

Modelo predictivo para diabetes gestacional.

Cender U. Quispe-Juli
Moises S. Mesa-Rodriguez



UNIVERSIDAD PERUANA
CAYETANO HEREDIA
FACULTAD DE SALUD PÚBLICA Y ADMINISTRACIÓN



UNIVERSIDAD PERUANA
CAYETANO HEREDIA
FACULTAD DE SALUD PÚBLICA Y ADMINISTRACIÓN

- La diabetes gestacional (DG) es un tipo de diabetes que aparece por primera vez durante el embarazo.
- La DG por lo general aparece a la mitad del embarazo.
- Puede provocar macrosomía fetal y consecuentemente cesárea.
- Predispone a la embarazada a que desarrolle diabetes mellitus 2 en el futuro.
- Puede provocar complicaciones en el embarazo: Preeclampsia, hipoglucemia.



Base de datos usada

Review



UNIVERSIDAD PERUANA
CAYETANO HEREDIA
FACULTAD DE SALUD PÚBLICA Y ADMINISTRACIÓN

Open data and public health

Marcelo D'Agostino,¹ Noah O. Samuel,² Maria Janina Sarol,² Federico G. de Cosio,¹ Myrna Marti,¹ Tianyu Luo,³ Ian Brooks,² and Marcos Espinal¹

Suggested citation D'Agostino M, Samuel NO, Sarol MJ, de Cosio FG, Marti M, Luo T, et al. Open data and public health. Rev Panam Salud Publica. 2018;42:e66. <https://doi.org/10.26633/RPSP.2018.66>

ABSTRACT This article provides an overview of the intersection of open data and public health by first defining open government data, public health data, and other key concepts and relevant terminologies. There are differing perceptions on the urgency and importance of the openness of public health data. It has been established that disease outbreaks such as happened during the Ebola and Zika virus epidemics are indicative of the need for countries to develop a framework that will provide guidance for the management of public health data. Such a framework should ensure that data collected from authorities and in a form that crises. In this article, we highlight the importance of open data in the Americas. Our aim is to provide guidelines for the collection and management of open data in Latin America. We propose potential benefits, possible risks, and a framework for open data. Finally, we stress that regional frameworks for open data should be developed and try through appropriate national

We use cookies on kaggle to deliver our services, analyze web traffic, and improve your experience on the site. By using kaggle, you agree to our use of cookies.

kaggle

Search



Competitions Datasets Kernels Discussion Learn ...

Dataset

pima-indians-diabetes.csv

Kumar · updated 10 months ago (Version 1)

Data Overview Kernels (1) Discussion Activity

Download (9 KB)

New Kernel

Data (9 KB)

API kaggle datasets download -d kumargh/pimaindiand... ?

Download All

Data Sources

pima-indians-diabetes... 767 x 9

About this file

skin = Triceps skin fold thickness (mm)
test = 2-Hour serum insulin (mu U/ml)
mass = Body mass index (weight in kg/(height in m)²)
pedi = Diabetes pedigree function

Columns

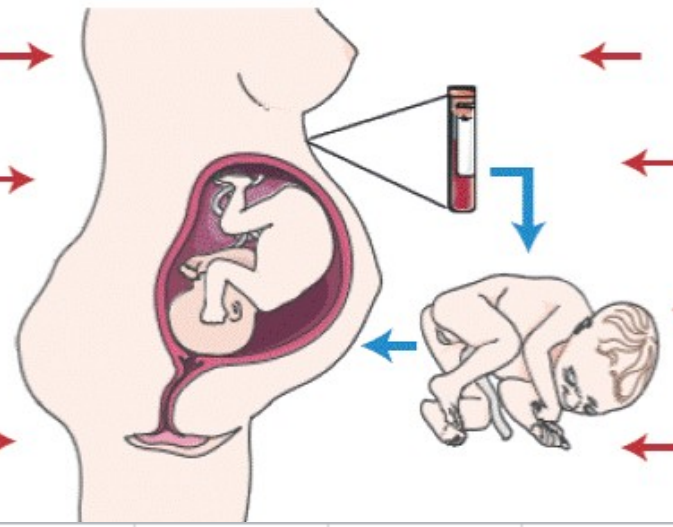
148 Glucose
72 BloodPressure
35 SkinThickness
0 Insulin
33.6 BMI

Historia de diabetes mellitus gestacional

Historia de muerte fetal no explicada

Obesidad

Macrosomía en partos previos



Historia de diabetes mellitus tipo 2

Edad avanzada

Hallazgo de glucosuria

PTOG sospechosa en embarazo previo

UNIVERSIDAD PERUANA
CAYETANO HEREDIA
FACULTAD DE SALUD PÚBLICA Y ADMINISTRACIÓN

1	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressu	SkinThicknes	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPec	Age	Outcome
2	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
3	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31	0
4	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32	1
5	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167	21	0
6	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33	1

```
In [29]: diab2 = diab[(diab['BMI']!=0) & (diab['BloodPressure']!=0) & (diab['Insulin']!=0)]  
          diab2.count()
```

```
Out[29]: Pregnancies      393  
          Glucose          393  
          BloodPressure    393
```