Graph optimization Lab Project

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1 Question

Question 1

A telecommunication network is described by an undirected graph G=(N,E). The nodes generate data for network diagnosis, which must be collected in nodes equipped with processing devices. Devices can be installed on any node in N and installing a device in node $i \in N$ costs c_i . To guarantee a timely reaction to failures, the data must be received quickly: the overall propagation delay of the path from the source node to the processing node can be at most T milliseconds. The propagation delay on each arc (i,j) is $t_{i,j}$ milliseconds. Formulate the problem of selecting the minimum cost subset of nodes on which to install a device, so as to guarantee that the data for the network diagnosis can be sent to a device within the given time threshold. Solve the instances in the directory q1-instances on the webeep with a solver. Use parameter names as described in the file Q1-parameters.mod. Report, for each instance, the model formulation, the optimal value found and the selected nodes. Can the solver always find the optimal solution in reasonable time? Upload the .mod and .run files, and a .pdf with the model and the result for each instance.

Let's write down the model. First we have the following sets and parameters:

- \bullet N set of nodes in the network.
- E set of edges in the network.
- c_i cost of installing a device at node $i \in N$.
- $t_{i,j}$ propagation delay on edge $(i,j) \in E$.
- $d_{i,j}$ shortest path distance from node i to j.

and this decision variables:

- $x_i \in \{0,1\}$, a binary variable equal to one if a device is installed at node $i \in N$, zero otherwise.
- $y_{i,j} \in \{0,1\}$, a binary variable equal to one if $i \in N$ is served by a device a device at node $j \in N$.

The objective function is then

$$\min \sum_{i \in N} c_i x_i \tag{1}$$

and is subjec to the following constraints:

• Coverage constraint: Each node must be served by exactly one device:

$$\sum_{j \in N} y_{i,j} = 1 \qquad \forall i \in N$$

• Service constraint: A node can only be served by an installed device:

$$y_{i,j} \le x_j \quad \forall i, j \in N$$

• Distance constraint: Service only allowed within time threshold:

$$y_{i,j} \times d_{i,j} \le T \quad \forall i, j \in N$$

Question 2

Design a heuristic to compute a feasible solution for the problem. Code it in AMPL and solve the instances on the webeep. Report the value of the cost of the heuristic solution and the computational time. Describe the heuristic in a .pdf file. Upload the .mod and .run files, and a .pdf with the heuristic description and the result for each instance.

Question 3

The problem described in Question 1 can be represented as a classical optimization problem: which one? Describe on a .pdf file the procedure to transform an instance of the problem into an instance of the classical problem and upload the .pdf file.

Question 4

Parameters

- G = (N, A): the directed graph with nodes N and arcs A.
- d_k : data to send from node $k \in N$.
- c_i : cost of installing devices at node $i \in N$.
- cap_i : capacity of devices installed at node $i \in N$.
- T: maximum allowed propagation time for data.
- t_{ij} : propagation delay on arc $(i, j) \in A$.
- g_{ij} : cost of installing channels on arc $(i, j) \in A$.
- u: capacity of each channel installed on arcs $(i, j) \in A$.

Decision Variables

- x_{ij} binary: one if data is sent from node i to node j, zero otherwise.
- y_{ij}^k binary: one if data from node k is sent on arc (i, j), zero otherwise.
- z_i integer: number of devices installed at node i.
- w_{ij} integer: number of channels installed on arc (i,j).

Constraints

- 1. Each node must send its data to exactly one other node.
- 2. For each node, enough devices must be installed to handle the data sent to it.
- 3. For each arc, enough channels must be installed to handle the data sent on that arc.
- 4. The propagation time must not exceed the maximum allowed time.
- 5. Flow constraints: ensure that one and only one path from node a to node b exists if $x_{ab} = 1$; ensure that no data is sent if a node sends data to itself.

Model

$$\min \quad \sum_{i \in N} c_i z_i + \sum_{(i,j) \in A} g_{ij} w_{ij}$$

1.
$$\sum_{j \in N} x_{ij} = 1 \quad \forall i \in N$$

$$2. \quad \sum_{i \in N} d_i x_{ij} \le cap_j \ z_j \quad \forall j \in N$$

3.
$$\sum_{k \in N} d_k y_{ij}^k \le u \ w_{ij} \quad \forall (i, j) \in A$$

4.
$$\sum_{(i,j)\in A} t_{ij} y_{ij}^k \le T \quad \forall k \in N$$

$$5. \quad \sum_{j \in N \mid (i,j) \in A} y_{ij}^a - \sum_{j \in N \mid (j,i) \in A} y_{ji}^a = \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} 0 & \text{if } a = b \lor i \notin \{a,b\} \\ x_{ab} & \text{if } a \neq b \land i = a \\ -x_{ab} & \text{if } a \neq b \land i = b \end{array} \right. \quad \forall i \in N, \ a \in N, \ b \in N$$

$$x_{ij} \in \{0, 1\}$$

$$y_{ij}^k \in \{0, 1\}$$
$$z_i \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

$$z_i \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

$$w_{ij} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Question 5

How can the cutset inequalities for network design be applied to the problem described in 4? Generate all the single node cutset-based inequalities (those that consider the cuts separating each single node from the others). Add them to the formulation and compute the continuous relaxation with and without them. Compare the two relaxations solving the instances. Are the inequalities effective? Upload the .run and .mod files, and a .pdf file with the updated model and the comparison of the two continuous relaxations.

Question 6

How can the cover inequalities for the knapsack problem be applied to the problem described in 4? Generate heuristically some cover-based inequalities, add them to the formulation and compute the continuous relaxation with and without them for all the instances. Are they effective? Upload the .run and .mod files, and a .pdf with the results and the updated model.