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10. REST API	
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W03: JAVASCRIPT

1. THEORY

2. Function

- a. Function Statement
- b. Function Expression
- c. Function Declaration
- d. Anonymous function
- e. Named Function Expression
- f. Functional Programing
- g. Higher order function
- h. First class function
- i. Pure Function
- j. Function composition
- Advantages and disadvantages of JS
- 4. Scope, Lexical scope
- 5. Prototype

6.

7. Closure

- a. Disadvantage
- b. Uses
- 8. Garbage collection

9. Hoisting

- a. TDZ
- b. let, const vs var
- c. Function vs arrow function
- 10. Call Apply Bind
- 11. This Keyword
- 12. Temporal Dead Zone

13. String Methods

- a. Length
- b. toUpperCase, LowerCase
- c. Trim
- d. Pad
- e. charAt
- f. Split
- g. Concat
- h. substring

14. Array Methods

a. Map

- b. Filter
- c. Reduce
- d. Find
- e. Sort
- f. Foreach
- a. Push
- h. Pop
- i. Shift
- i. Unshift
- k. Slice
- ı. Splice

15. Object Methods

- a. freeze
- 16. Callback and callback hell

17. Promise

- a. Promise.all
- b. Promise.allSettled
- c. Promise.race
- d. Thenable
- e. Finally
- f. Catch
- 18. Async await
- 19. Spread and Rest Operator
- 20. DOM, BOM
- 21. Call stack
- 22. Event loop

23. ES6 and its features

- a. Let, Var, Const
- b. Ternary operator
- c. Arrow function
- d. Template literals
- e. Default Parameters
- f. Classes
- g. Modules
- h. Iterators
- i. Object & Array Destructuring
- i. SetInterval

24. Primitive and non-primitive

- Pass by value and pass by reference
- 25. Message queue
- 26. Life
- 27. Generator

28. Prototype

a. Prototype chain

- b. Prototypal Inheritance
- 29. JavaScript is dynamically types
- 30. Currying

31. Type Casting

- a. Implicite (Coercion)
- b. Explicit (Conversion)
- 32. Microtask queue
- 33. Shallow copy
- 34. Deep copy
- 35. Immutable

36. **VS**

- a. == and ===
- b. Let, const, var
- c. Synchronous vs asynchronous
- d. While vs do while
- e. Foreach Vs Map
- f. Parameters, Arguments
- g. for in, for of
- h. Undefined, Null
- i. Keywords & Identifiers
- j. Type casting vs Type coercion

W04:

NODE.JS EXPRESS

THEORY

- 1. What is Node.js
- 2. why v8 Engine
- Advantages & Disadvantages of Node.js
- 4. How node works
- 5. Node Module System
- 6. REPL, Cli
- 7. NPX
- 8. Globals
 - a. __dirname
 - b. __filename
 - c. Module
 - d. Process

9. Modules

- a. Core Modules.
- b. local Modules.
- c. Third-party Modules.
- d. module.exports:{}
- e. require
- f. ESM
 - i. import and export

10. **NPM**

- a. local and global
- b. npm init
- c. npm install or i
- 11. Nodemon
 - a. scripts
 - i. start
 - ii. dev
 - b. npm run dev
- 12. package.json
- 13. package-lock.json
- 14. Event loop
- 15. Event Queue
- 16. Events

a. Events emitter

b. Http module

17. Streams

- a. type of streams
 - i. writable, readable, duplex, transform
- b. createReadStream()
- c. pipe()

18. HTTP

- a. https
- b. How does it work?
- c. request response cycle
- d. Stateless protocol
 - Local storage, Sessions and Cookies
- e. Request
 - i. General (start line)
 - method/target/ve rsion
 - ii. header
 - iii. body
- f. Response
 - i. General (start line)
 - version/statuscod e/statustext
 - ii. header
 - 1. content type
 - iii. body
 - 1. requested resource

a. HTTP Methods

- i. GET
- ii. POST
- iii. PUT
- iv. DELETE
- h. Idempotent
- i. Headers
- i. Status code
 - i. 1xx: Informational
 - ii. 2xx: Success
 - 1. 200 Success
 - 2. 201 Success and created
 - iii. 3xx: Redirect
 - 1. 301: moved to new URL

- 2. 304: not changed
- iv. 4xx: Client Error
 - 1. 401:

Unauthorised

2. 402: 402 Payment

Required

- 3. 403: Forbidden
- 4. 404: page not found
- v. 5xx: Server Error
- k. MIME type
- ı. HTTP v2
- m. TCP and IP

19. EXPRESS

- 20. npm install express -save
- 21. app = express()
 - a. get()
 - i. status()
 - ii. send()
 - iii. sendFile()
 - b. post()
 - i. express.urlencode()
 - ii. Form vs JS
 - c. put()
 - d. patch()
 - e. delete()
 - f. all()
 - g. use()
 - h. listen()
- 22. Static files
 - a. public
 - b. express.static()

23. API

- a. json()
- 24. Params, Query String
- 25. Route Parameter
- 26. Query string/url Parameter

27. MIddleware

- a. what is middleware
- b. used for what?
- c. Types of Middleware
 - i. Application-level middleware
 - ii. Third party middleware
 - 1. morgan

- 2. multer
- iii. Router-level middleware
- iv. Built-in middleware
- v. Error-handling middleware
 - 1. err.statusCode
 - 2. err.message
- d. req, res, next
- e. next()
- f. app.use in middleware
- g. passing two middleware

28. Routing

- a. router
- b. express.Router()
- 29. Cluster
- 30. Multithreading in node.js
 - a. require('worker_theads')
 - b. new Worker

31. Core Express

a. Session

- i. i express-session
- ii. secret
- iii. resave
- iv. saveUninitialized
- v. destroy()

b. Cookies

- i. i cookie-parser
- c. Core middleware
- d. Core routing
- e. Build own API
- f. Core views
- g. database integration

32. EJS

- a. i ejs
- b. server side rendering
- c. view engine
- d. render()
- e. <% %>, <%- %>, <%= %>
- f. partials

33. Rest API

- a. RESTful
- 34. fragment identifier

35. **VS**

- 36. API vs HTTP
- 37. API vs SSR

- 38. HTTP vs HTTPS
- 39. URIs vs URLs vs URNs
- 40. Session vs Cookies
- 41. GET vs POST
- 42. PUT vs PATCH
- 43. SSL vs TLS

44. Build-in Modules (only imp)

- a. OS
- b. path
 - i. join()
 - ii. basename()
 - iii. resolve()
- c. fs
 - i. fs sync
 - ii. readFileSync()
 - iii. writeFileSync()
 - iv. **fs async**
 - v. readFile()
 - vi. writeFile()
- d. http
 - i. createServer()
 - 1. url
 - 2. listen()
 - 3. write()
 - 4. writeHead()
 - 5. end()
- e. util
 - i. util.promisify
 - ii. util.callbackify
- f. events
 - i. eventEmmitter
 - 1. .emit()
 - 2. .on()
 - ii. on()
- g. net
- h. crypto
 - i. password hashing

W05: MONGODB

1. THEORY

- 2. SQL(relational) vs
- 3. NoSQL ()
- 4. What is MongoDB?
- 5. Run on JS Engine
- 6. How does mongoDB work?
- 7. Non-relational Document based
- 8. Advantage and Disadvantages
- 9. BSON
- 10. MongoDB Structure
- 11.
- 12. MongoDB architectureJSON vs BSON
- 13. MongoDB shell
- 14. CRUD Operations
- 15. Cursor, Iterate a Cursor
- 16. Time to Leave
- 17. Maximum Document Size: 16Mb
 - a. GridFS

18. Data types in MongoDB (BSON)

- a. ObjectId
 - i. timestamp
 - ii. random value
 - iii. incrementing counter
- b. String
- c. Int, longInt, Double
- d. Array, Object
- e. Boolean
- f. Date
- g. Decimal128
- h. Regex
- i. Javascript
 - i. with scope
 - ii. without scope
- j. MinKey, MaxKey
- k. Binary data

19. Cursor

- a. cursor methods
- b. toArray
- c. forEach

20. Collection

- a. db
- b. db.createCollection(collection Name)
- c. show collections
- d. renaming Collection

21. Documents

- a. adding new Documents
- b. Nested Documents
 - i. advantage

22. Inserting Document

- 23. Insert One and Many
- 24. what are the additional methods used for inserting

25. Finding / Querying

- a. find()
 - i. iterate (it)
 - ii. pretty()
- b. findOne({ filter })
- c. finding In nested Array
 - i. "field.field"
 - ii. match
 - iii. exact match
 - iv. multiple match
- d. Array
 - i. finding in specific order
 - ii. without regard to order
 - iii. query by array index
 - iv. query by array length

e. Projection

- i. explicitly include fields
- f. Null, \$type: 10, \$exists

26. Filtering

- a. find(filter)
- b. find({filter}, {fieldsToGet})

27. Method Chaining

- a. count()
- b. limit()
- c. sort(1 or -1)
- d. skip()

28. **Operators** (denoted by \$)

- a. {\$gt: number} \$gte
- ь. \$lt, \$lte
- c. \$eq, \$ne
- d. \$or \$and \$not
- e. \$in: [1,2,3], \$nin: [1,2]

- f. \$all
- a. \$set, \$unset

h. \$elemMatch

- i. \$slice
- j. \$size
- k. \$inc: 1, \$inc: -1
- . \$pull, \$push
- m. \$each [1, 2]
- n. \$eq, \$ne
- o. \$currentDate
- p. \$exists
- q. \$expr
- r. \$cond
- s. \$rename
- t. \$min, \$max
- u. \$mul

v. Array Operator

- i. \$push
- ii. \$each
- iii. \$pull
- iv. \$pullAll
- v. \$pop
- vi. \$
- vii. \$elemMatch

29. Deleting

- a. deleteOne({ field:value })
- b. deleteMany()
- c. remove()

30. Updating

- a. updateOne({whichObject} ,{\$set: {field: value, field: value}})
- **b.** Operators
 - i. \$set
 - ii. \$unset
 - iii. \$rename
- c. updateMany()
- d. replaceOne()
- e. incrementing & decrementing
- f. adding and remove from array
- g. upsert
- h. update() vs updateOne()
- i. updateOne vs replaceOne

31. bulkWrite()

- a. ordered: false
- b. ordered vs unordered
- c. advantages and disadvantages

32. Commands

- a. mongosh
- b. db
- c. show dbs
- d. db.stats

33. Aggregation

- a. How does it work
- b. advantages
- c. types of aggregation
- d. distinct

e. Aggregate stages

- i. \$match
- ii. \$group
 - 1. grouping by
 - 2. -nested field
 - 3. -multiple field
- iii. \$sort
- iv. \$count
- v. other ways to count
- vi. client and server side counting
- vii. \$limit, \$skip
- viii. \$out
- ix. \$project
- x. \$lookup
- xi. \$unwind
- xii. allowDiskUse: true
- f. "\$name" vs "name"

g. Accumulator Operators

i. \$sum, \$avg, \$max, \$min

h. Unary Operators

i. \$type, \$lt \$gt \$or \$and\$multiply

i. Aggregation Pipeline

- i. How does aggregation pipeline work?
- ii. memory limit: 100mb
 - 1. spill to disk
- i. Batch sizing
- k. Iterator Size
- Query routing

m. Map Reduce

- i. for what is it used?
- ii. find sum, avg

34. Indexes

- a. pros and cons of Indexes
- b. createIndex({ filed: value })
- c. options when creating Index
 - i. background: true
 - ii. unique: true
 - iii. name: "<indexName>"
- d. getIndex()
- e. dropIndex(), dropIndexes
- f. reIndex()
- g. rename Index
- h. hiding index

i. Types of Indexes

- i. Single Field Index
- ii. Compound Index
- iii. Multikey Index
- iv. Text Index
- Geospatial, Hashed,
 Clustered Index

35. Schema

- a. pros and cons of using schema
- b. optional schema
- c. validation action

36. Relationships

- a. embedding
- b. referencing
- c. one-to-one
- d. one-to-many
- e. one-to-squillions
- f. many-to-many

37. Replication

- a. replica set
- advantage and disadvantages of replication

c. Replication Architecture

- i. primary and secondary nodes
- ii. arbiter
- iii. process of election
- iv. heartbeat
- d. Process of Election
- e. Replication lag

f. operation log (oplog)

g. Types of replication

- i. Asynchronous Replication
- ii. Synchronous Replication
- iii. Majority Commit
- iv. etc...

38. Sharding

a. advantages and disadvantages

ь. Sharding Architecture

- What is Mongos/Router
- ii. Config Server

c. Types of sharding

- i. Hashed sharding
- ii. Ranged sharding
- iii. Zone Sharding

d. Shard key

- i. shard hotspots
- ii. normal shard key
- iii. hashed shard key
- e. Vertical and horizontal scaling
- f. Zones
- g. mongos
- h. auto balancer
- i. scatter-gather

39. Cluster

- a. types of cluster
- b. config servers

40. Data Modeling

- a. embedded data model
- b. reference data model
- c. linking vs embedding

41. Transactions

- a. ACID Transaction
- b. A- Atomicity
- c. C-Consistency
- d. I Isolation
- e. D Durability

42. **VS**

- a. \$or vs \$in
- b. \$all vs \$in
- c. drop() vs remove()

- d. findAndModify() vs findOneAndUpdate()
- e. Primary key vs secondary key
- f. join vs lookup
- g. dot notation vs nested form
- h. \$currentDate vs \$\$NOW
- i. delete() vs remove()
- j. bulkWrite vs InsertMany
- k. replace vs update
- I. shard vs node vs cluster
- m. Aggregation Pipeline vs Map Reduce
- vertical scalability vs horizontal scalability
- o. load balancer vs sharding
- p. odm vs driver
- q. stage operator vs accumulator operator
- r. normal shard key vs hashed shard key
- s. aggregate([\$count:"tota"]) vs find({}).count()
- t. replication vs replica set
- u. transaction vs query
- scaling up vs scaling down vs scaling out?
- w. config servers vs mongos
- x. load balancer vs auto balancer
- y. countdocument vs count
- 43. What is a MongoDB driver?
- 44. Capped collection and it's advantages
- 45. Profiler
- 46. Explain
- 47. Soft deleting

48. INTERVIEW QUESTION

- 49. What to do when your quireing becomes slow?
- 50. What to do when your files are getting very big?
- 51. How to condense large volumes of data?
- 52. How to search for text in MongoDB?

- 53. How does MongoDB schema change?
- 54. How can we Backup and Restore in MongoDB?
- 55. What are the pros and cons of Normalising Data in MongoDB

56. GOOD TO KNOW

- 57. Atomicity
- 58. Type Bracketing
- 59. Dot Notation
- 60. Cursor behaviour
- 61. Aggregation Pipeline
- 62. Retryable Writes and Reads
- 63. MongoDB CRUD Concepts
- 64. B-Tree
- 65. ACID compliance
- 66. Mongoose
- 67. Network Components
 - a. load balancer
 - b. firewall

68. CAP Theorem

- a. consistency
- b. availability
- c. partition tolerance
- 69. Firewall

70. Mongo Utilities

- a. mongoexport
- b. mongoimport
- c. mongodump
- d. mongorestore
- e. mongostat
- f. mongotop
- g. mongooplog

FD 01: HTML

& CSS

1. HTML

- 2. Basics
- 3. Block element and inline element
- 4. Element
 - a. Void elements
 - b. Container Element
- 5. Attributes
 - a. boolean attributes
 - b. lang attribute
- 6. Nesting
- 7. <!DOCTYPE html>
- 8. head
 - a. <meta>
 - b. <meta charset="utf-8">
 - c. Adding an author and description

9. VS

- 10. h1 vs title in head
- 11. vs <i>
- 12. vs

13.GOOD TO KNOW

- 14. Whitespace
- 15. entity references
 - a. < <
 - b. > >
 - c. " "
- 16. Open Graph Data

17. CSS

- 18. Anatomy of CSS ruleset
- 19. Selecters
 - a. Element
 - b. Id, Class
 - c. Attribute
 - d. Pseudo
- 20.Box model

FD 01:

JAVASCRIPT

1. DOM

- 2. querySelector
- 3. textContent
- 4. addEventListener
- 5. Order of Parsing

6. event Propagation

- a. event Bubbling
- ь event Capturing/Trickling
- c. how to add both on program
- event.stopPropagation();
- 8. event Delegation
 - a. e.target
 - i. id
 - ii. tagName
 - iii. pros and cons

9. THEORY

- 10. Data types
- 11. Operators
- 12. enum
 - a. how to get enum in javascript

13. Function

- a. Function Statement
- ь. Function Expression
- c. Function Declaration
- d. Anonymous function
- e. Named Function Expression
- f. Functional Programing

g. Higher order function

h. First class function

i. Decorator function

- i. use
- ii. count no of function call
- iii. valid data of params

i. Pure function

- i. pros and cons
- ii. rules
- iii. pure vs impure
- 14. Advantages and disadvantages of JS

15. Set Map Flat

- a. set
 - i. add()
 - ii. has()
 - iii. delete()
- b. map
 - i. get ()
 - ii. set ()
 - iii. <mapName>.size
 - iv. iterating
- c. object vs map
- d. weekSet()
 - i. features
- . weekMap()
 - i. features
 - ii. key is private
- f. falt()
- g. flatMap()
- h. reduceRight()
- i. copyWithin()

16. Operators

- a. Nullish operator
- b. Optional chaining
- c. Ternary operator
- d. Type Operators

e. Unary operators

- i. delete
- ii. typeof
- iii. !, ++, -, +

f. Bitwise Operators

- i. bitwise OR
- ii. bitwise AND
- iii. uses

17. Scope

- a. Global scope
- b. Module scope
- c. Function scope
- d. Lexical scope
- e. Block scope

18. Prototype

- 19. Types of error
 - a. syntax, logic

20. Closure

- a. Disadvantage
- b. Uses
- c. lexical scope vs closure

- d. IIFE
- 21. Garbage collection

22. Hoisting

- a. TDZ
- ь. let, const vs var
- c. Function vs arrow function

23. Call Apply Bind

- a. function borrowing
- ь. call vs apply vs bind
- c. polyfills
- 24. This Keyword

25. String Methods

- a. Length
- b. toUpperCase, LowerCase
- c. Trim
- d. Pad
- e. charAt
- f. Split
- g. Concat
- h. substring

26. Array Methods

- a. Map
- ь. Filter
- c. Reduce
- d. Find
- e. Sort
- f. Foreach
- g. Push
- h. Pop
- i. Shift
- i. Unshift
- k. Slice
- 1. Splice

27. Object Methods

a. freeze

28. **Loop**

- a. for
- b. do while vs while
- c. labelled statements
- d. break
- e. continue
- f. for...in
- g. for...of

29. Callback

- a. callback hell
- b. inversion of control

30. Promises

- a. Promise states
- ь. Promise chaining
- c. Promise.all
- d. Promise.allSettled
- e. Promise.any
- f. Promise.race
- a. Promise.resolve
- h. Thenable
- i. Finally
- j. Catch
- k. immutable
- promisify
- m. pros and cons

31. Async await

- a. async always return a promise
- b. error handling in async await

32. Debouncing & Throttling

- both are used for optimising performance of a web app
- b. by limiting the rate of API calls
- 33. Spread and Rest Operator
- 34. DOM, BOM
- 35. Call stack
- 36. Event loop

37. ES6 and its features

- a. Let, Var, Const
- b. Ternary operator
- c. Arrow function
- d. Template literals
- e. Default Parameters
- f. Classes
- g. Modules
- h. Iterators
- Object & Array Destructuring

38. Primitive and non-primitive

- Pass by value and pass by reference
- 39. Message queue
- 40. Life
- 41. Generator

42. Prototype

- a. Prototype chain
- ы. Prototypal Inheritance

- c. uses?
- d. Circular reference
- e. Object.key

43. Recursion

- a. recursive call to function
- ь. condition to exit
- c. pros and cons
- d. display the fibonacci sequence
- e. USE
- 44. JavaScript is dynamically types

45. Currying

a. function inside function

46. Type Casting

- a. Implicite (Coercion)
- b. Explicit (Conversion)
- 47. Microtask queue

48. Shallow copy vs Deep copy

- a. primitive vs structural
- b. how make these copies
- c. pros and cons
- d. Mutable vs Immutable
- e. Object.freeze()
- 49. TCP/IP
- 50. DNS

51. IIFE

a. pros and cons

52. Composition vs Inheritance

- 53. Function recursion
- 54. [Symbol.iterator]
- 55. Truthy and falsy value

56. VS

- a. == and ===
- ь. Let, const, var
- c. Synchronous vs asynchronous
- d. While vs do while
- e. Foreach Vs Map
- f. Parameters, Arguments
- g. for in, for of
- h. Undefined, Null
- i. Keywords & Identifiers
- j. Type casting vs Type coercion
- k. textContent vs innerText
- . identifiers vs variables
- m. defer vs async

57. GOOD TO KNOW

- 58. interpreted and compiled doe
- 59. Server-side vs client-side code

60.

FD 01: NODE.JS EXPRESS

THEORY

- 45. What is Node.js
- 46. why v8 Engine
- 47. Advantages & Disadvantages of Node.js
- 48. How node works
- 49. Node Module System
- 50. REPL, Cli
- 51. NPX
- 52. Globals
 - a. __dirname
 - b. __filename
 - c. Module
 - d. Process

53. Modules

- a. Core Modules.
- b. local Modules.
- c. Third-party Modules.
- d. module.exports:{}
- e. require
- f. ESM
 - i. import and export

54. **NPM**

- a. local and global
- b. npm init
- c. npm install or i
- 55. Nodemon
 - a. scripts
 - i. start
 - ii. dev
 - b. npm run dev
- 56. package.json
- 57. package-lock.json
- 58. Event loop
- 59. Event Queue
- 60. Events

a. Events emitter

b. Http module

61. Streams

- a. type of streams
 - i. writable, readable, duplex, transform
- b. createReadStream()
- c. pipe()
- d. Buffers

62. Cron-job

- a. ****
- b. 1^{st*} = second
- c. 2^{nd*} = minute
- d. 3^{rd*} = hour
- e. 4^{th*} = day of month
- f. $5^{th*} = month$
- g. 6^{th*} = day of week
- h. or, range selector
- i. time zone
- j. validation

63. CORS

- a. preflight request
 - i. header
 - ii. accept-control-allow-or
 igin: *
 - iii. accept-control-allow-m
 ethods:*

iv.

64. HTTP

- a. https
- b. How does it work?
- c. request response cycle
- d. Stateless protocol
 - i. Local storage, Sessions and Cookies
- e. Request
 - i. General (start line)
 - method/target/ve rsion
 - ii. header
 - iii. body
- f. Response
 - i. General (start line)
 - version/statuscod e/statustext
 - ii. header

- 1. content type
- iii. body
 - 1. requested resource

g. HTTP Methods

- i. GET
- ii. POST
- iii. PUT
- iv. DELETE
- v. HEAD
- vi. CONNECT
- vii. OPTIONS
- viii. TRACE
- h. Idempotent
- i. Headers
- i. writeHead vs setHead
- k. Status code
 - i. 1xx: Informational
 - ii. 2xx: Success
 - 1. 200 Success
 - 2. 201 Success and created
 - iii. 3xx: Redirect
 - 1. 301: moved to new URL
 - 2. 304: not changed
 - iv. 4xx: Client Error
 - 1. 401:

Unauthorised

- 2. 402: Payment Required
- 3. 403: Forbidden
- 4. 404: Page not found
- v. 5xx: Server Error
- MIME type
- m. HTTP v2
- n. TCP and IP

65.EXPRESS

- 66. npm install express -save
- 67. app = express()
 - a. get()
 - i. status()
 - ii. send()
 - iii. sendFile()
 - b. post()

- i. express.urlencode()
- ii. Form vs JS
- c. put()
- d. patch()
- e. delete()
- f. all()
- g. use()
- h. listen()
- 68. Static files
 - a. public
 - b. express.static()

69. API

- a. json()
- 70. Params, Query String
- 71. Route Parameter
- 72. Query string/url Parameter

73. MIddleware

- a. what is middleware
- b. used for what?
- c. req, res, next
- d. next()
- e. app.use in middleware
- f. passing two middleware

g. Types of Middleware

- i. Application-level middleware
- ii. Third party middleware
 - 1. morgan
 - 2. multer
- iii. Router-level middleware
- iv. Built-in middleware
- v. Error-handling middleware
 - 1. err.statusCode
 - 2. err.message

74. Routing

- a. router
- b. express.Router()
- 75. Cluster
- 76. Multithreading in node.js
 - a. require('worker_theads')
 - b. new Worker

77. Core Express

- a. Session
 - i. i express-session

- ii. secret
- iii. resave
- iv. saveUninitialized
- v. destroy()

b. Cookies

- i. i cookie-parser
- c. Core middleware
- d. Core routing
- e. Build own API
- f. Core views
- g. database integration

78. EJS

- a. i ejs
- b. server side rendering
- c. view engine
- d. render()
- e. <% %>, <%- %>, <%= %>
- f. partials

79. Rest API

- a. RESTful
- 80. fragment identifier

81. **VS**

- 82. API vs HTTP
- 83. API vs SSR
- 84. HTTP vs HTTPS
- 85. URIs vs URLs vs URNs
- 86. Session vs Cookies
- 87. GET vs POST
- 88. PUT vs PATCH
- 89. SSL vs TLS

90. Build-in Modules (only imp)

- a. OS
- b. path
 - i. join()
 - ii. basename()
 - iii. resolve()
- c. fs
 - i. fs sync
 - ii. readFileSync()
 - iii. writeFileSync()
 - iv. **fs async**
 - v. readFile()
 - vi. writeFile()
- d. http
 - i. createServer()
 - 1. url

- 2. listen()
- 3. write()
- 4. writeHead()
- 5. end()
- e. util
 - i. util.promisify
 - ii. util.callbackify
- f. events
 - i. eventEmmitter
 - 1. .emit()
 - 2. .on()
 - ii. on()
- g. net
- h. crypto
 - i. password hashing
 - ii. .crateHmac(sha256, secret).update('<valuet olncript>').digest('hex')

W07: GIT

1. THEORY

- 2. Config
- 3. git init
- 4. git clone
- 5. git status

6. Creating Version

- a. git add file
 - i. git add - all
 - ii. git add.
- b. git commit
 - i. -m "<message>"
- c. commit id
 - i. check sum

ii. content

- 1. author details
- 2. preview details
- 3. date
- 4. etc..
- iii. sha-1 hash
- d. label
- e. branch
- 7. touch
- 8. git log
- 9. git diff
- 10. git stash

11. git checkout

- a. commit id
- b. branch name
- 12. git log - all

13. Branching

- a. git branch

 branchName>
- ь. git branch

14. Merging

15. git merge < branchName >

16. types of merging

- a. fast-forward merge
- b. recursive merge
 - i. conflict

17. Git server

- a. git remote add <name> <url>
 - i. git remote
 - ii. git remote -v

- b. git push <remoteName> <branchName>
- c. Cloning
- d. git clone <url>
- e. git pull
- f. pull vs pull request?

18. Forking

- 19. vim .gitignore
- 20. gist
- 21. ci cd
- 22. git projects

23. GOOD TO KNOW

- 24. rebase
- 25. tree
- 26. brew install tree

REACT

1. Basics

- 2. npx create-react-app <appName >
- 3. components
 - a. default is App
- 4. rafce
- 5. calling function on button click
 - a. without parameter
 - b. with parameter
- 6. Fragments
- 7. Children Prop

8. Theory

- 9. What is React
- 10. Virtual DOM
 - a. Reconciliation
 - b. Diffing Algorithm
- 11. props vs state
- 12. Server Side vs Client Side Rendering in React
- 13. React Fibre
- 14. Synthetic Events
- 15. Life Cycle
- 16. Vlew Oriented

17. Hooks

- a. useState
 - i. changeValue
 - ii. changeValueWithFunct ion
- b. useRef
 - i. html
 - ii. useState vs useRef

c. useEffect

- i. dependency
- ii. return in useEffect
- iii. useLayoutEffect
- d. useMemo
 - i. sample
 - ii. recache
 - iii. pros and cons
 - iv. referential equality
- e. useCallback
 - i. sample
 - ii. useMemo vs useCallback

- iii. uses
- f. useContext
 - i. sample

g. useReducer

h. Create custom hooks

- i. useDebugValue
- i. useTransition
- j. useDeferredValue
- k. useld
 - i. sample
- I. useImperativeHandle

18. map

19. Props

- a. default prop
- b. PropDrilling
- c. Children

20. Components

- a. Creating Components
- b. Controlled Components
 - i. Inputs
- c. Higher order components
- d. Pure components

21. React Router

- a. install
- b. Hooks
 - i. useHistory
- c. use

d. Link

- i. replace
- ii. reloadDocument
- iii. state={}
- iv. useLocation()

v. NavLink

- 1. style={}
- 2. -isActive
- 3. end

vi. Navigate

- 1. useNavigate
- 2. navigate(-1)

e. Types of Router

- i. BrowserRouter
- ii. HashRouter
- iii. HistoryRouter
- iv. MemoryRouter
- v. StaticRouter
- vi. NativeRouter

- f. params (:id)
- g. cont {<name>} = useParams()
- h. useSearchParams

i. Nesting Routes

- i. index
- ii. location
- iii. shared element with children
- iv. outlet
- v. useOutletContext()
- vi. Nesting in separate file
- vii. useRoute

22. Good to Know

23. Object.entries(e)

24.lcons

25. Experimental Hooks

- a. useEffectEvent
- b. use
- c. useFormStatus
- d. useOptimistic

OTHERS

1. SASS

- 2. @import
 - "../node_modules/bootstrap/scss/bootstrap";
- 3. @use & @forward

4. SOLID Design Principles

- 5. Single responsibility principle
- 6. Open-closed principle
- 7. Liskov substitution principle
- 8. Interface segregation principle
- 9. Dependency inversion principle

10. REST API

- 11. it's about communication
- 12. RESTful
- 13. pros
 - a. simple & standardised
 - b. scalable & stateless
 - c. high performance due to cachings

14. Request

- a. General (start line)
 - i. method/target/version
- b. operation: get, post, put, delete
- c. endpoint
- d. header
 - i. API key
 - ii. authentication data
- e. body/ parameter

15. Response

- a. General (start line)
 - i. version/statuscode/stat ustext
- b. header
 - i. content type
- c. body
 - i. requested resource

16. HTTP Methods

- a. GET
- b. POST
- c. PUT
- d. DELETE

- 17. Idempotent
- 18. Headers
- 19. Status code
 - a. 1xx: Informational
 - b. 2xx: Success
 - i. 200 Success
 - ii. 201 Success and created
 - c. 3xx: Redirect
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 - ii. 402: 402 Payment Required
 - iii. 403: Forbidden
 - iv. 404: page not found
 - e. 5xx: Server Error

20.MIME type

21. HTTP v2

22.TCP and IP

23. CI CD (git)