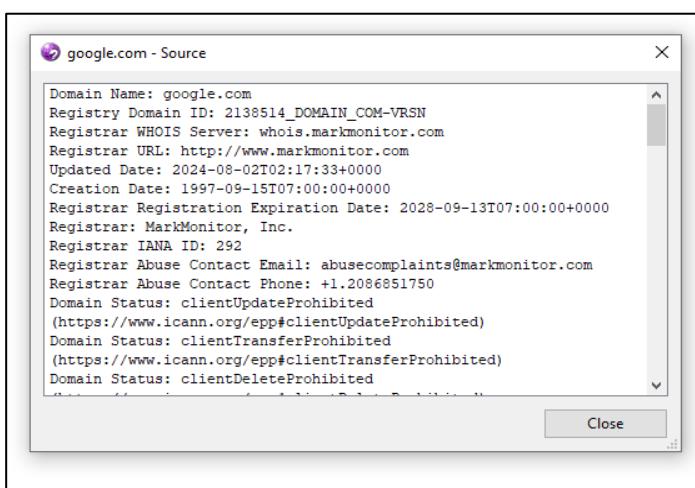
## a) Analyzing Domain and IP Address Queries Using SmartWhois Tool

Go to Google → Download Smart Whois.

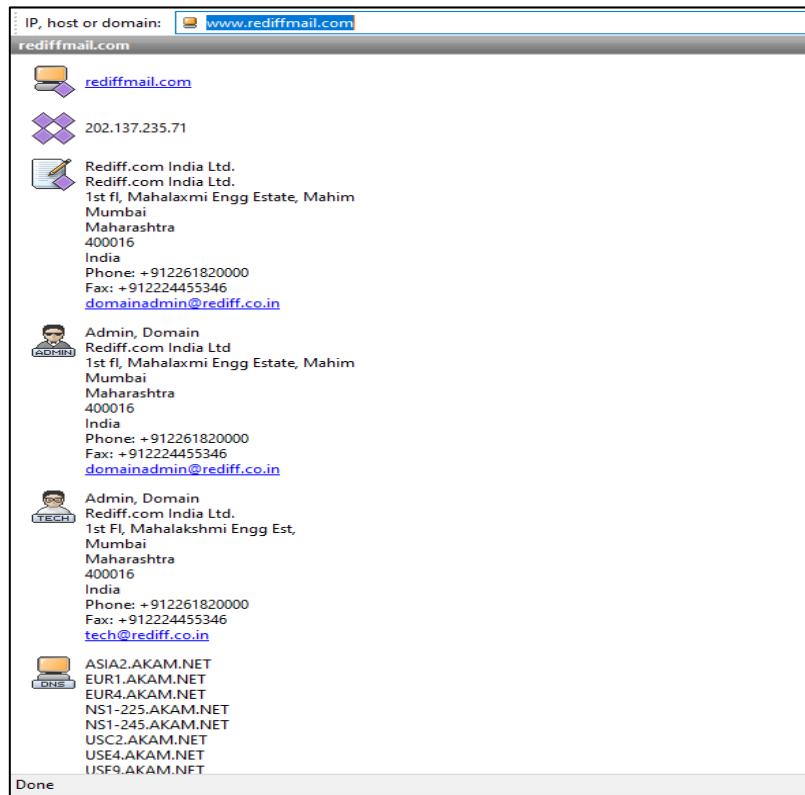


Open Smart Whois → Search [WWW.GOOGLE.Com](http://www.google.com) → Click on Query Button →

Click on View Source → Click on Close Button.

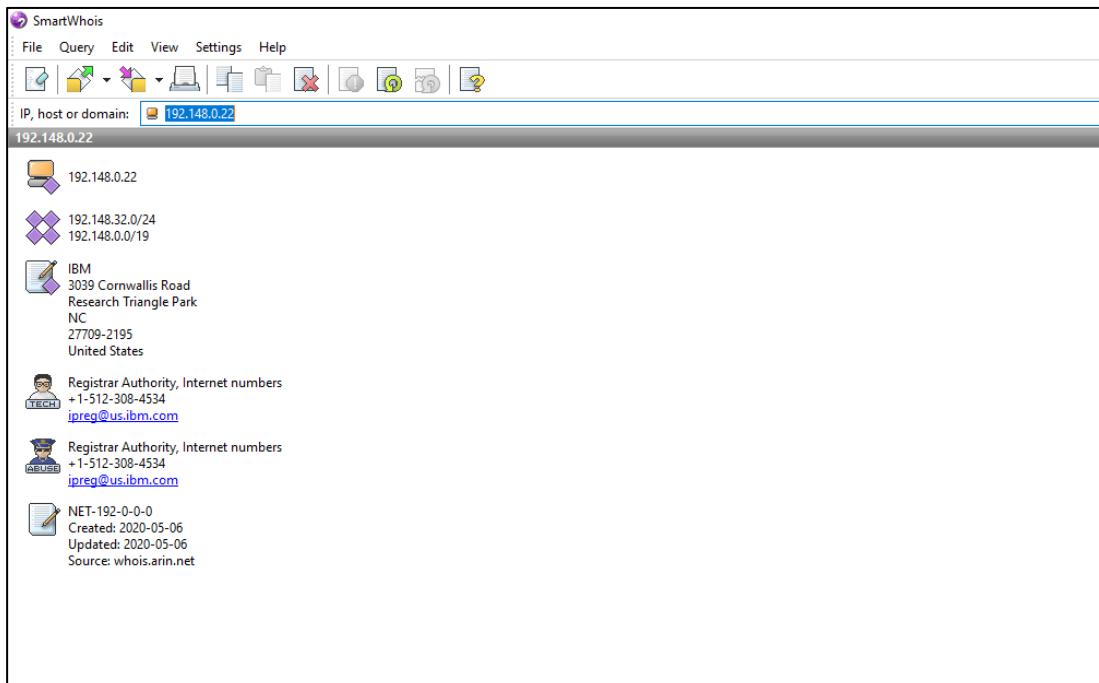


Search [www.rediffmail.com](http://www.rediffmail.com) → Click on Query Button



Again Search 192.148.0.22 → Click on Query → Goto File Menu Bar → Click on EXIT option.

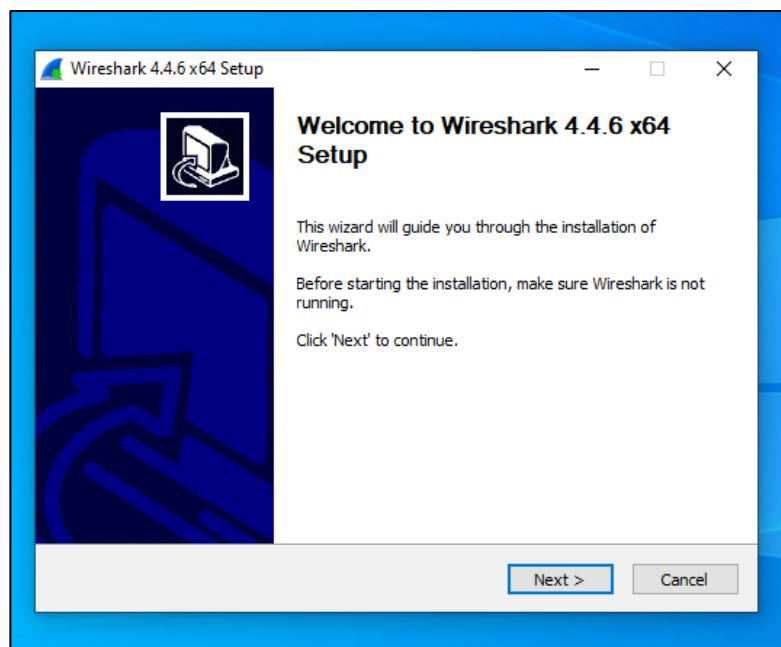
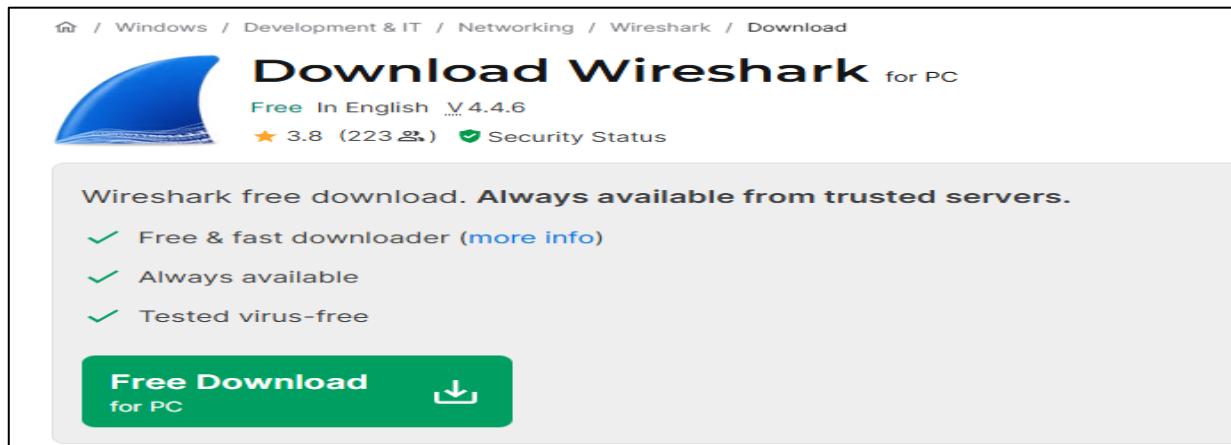
## OUTPUT SLIDE:

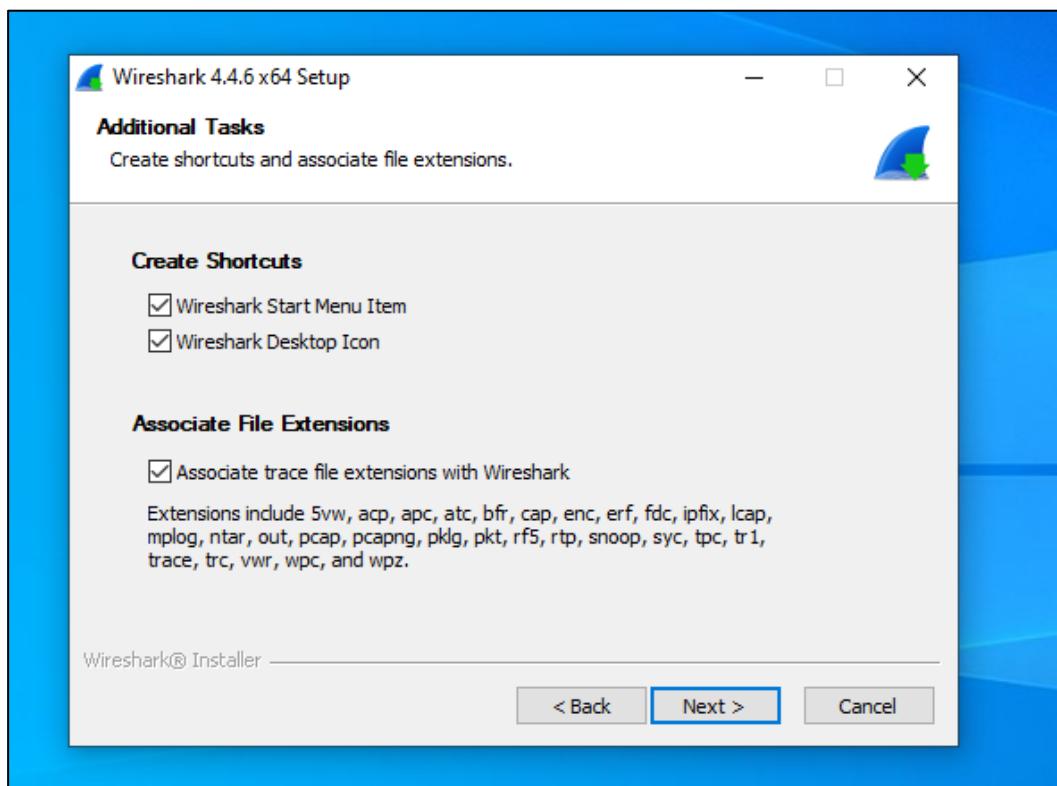
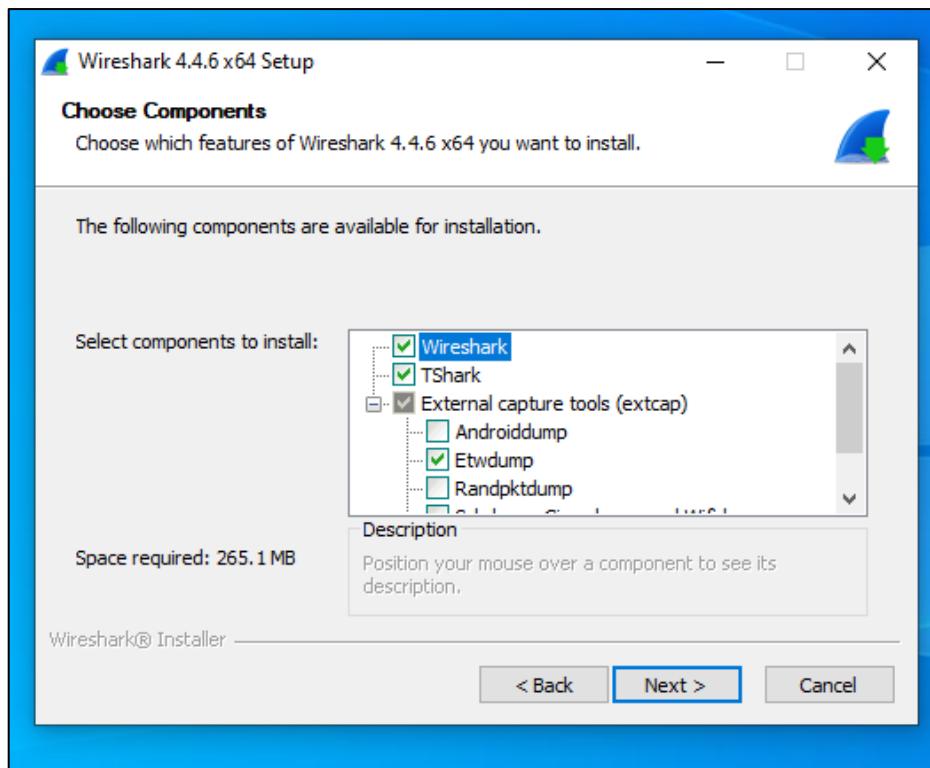


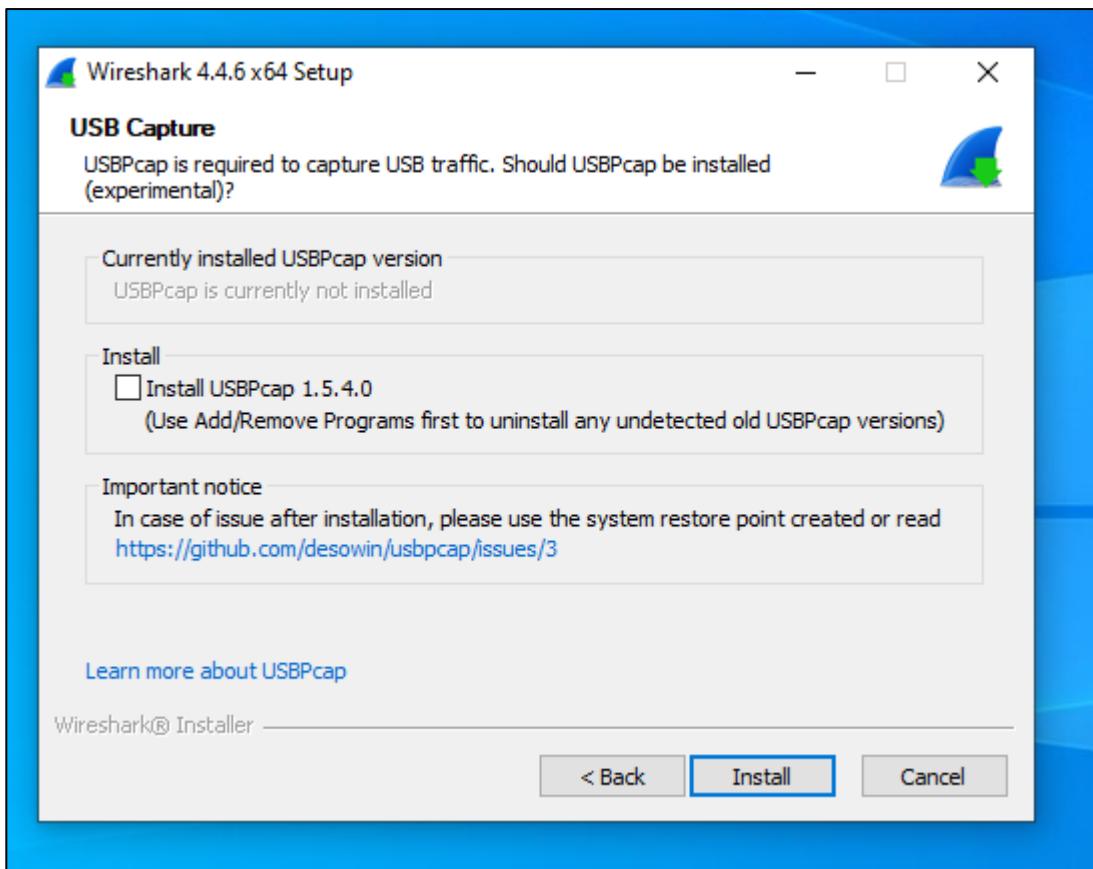
# NETWORK FORENSICS

## a) Investigating Network Traffic Using Wireshark

Go to Google → Download WireShark







**Next → Next → Install → Finished.**

**Open Wire Shark → Select Interface as ETHERNET 4 →**

**Goto Browser → HTTP website Local Server IP Address/Port no. 192.168.56.105:8080**

**Open WireShark → Stop capturing TRAFFIC → Apply filter (HTTP)**

```
ca Select Command Prompt
C:\Users\M Lab 01>ping http://degree.chaughulecollege.com
Ping request could not find host http://degree.chaughulecollege.com. Please check the name and try again.

C:\Users\M Lab 01>ping degree.chaughulecollege.com
Pinging degree.chaughulecollege.com [184.168.108.157] with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 184.168.108.157: bytes=32 time=54ms TTL=49
Reply from 184.168.108.157: bytes=32 time=76ms TTL=49
Reply from 184.168.108.157: bytes=32 time=54ms TTL=49
Reply from 184.168.108.157: bytes=32 time=54ms TTL=49

Ping statistics for 184.168.108.157:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 54ms, Maximum = 76ms, Average = 59ms

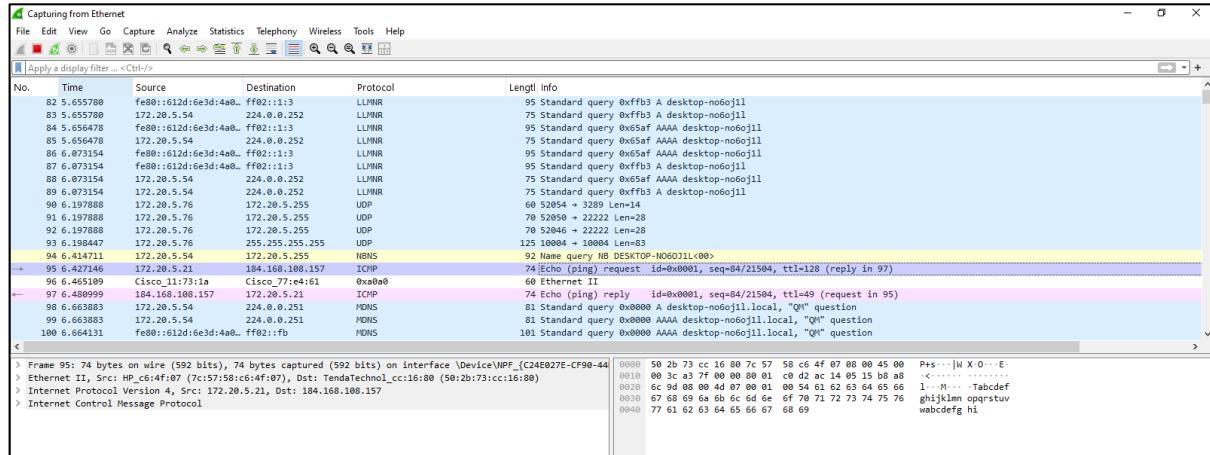
C:\Users\M Lab 01>ping degree.chaughulecollege.com
Pinging degree.chaughulecollege.com [184.168.108.157] with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 184.168.108.157: bytes=32 time=53ms TTL=49
Reply from 184.168.108.157: bytes=32 time=52ms TTL=49
Reply from 184.168.108.157: bytes=32 time=55ms TTL=49
Reply from 184.168.108.157: bytes=32 time=53ms TTL=49

Ping statistics for 184.168.108.157:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 52ms, Maximum = 55ms, Average = 53ms

C:\Users\M Lab 01>
```

Go to File → Click on Quit to Stop.

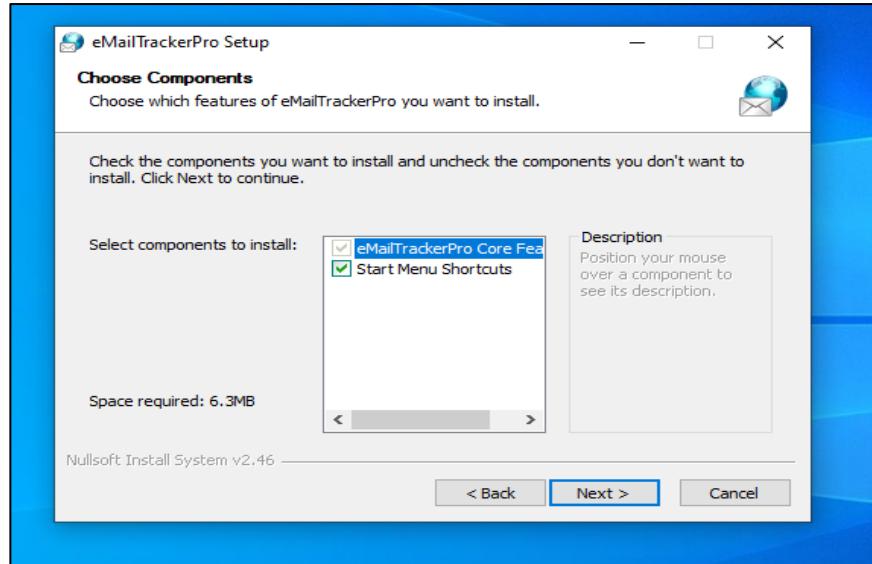
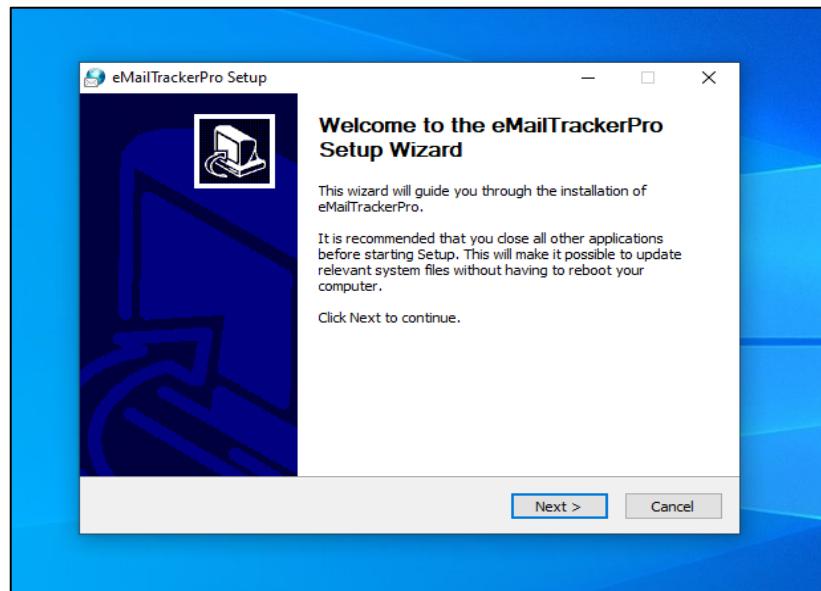
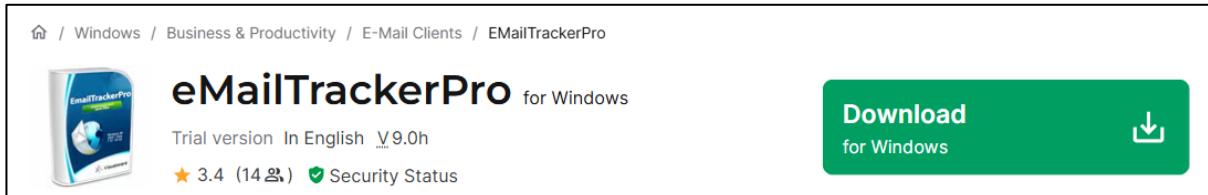
## OUTPUT SLIDE:

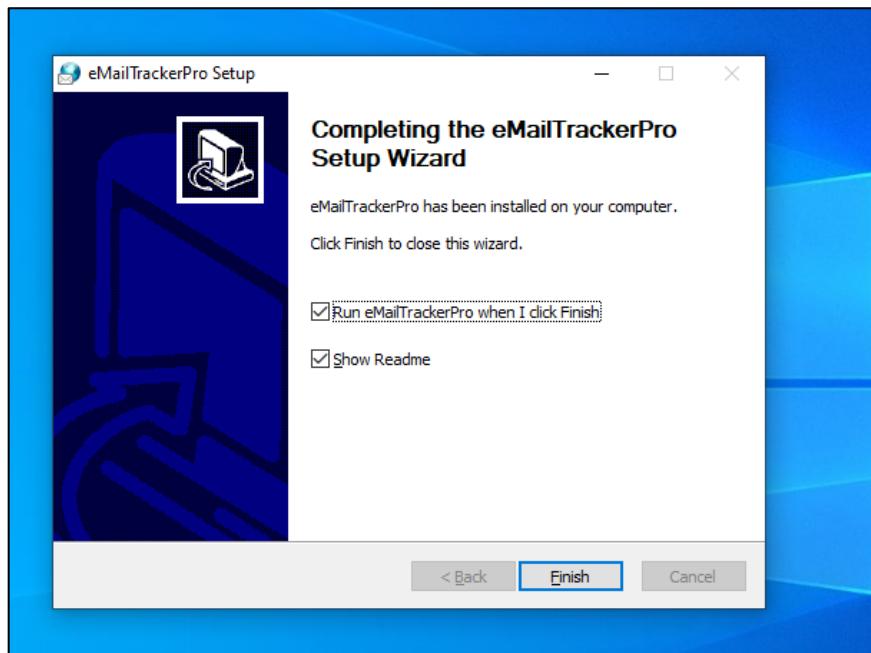


# INVESTIGATING EMAIL CRIMES

## a) Tracing an Email Using the eMailTrackerPro Tool

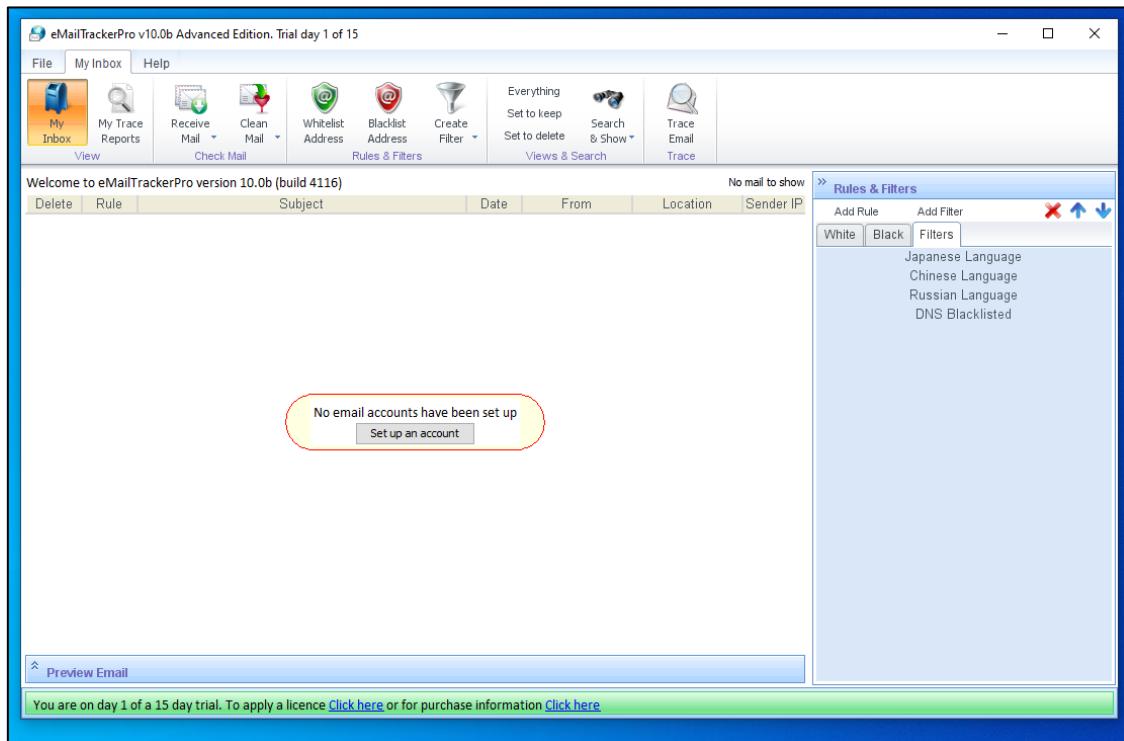
Go to Google → Download eMailTracker Pro



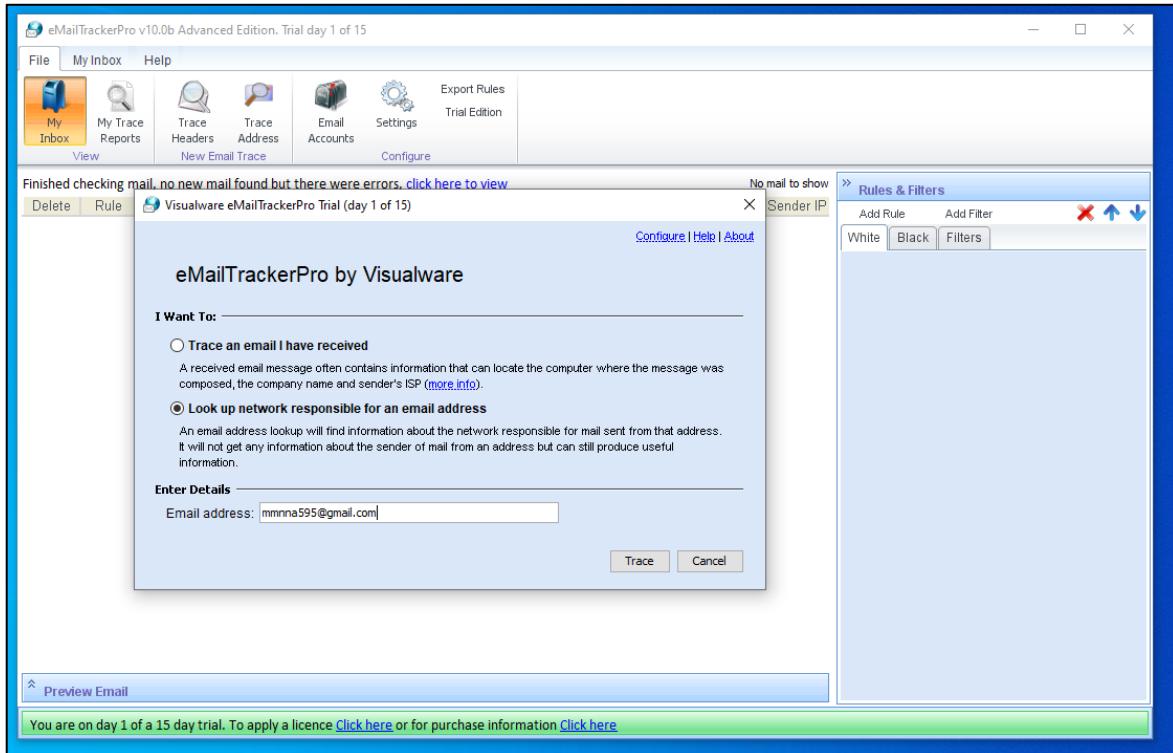


**Next → Next → Install → Finished**

**Open the eMailTracker Pro**



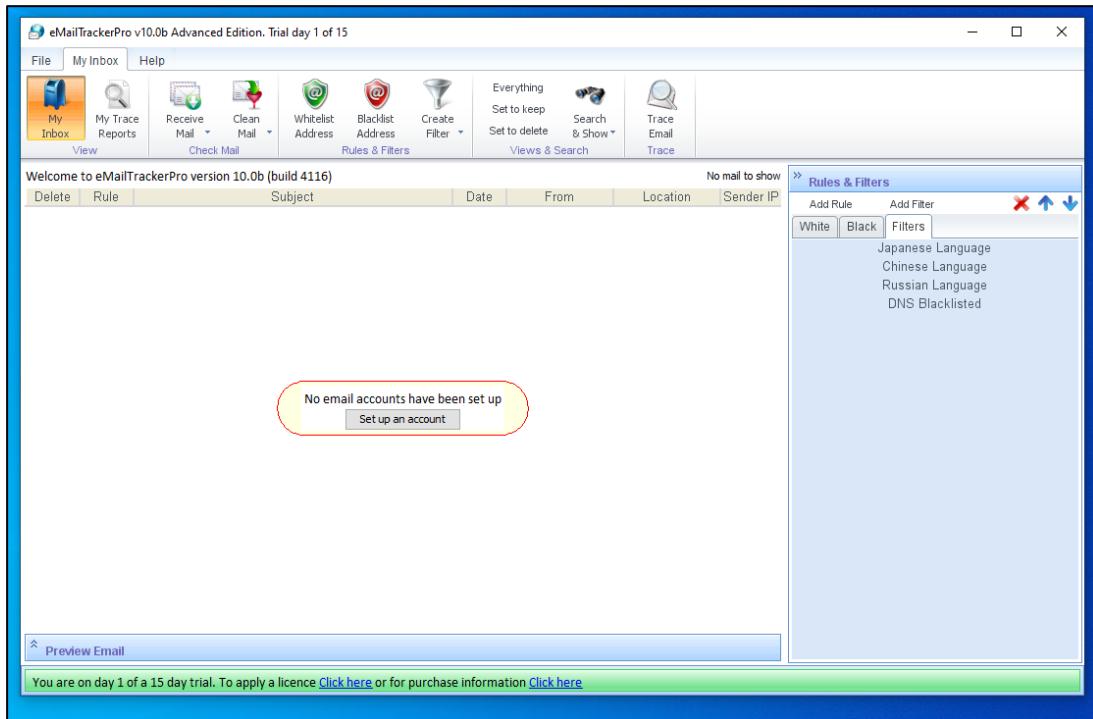
**Goto START here → Change some Settings → Enter Email Address → Trace**



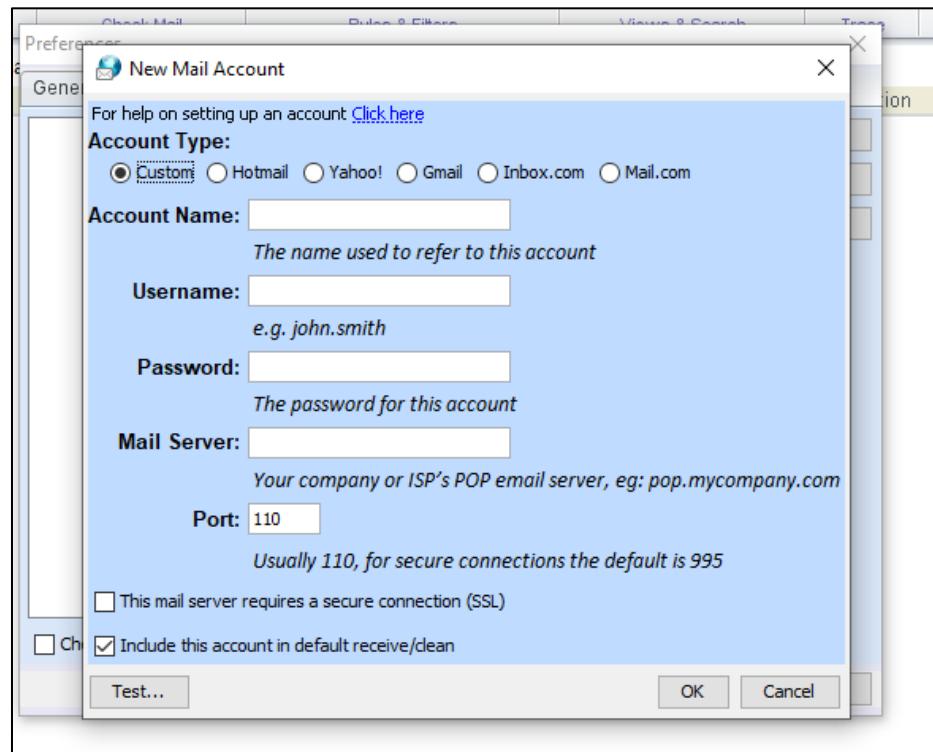
**Check the Table Which is Given the MAP**

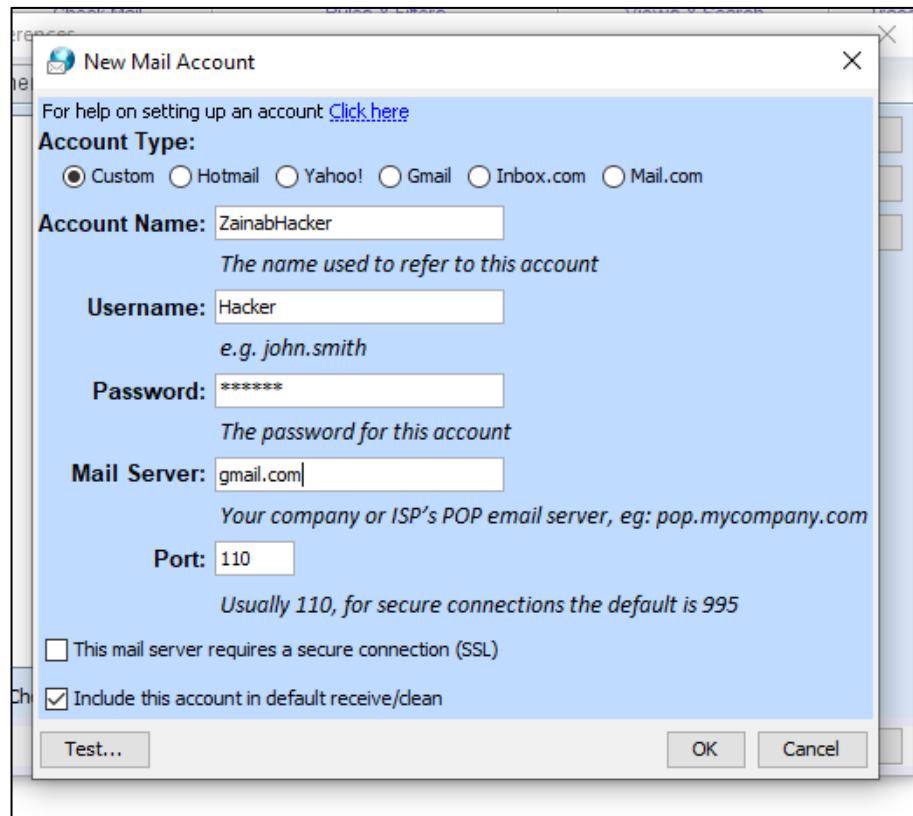
#	Hop IP	Hop Name	Location
1	172.20.5.1		
2	103.123.45.132	103.123.45.132.cust.vnpl.co.in.45	[Europe]
3	103.123.45.129	103.123.45.129.cust.vnpl.co.in.45	[Europe]
4	10.10.180.1		
5	172.22.1.133		
6	172.22.2.250		
7	72.14.220.154		[America]
8	192.178.111.151		(Australia)
9	192.178.111.60		(Australia)

## Goto My Inbox → Setup an Account

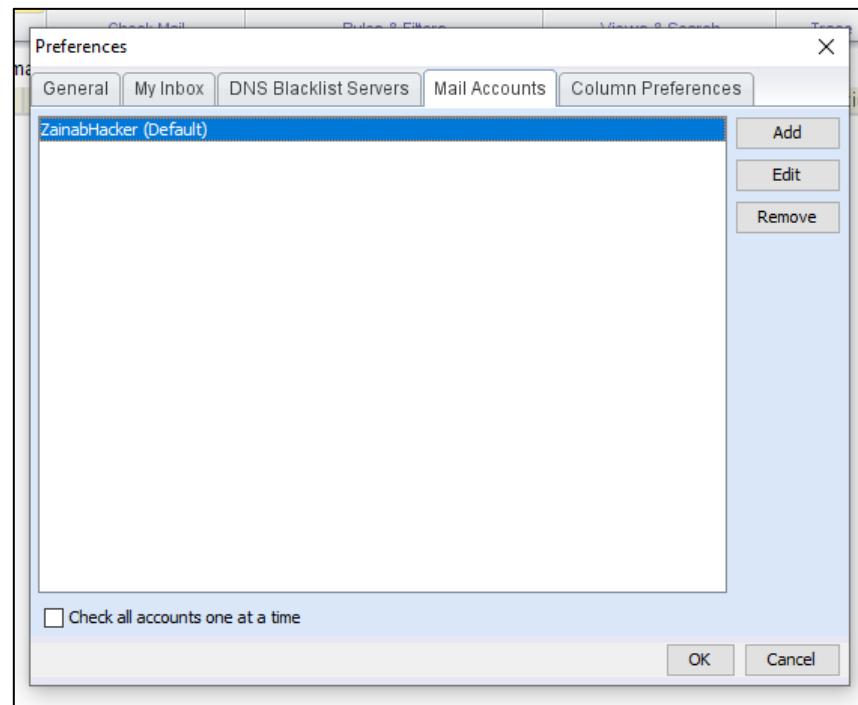


Click on Setup an Account → Fill all the Details

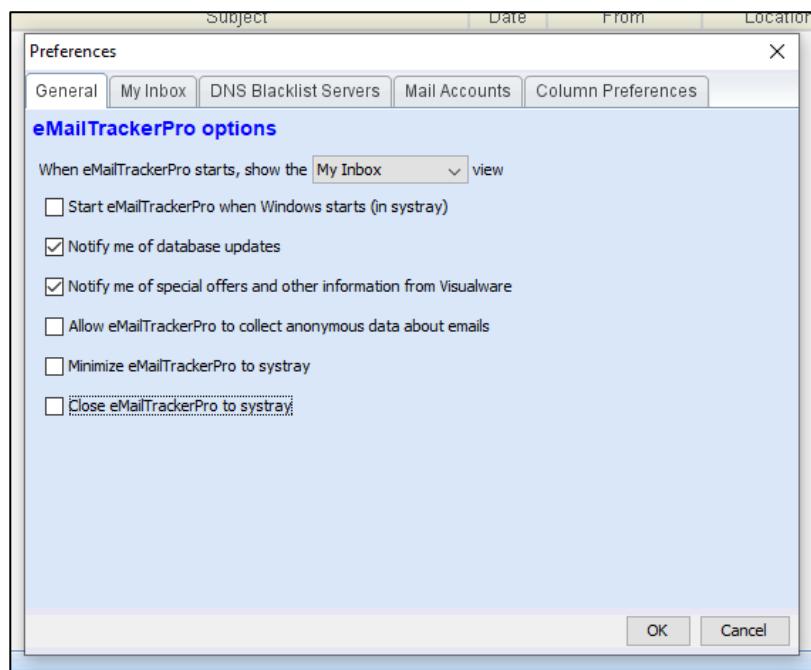




**Click on OK → Select the Email which is display in front of you →**



Select 2<sup>nd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Options → OK



Goto My Trace Report → Then Goto File → Click on EXIT

## OUTPUT SLIDE:

A screenshot of the eMailTrackerPro v10.0b Advanced Edition software. The window title is "eMailTrackerPro v10.0b Advanced Edition. Trial day 1 of 15". The menu bar has "File" and "Help". The toolbar includes icons for My Inbox, My Trace Reports (highlighted in orange), Trace Headers, Trace Address, New Email Trace, Email Accounts, Settings, and Export Rules. The "Trial Edition" button is also visible. The main interface shows a "Map" of the world with a red line indicating a trace path. A callout box points to "Australia". Below the map is a "Table" showing the trace route:

#	Hop IP	Hop Name	Location
1	172.20.5.1		
2	103.123.45.132	103.123.45.132.cust.vnpl.co.in.45	{Europe}
3	103.123.45.129	103.123.45.129.cust.vnpl.co.in.45	{Europe}
4	10.10.180.1		
5	172.22.1.133		
6	172.22.2.250		
7	72.14.220.154		{America}
8	192.178.111.151		{Australia}
9	192.178.111.60		{Australia}

The "Email Summary" section displays:  
Email Address: mmnna595@gmail.com  
IP: 142.251.190.26  
Location: (Australia)  
Abuse Reporting: To automatically generate an email abuse report [click here](#)

The "System Information" section lists:

- The system is running a mail server (ESMTP 5614622812f47-40648bb62812si2294012bbe.199 - gsmtp) on port 25. This means that this system can be used to send email.
- There is no HTTP server running on this system (the port is closed).
- There is no HTTPS server running on this system (the port is closed).
- There is no FTP server running on this system (the port is closed).

The "Network Whois" and "Domain Whois" sections are also present.

# COMPUTER FORENSICS INVESTIGATION PROCESS

## a) Recovering Data using the EaseUS Data Recovery Wizard.

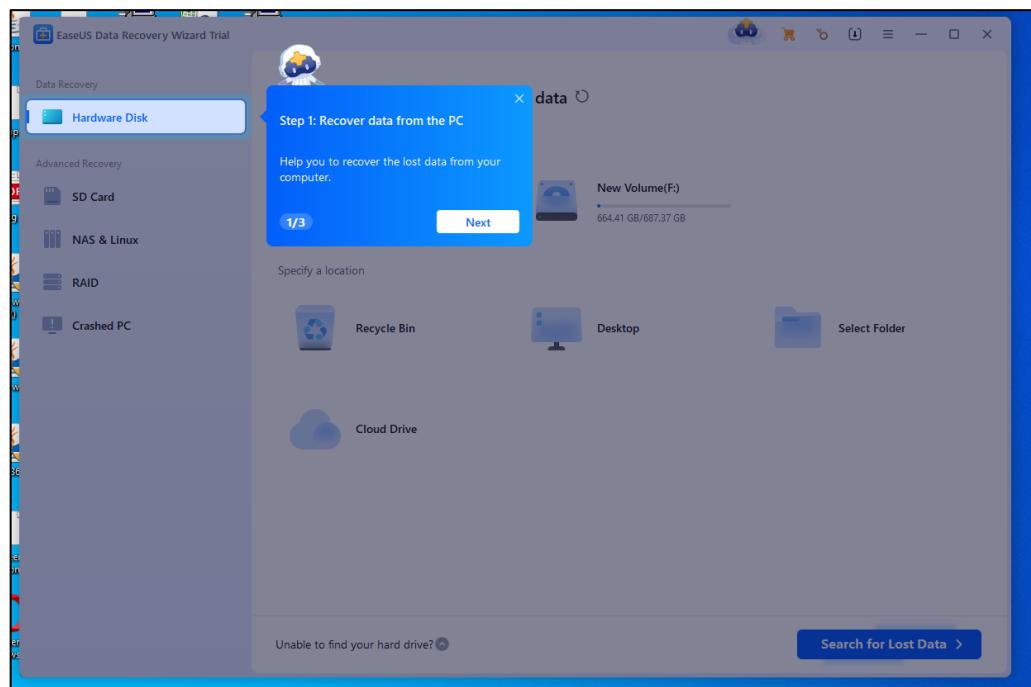
Go to Google → Download EaseUs Data Recovery



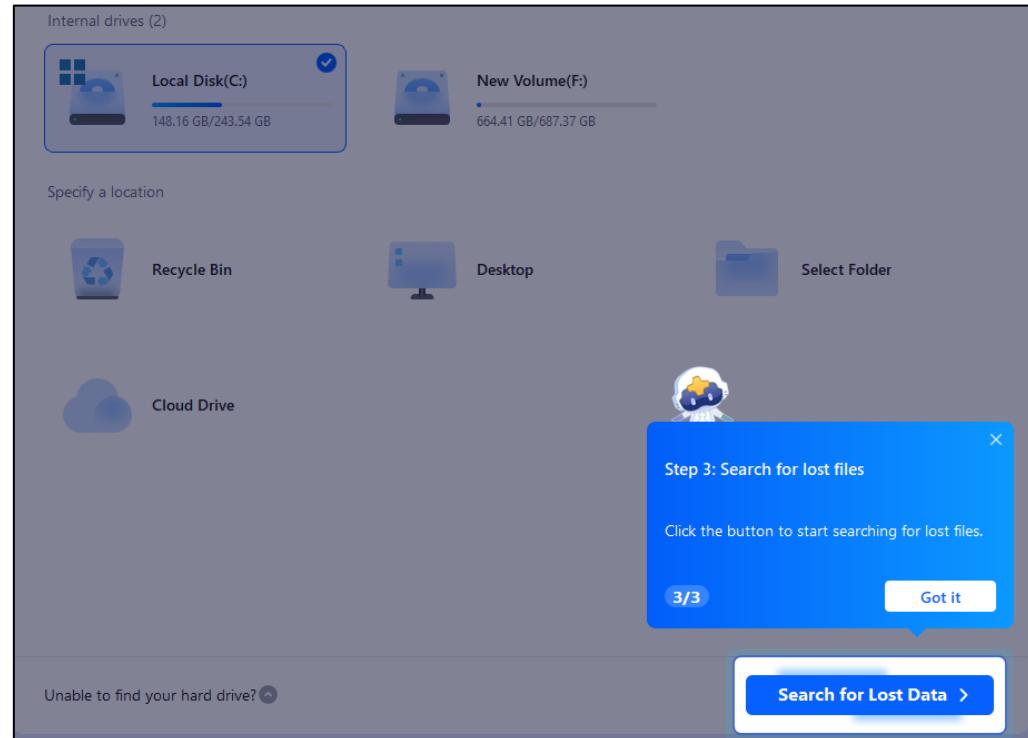
Install



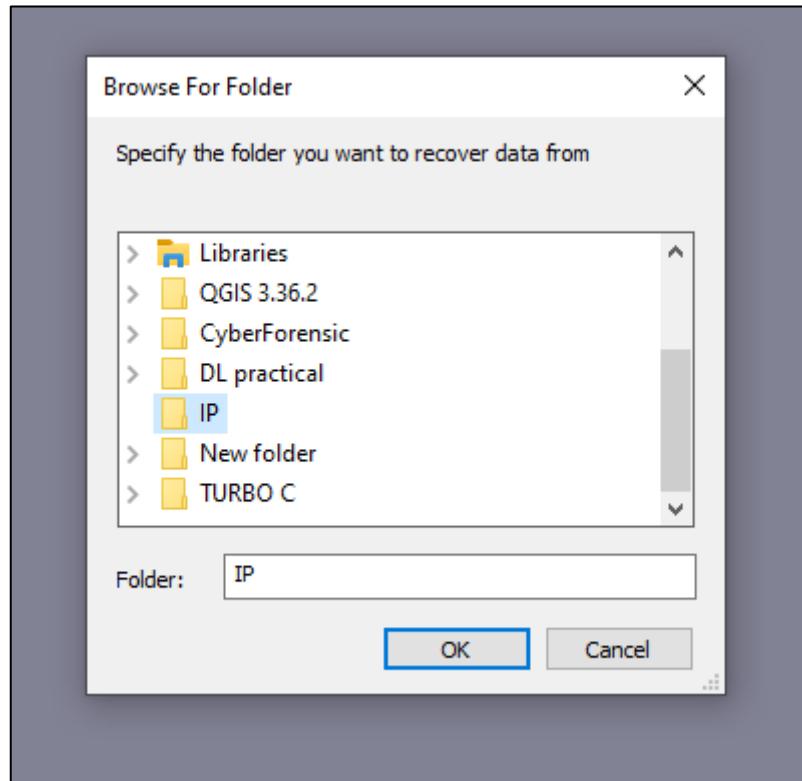
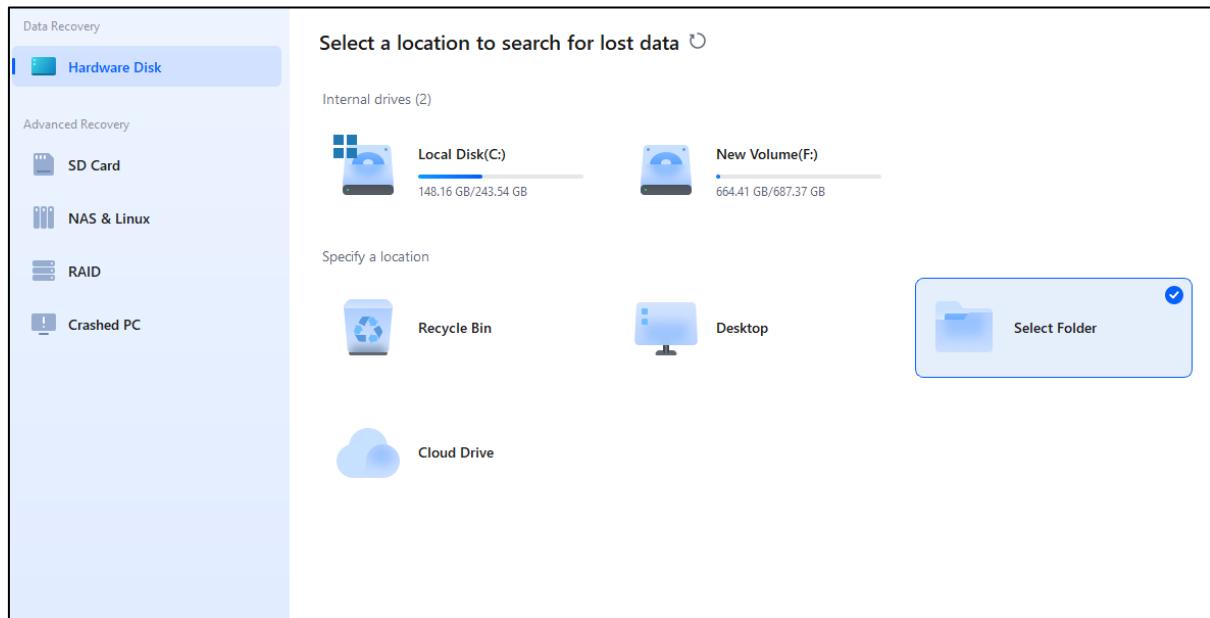
## Open EaseUs Data Recovery → Showing All Disk



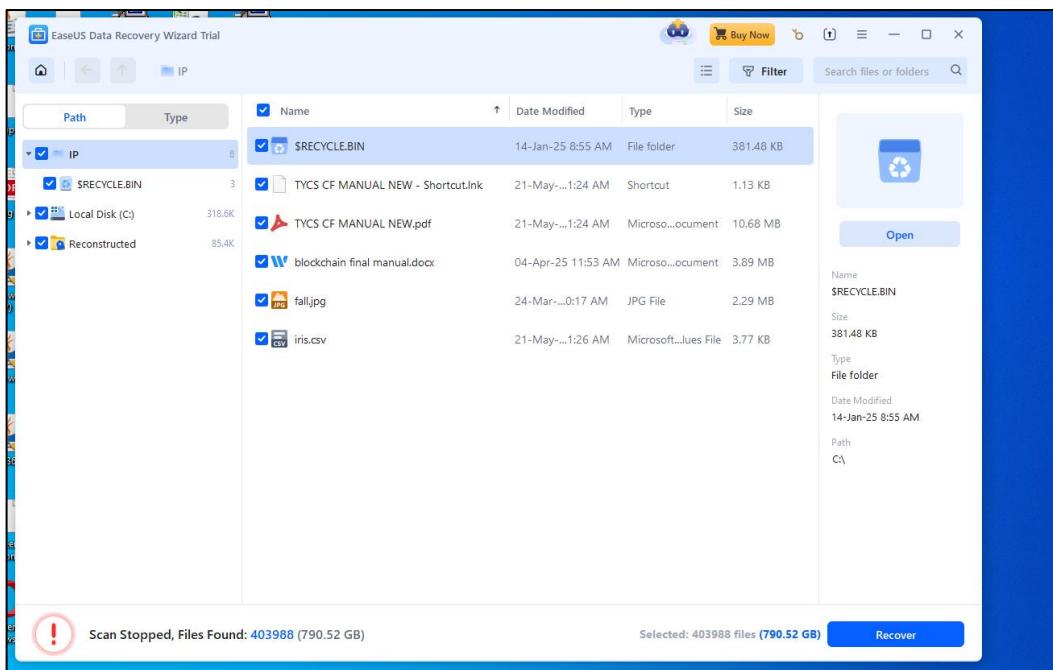
## Search for LOST DATA



Select Folder → Create a one FOLDER (IP) → OK

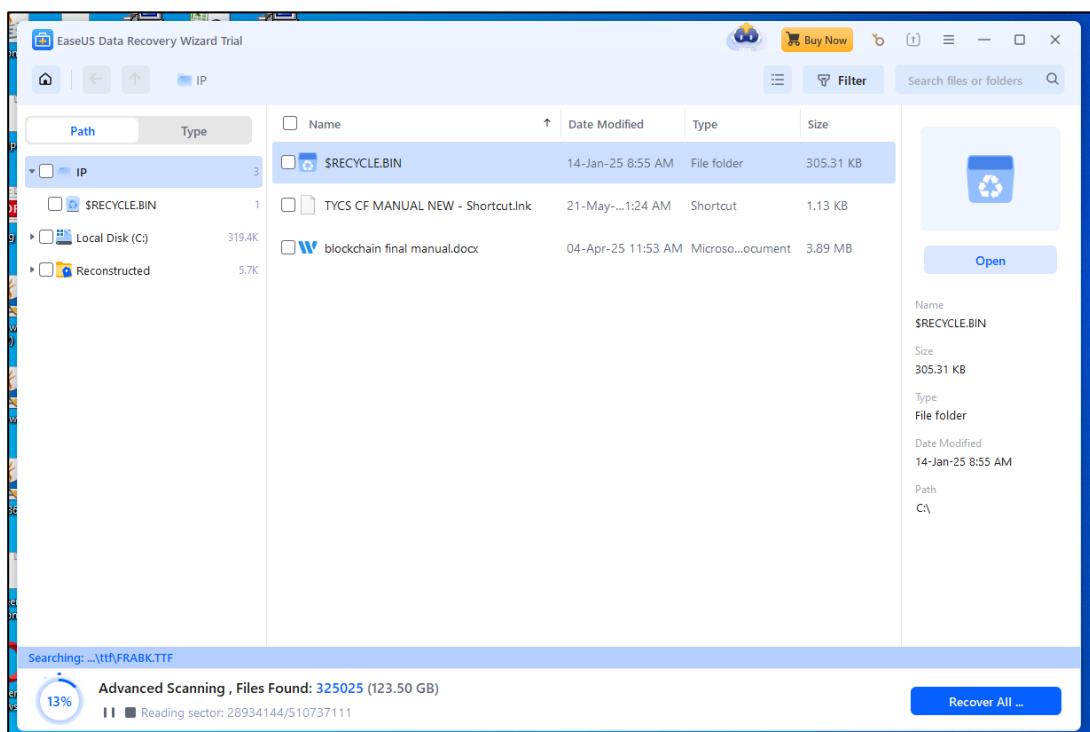


## Delete all FILE → Then RECOVER all



## ADVANCE SCANNING

### OUTPUT SLIDE:

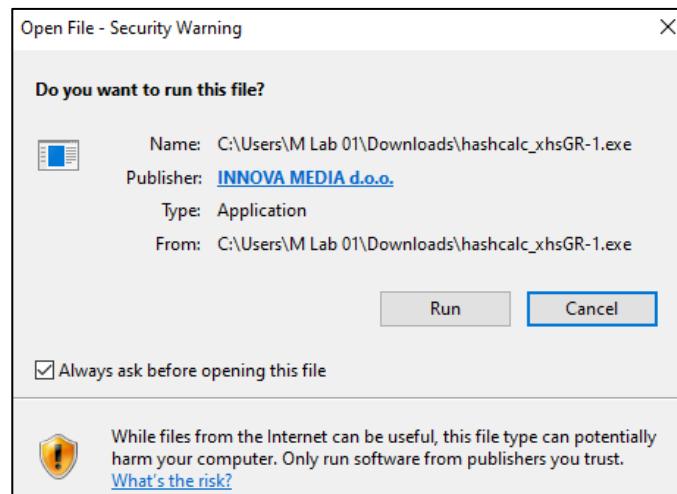


**b) Performing Hash, Checksum, or HMAC Calculations using the HashCalc.**

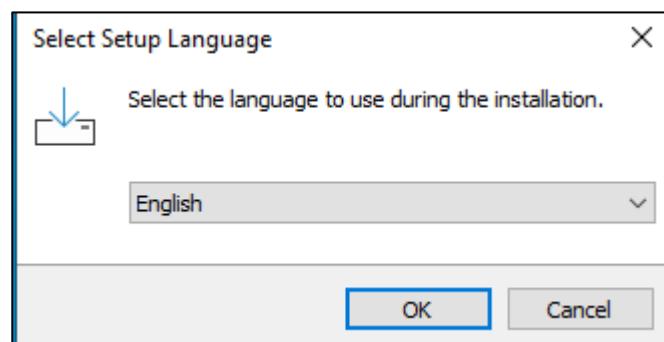
**Go to Google → Download HashCalc**

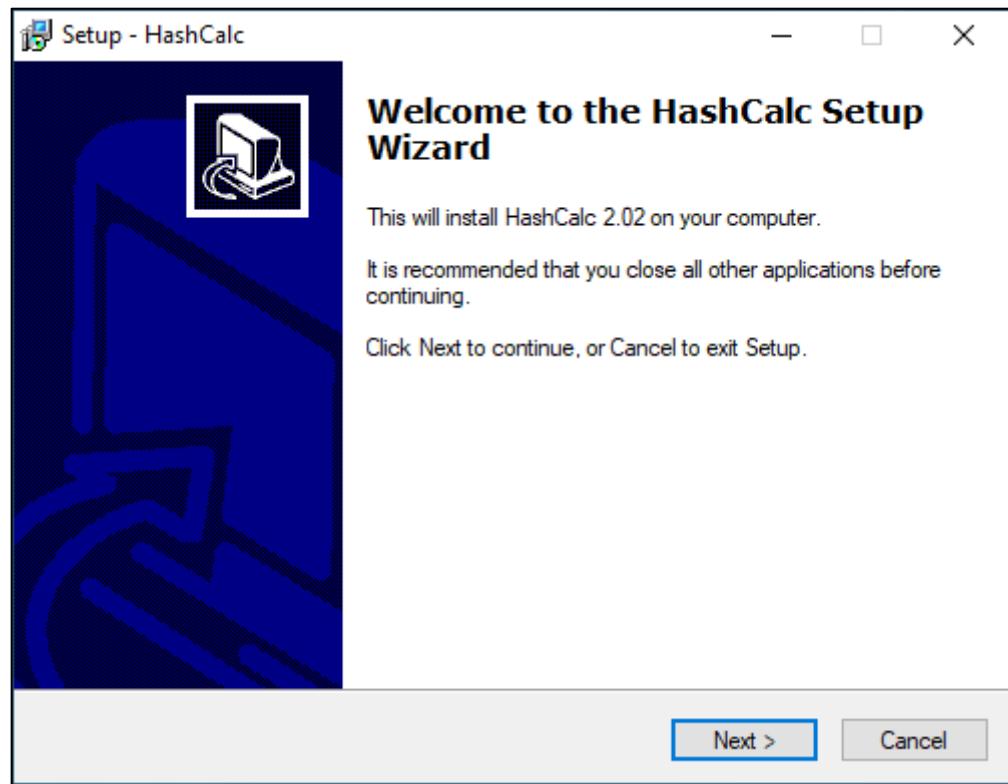


**Open the HashCalc → Click on RUN**



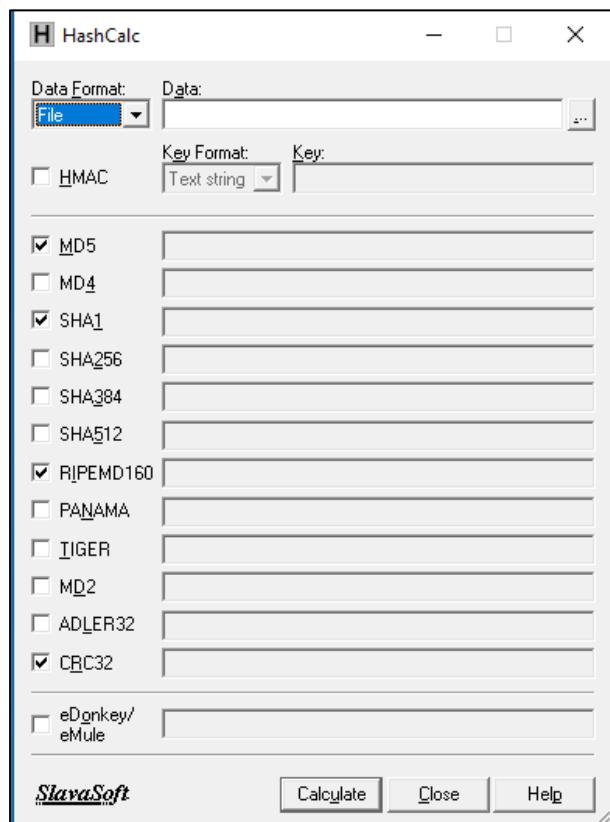
**Select ENGLISH Language → Click on OK**



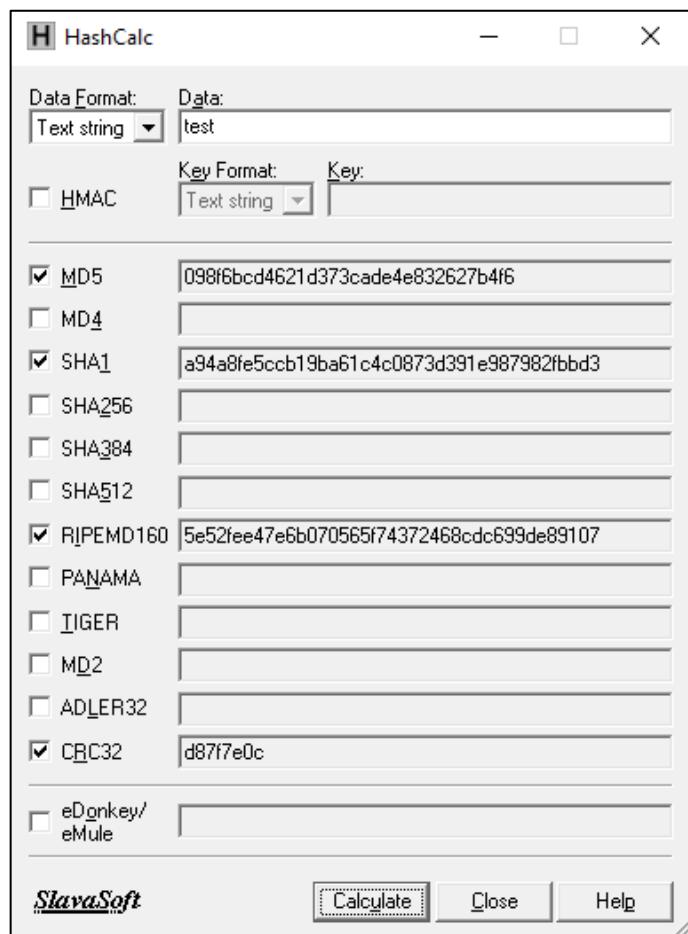


**Next → Next → Next → Install → Finish.**

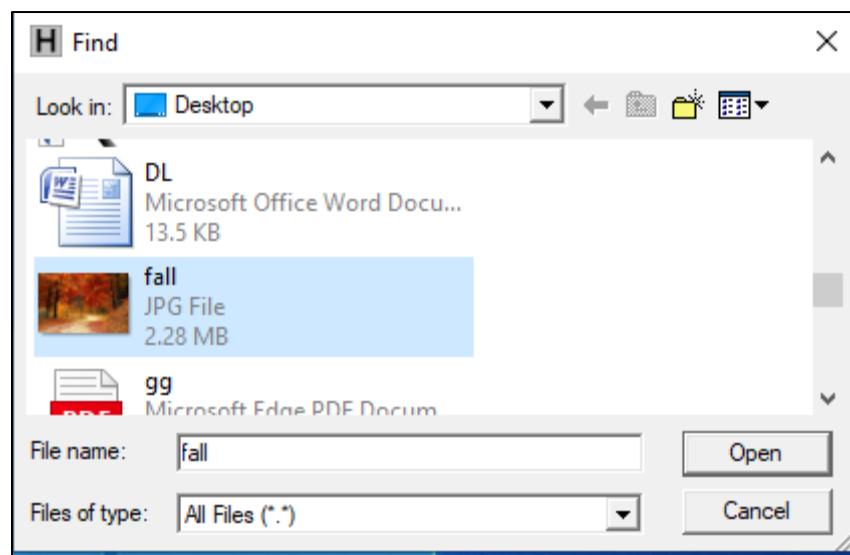
### **Open HashCalc Software**



**Data Format change File into Text String → Put some DATA (Test) → Calculate**

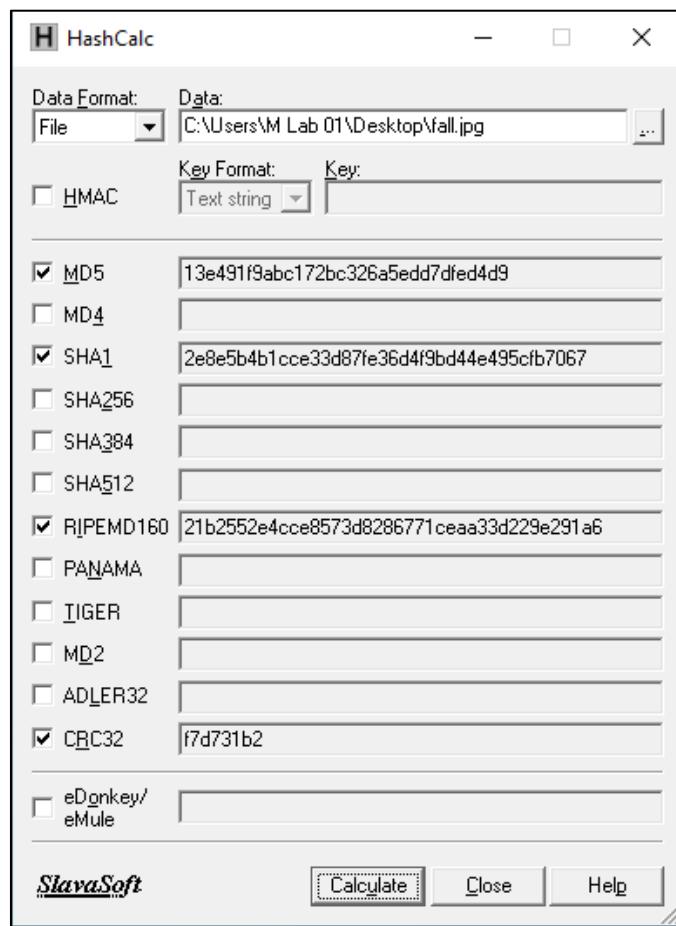


**Data Format is FILE → Browse the FILE → File Name (Fall.jpg) → Calculate →**



**Check the ALGORITHM → SHA-1, MD5 and so on → Tally the OUTPUT value with the Google Value.**

## **OUTPUT SLIDE:**

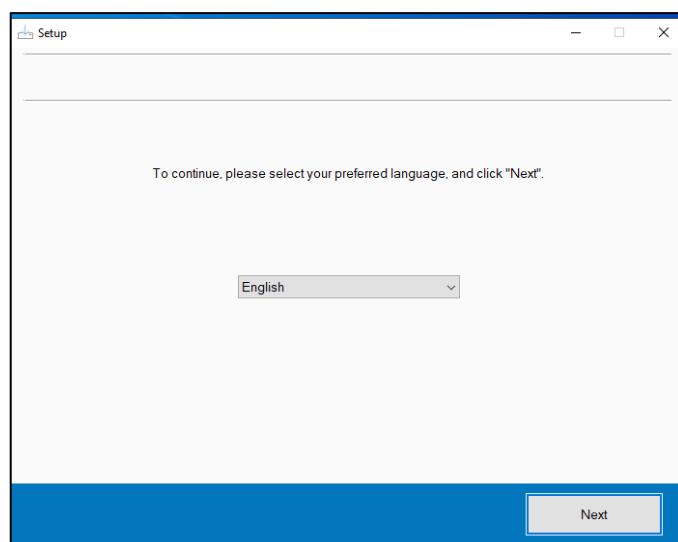


**c) Creating a Disk Image File of a Hard Disk Partition using the R-drive Image Tool.**

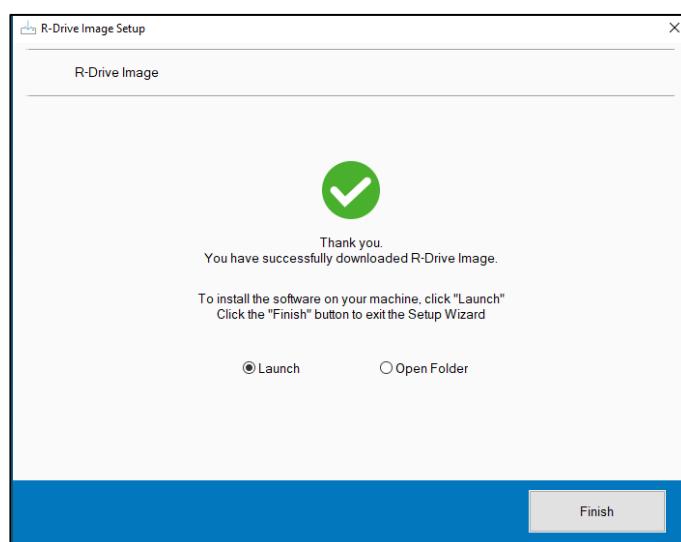
**Go to Google → Download R-Drive Image**



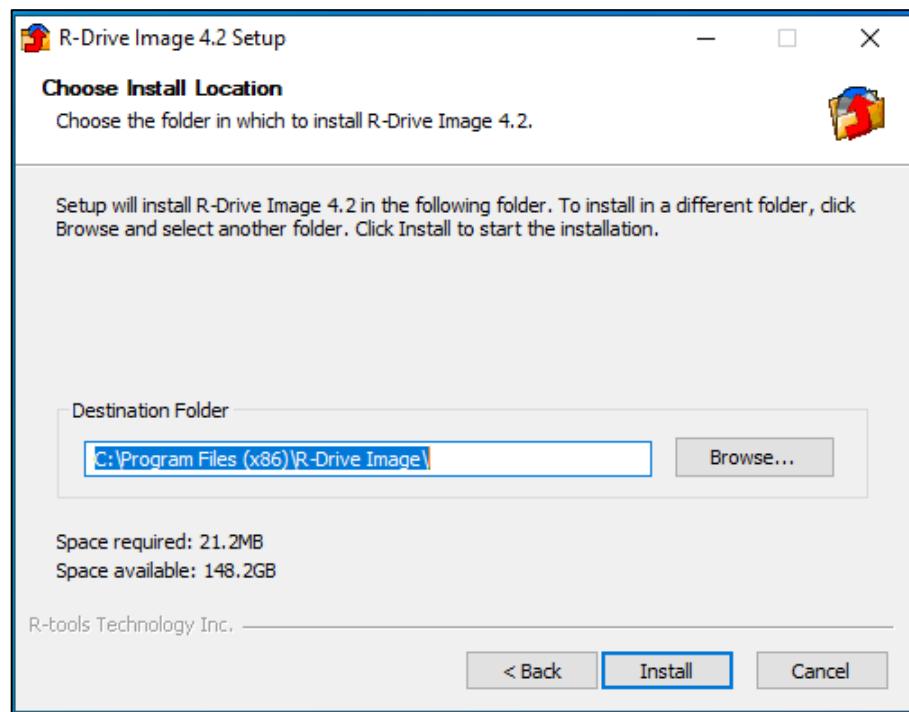
**Set the Langauge(ENGLISH) → Next**



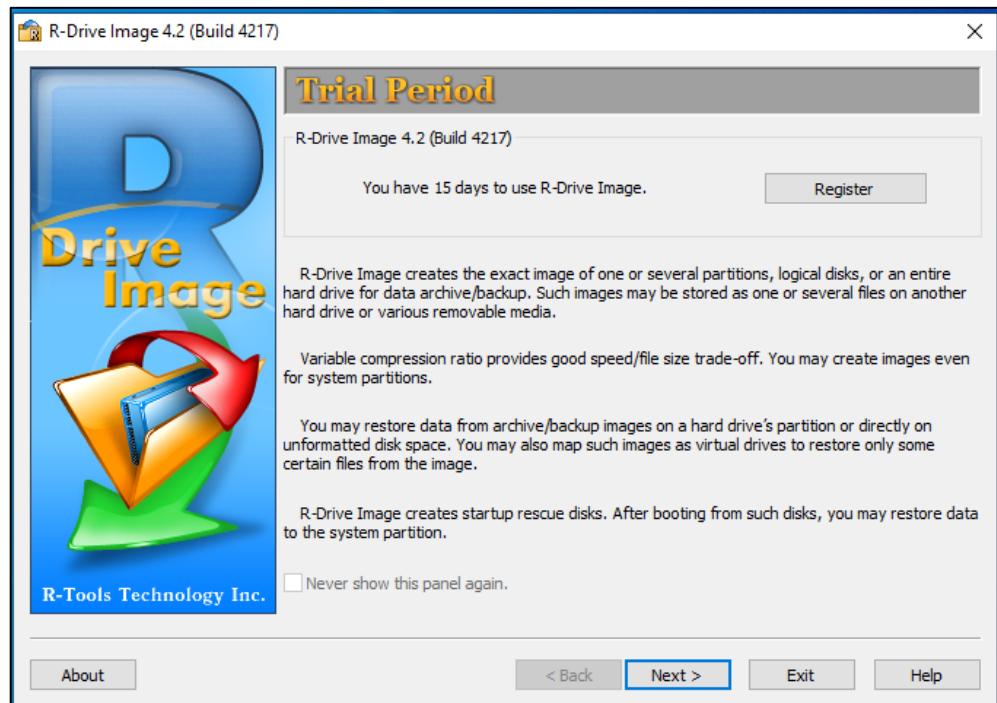
**Next → Finish**



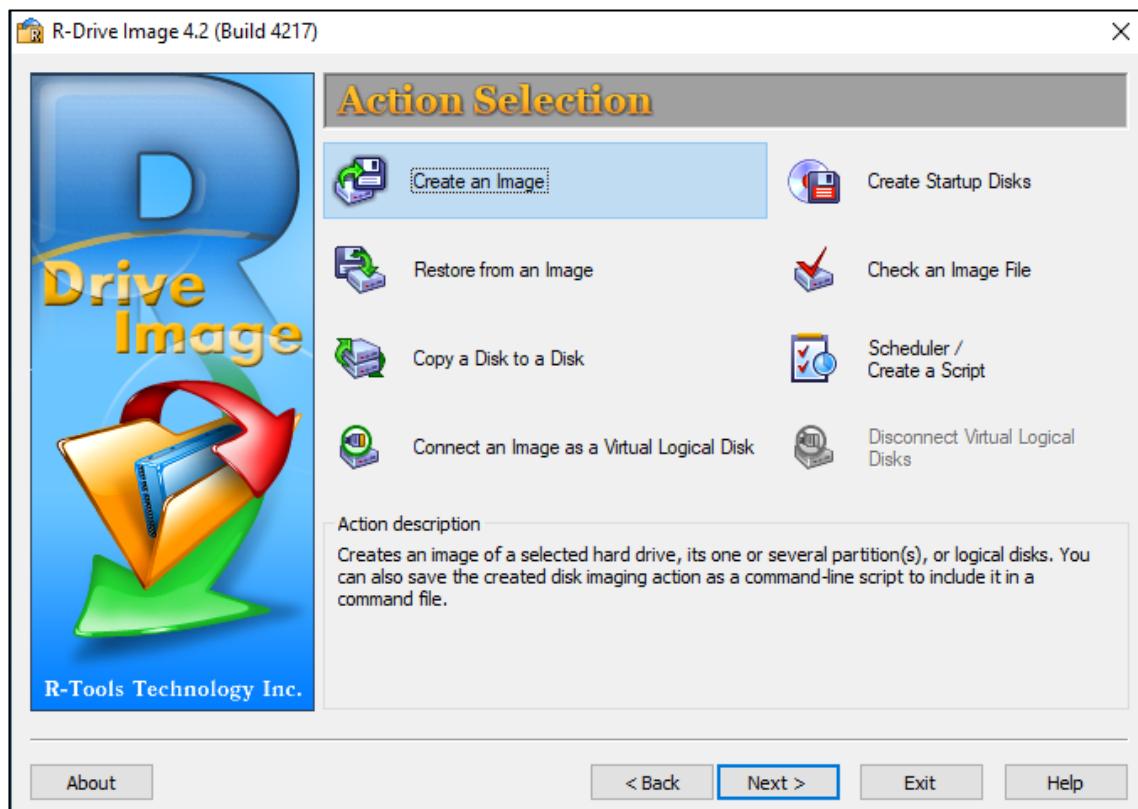
**Next → Next → Next → Install → Finish**



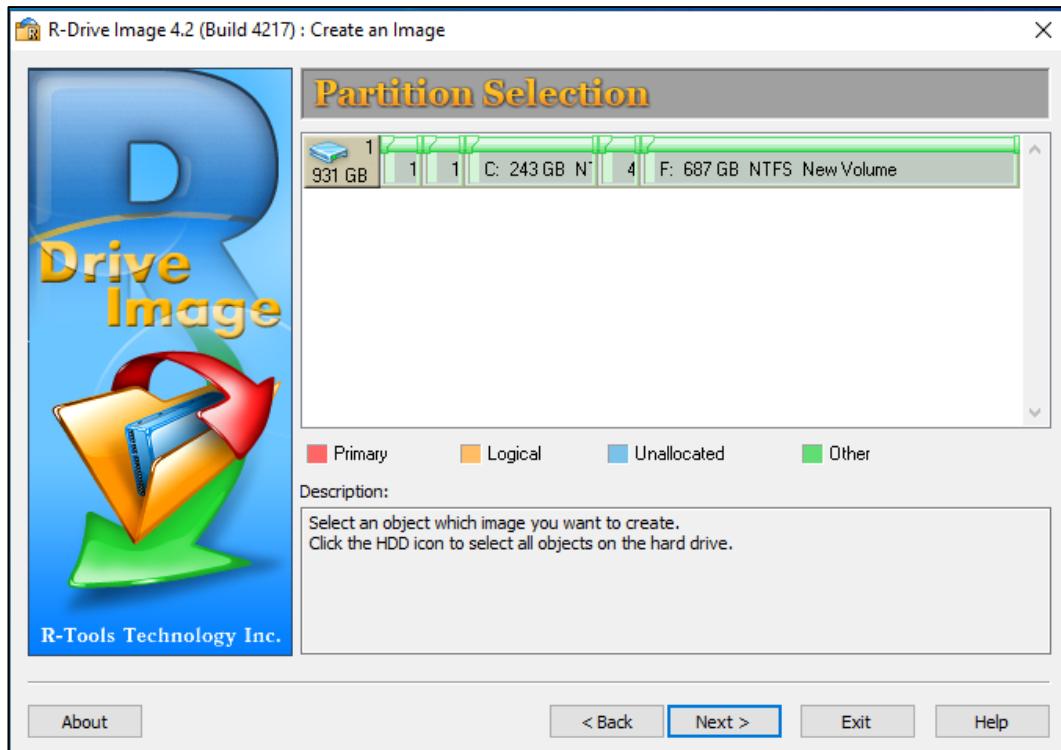
**Open R-Drive Image → Next**



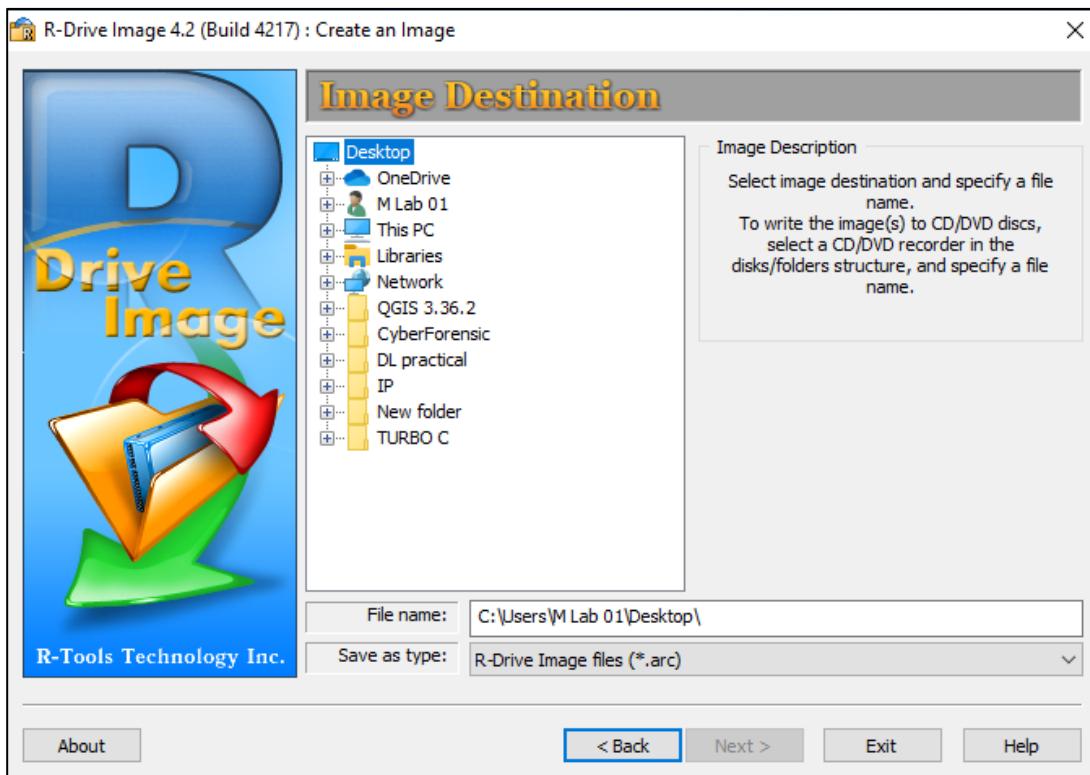
**Create an Image → Next**

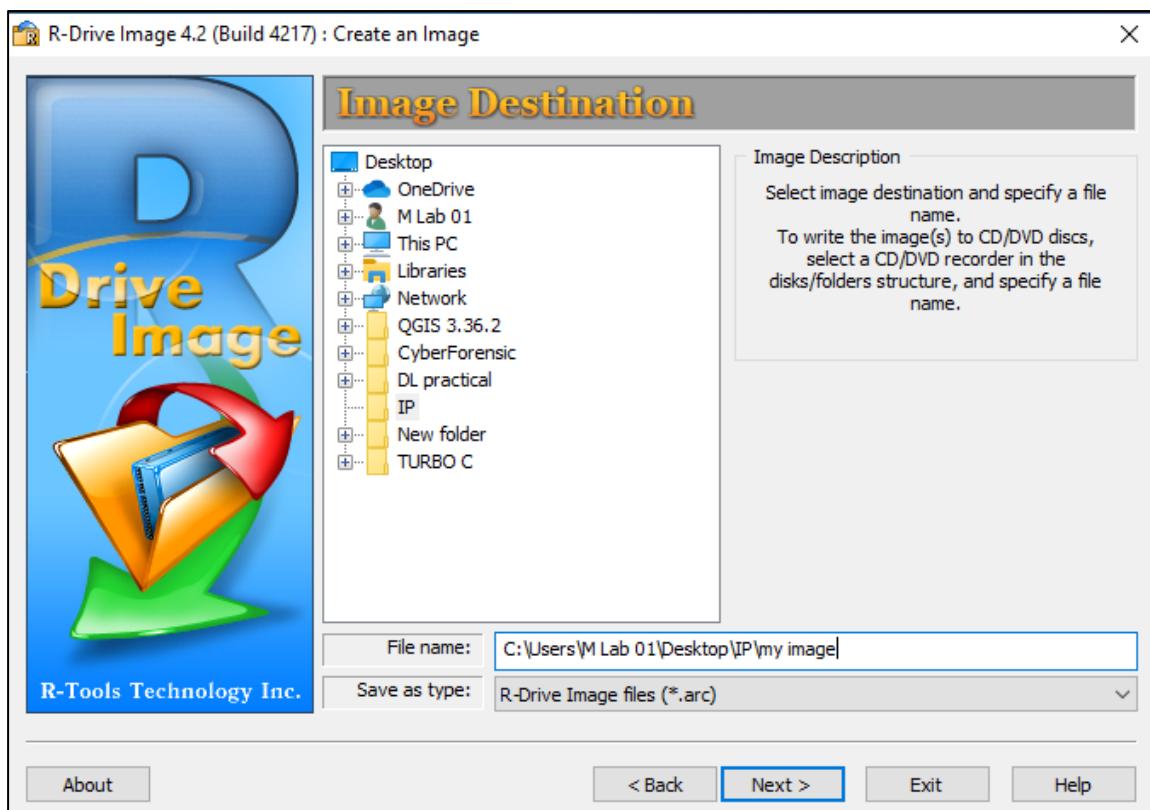


**Click on PARTITION SELECTION → Next**

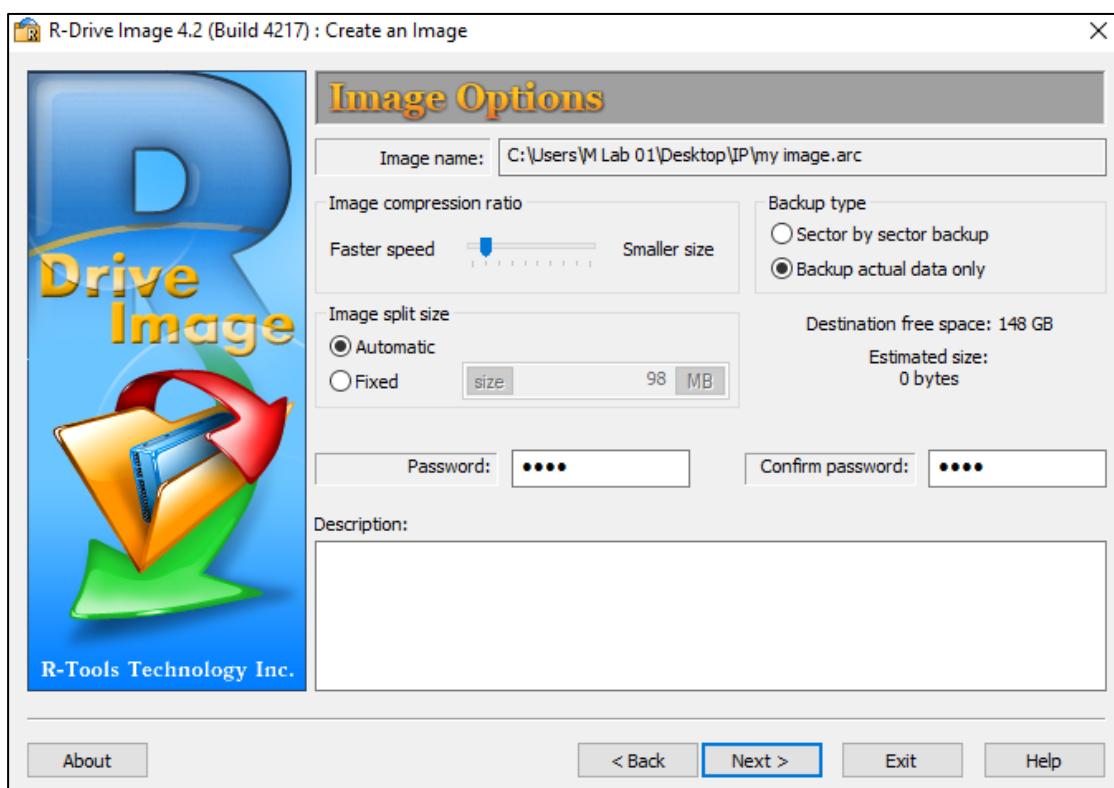


**Click on IMAGE DESTINATION → Type FILE NAME → Next**

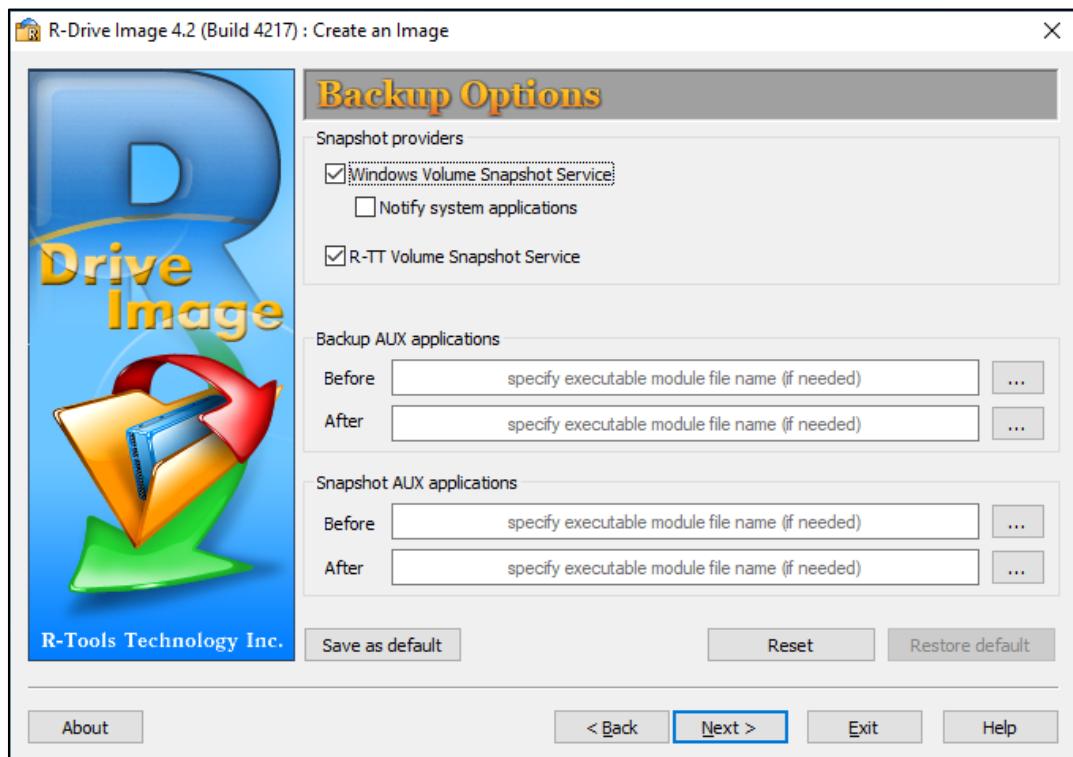




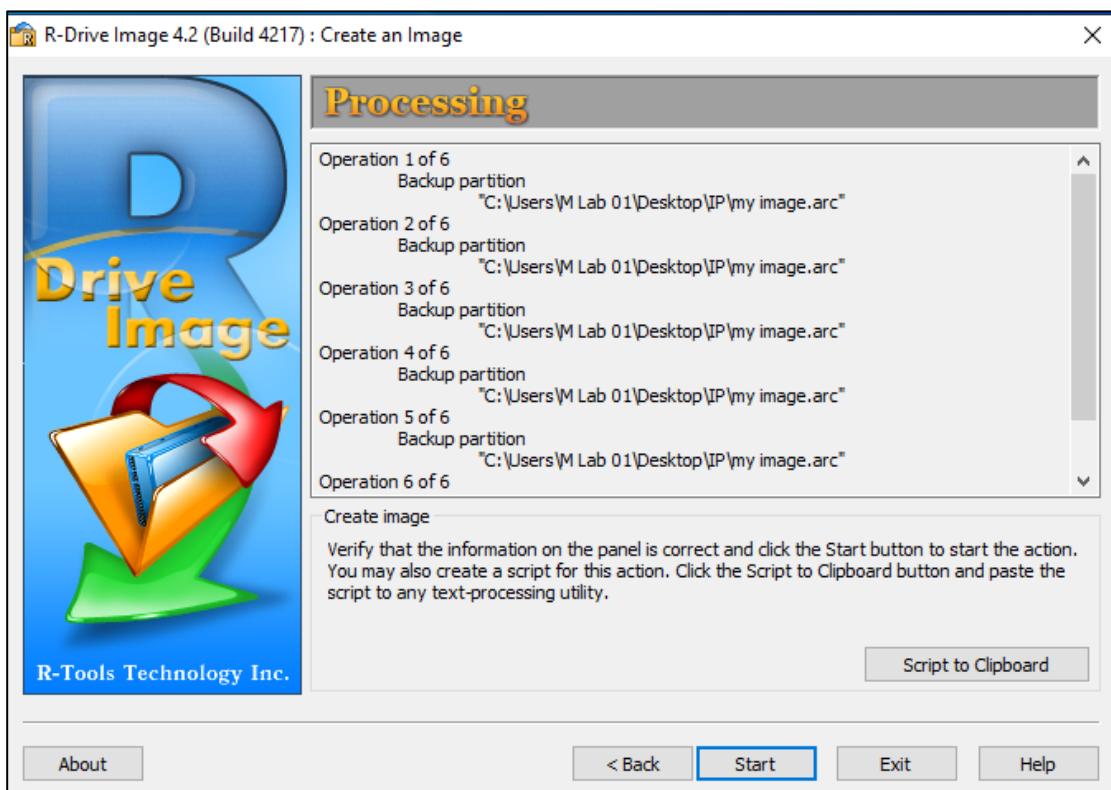
Click on IMAGE OPTION → Set a PASSWORD → Next



**Click on BACKUP OPTIONS → Save as Default → Next**

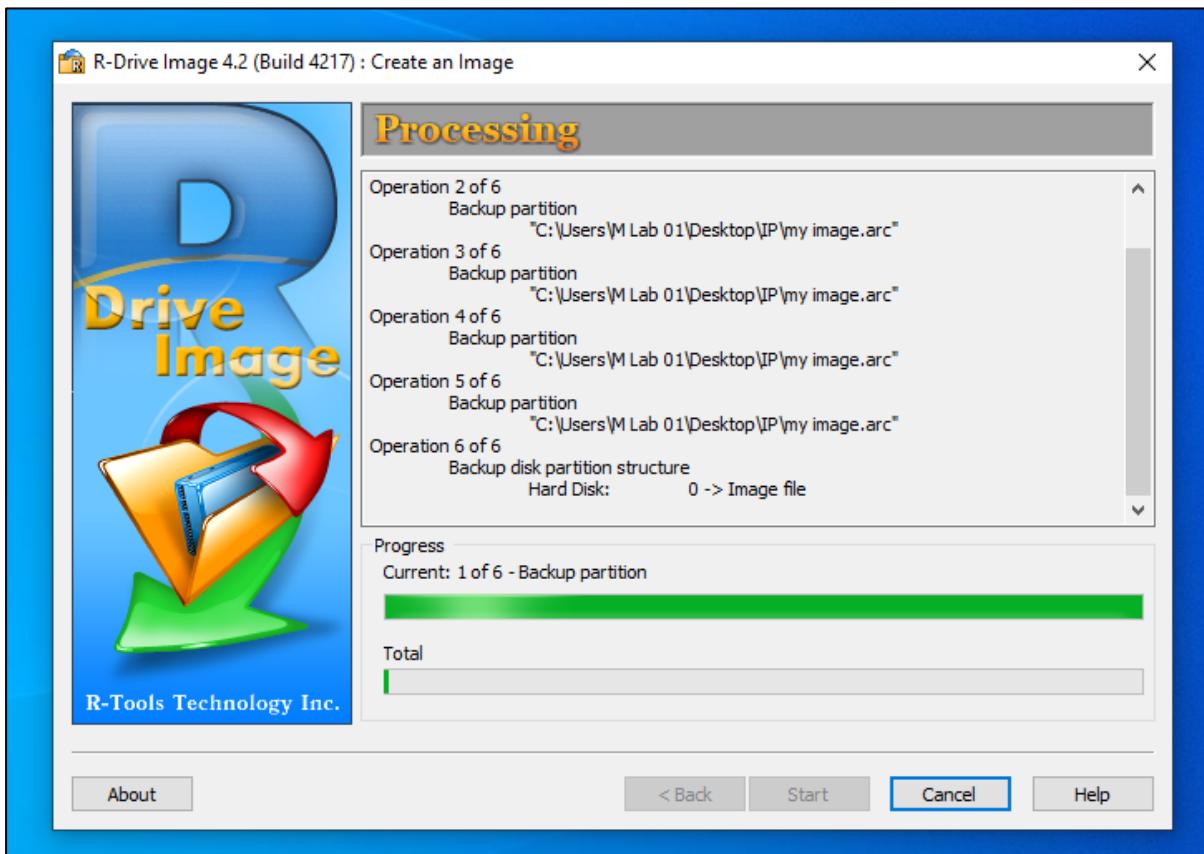


**Click on START**



## OUTPUT SLIDE:

After Completion of Loading → IMAGE FILE IS CREATED



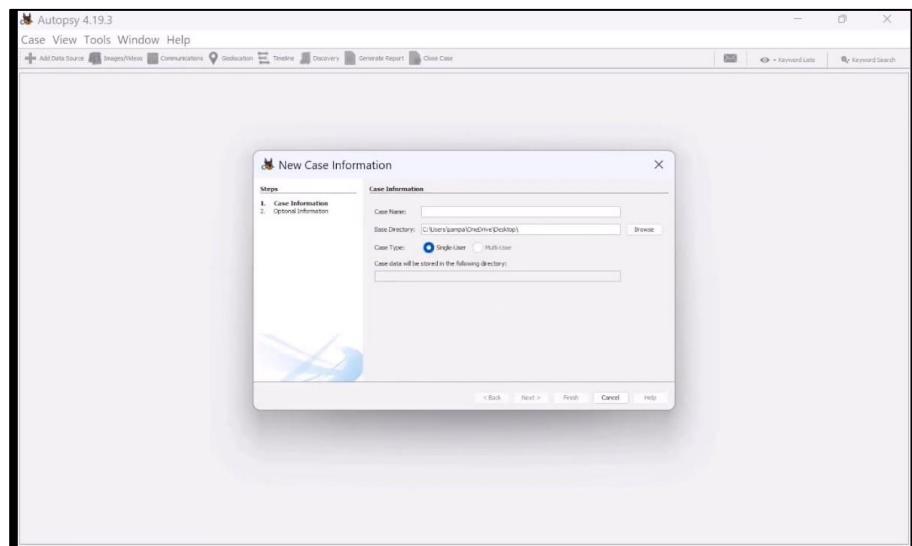
# MOBILE FORENSICS

## a) Analysing the Forensic Image and Carving the Deleted Files Using Autopsy.

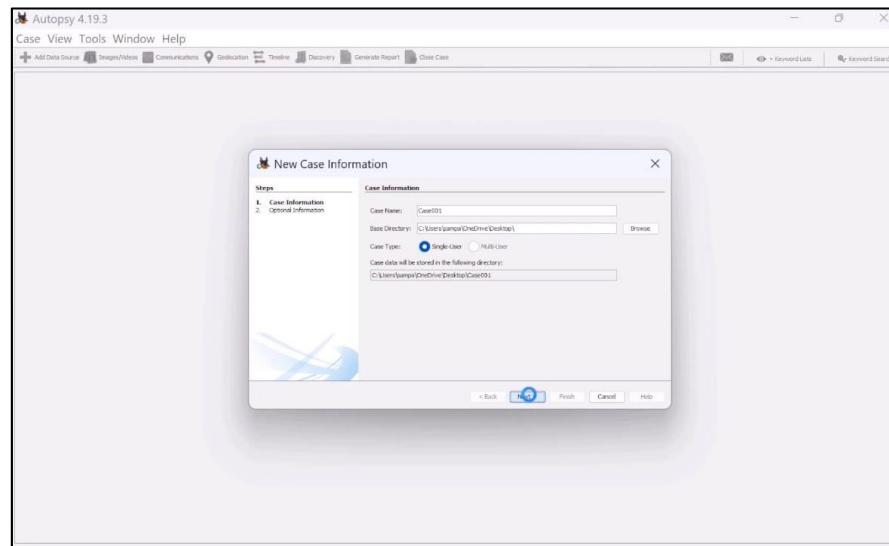
Go to Google → Download AUTOPSY



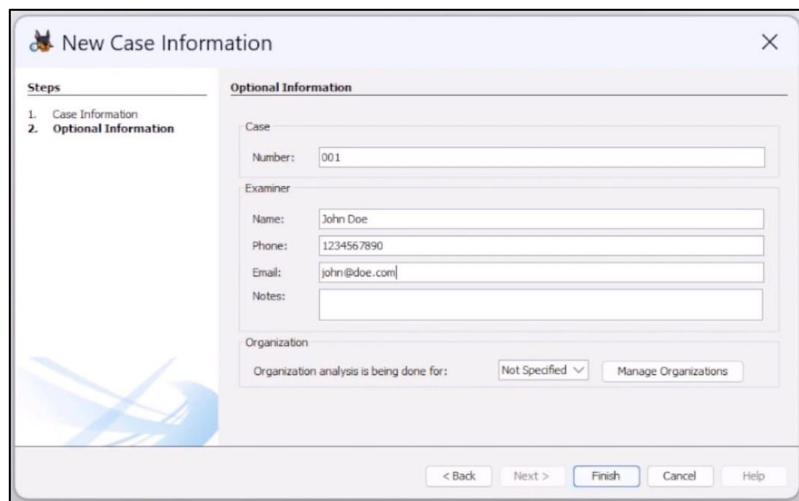
Open the AUTOPSY → Create a NEW CASE



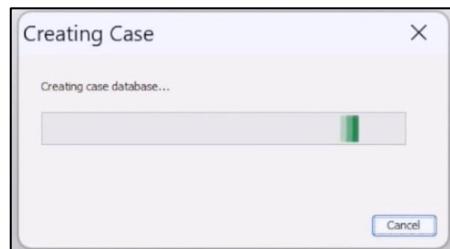
**Write down the CASE NAME → Browse the DIRECTORY → Next**



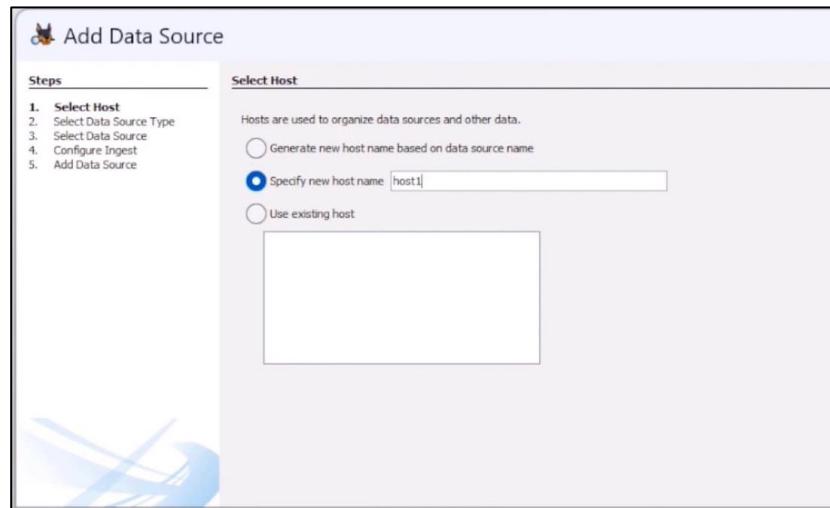
**Fill all the INFORMATION → Click on Finish**



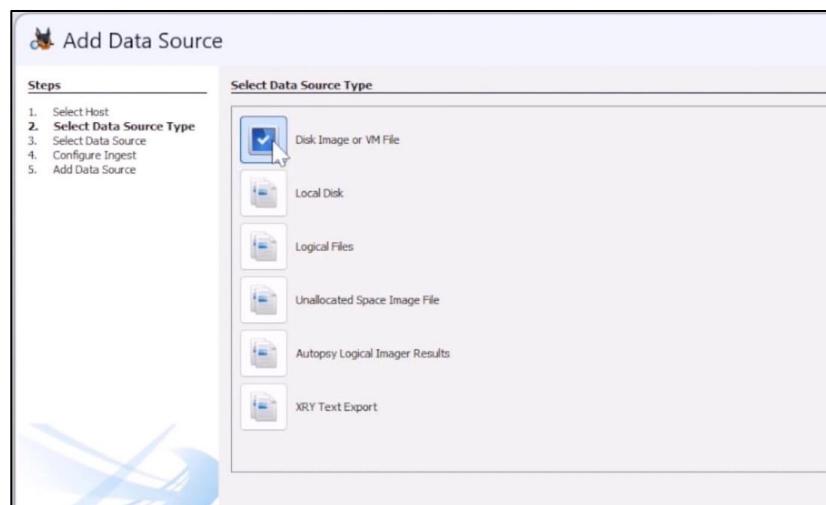
**Creation Case → Loading**



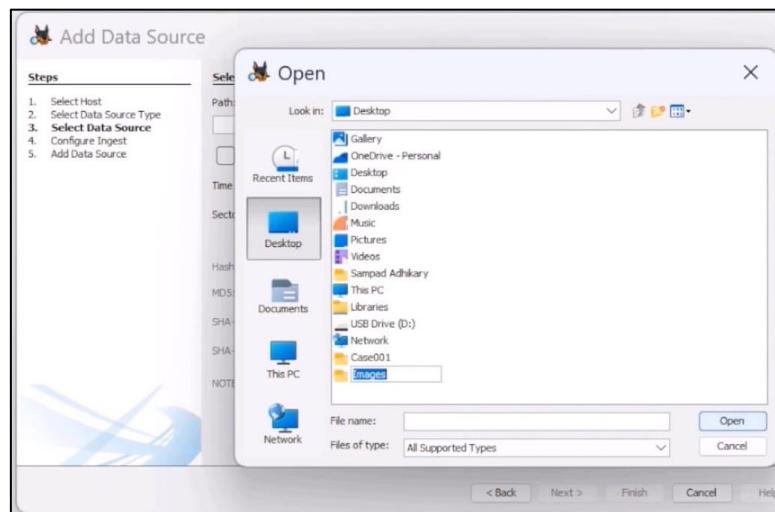
**Add DATA SOURCE → Select Host → Type HOST NAME → host1 → Next**



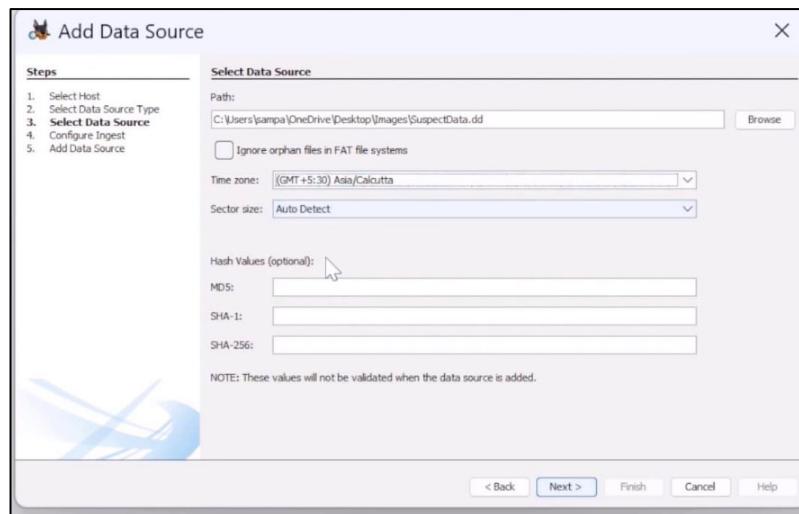
**Click on Disk Image or VM File → Next → Browse**



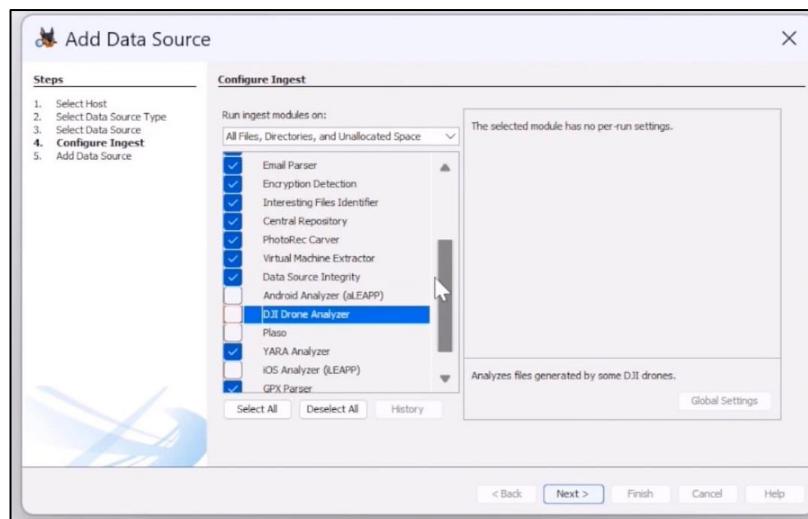
**Select IMAGE Folder on Desktop → Select IMAGE File → Click on Open**



**Change the TIME ZONE → Next**



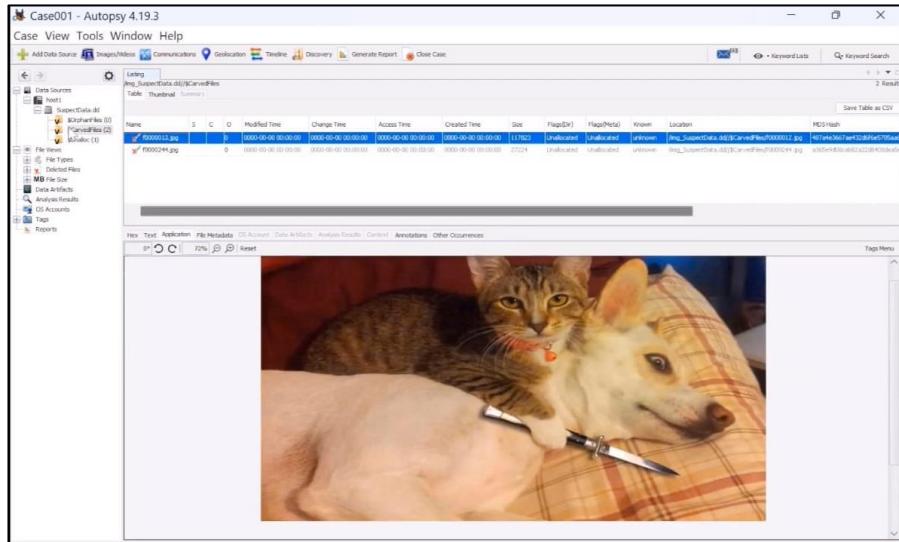
**Un Select the Unnecessary MODULE → Next → Finish**



**Goto HOST1 File → Click on + sign → Select Main FILE FOLDER → Open the IMAGES**

Case001 - Autopsy 4.19.3										
Case View Tools Window Help										
File View										
Save Table as CSV										

## OUTPUT SLIDE:



Click on Generate Report Menu Bar → Next → Next → Finish

