

Part(2) Calculations:

$x(t)$ is periodic with T :

$$x(t+T) = x(t)$$

Fourier Series Expansion of $x(t)$:

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} X_k e^{j \frac{2\pi k t}{T}}$$

Expansion Coefficients

Approximation of $x(t)$ is $\tilde{x}(t)$

$$\tilde{x}(t) = \sum_{k=-K}^{+K} X_k e^{j \frac{2\pi k t}{T}}$$

Finite

$$X_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} x(t) e^{-j \frac{2\pi k t}{T}} dt$$

for $t \in [-\frac{T}{2}, \frac{T}{2}) \leftarrow$ one period

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1-2t^2, & -\frac{W}{2} < t < \frac{W}{2} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

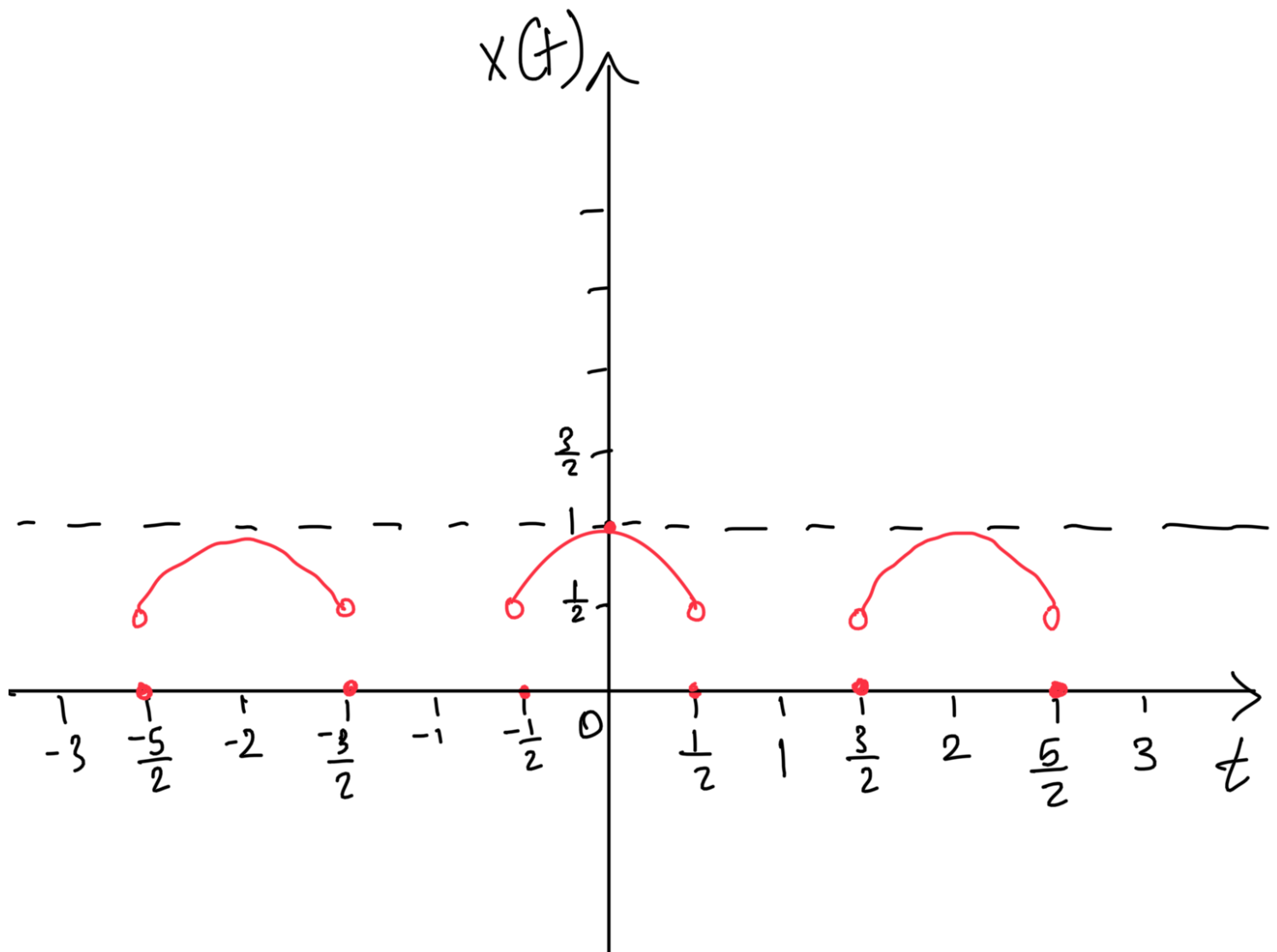
For one
Period

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1-2t^2, & -\frac{1}{2} < t < \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \text{Given } W=1$$

Domain

$$-1.5T < t < 1.5T \quad T=2 \Rightarrow$$

$$-3 < t < 3$$



Integral :

$$X_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} x(t) e^{-j \frac{2\pi k t}{T}} dt$$

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 - 2t^2, & -\frac{W}{2} < t < \frac{W}{2} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{for } -\frac{W}{2} < t < \frac{W}{2}$$

$$X_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} x(t) e^{-j \frac{2\pi k t}{T}} dt$$

$$X_k = \frac{1}{T} \left[\int_{-T/2}^{-W/2} 0 \cdot e^{-j \frac{2\pi k t}{T}} dt + \int_{-W/2}^{W/2} (1 - 2t^2) \cdot e^{-j \frac{2\pi k t}{T}} dt \right]$$

$$+ \int_{-W/2}^0 e^{-\tau/T} dt$$

$$X_k = \frac{1}{T} \left[\int_{-W/2}^{W/2} e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}} dt + \int_{-W/2}^{W/2} -2t^2 e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}} dt \right]$$

$A =$ direct Integration $B =$ Integration by Parts 2 times

$$X_k = \frac{1}{T} [A + B]$$

$$A = \int_{-W/2}^{W/2} e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}} dt = \frac{-T}{j2\pi k} \left[e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}} \right]_{-W/2}^{W/2}$$

$$= \frac{T}{\pi k} \frac{-e^{\frac{-j2\pi kW}{T}} + e^{\frac{j2\pi kW}{T}}}{2j}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{T}{\pi k} \sin\left(\frac{\pi kW}{T}\right)}$$

$$B = -2 \int_{-W/2}^{W/2} t^2 e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}} dt$$

$$u = t^2$$

$$du = 2t dt$$

$$dV = e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}}$$

$$V = \frac{-T}{j2\pi k} e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}}$$

$$= \frac{-t^2 T}{j2\pi k} e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}} \Big|_{-W/2}^{W/2} - \int_{-W/2}^{W/2} \frac{-tT}{j\pi k} e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}} dt$$

direct
Integration

$$u = \frac{-tT}{j\pi k} \quad dv = e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}} dt$$

$$du = -\frac{T}{j\pi k} \quad v = \frac{-T}{j2\pi k} e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}}$$

$$= \frac{TW^2}{2\pi k} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi kW}{T}\right) - \left[\frac{-tT^2}{2\pi^2 k^2} e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}} \right]_{-W/2}^{W/2} + \frac{T^2}{2\pi^2 k^2} \left[\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T} e^{\frac{-j2\pi kt}{T}} \right]_{-W/2}^{W/2}$$

$$= \frac{TW^2}{2\pi k} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi kW}{T}\right) - \left[\frac{-T^2 W}{2\pi^2 k^2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi kW}{T}\right) \right]$$

$$+ \frac{1}{\pi^2 k^2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi k w}{T}\right)$$

$$X_k = \frac{1}{T} [A + B]$$

$$= \frac{1}{T} \left[\frac{T}{w k} \sin\left(\frac{\pi k w}{T}\right) + \frac{T w^2}{2 \pi k} \sin\left(\frac{\pi k w}{T}\right) \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{T^2 w}{2 \pi^2 k^2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi k w}{T}\right) - \frac{T^2}{\pi^2 k^2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi k w}{T}\right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{T} \left[\frac{2 T \pi k - w^3 k T}{2 \pi w k^2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi k w}{T}\right) - \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{T^2 \pi^2 k^2 w - 2 T^2 \pi^2 k^2}{2 \pi^2 k^4} \cos\left(\frac{\pi k w}{T}\right) \right]$$

$$X_k = \frac{2 \pi k - w^3 k}{2 \pi w k^2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi k w}{T}\right) - \frac{T(w-2)}{2 \pi^2 k^2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi k w}{T}\right)$$