

Coffee & Code: Conda

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What is Conda?

Conda is something.

Why is Conda useful?

- Language agnostic
- Packages are pre-compiled
- Facilitates reproducible analysis

How do I access Conda?

- Conda is available in RStudio to all users running R-3.5.1 or later
- You interact with Conda using the command line
- Conda is not fully supported in JupyterLab

When should I use Conda?

Projects that involve multiple languages

Check Conda is installed

```
$ conda --version
```

Get help

```
$ conda --help
# You can also use the "--help" tag with individual commands
```

List installed packages

```
# List all installed packages
$ conda list
# Search for a specific installed package
$ conda list | grep "pandas"
```

Search for packages

```
$ conda search r-dplyr
# R packages are prefixed with "r-"
# You can also search on anaconda.org
# Ex: search for a package using the command line
```

Install packages

```
# Install a package with default options
$ conda install r-dplyr
# Ex: install a package with default options
```

Install packages

```
# Install a specific version of a package
$ conda install pandas=0.24.0
# Ex: install a non-current version of a package
```

Install packages

```
# Install a package from a specific channel
$ conda install r-s3tools -c moj-analytical-services
# Ex: install a package from a specific channel
```

Uninstall packages

```
$ conda uninstall r-dplyr
# Ex: uninstall a package
```

Update packages

```
# Update a specific package
$ conda update r-dplyr
# Update all packages
$ conda update --update-all
```

Environment management

Reset your environment

```
$ conda env export -n base | grep -v "^prefix: " > /tmp/base.yml &&
  conda env update --prune -n rstudio -f /tmp/base.yml &&
  rm /tmp/base.yml
# Ex: reset your environment
```

Fix r-pillar error

```
$ conda env export -n base | grep -v "^prefix: " > /tmp/base.yml &&
 conda env update --prune -n rstudio -f /tmp/base.yml &&
  rm /tmp/base.yml
```

Export your environment

```
$ conda env export | grep -v "^prefix: " > environment.yml
# Ex: install some packages and export your environment
```

Environment management

Load an environment

```
$ conda env update --prune -f environment.yml
# Ex: manually add a package to environment.yml
# Ex: load the environment
# Ex: verify the new package has been installed (conda list)
```

Next steps

Missing packages

Most of the main packages for R and Python are available through Conda. If a package is not available:

- install it using pip within a Conda environment (Python only)
- build and upload it to Anaconda yourself

Using Conda with apps

You can use Conda to install dependencies for apps:

- Store the environment.yml file in the GitHub repository
- Use the <u>Dockerfile</u> from the <u>conda</u> branch of the RShiny app template