

$$y[n] = \sum_{l=1}^N a[l] y[n-l] + \sum_{k=0}^M b[k] x[n-k] ; \quad \begin{matrix} x[n]=0 \\ y[n]=0 \end{matrix} \text{ for } n < 0$$

$$\textcircled{1} y[0] = \sum_{l=1}^N a[l] y[-l] + \sum_{k=0}^M b[k] x[-k]$$

$$\sum_{l=1}^N a[l] y[-l] = a[1] \underbrace{y[-1]}_0 + a[2] \underbrace{y[-2]}_0 + \dots + a[N] \underbrace{y[-N]}_0 = 0$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^M b[k] x[-k] = b[0] x[0] + b[1] \underbrace{x[-1]}_0 + \dots + b[M] \underbrace{x[-M]}_0 = b[0] x[0]$$

$$\boxed{y[0] = b[0] x[0]}$$

$$\textcircled{2} y[1] = \sum_{l=1}^N a[l] y[1-l] + \sum_{k=0}^M b[k] x[1-k]$$

$$\sum_{l=1}^N a[l] y[1-l] = a[1] y[0] + a[2] \underbrace{y[-1]}_0 + \dots + a[N] \underbrace{y[-(N-1)]}_0 = a[1] y[0]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{k=0}^M b[k] x[1-k] &= b[0] x[1] + b[1] x[0] + b[2] \underbrace{x[-1]}_0 + \dots + b[M] \underbrace{x[-(M-1)]}_0 \\ &= b[0] x[1] + b[1] x[0] \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{y[1] = a[1] y[0] + b[0] x[1] + b[1] x[0]}$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{l=1}^N a[l] y[n-l] + \sum_{k=0}^M b[k] x[n-k]$$

Taking the z-transform of $y[n]$

$$Y(z) = \sum_{l=1}^N a[l] Y(z) \cdot z^{-l} + \sum_{k=0}^M b[k] \cdot X(z) \cdot z^{-k}$$

$$Y(z) \left[1 + \sum_{l=1}^N -a[l] z^{-l} \right] = \sum_{k=0}^M b[k] \cdot X(z) \cdot z^{-k}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{\sum_{k=0}^M b[k] z^{-k}}{1 + \sum_{l=1}^N -a[l] z^{-l}} = \frac{\sum_{p=0}^P c_n[p] z^{-p}}{\sum_{q=0}^Q c_d[q] z^{-q}}$$

Matching the terms, we get:

$$\boxed{P=M}, \boxed{Q=N}, c_n[p] = b[k], c_d[p] = \begin{cases} 1, & q=0 \\ -a[l], & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$a[l] = 0 \text{ for } 1 \leq l \leq N. \quad b[k] = e^{-k} \text{ for } 0 \leq k \leq M-1 \\ \text{else, } 0$$

$$D_4 = \text{mod}(21903608, 4) = 0$$

$$M = 5 + D_4 = 5$$

$$b) \quad h[0] = b[0] = e^0 = 1$$

$$h[1] = b[1] = e^{-1} = 0.3678$$

$$h[2] = b[2] = e^{-2} = 0.1353$$

$$h[3] = b[3] = e^{-3} = 0.0498$$

$$h[4] = b[4] = e^{-4} = 0.0183$$

$$\boxed{h[n] = b[n]}$$

$$c) \quad h[n] = 0 \text{ for } n > 4 \Rightarrow \text{The filter is } \underline{\underline{\text{FIR}}}$$

The length of the impulse response is $M = 5$

$$d) \quad y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{M-1} e^{-k} x[n-k]$$

Trans. \downarrow

$$Y(z) = \sum_{k=0}^4 e^{-k} X(z) z^{-k} \Rightarrow Y(z) = X(z) \sum_{k=0}^4 e^{-k} z^{-k}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \sum_{k=0}^4 e^{-k} z^{-k}$$

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{Y(e^{j\omega})}{X(e^{j\omega})} = \sum_{k=0}^4 e^{-k} e^{-j\omega k} = \sum_{k=0}^4 e^{-k(1+j\omega)}$$

$$\boxed{H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1 - e^{-5(1+j\omega)}}{1 - e^{-(1+j\omega)}}$$

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c) It's a low pass Filter with $\omega_c = 1.123 \text{ rad/s}$ and the bandwidth is 2.220 rad/s

$$H(z) = \frac{z - P_1}{(z - P_1)(z - P_2)} \Rightarrow H(z) = \frac{1 - P_1 z^{-1}}{(1 - P_1 z^{-1})(1 - P_2 z^{-1})}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{1 - P_2 z^{-1}}$$

$$Y(z)(1 - P_2 z^{-1})(1 - P_1 z^{-1}) = A X(z)(1 - P_1 z^{-1})$$

$$Y(z) - Y(z)(P_1 + P_2) z^{-1} + Y(z)(P_1 P_2) z^{-2} = A X(z)(1 - P_1 z^{-1})$$

$$y[n] - y[n-1](P_1 + P_2) + y[n-2](P_1 P_2) = A x[n] - A P_1 x[n-1]$$

$$y[n] = y[n-1](P_1 + P_2) - y[n-2](P_1 P_2) + A x[n] - A P_1 x[n-1]$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=1}^N a_k y[n-k] + \sum_{k=0}^M b_k x[n-k]$$

$$a[1] = P_1 + P_2$$

$$a[2] = -P_1 P_2$$

$$b[0] = A$$

$$b[1] = -A P_1$$

$$P_1 = -1/P_2 = 0.111 = -0.111$$

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ID = 21903608

$$n_1 = 4 \quad n_2 = 3 \quad n_3 = 11 \quad n_4 = 2 \quad n_5 = 5 \quad n_6 = 8 \quad n_7 = 2 \quad n_8 = 0$$

$$z_1 = \frac{n_2 + jn_3}{\sqrt{n_2^2 + n_3^2}} = \frac{3 + 11j}{\sqrt{130}}$$

$$p_1 = \frac{n_1 + jn_5}{\sqrt{1 + n_1^2 + n_5^2}} = \frac{4 + 5j}{\sqrt{42}} \quad p_2 = \frac{n_8 + jn_6}{\sqrt{1 + n_8^2 + n_6^2}} = \frac{0 + 8j}{\sqrt{165}}$$

$$a) H(z) = \frac{z - z_1}{(z - p_1)(z - p_2)} \Rightarrow H(z) = A \frac{(1 - (z_1)z^{-1})}{(1 - (p_1)z^{-1})(1 - (p_2)z^{-1})}$$

$$b) H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)}$$

$$Y(z)(1 - p_1 z^{-1})(1 - p_2 z^{-1}) = A X(z)(1 - z_1 z^{-1})$$

$$\rightarrow Y(z) - Y(z) \cdot (p_1 + p_2) z^{-1} + Y(z) \cdot (p_1 p_2) z^{-2} = A X(z)(1 - z_1 z^{-1})$$
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} z^{-1} \end{array} \right\}$$
$$\rightarrow y[n] - y[n-1] \cdot (p_1 + p_2) + y[n-2] \cdot (p_1 p_2) = A x[n] - A z_1 x[n-1]$$

$$y[n] = y[n-1](p_1 + p_2) - y[n-2](p_1 p_2) + x[n] - z_1 x[n-1]$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{l=1}^2 a[l] y[n-l] + \sum_{k=0}^1 b[k] x[n-k]$$

$$a[1] = p_1 + p_2 \quad b[0] = 1$$

$$a[2] = -p_1 p_2 \quad b[1] = -z_1$$

$$c) H(z) = \frac{1 - z_1 z^{-1}}{(1 - p_1 z^{-1})(1 - p_2 z^{-1})} = \frac{A}{(1 - p_1 z^{-1})} + \frac{B}{(1 - p_2 z^{-1})}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1 - z_1 p_1^{-1}}{1 - p_2 p_1^{-1}} \right) \frac{1}{(1 - p_1 z^{-1})} + \left(\frac{1 - z_1 p_2^{-1}}{1 - p_1 p_2^{-1}} \right) \frac{1}{(1 - p_2 z^{-1})}$$

$$h[n] = \left(\frac{1 - z_1 p_1^{-1}}{1 - p_2 p_1^{-1}} \right) (p_1)^n u[n] + \left(\frac{1 - z_1 p_2^{-1}}{1 - p_1 p_2^{-1}} \right) (p_2)^n u[n]$$

$$d) |p_1| = \frac{\sqrt{4^2 + 5^2}}{\sqrt{42}} = 0.988 \quad |p_2| = \frac{\sqrt{164}}{\sqrt{165}} = 0.996$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(z_1) = 0.263$$

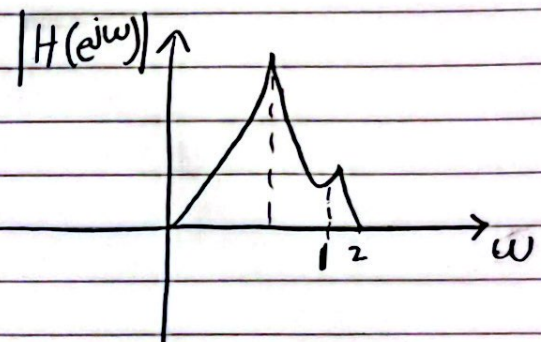
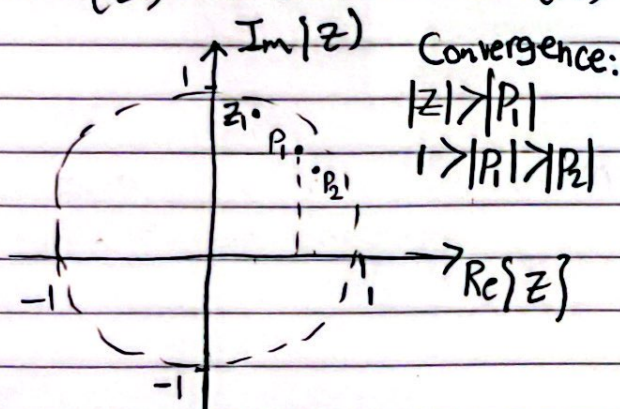
$$\operatorname{Re}(p_1) = 0.617$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(p_2) = 0.778$$

$$\operatorname{Im}(z_1) = 0.964$$

$$\operatorname{Im}(p_1) = 0.771$$

$$\operatorname{Im}(p_2) = 0.622$$



e) System is stable because ROC includes the circle. $|z| > |p_1|$

f) The filter is IIR. Because there are 2 poles, $h[n]$ can't be zero for a finite n

$$g) H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{e^{j\omega} - z_1}{(e^{j\omega} - p_1)(e^{j\omega} - p_2)}$$