OWASP Top Ten Security Vulnerabilities in Node.js

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OWASP is a non profit foundation dedicated to improving software security







OWASP provides every year rankings for the top 10 most critical web applications security risks.





Criteria

- Frequency
- Severity
- Impact





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10 - Server Side Request Forgery

A web application is fetching remote resources without validating user supplied URL





```
function profilePicture(fastify) {
  fastify.post(
      onRequest: [fastify.authenticate]
    async req => {
      const imgUrl = req.body.imgUrl
      const { data, status } = await axios.get(imgUrl)
      if (status !== 200) throw errors.BadRequest()
      return data
```





```
POST /user/image HTTP/1.1
{
    "imgUrl": "http://localhost:3001" # or file:///etc/passwd
}
```



- Sanitize URLs
- Do not send raw responses to client
- Disable HTTP redirections





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9 - Security Logging and Monitoring Failures

Insufficient logging, monitoring and detection of events such as logins, failed logins, high value transactions, suspicious activities



```
import { request } from 'undici' // v5.8.0
async function profile(fastify) {
  fastify.get(
      onRequest: [fastify.authenticate]
    async req => {
      const { body } = await request('http://localhost:3001', {
        method: 'GET',
        headers: {
          'content-type': req.headers['content-type']
      })
      return body
```

CVE-2022-35948



GET /profile HTTP/1.1

Content-Type: application/json\r\n\r\nGET /secret HTTP/1.1





```
async req => {
  req.log.info({
    username: req.user.username,
    input: req.headers['content-type']
  })
  if (validateContentType()) {
    req.log.warn('suspicious activity')
    throw errors.BadRequest()
  const { body } = await request('http://localhost:3001', {
    method: 'GET',
    headers: {
      'content-type': req.headers['content-type']
  })
  return body
```

- Ensure all login, access control, input validation failures are logged
- Ensure logs are generated in a format that log manager can easily consume
- Establish effective monitoring and alerting





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8 - Software Data and Integrity Failures

Software and data integrity failures occur when an attacker can modify or delete data in an unauthorized manner





```
import serialize from 'node-serialize'
function profile(fastify) {
  fastify.get('/profile', req => {
    const cookieAsStr = Buffer.from(
            req.cookies.profile, 'base64'
        ).toString('ascii')
    const profile = serialize.unserialize(cookieAsStr)
    if (profile.username) {
      return 'Hello ' + profile.username
    return 'Hello guest'
 })
```

CVE-2017-5941

```
GET /profile HTTP/1.1

Cookie:profile=eyJpZCI6MSwidXNlcm5hbWUi0iJfJCR0RF9GVU5DJCRfZnVuY3Rpb24
gKCkge1xuICAgIHRocm93IG5ldyBFcnJvcignc2VydmVyIGVycm9yJylcbiAgfSgpIn0=

{
    "id":1,
    "username":"_$$ND_FUNC$$_function() {\n throw new Error('server error')\n }()"
}
```



- Ensure unsigned or serialized data is not tampered
- Ensure libraries and dependencies come from trusted repositories
- Check digital signatures to verify that software has not been altered





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7 - Identification and Authentication failures

System inability to identify the user or validate the identity of their user as their own









- Use multi factor authentication
- Limit failed logins
- Implement weak password checks
- Align password length, complexity and rotation with NIST



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6 - Vulnerable and outdated components

Third-party libraries or frameworks that have known vulnerabilities or are no longer supported by maintainers



```
• • •
import { request } from 'undici-5.8.0'
async function profile(fastify) {
  fastify.get(
    '/profile',
      onRequest: [fastify.authenticate]
    async req => {
      const { username } = req.query
      const { body, statusCode } = await request({
        origin: 'http://example.com',
        pathname: username
      if (statusCode !== 200) {
        throw errors.NotFound()
      return body
```

- Use tools to monitor the status of your dependencies
- Automate dependency update workflow
- Remove unused dependencies

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- `npx is-my-node-vulnerable`
- Snyk vulnerability scanner
- retire.js



5 - Security Misconfiguration

Security settings are not adequately defined in the configuration process or maintained and deployed with default settings







```
function login(fastify) {
  fastify.post('/login', { schema }, async (req, rep) => {
    const { username, password } = req.body
    const {
      rows: [user]
    } = await fastify.pq.query(
      SQL`SELECT id, username, password FROM users WHERE username =
${username}
    if (!user) {
      throw errors. Unauthorized('No matching user found')
    const passwordMatch = await comparePassword(password, user.password)
    if (!passwordMatch) {
      throw errors.Unauthorized('Invalid Password')
    rep.setCookie('userId', user.id, { signed: false })
    return 'user logged in'
  })
```

Sign your cookies and use httpOnly flag





- Different credentials should be used in each environment
- Repeatable, automated and fast to deploy environments
- Tests to verify effectiveness of configuration



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4 - Insecure Design

Lack of security controls being integrated in the application during the development cycle







- Model threats for the application, flows and business logic
- Use unit and integration tests to verify threat model
- Re-evaluate security requirements and design during development lifecycle





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3 - Injection

Malicious payload is able to inject an arbitrary bit of query or code on the target server





```
async function customer(fastify) {
  fastify.get(
      onRequest: [fastify.authenticate]
    },
    async req => {
      const { name } = req.query
      const { rows: customers } = await fastify.pg.query(
        `SELECT * FROM customers WHERE name='${name}'
      if (!customers.length) throw errors.NotFound()
      return customers
```







• • •

GET /customer?name=' OR '1'='1 HTTP/1.1



- Validate user input
- Escape special characters
- Avoid user supplied tables names or columns





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2 - Cryptographic Failures

Exposing sensitive data on a weak or non existent cryptographic algorithm











- Use up to date and strong encryption algorithms
- Proper key secrets management
- Disable caching for data that contains sensitive information





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1 - Broken Access Control

Users can access resources or perform actions that they are not supposed to be able to access





```
function profile(fastify) {
  fastify.get(
     onRequest: [fastify.authenticate]
   async req => {
     if (!req.user) {
        throw new errors.Unauthorized()
     const { username } = req.query
     const {
       rows: [user]
     } = await fastify.pg.query(
       SQL`SELECT id, username, age FROM users WHERE username =
${username}
     if (!user) {
        throw new errors.NotFound()
            return user
```

- Except for public resources, deny by default
- Implement access control once and reuse them throughout the application
- Tokens should be short-lived
- Log access control failures





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Thanks for listening!!!





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