

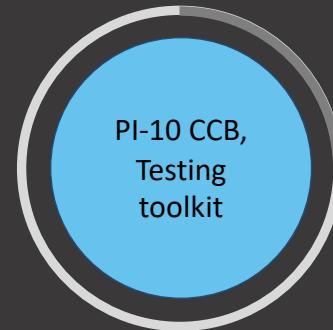
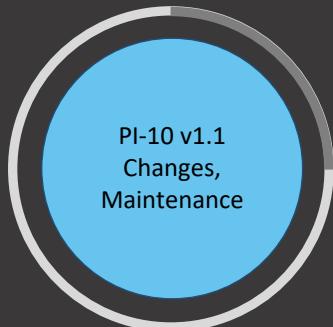
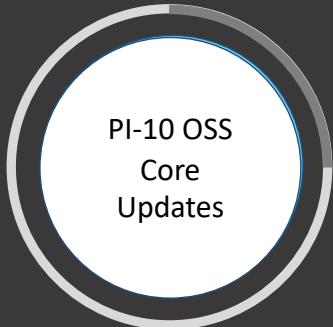
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Mojaloop PI-11

Phase-4 Going live!

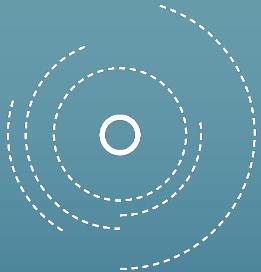
Mojaloop PI-11

Phase-4 Going Live!



PI-10 Overview: Agenda

1. PI-10 Overview of changes and progress
2. OSS Community, Collaboration Updates
3. PI-10 Focus Areas



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ML Overview of changes PI-10

Features, Improvements & Community Support

Mojaloop PIs Overview

Timeline	Summary
Phase-1 (2016 - 17)	Level One Project <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reference Implementation• 6 Program Increments (PIs)
Phase-2 (2018)	Road To Productionization <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 1 – 4 Program Increments
Phase-3 (2019 Jan - Dec)	Supporting Adoption & Deployment <ul style="list-style-type: none">• PI-5 (Feb – April): Account lookup, QA Framework, Streamlined CI, Release process, Error endpoints, Documentation, Node Upgrade, Bug Fixes & Community support, Bulk Transfers Design• PI-6 Event handling framework, Bulk Transfers PoC, API Gateway, OSS Settlements API, Quoting Service, ALS• PI-7 Event & Error Handling framework, Packaging, OSS Settlements, Performance testing capabilities, QA• PI-8 Consolidation, Performance, Community Support
Phase-4 (2020 Jan - Dec)	Going Live <ul style="list-style-type: none">• PI-9: Performance Testing & Improvements, Merchant Request to Pay, Operational Monitoring, Testing toolkit, Settlement v2• PI-10: Performance PoC, Standardizing Bulk Transfers, Testing toolkit, Settlement v2, Adopting FSPIOP API v1.1, Versioning• PI-11 (July – October)• PI-12

Mojaloop FSPIOP API v1.0 – Use-cases

Payer-Initiated Transaction

- [●] P2P Transfers
- [●] Prepares, Fulfils
- [●] Rejections, Timeouts
- [●] Error Endpoints
- [●] Customer-Initiated Merchant Payment
- [●] Customer-Initiated Cash-out - Receive Amount
- [●] Customer-Initiated Cash-out - Send Amount
- [●] ATM-Initiated Cash-out
- [●] Refund

Bulk Transactions

- [●→●] Bulk Payments

Payee-Initiated Transaction

- [●] Merchant-Initiated Merchant Payment
- [●] Agent-Initiated Cash-out
- [●] Agent-Initiated Cash-In – Send Amount
- [●] Agent-Initiated Cash-In – Receive Amount

Payee-Initiated Transaction using OTP

- [●] Merchant-Initiated Merchant Payment Authorized on POS
- [●] Agent-Initiated Cash-out Authorized on POS

Key

- [●] Fully implemented
- [●] Supported, not tested
- [●→●] Proof of Concept
- [●] Not implemented
- [○] Out of Scope

Switch Functionality – Mojaloop (Phase-4 PI-10)

Mojaloop v1.0: Focus Use-cases

1. P2P
2. Merchant ‘Request to Pay’
3. Bulk Payments

Payer-Initiated Transaction*

- [●] P2P Transfers
- [●] Prepares, Fulfils, Query
- [●] Rejections, Timeouts
- [●] Error Endpoints

Payee-Initiated Transaction*

- [●] MIMP Transfers
- [●] Transaction Requests
- [●] Prepares, Fulfils, Query
- [●] Rejections, Timeouts
- [●] Error Endpoints

Bulk Payments*

- [●] Bulk Transfers
- [● → ●] Prepares, Fulfils, Query
- [● → ●] Rejections, Timeouts
- [● → ●] Error Endpoints

Key

- [●] Fully implemented
- [●] PoC / Initial Version
- [●] Partially implemented
- [●] Not implemented
- [○] Out of Scope

Switch Functionality: Mojaloop End-points (PI-9 → PI-10)

Mojaloop v1.0 – FSPIOP API Specification

Transfers^*

- [●] POST - Prepare
- [●→●] PUT - Response
- [●→●] PUT – Error
- [●→●] PATCH – Notification
- [●] GET - Query

Parties*

- [●] GET - Request
- [●] PUT - Response
- [●] PUT - Error

Quotes

- [●] POST - Request
- [●] PUT - Response
- [●] PUT - Error
- [●] GET - Query

Participants*

- [●→●] POST - Create
- [●] PUT - Response
- [●] POST - Bulk Create
- [●] PUT - Error
- [○] DEL - Delete

Transactions

- [○] PUT - Response
- [○] GET - Query

TransactionRequests

- [●] POST - Request
- [●] PUT - Response
- [●] PUT - Error
- [●] GET - Query

Authorizations*

- [●] GET - Request
- [●] PUT - Response
- [●] PUT - Error

BulkTransfers*

- [●→●] POST - Request
- [●→●] PUT - Response
- [●→●] PUT - Error
- [●→●] GET - Query

BulkQuotes*

- [●→●] POST - Request
- [●→●] PUT - Response
- [●→●] PUT - Error
- [●→●] GET - Query

Key

- [●] FSPIOP API v1.1 changes
- [●] Fully implemented
- [●] PoC / Initial Version
- [●] Partially implemented
- [●] Not implemented
- [○] Future Roadmap

PI-10 Switch Functionality – Operations

Operational – Use Cases

Participants

- [●] Manage Participants
- [●] Create Initial Value
- [●] Query
- [●] Update
- [●] Manage Participant Limits
- [●] Create Initial Value
- [●] Query
- [●] Update
- [●] Manage Callback URLs
- [●] Create Initial Value
- [●] Query
- [●] Update

Oracles (ALS)

- [●] Manage Oracles
- [●] Create
- [●] Query
- [●] Update
- [●] Delete

Monitoring, Tracing

Tracing

- [●] Transfers
- [●] Quotes
- [●] ALS

Metrics

- [●] Transfers
- [●] Quotes
- [●] ALS

Key

- [●] Fully implemented
- [●] PoC / Initial Version
- [●] Partially implemented
- [●] Not implemented
- [○] Roadmap for PI10

PI-10 Switch Functionality – Settlement

Settlements v1.0 [Supports some forms]

- [●] Open, close Settlement Windows
- [●] Query Settlement Windows
- [●] Query Settlement Report
- [●] Create/Trigger Settlement with Windows
- [●] Process successful Settlement Acknowledgements
- [●] Reconcile Positions based on successful Settlements
- [●] Process failed Settlement Acknowledgements

Positions

- [●] Query Positions
- [●] Manage Positions
- [●] Create Initial Value
- [●] Query
- [●] Update

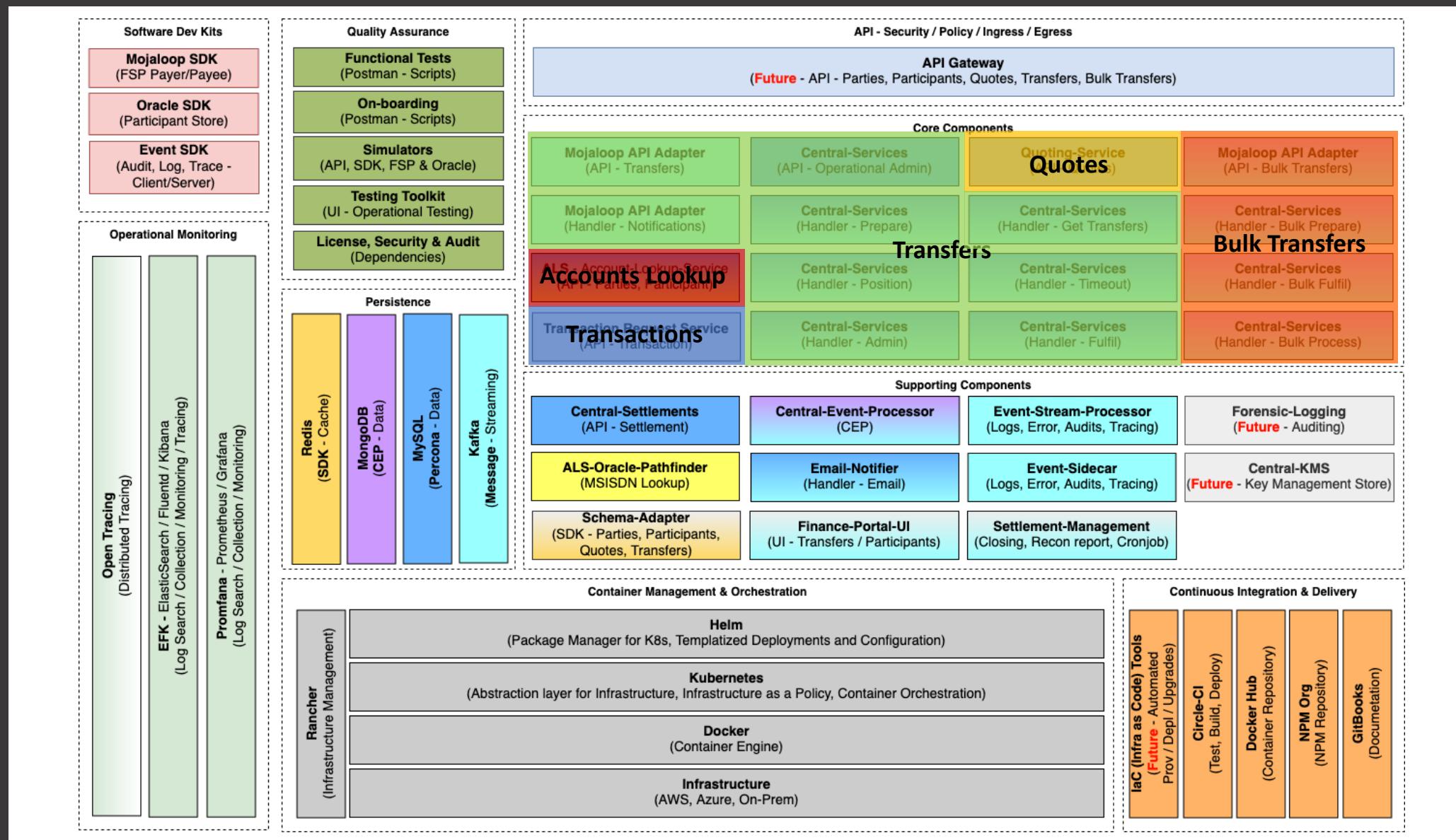
Settlements v2

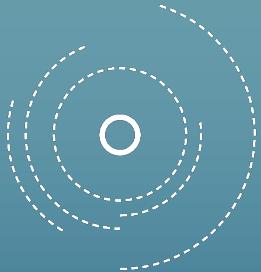
- [●] Settlement models
- [●] Designs
- [●→●] Settlement by Currency
- [○→●] Interchange Fees
- [○→●] Continuous Gross Settlement

Key

- [●] Fully implemented
- [●] PoC / Initial Version
- [●] Partially implemented
- [●] Not implemented
- [○] Roadmap for PI10

PI-10: Component Architecture





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ML Community Updates

Features, Improvements & Community Support

PI-10 Overview: Mojaloop OSS Community

Contributions, Collaboration

1. Cross network/currency
2. Code quality and Security improvements
3. Versioning Standards
4. ISO Integration
5. Quality Assurance (bugs, coverage, Tests with mojaloop-simulator)
6. Enable JWS services on outbound messages
7. Settlement v2
8. PISP Solution

Mojaloop OSS PI-10: Community

1. Change Control Board (CCB)
2. Design Authority (DA)
3. Weekly scrum-of-scrums
4. Slack channels: `#general`, `#announcements` , `#help-mojaloop`, `#design-authority` , `#ml-oss-devs`

ML OSS Community: Design Authority

1. Responsibilities
2. Membership – driven by contribution
3. Frequency of meetings, boards used
4. Functioning overview

DA Issue Board

<https://tinyurl.com/y6bnj7sz>

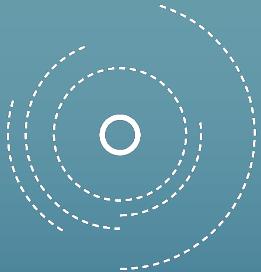
ML OSS Community: Design Authority

Responsibilities

- Ensure a uniform Architecture
- Provide a channel for bringing ideas for Design and Verification
- Define Technical Strategies
- Verify Architectural Standards
- Drive Design Methodologies

ML OSS Community: DA issues overview

4 Issues - 0 Story Points Identified  design-authority #41 Merchant-Initiated Merchant Payment functionality on Mojaloop Simulator  design-authority #49 Recognising enumerations  design-authority #57 Investigate solution to avoid recompiling node-rkafka at each npm install both in docker and in host  design-authority #60 OSS-Core coding discussion points	12 Issues - 0 Story Points Assigned  design-authority #58 central-settlement merge into central-ledger  design-authority #59 Cryptographic Processing Module  design-authority #55 Contingency Plan discussion (Generic) for Open-Source Library Support changes  design-authority #53 Placement of Rules modules  design-authority #45 Mojaloop Post Transfer Processor  design-authority #43 Design a mechanism for informing a PISP on the	10 Issues - 0 Story Points Deferred  design-authority #51 Should the PISP implementation live in the 'sdk-scheme-adapter', or should we make a new 'thirdparty-scheme-adapter'?  design-authority #34 Merchant Oracle - Registering Merchant ID  design-authority #31 Oracle Design - ALIAS usage for TIPS implementation  design-authority #11 Async Process Log file creation  design-authority #12 Security	14 Issues - 0 Story Points Decision Made  +2 design-authority #54 zero down-time deployment proposal  design-authority #52 Deprecation of Helm2 support  design-authority #44 Understand and Define Mojaloop Roles for PISP, x-network, etc. use cases  design-authority #46 Discuss the PISP Simulator  design-authority #47 Answer the question of whether to have a separate API for PISP, or simply extend the existing Open API  design-authority #40
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PI-10 Core team "Focus Areas"

Features, Improvements & Community Support

PI-10 Overview: Focus Areas

1. FSPIOP API v1.1 changes: Implementation
2. Maintenance: Helm releases, Support for accented characters, QA
3. Bulk Transfers: Standardization, -ve scenarios, Query
4. Testing toolkit: Support for - Hub testing, usability and adoption
5. Performance: Perf PoC, Support streaming improvements

PI-10: Performance

Completed/In-Progress

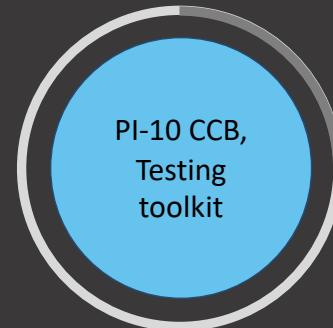
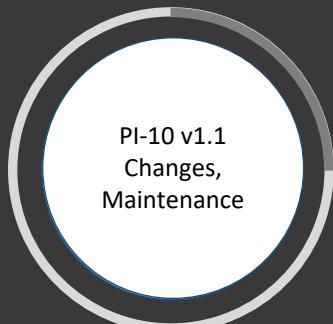
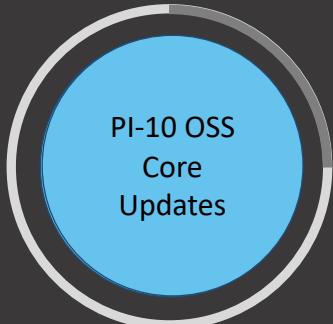
1. Kafka Workshops with Confluent
 - a) Best-practices & Learnings on Kafka Architecture & deployment / infrastructure
2. Perf Environment
 - a) Automated config ([collaboration](#))
 - b) Automated startup/shutdown ([collaboration](#))
3. Mojaloop Kafka Client (Central-Services-Stream)
 - a) Client [Instrumentation](#): Monitoring Producer/Consumer internal queues (fetch, send lag), number of messages read/send, etc
 - b) Provided [support](#) & [verification](#) of client [queue management](#) and [parallel optimizations](#) ([collaboration](#))
4. Proof of Concept ([PoC](#)) utilizing Domain-Driven-Design, Event-driven CQRS & Event-Sourcing Architecture ([collaboration](#))

Roadmap

1. Perf Environment
 - a) Implement Best-Practices/learnings from Kafka Workshops ([Infrastructure as Code](#))
 - b) Automated config ([roll-out](#))
 - c) Automated startup/shutdown ([roll-out](#))
2. Mojaloop Kafka Client ([Central-Services-Stream](#))
 - a) Optimized Producer from ([PoC](#))
 - a) High-level producer implementation ([improved resilience](#)) & config ([improved performance](#))
 - b) Optimized Consumer from ([PoC](#))
 - a) Simplified consumer implementation ([improved maintainability & performance](#)) & config
 - c) Instrumentations
 - a) Client Monitoring ([Pull-request pending](#))
 - b) Dashboards

Mojaloop PI-11

Phase-4 Going Live!



FSPIOP API v1.1 Changes - 1: Support Payee FSP Notification

- [●] Option to notify completion of a transfer to a Payee - [Story#1334](#)

Behaviour in v1.0

The Payee FSP needs to send a *GET /transfers/<ID>* message to the Switch to know the status

Desired behaviour

The Payee FSP can send the *PUT /transfers/<ID>* to the Switch with an option to indicate that it would like to receive a notification when the transfer is finalized in the Switch.

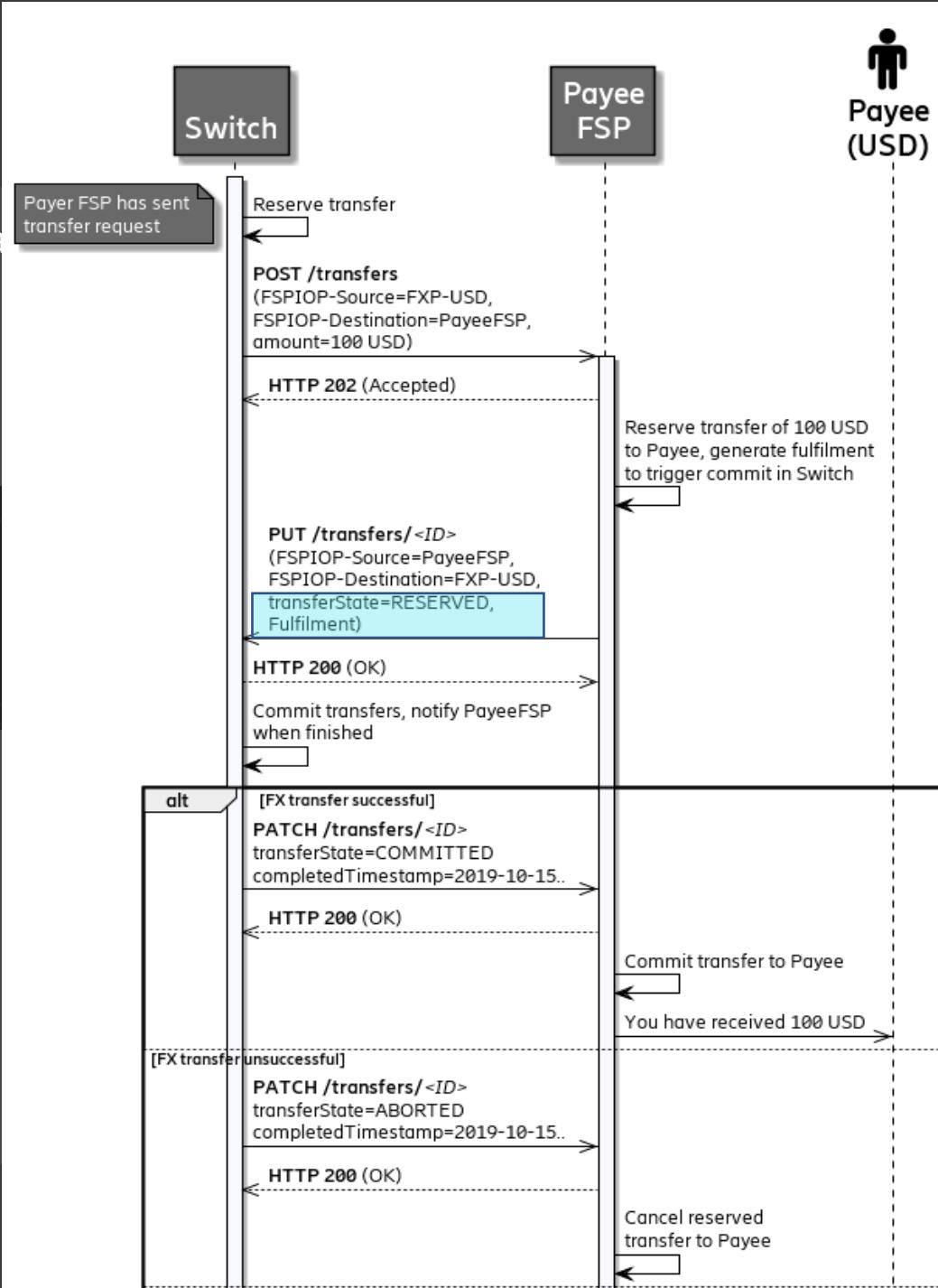
FSPIOP

- [●] Option to notify completion of a transfer

```
PATCH /transfers/85feac2f-39b2-491b-817e-4a03203d4f14 HTTP/1.1
Content-Type: application/vnd.interoperability.transfers+json;version=1.0
Content-Length: 166
Date: Tue, 15 Oct 2019 08:14:03 GMT
FSPIOP-Source: Switch
FSPIOP-Destination: DFSP2
FSPIOP-Signature: {"signature": "YXBwbGlj...JzK2pzb2"}
{
  "completedTimestamp": "2019-10-15T08:14:03.113+01:00",
  "transferState": "COMMITTED",
}
```

Updated central services

1. central-services-shared
2. central-ledger
 1. Fulfil handler
 2. Position handler
3. ml-api-adapter



Notification

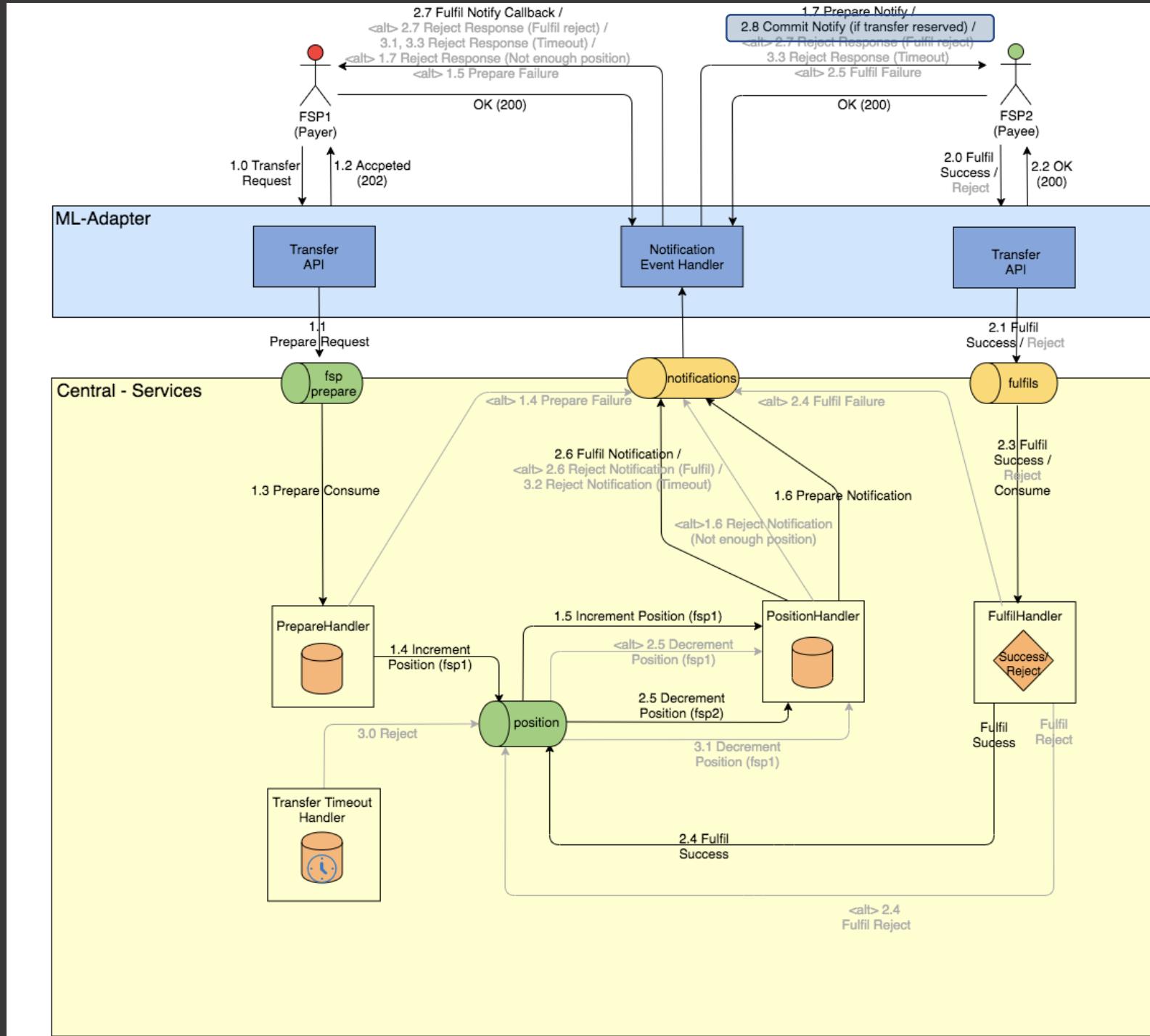
```
PUT /transfers/85feac2f-39b2-491b-817e-4a03203d4f14 HTTP/1.1
Content-Type: application/vnd.interoperability.transfers+json;version=1.1
Content-Length: 166
Date: Tue, 15 Oct 2019 08:14:02 GMT
FSPIOP-Source: DFSP2
FSPIOP-Destination: FSPIOP-Signature: {"signature": "YXBwbGlj...JzK2pzb2"}
{
  "fulfilment": "mhPUT9ZAwd-BXLfeSd7-YPh46rBWRNBiTCSWjpk90s",
  "transferState": "RESERVED",
}
```

Supporting updates

1. Simulator(s)
2. sdk-scheme-adapter
3. Postman collections
4. Documentation

PI-10: Transfers Architecture v1.1

Phase-4 PI-11



FSPIOP API v1.1 Changes - 2: Use error callbacks for rejections

- [●] Clarify usage of ABORTED state in the Fulfil step of a transfer - [Story#1335](#)

Behaviour in v1.0

Transfer could be aborted by two ways

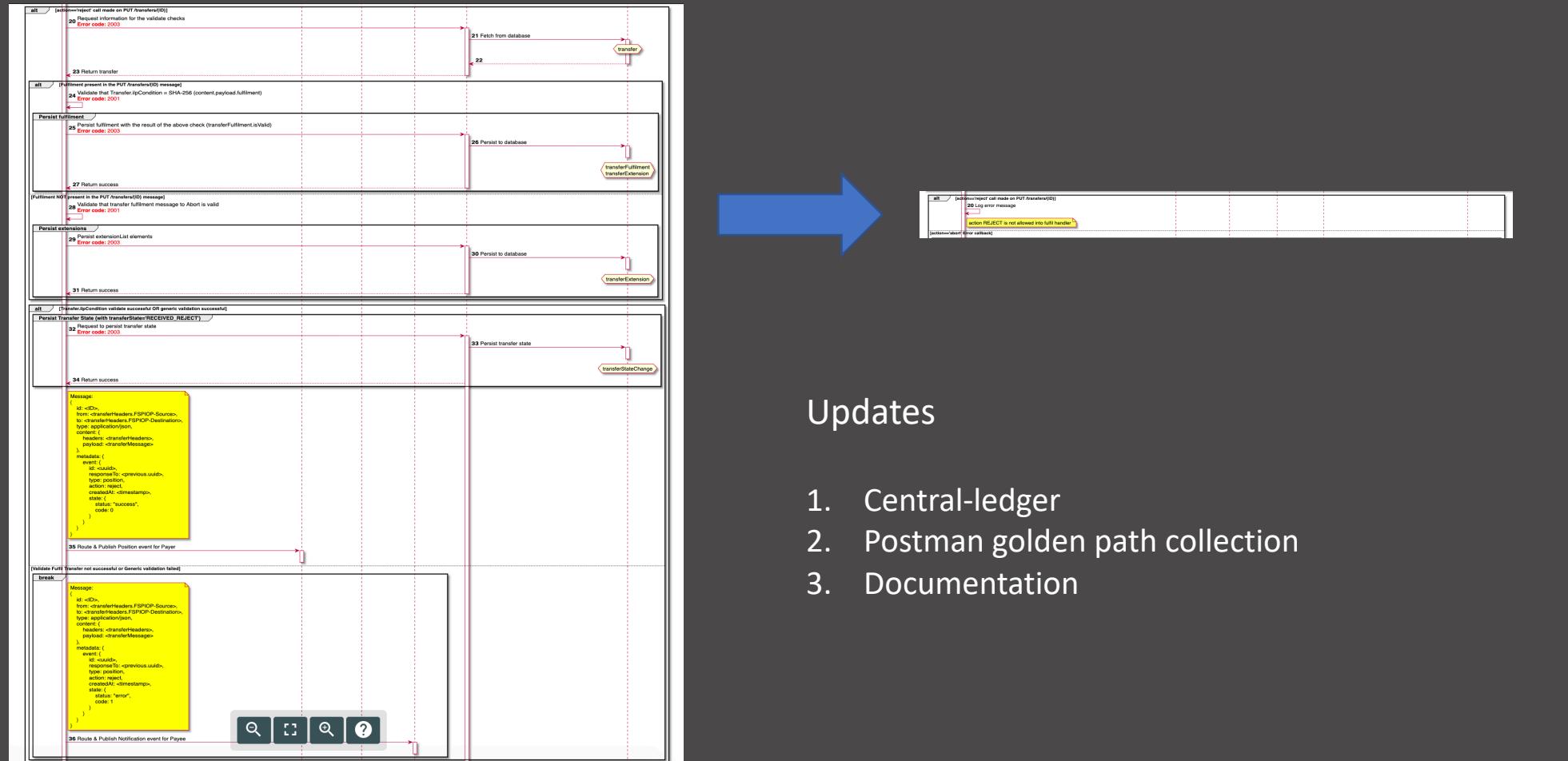
1. *PUT /transfers/{ID}* endpoint with 'transferState' as ABORTED.
2. *PUT /transfers/{ID}/error* endpoint with additional error information.

Requested Behavior

FSPs to ONLY use *PUT /transfers/{ID}/error* to abort / reject transfers during a Fulfil step

FSPIOP API v1.1 Changes - 2: Use error callbacks for rejections

[●] Clarify usage of ABORTED state in the Fulfil step of a transfer - [Story#1335](#)



Updates

1. Central-ledger
2. Postman golden path collection
3. Documentation

FSPIOP API v1.1 Changes - 3: ExtensionList element to */participants* requests

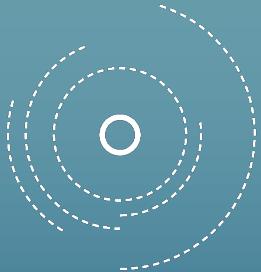
- [●] Support for extensionList element in 'partyIdInfo' Object - [Story#1336](#)

Behaviour in v1.0

'*partyIdInfo*' object and POST */participants/{TYPE}/{ID}*,
/participants/{TYPE}/{ID}/{SubID} calls did not have an *ExtensionList* element

Requested Behavior

Additional data is required for some existing data items in order to meet the requirements of individual implementations. An optional *ExtensionList* element has been added to '*partyIdInfo*' object and POST */participants/{TYPE}/{ID}*, */participants/{TYPE}/{ID}/{SubID}* calls



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PI-10 Maintenance

Releases, Bug Fixes & Upgrades

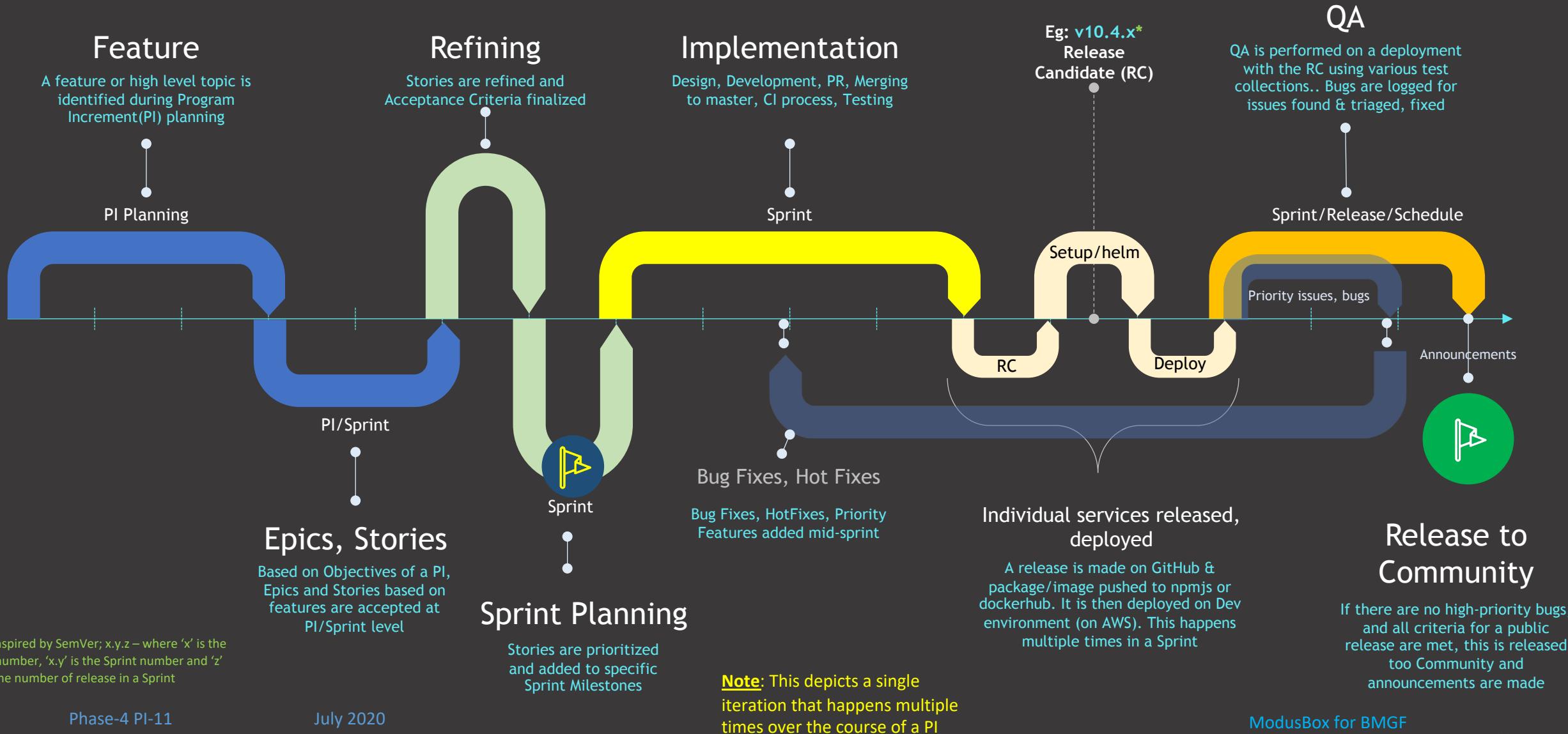
PI-10: Maintenance Updates

1. Helm Releases, maintenance
2. Support for accented characters in names
3. JWS signing enabled for outward facing interfaces (quoting service, ml-api-adapter, ALS)
4. QA, Bug Fixes
5. On-us transfers support

PI-10: Helm Updates

1. Helm Release [v10.1.0*](#)
2. Helm Release [v10.4.0](#)
3. Current charts support Helm v3 and v2
4. Backwards compatibility of charts with v2 verified on ML OSS environments

ML OSS: (Helm) Release Mechanism



PI-10: Accented characters in names

1. Allowing names with accent characters in names
 - a. Updated regex to attempt match any letter/number from any language script
 - b. Current issues with some scripts investigating alternative libraries for regex validation
2. Library: *hapi-openapi -> openapi-backend*
 - a. Allows for more control over validations libraries
 - b. OpenAPI 3.0 compatible
 - c. Works with our current libraries and plugins

QA Updates – Bug Fixes

Major Bug Fixes in PI – 10 (*A total of ~20 bugs fixed*)

#1331 – Unsupported HTTP Method for all resources – fix for 405 status code

#1168 – Timeout error in quoting service

#1378 - Extension List missing when unsupported version requested for services

#1381 - PAYEE flag disables notification to PAYER

#1404 - Accept header is sent in the callbacks for Post/Quotes

#1408 - FSPIOP-URI header missing in PUT /transfers callback

#1412 - Span finished. no further actions allowed ALS

PI-10 QA Updates – Test collections

Postman collections

1. [Mojaloop Simulator](#) collections are used for validation, referenced as part of Helm release with Mojaloop-simulator
2. *JWS signing enabled for Switch services, postman collections, mojasims*
3. [Legacy simulator collections](#) are used for validation, referenced as part of Helm releases as well
4. Authorizations based tests are included in the golden path test.
5. [Bulk transfers collection](#) is provided and used for validating Bulk transfers functionality

Testing toolkit

1. Testing toolkit used to validate and demonstrate
 - a. Hub implementation in generalOn-us transfers, v1.1 changes, Bulk transfers

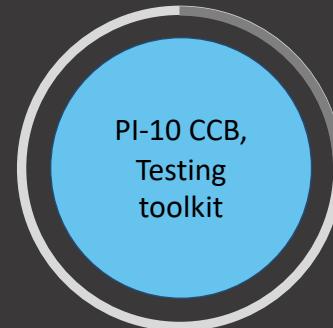
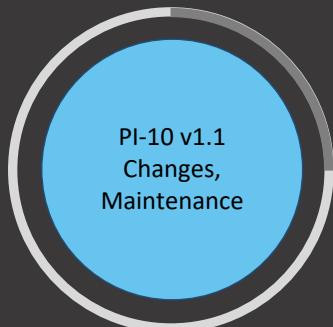
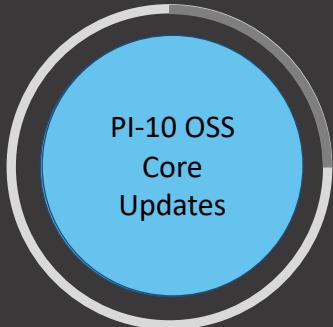
QA Roadmap for PI-11

QA Stream for PI 11 – If prioritized as a high-level item

1. Update test collections to correlate with Sequence diagrams for functionality; Update sequence diagrams as needed to add sufficient detail.
2. Improve coverage on features, API Services (double number of tests / coverage)
3. Streamlining non-golden path collections
4. Improve reliability of tests
5. Using testing toolkit to provide at least as much as the current test coverage
6. Port the delta from Legacy Simulator collection to MojaSim collection
7. Cron job regression testing setup with multiple collections (Legacy, MojaSim, Bulk)

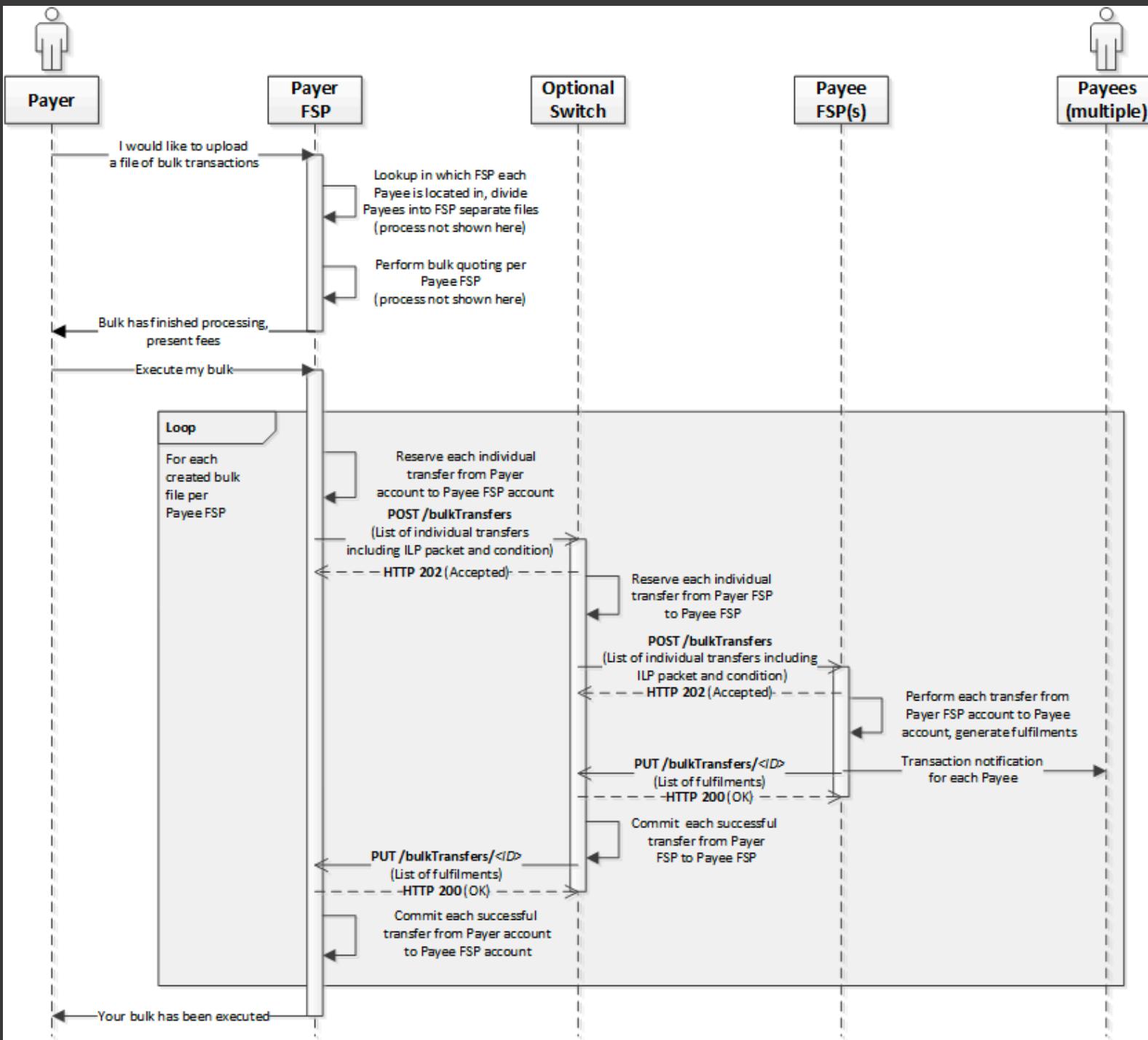
Mojaloop PI-11

Phase-4 Going Live!



PI-10: Bulk Transfers v1.0

Phase-4 PI-11

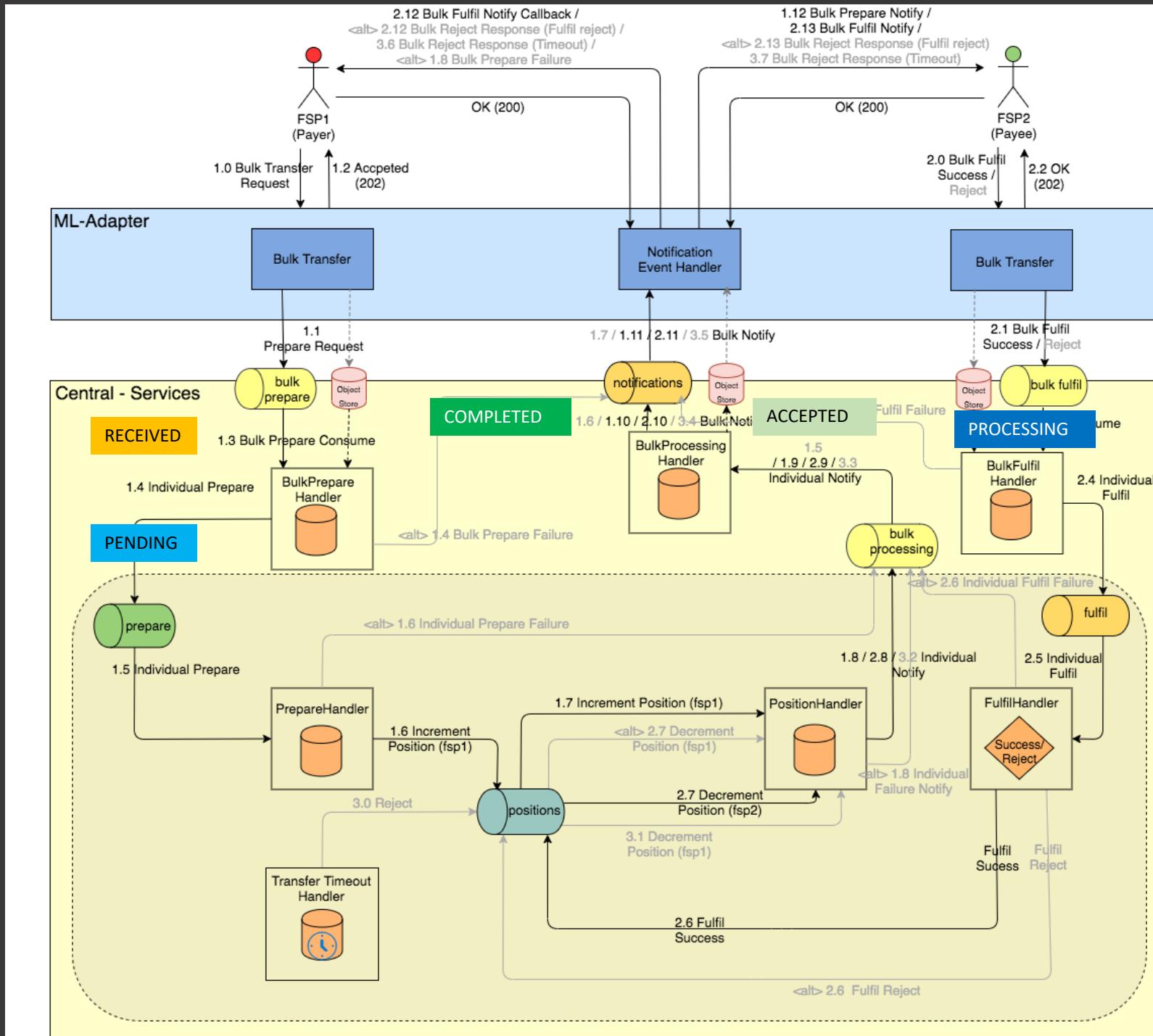


PI-10: Bulk Transfers standardization

1. Bulk Transfers
 - a. *PoC done in PI7*
 - b. PI-9: Happy Path standardized with tests and Simulator support, Postman tests
2. Standardization in PI-10
 - a. Negative scenarios support: *PUT bulkTransfers/{ID}/error*
 - b. *GET bulkTransfers/{ID}* functionality with individual responses for Payer and Payee FSPs
 - c. *POST /bulkQuotes* and *PUT bulkQuotes/{ID}* implemented now
 - d. Support added in Simulators
 - e. End to end tests with simulators

PI-10: Bulk Transfers Architecture v1.0

Phase-4 PI-11

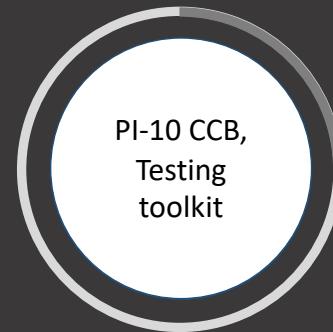
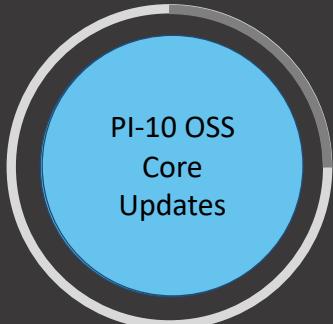


Bulk Transfers: Roadmap

1. Bulk Lookup
 - a. If prioritized, design a solution (API level, sequence)
 - b. Propose to the CCB as a Change request
2. Bulk make?
 - a. An FSP provides a bulk with individual transfers at one go
 - b. The Switch takes up the responsibility for all three steps;
 - a. Breaking it out into smaller bulks based FSPs after Lookup
 - b. Perform bulk quoting (With option to aggregate them and send to Payer FSP)
 - c. Perform bulk transfer
3. Configurable options such as all or nothing, etc.

Mojaloop PI-11

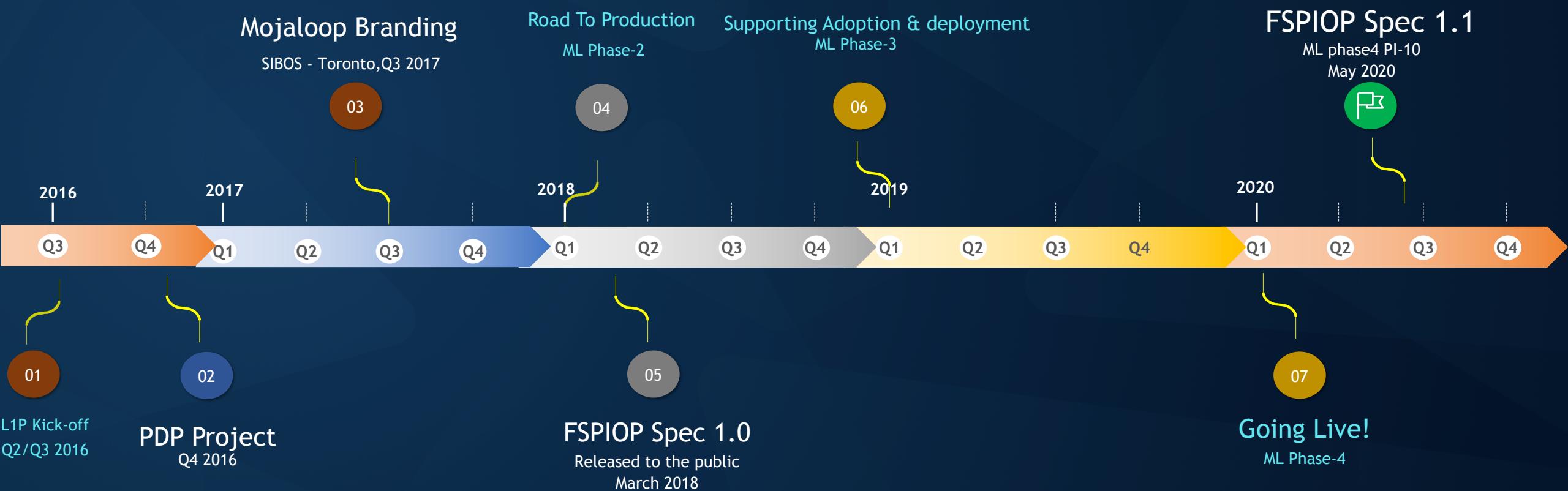
Phase-4 Going Live!



ML OSS Community: Change Control Board

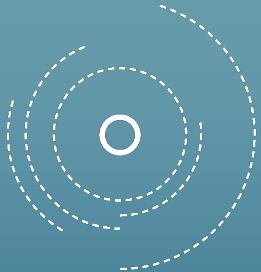
1. Goals, purpose – ML FSPIOP API
2. Current Membership
 - i. BMGF (Matt Bohan, Miller Abel)
 - ii. Ericsson (Henrik Karlsson)
 - iii. Huawei (Chen Hill)
 - iv. Mahindra Comviva (Ritvik Sinha)
 - v. ModusBox [Non-voting] (Michael Richards, Sam Kummerly)
 - vi. Mowali (John Mark Ssebunya)
 - vii. Telepin (RJ Wilson)
 - viii. BoT TIPS (Mutashobya Mushumbusi)
3. Frequency of meetings, boards used
4. Change requests, Solution proposals, Bugs

Mojaloop FSPIOP API: Evolution



CCB – ML FSPIOP API: v1.1 changes

1. Current status:
 - a. FSPIOP API v1.1 published in May 2020
 - b. Changes in pipeline for v2.0 (PISP, Cross network/currency, other breaking changes)
 - c. Separate APIs and boards proposal
2. Overview of changes in v1.1
 - a. List of changes: <https://github.com/mojaloop/mojaloop-specification/issues/52>
 - b. Option to notify completion of a transfer to a Payee
 - c. Updating description, examples to address inaccuracies and omissions
 - d. Clarify usage of ABORTED state in the Fulfil step of a transfer
 - e. Describe quote rejection flow
 - f. Add notes to indicate the case-insensitive nature of HTTP headers
 - g. Clarify usage of FSPIOP-Destination header
 - h. Adding ExtensionList element to several items in the data model



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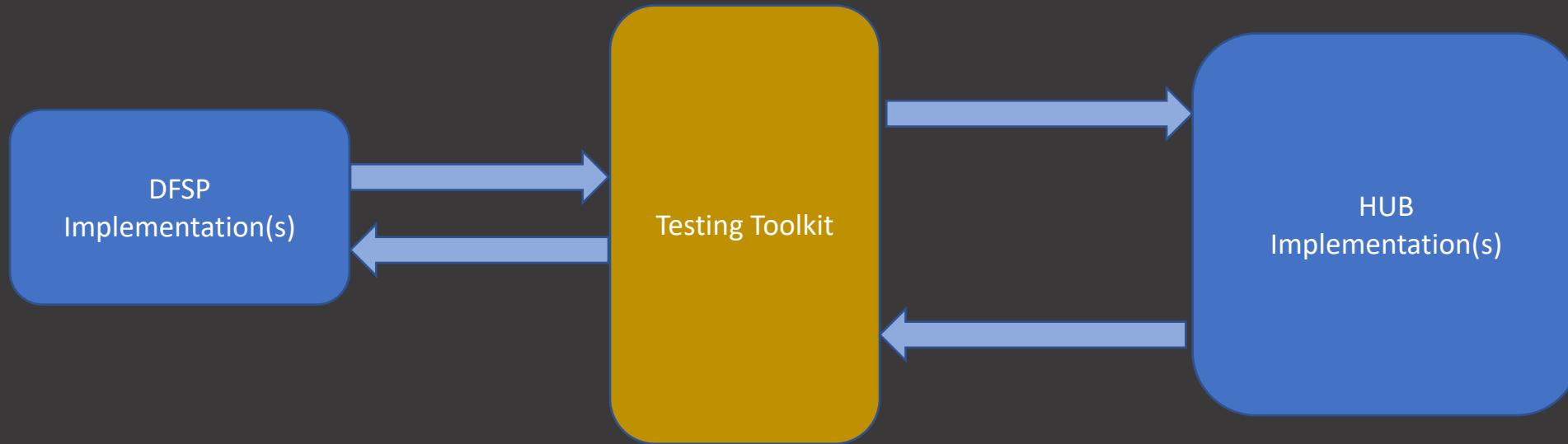
Mojaloop Testing Toolkit

Features, Improvements & Community Support

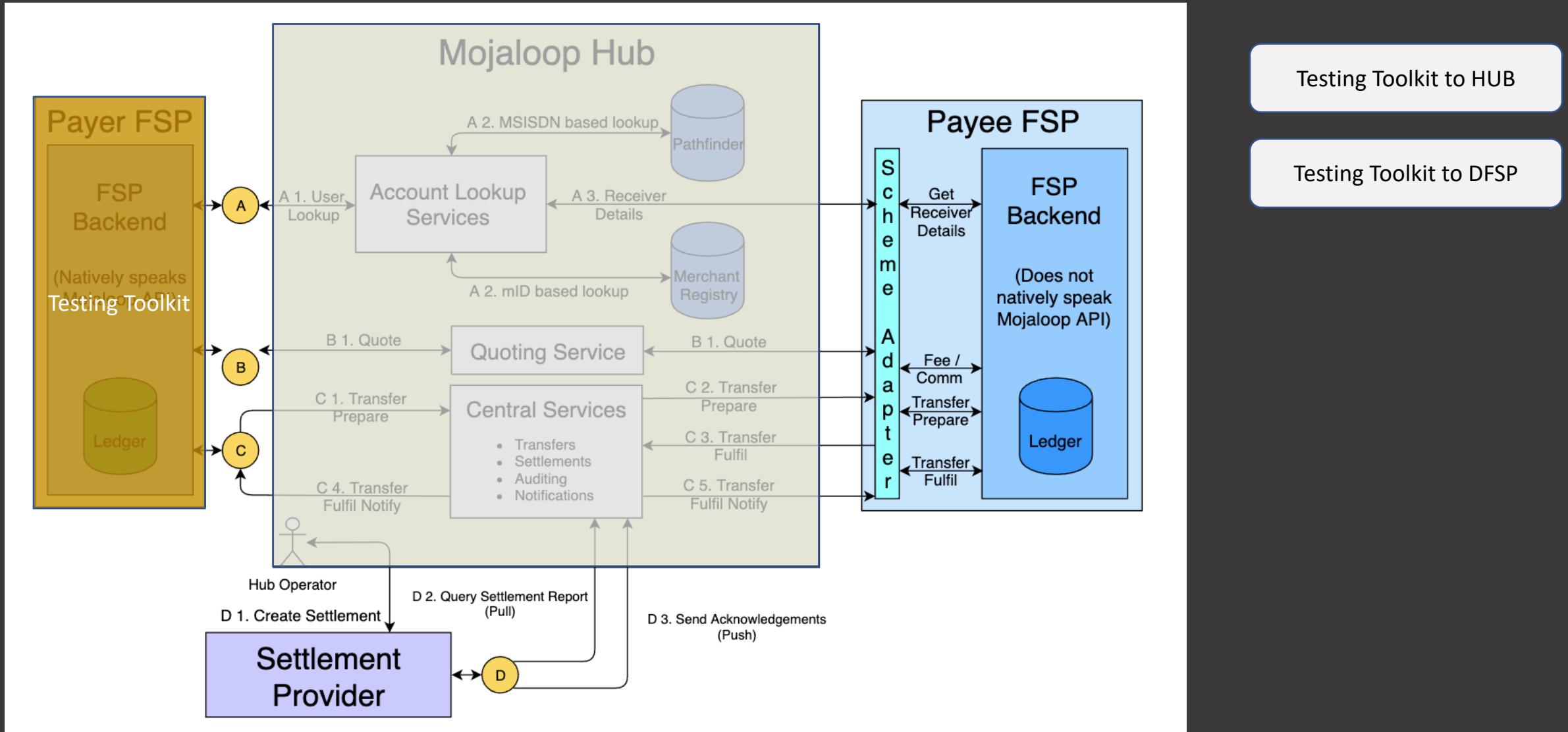
Testing toolkit: Goals

1. Test any Mojaloop FSPIOP API implementation
2. Simple to use
3. Support different versions of Mojaloop API
4. Highly configurable (Configurations portable)
5. Can validate Inbound requests
6. Can generate Outbound requests

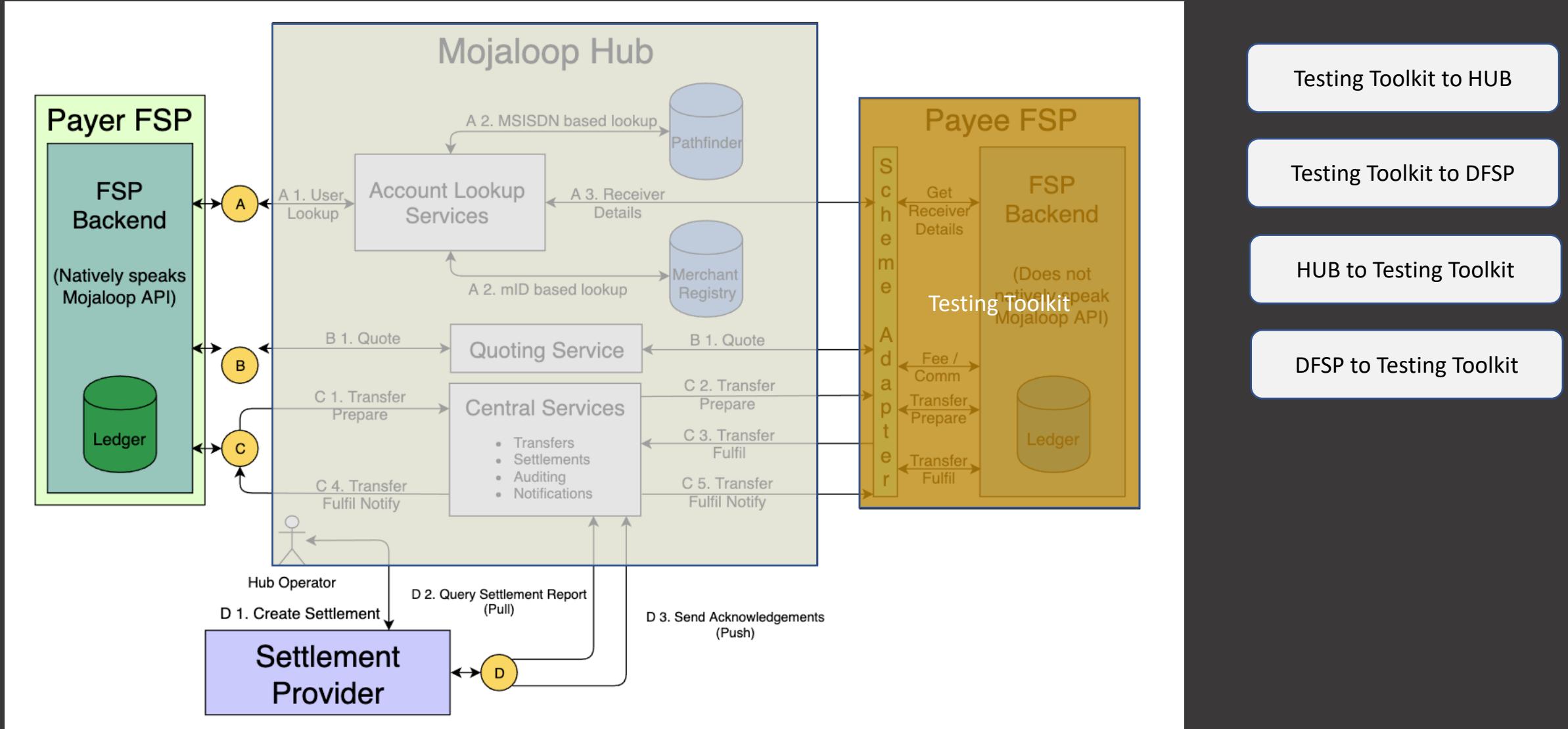
What is the Testing Toolkit?



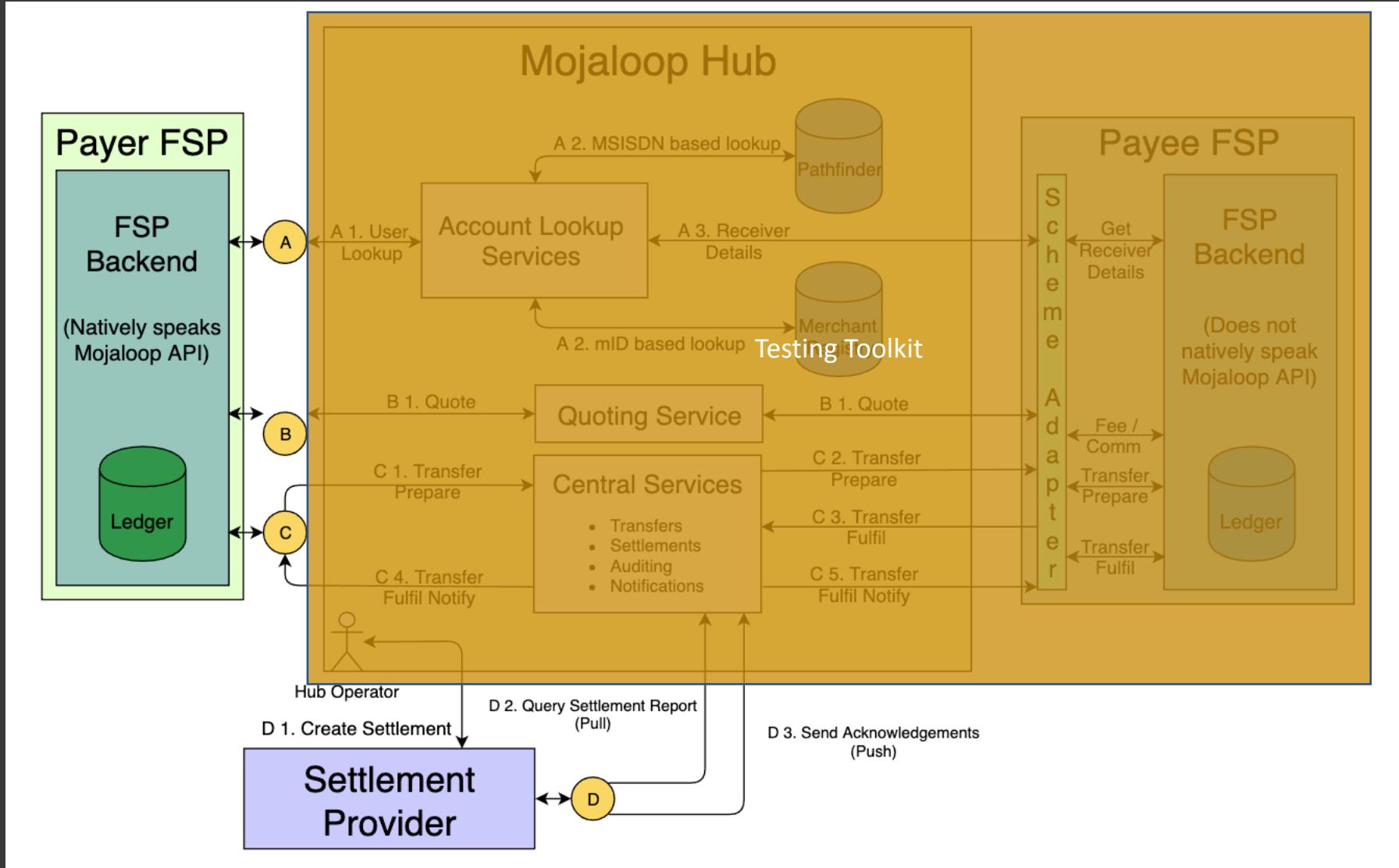
Where does it fit?



Where does it fit?



Where does it fit?



Testing Toolkit to HUB

Testing Toolkit to DFSP

HUB to Testing Toolkit

DFSP to Testing Toolkit

As a Hub and Payee FSP

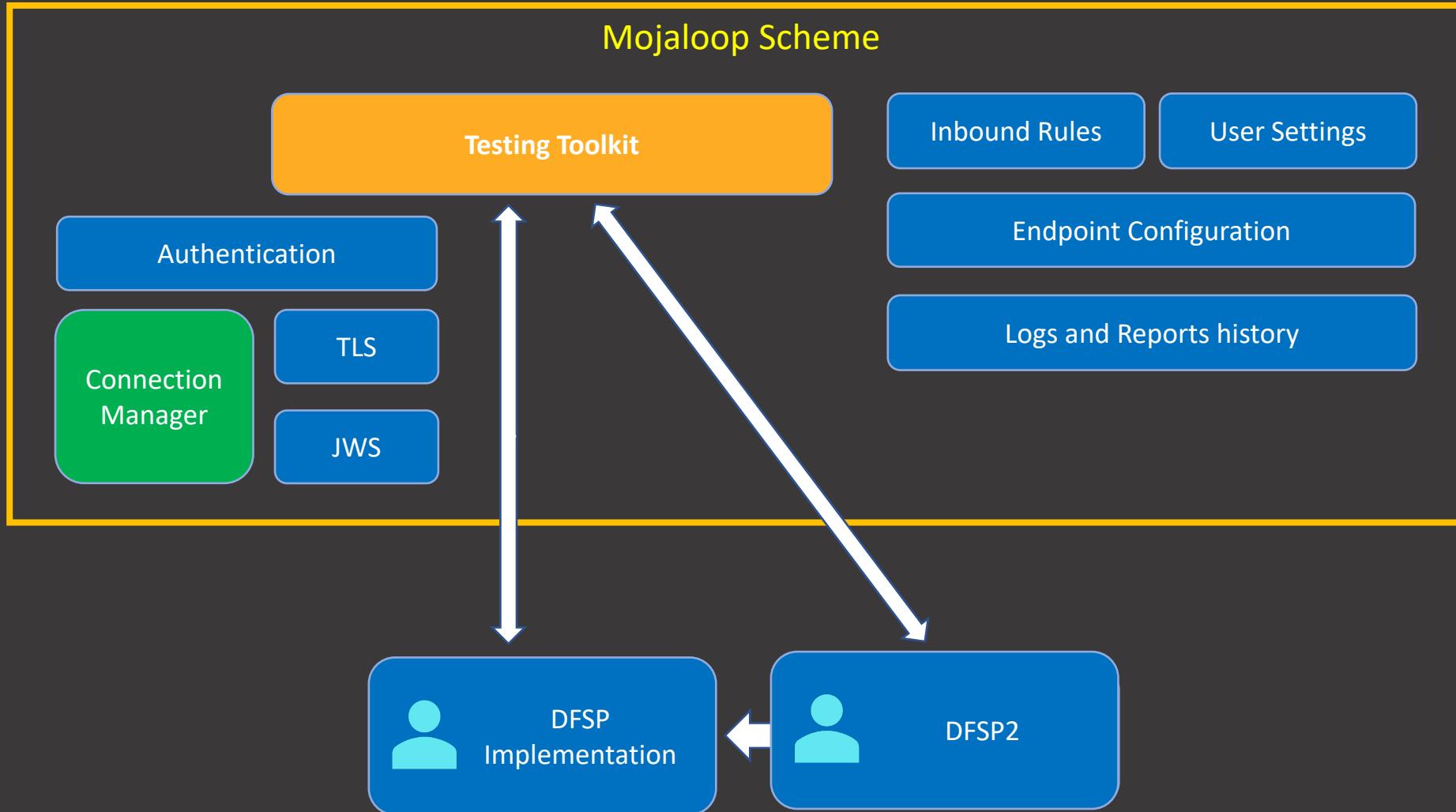
PI-10 Toolkit Features

1. User Interface for QA / Product / Business users
2. Version validation and negotiation, schema validation & additional validation
3. Dynamic callback and error callback generation based on rules
4. Initiation of use cases (outbound) - Assertions and report generation
5. Simultaneous support for multiple APIs
6. Separate test sets for Hub and DFSP implementations
7. Synchronous & Asynchronous APIs
8. Supports JWS and mTLS
9. Command line client (CLI) for scheduling & devops automation
10. Easily portable (Light weight and import and export configuration options)

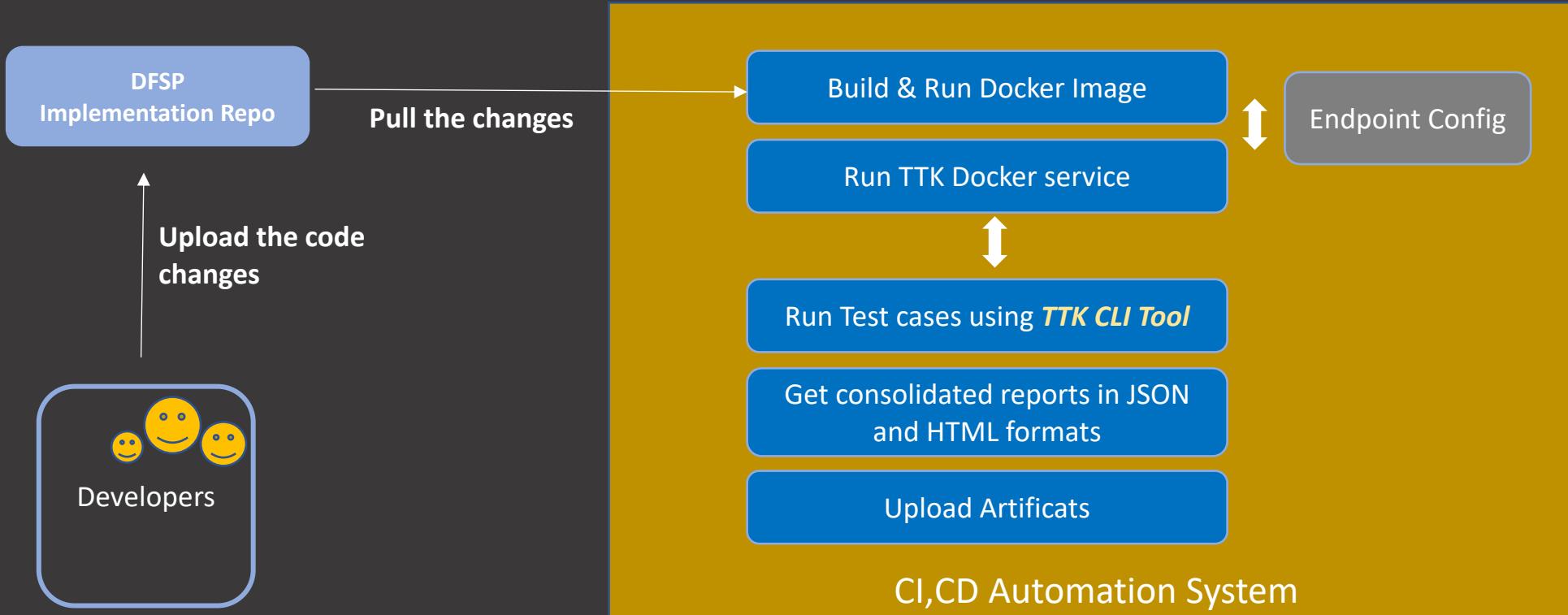
Testing toolkit: Enhancements in PI-10

1. Expand support for all the resources in the FSPIOP API
2. Command line client (CLI)
3. Import and Export capability of rules & settings
4. Improved Test case execution
 - a. Separate test case sets for Hub & FSPs
 - b. Test Reports and exporting options
 - c. Curl (code) option for outbound messages
 - d. Scripting capability for outbound request editor
5. Helm chart for testing toolkit
6. Verifying condition and fulfilment
7. Prioritize rules & delay simulation
8. Caching functionality in rules
9. QA: >98% test coverage
10. Initial version with hosting capability

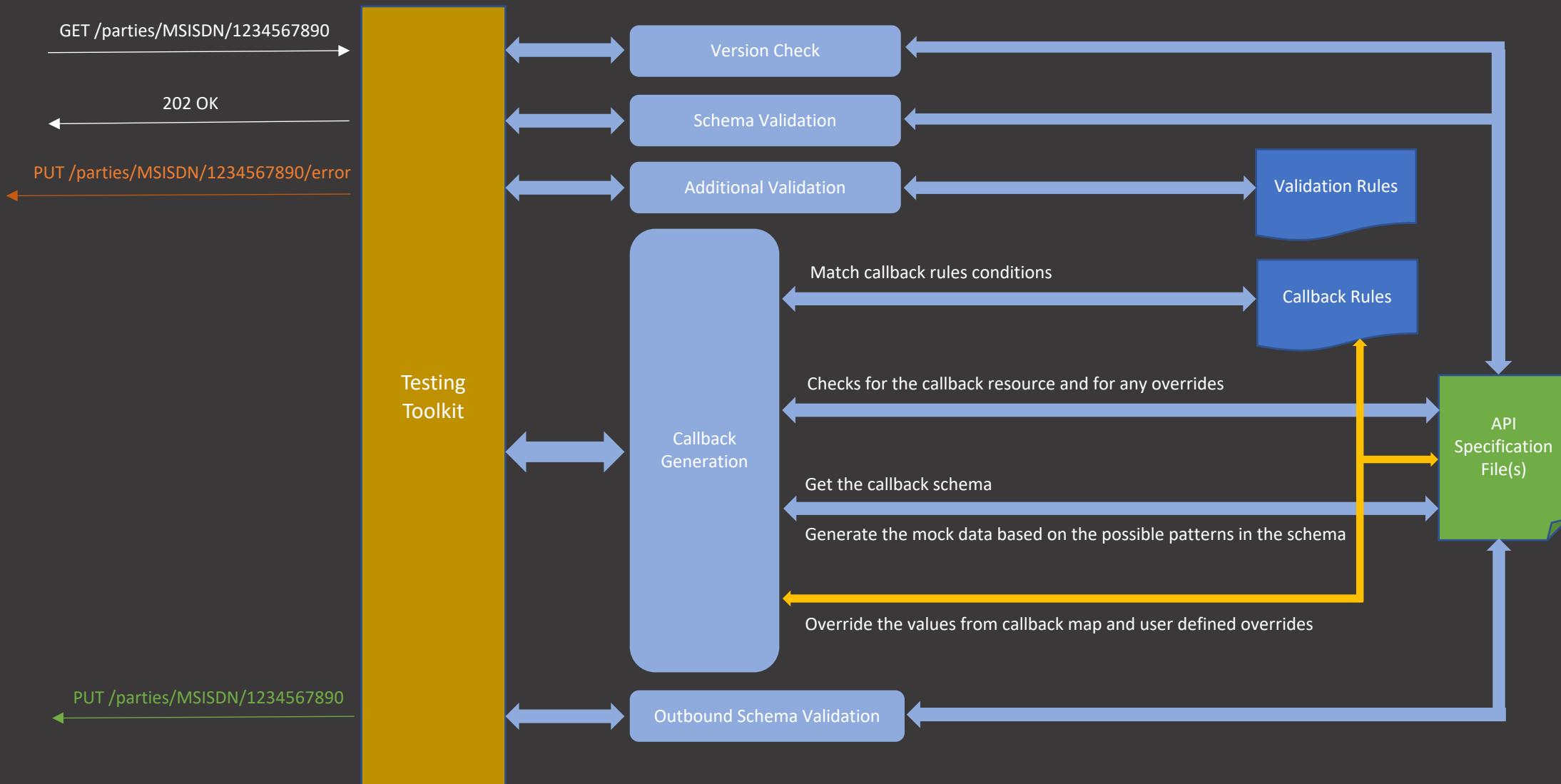
Adding Capability for Hosted Solution



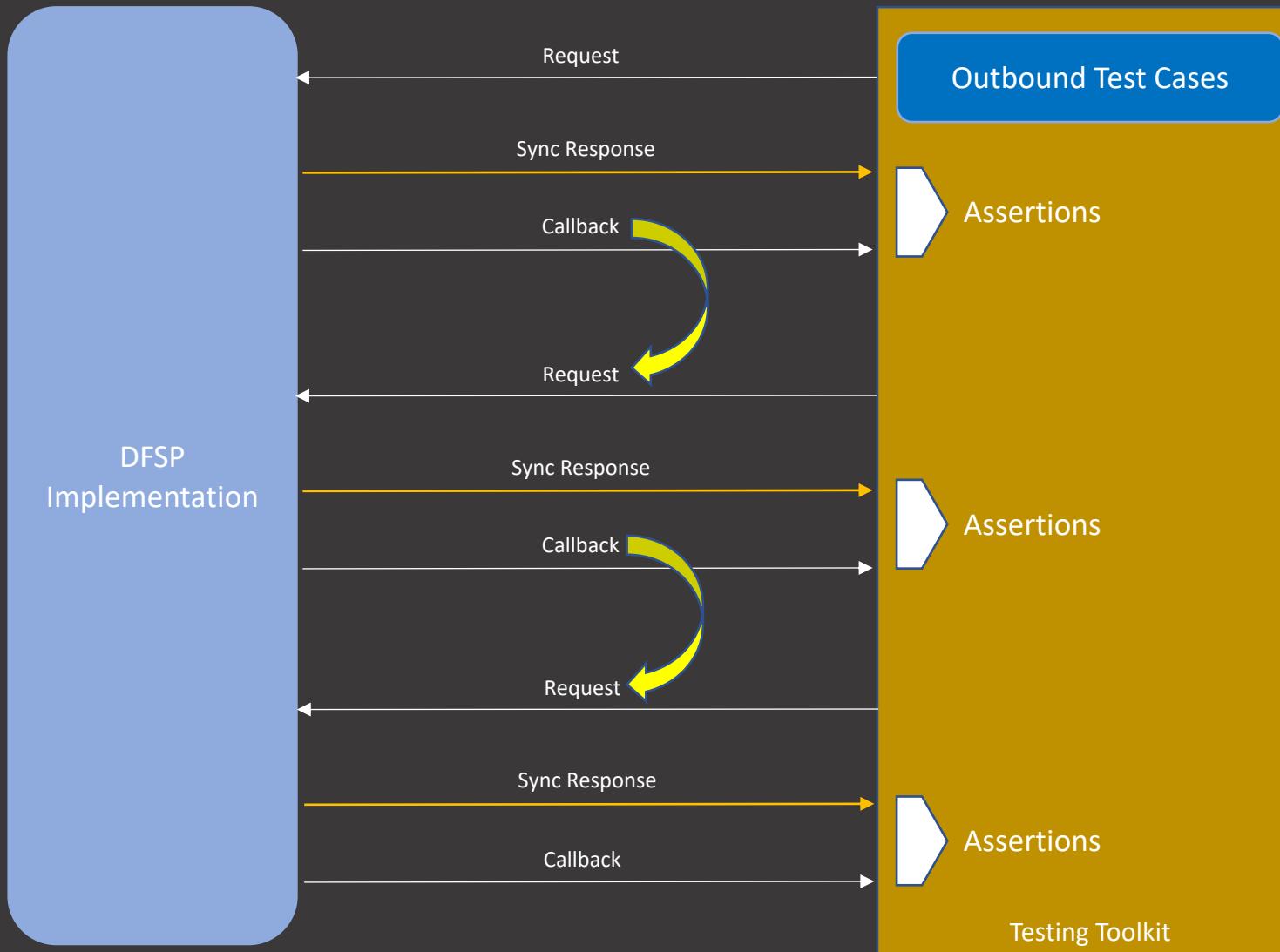
Integrating TTK into DFSP's CI, CD



How Testing Toolkit Works - Incoming requests



How Testing Toolkit Works - Test Case Initiation and Assertions

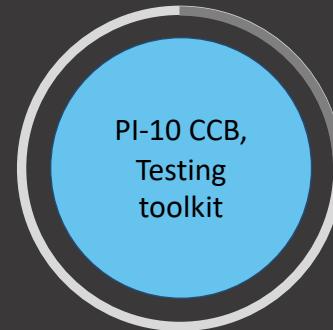
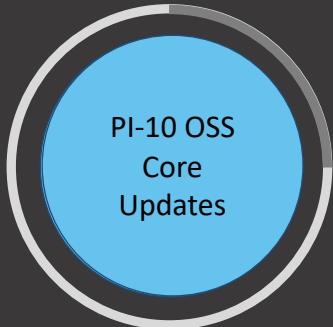


Testing toolkit: Roadmap for PI-11

1. Enable easy and ***secure hosting*** of testing toolkit and ensure ***scaling*** with separation of – 1) event handling, 2) Rules, 3) User Settings and 4) Logs & Reports storage
2. ***Postman collection conversion*** to TTK test cases
3. Improve coverage to test Hubs
4. Templates, Rules for all use cases from the Mojaloop Specification
5. Performance Tuning to withstand load (not for perf testing)
6. Event framework
7. Provide two interfaces – one for basic use and another for advanced usage

Mojaloop PI-11

Phase-4 Going Live!



Phase-4 PI-10: Objectives - 1

- 1. Bulk Payments:** Deliver a standardized bulk transfer service for golden path which includes error & negative scenarios
- 2. FSPIOP v1.1 changes:** Enhance the ML OSS implementation to support v1.1 changes including other maintenance items.
- 3. Testing Toolkit:** Stand-alone version that can be used with features to export, import rules and settings is made available, with capability for hosting the toolkit.
- 4. Settlement:** A flexible and configurable settlement service.

Phase-4 PI-10: Objectives - 2

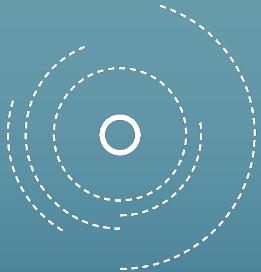
5. **Cross Currency/Network:** Finalize a design for the Mojaloop to non-Mojaloop flow including API changes and getting buy in from CNPs and the CCB
6. **Performance:** Deliver productionized Mojaloop deployment using Kafka best-practices; Evaluate Event-Sourcing PoC and Optimize SQL report and enhanced dashboards
7. **Fraud & Risk Mgmt:** Define, investigate and validate a backlog and MVP for a FRM system/service against the APRICOT modelling for existing/prospect operators; and identify partners to build/implement a FRM system/service
8. **PISP:** Ability to do an end to end PISP transfer (from demo PISP) and present a well-defined relationship between USER, PISP, and their DFSP
9. **OSS onboarding:** Updated documentation and end to end review of the onboarding process
10. **Versioning:** Propose Versioning standards for Mojaloop OSS releases focusing on implementation, deployments that include details on OSS support for LTS releases, branching & upgrade strategies.

Phase-4 PI-11: Roadmap – To be prioritized

1. Forensic Logging, Secure auditing
2. Performance: PoC learnings implementation
3. Ticketing system
4. Portals for Onboarding & Managing DFSPs, etc
5. Rules API
6. Split Payment Capability (SNAPP)
7. Standardize operations (Admin) API
8. Streamline Testing & QA
9. ISO 20022 adaptation

Phase-4: Roadmap – Ongoing

10. Code quality and Security
11. Cross Network / Currency (CNP/FXP)
12. Fraud Management
13. Leadership & Community Management (events, governance, communication, tools, etc.)
14. LPS Adapter Enhancements and future Use Cases (ATM, POS)
15. Payment Initiation Service Provider – Solution
16. Payment Hub (MIFOS)
17. Settlement v2
18. Testing tool-kit
19. Versioning standards, version maintenance
20. Web Payments (Coil)
21. GSMA Lab

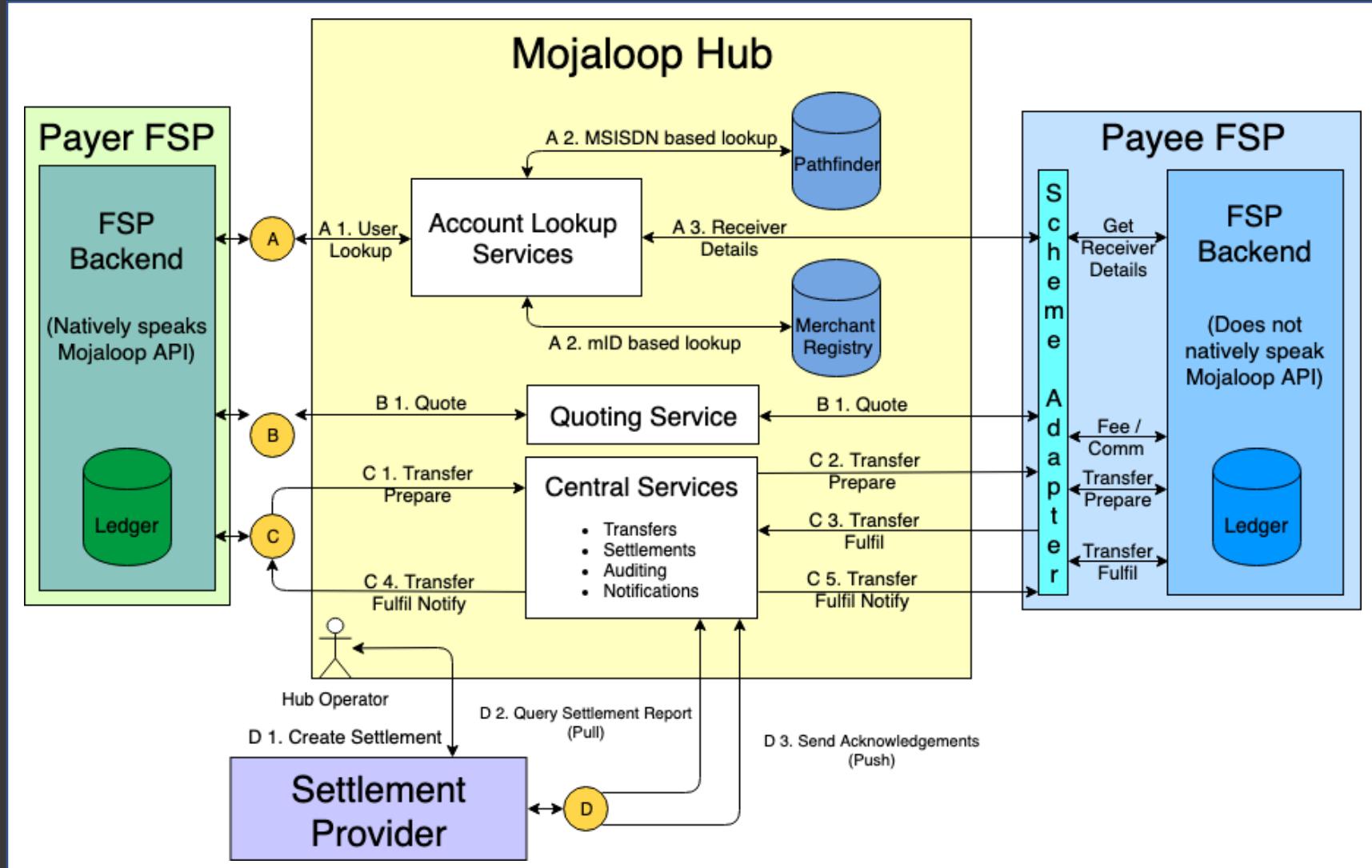


mojaloop

Appendix

Going live!

Mojaloop Overview

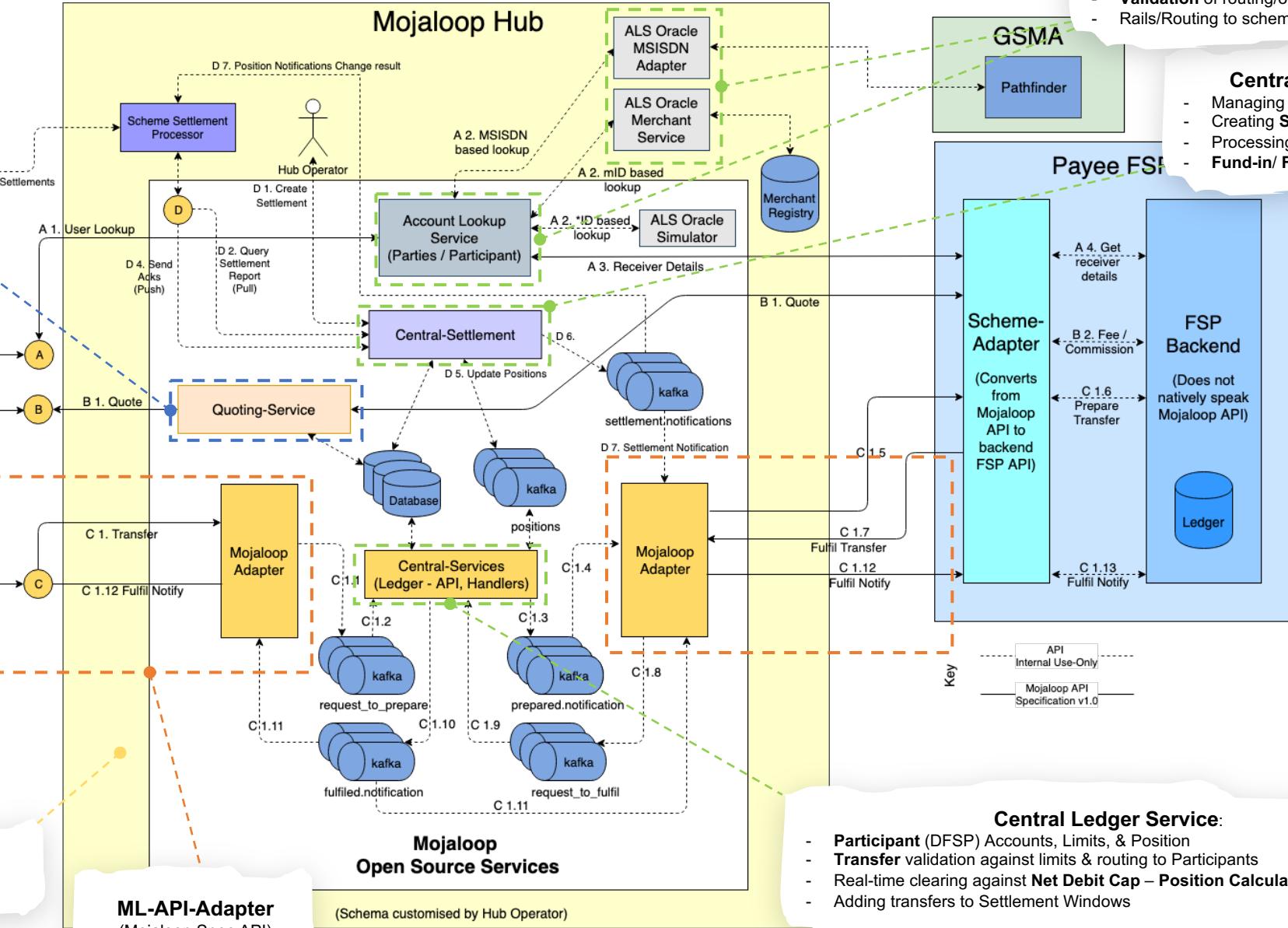
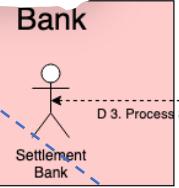


DEMO: <http://mojaloop.io/docs/CentralServices/mojaloop-architecture-static-demo/index.html>

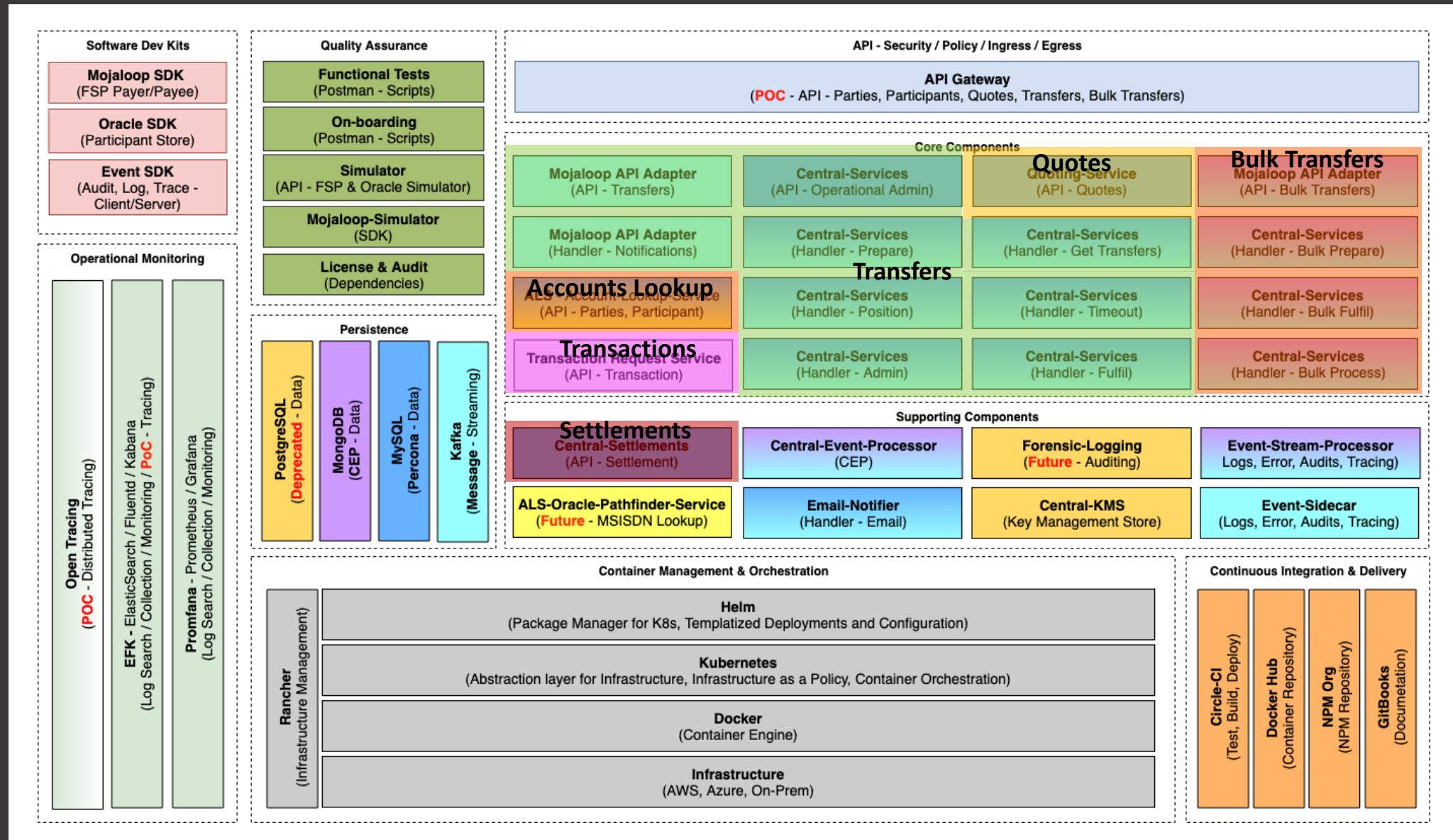
High-level Architecture (PI7)

Quoting Service

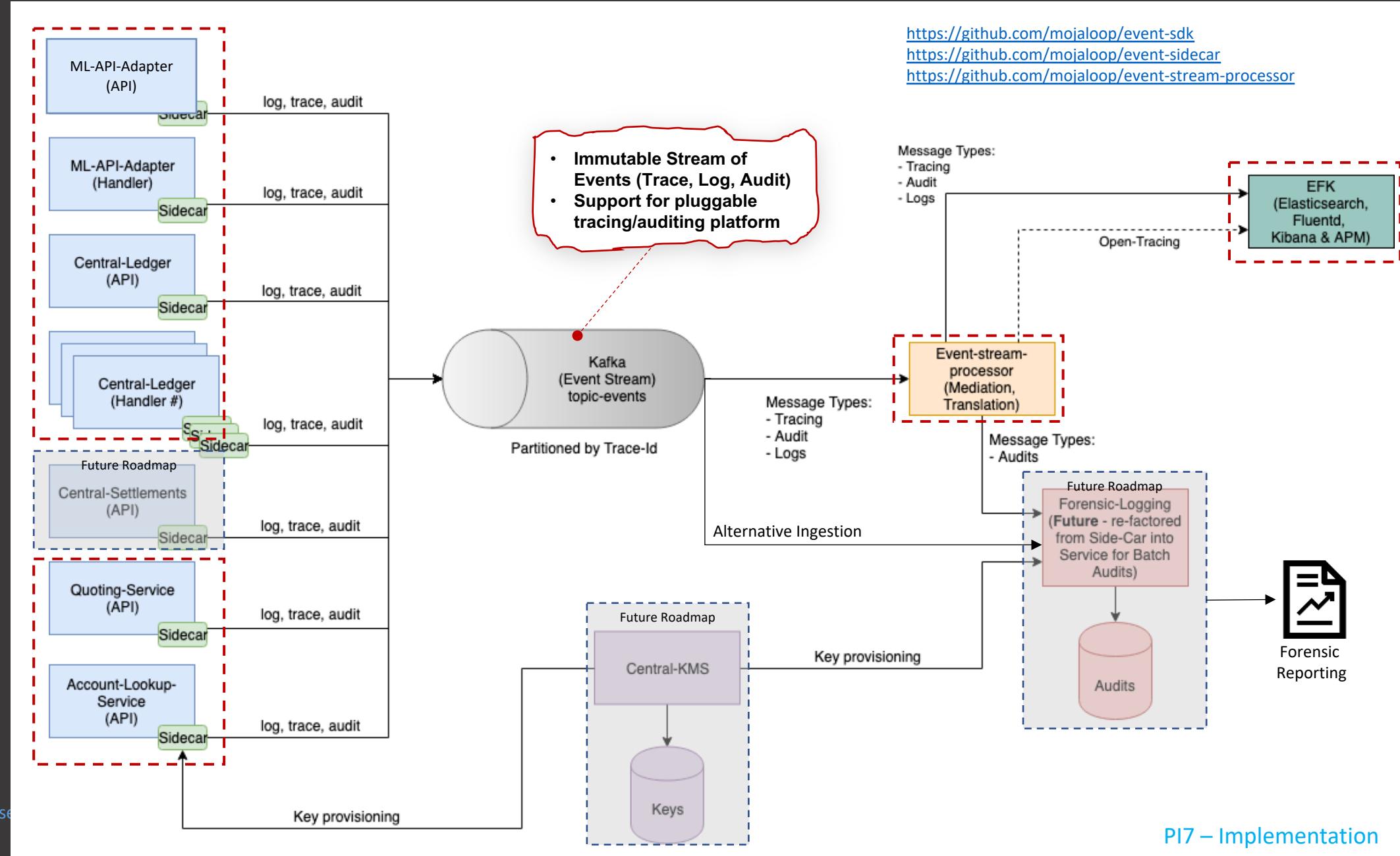
- Initiate Quote requests
- Resolve Quoting responses



Component Overview (PI7)



Event Framework – Current Functional Overview



Run-time Platform – Kubernetes

What is Kubernetes?

Open-source system for automating deployment, scaling, and management of containerized applications.



Why Kubernetes?



Deploy your applications quickly and predictably

- Infrastructure as a Policy
- Abstraction of Infrastructure (Cloud, On-Prem)



Scale your applications on the fly

- Policy rule based scaling
- Elastic scaling (horizontally up/down)
- Limit hardware & resources via Policies



Roll out new features seamlessly

- Rolling updates



Discoverability

- Dynamic service resolution via DNS



Durability

- Self-healing
- Auto-[placement, restart, replication, scaling] based on Policies
- Load Balancing



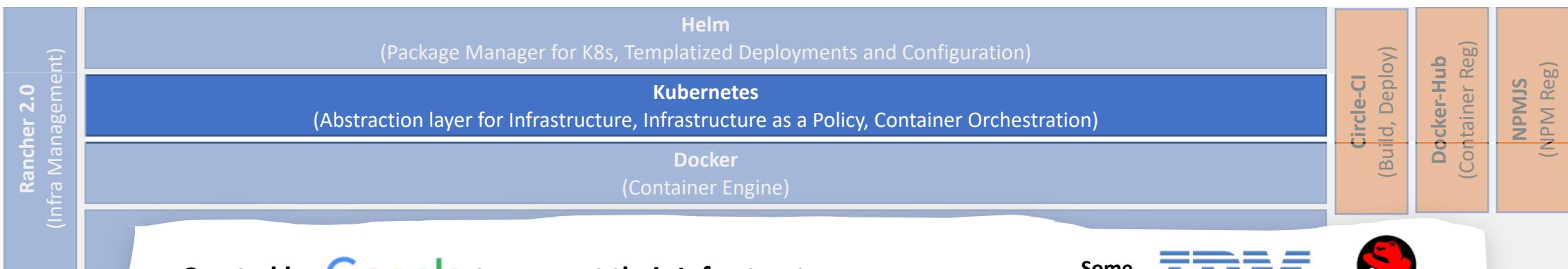
Security

- Isolation through Containers, Network and Namespaces



Operations

- App config & secrets stored in distributed key-value store (etcd)
- Monitoring of containers



Created by **Google** to support their Infrastructure.

Some contributors:



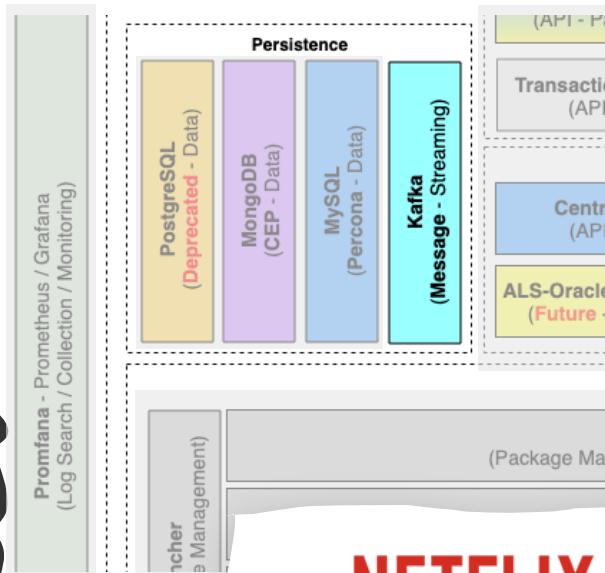
Messaging Platform – Kafka

Ref: <https://kafka.apache.org/>



What is Kafka?

Apache Kafka is a distributed message streaming platform.



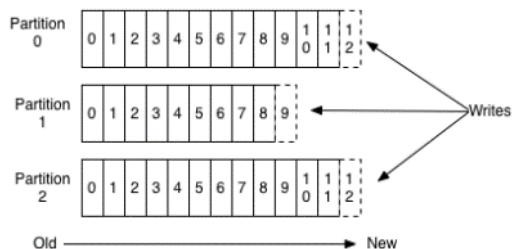
Why Kafka?

Publish and subscribe to streams of records, similar to a message queue or enterprise messaging system.

Store streams of records in a fault-tolerant durable way with history being saved for a desired period.

Process streams of records as they occur.

Anatomy of a Topic



- For each topic, the Kafka cluster maintains a partitioned log.
- Each partition contains a sequence of records that is
 - Ordered; and
 - Immutable
- The records in the partitions are each assigned a sequential id number called the *offset* that uniquely identifies each record within the partition.

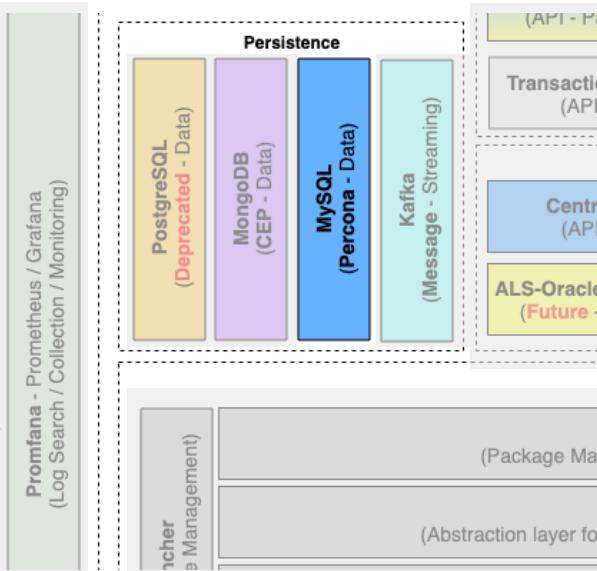
Storage Platform – Percona XtraDB Cluster



PERCONA

What is Percona XtraDB?

An open source, cost-effective, and robust MySQL clustering solution for businesses.



Why Percona XtraDB?

Ref: <https://www.percona.com/software/mysql-database/percona-xtradb-cluster>



Cost-effective HA and scalability for MySQL with both Open Source and Enterprise support options



Increased read/write scalability



Zero data Loss



Multi-master replication



Works on-premises, cloud, hybrid, WAN, LAN, Kubernetes support (Helm)

Used By



Deployment Architecture – Rancher Overview

Ref: <http://rancher.com>

What is Rancher?

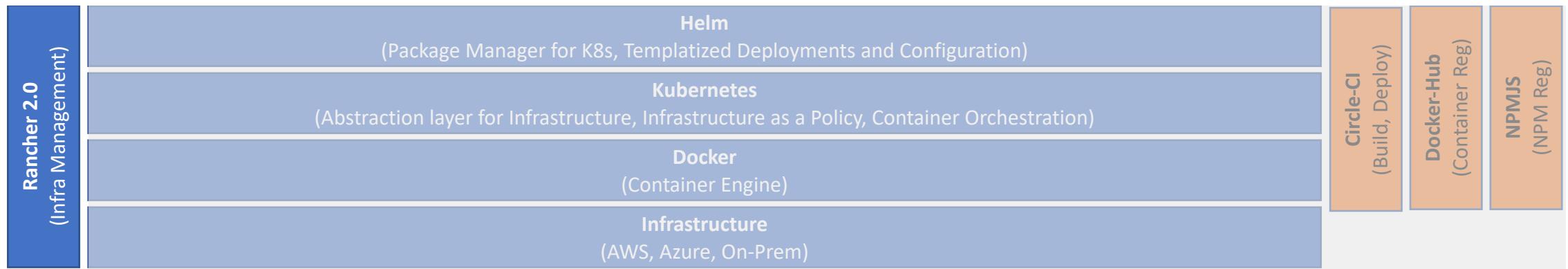
Rancher is enterprise management for Kubernetes.

Every distro. Every cluster. Every cloud.

Why Rancher?

- Kubernetes Management (v1.8 to *v1.9)
- Container Management
- *Access Management (RBAC)
- *Helm Repository Management
- Multi-environment Management (multi k8s clusters, On-prem, Azure, Google, AWS, etc)
- Multi-Provider provisioning (On-prem, Azure, Google, AWS, vSphere)
- Easily scale up/down Kubernetes clusters

* New in Rancher v2.x





Deployment Architecture – Helm

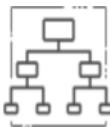
Ref: <http://helm.sh>

What is Helm?

Open Source Package Manager for Kubernetes through the use of Charts.

Charts help you define, install and upgrade releases for Kubernetes deployment via templates and configuration.

Why Helm?



Manage Complexity

Charts describe even the most complex apps; provide repeatable application installation, and serve as a single point of authority.



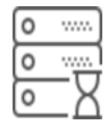
Easy Updates

Take the pain out of updates with in-place upgrades and custom hooks.



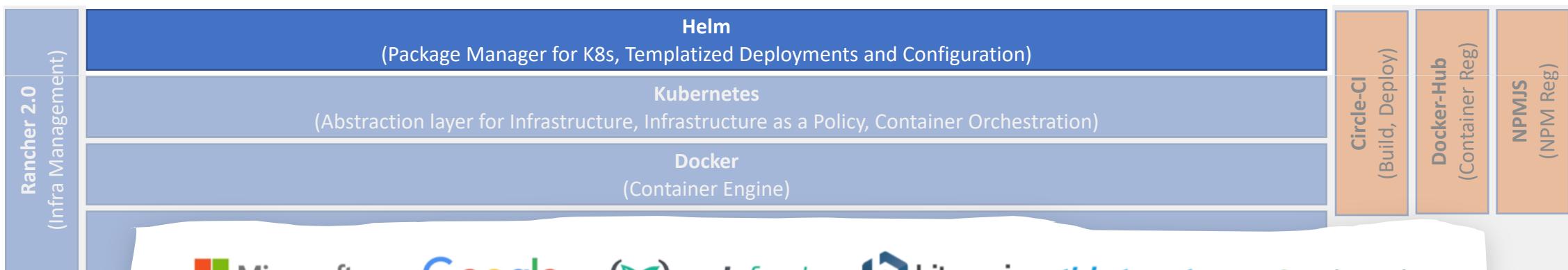
Simple Sharing

Charts are easy to version, share, and host on public or private servers.



Rollbacks

Use `helm rollback` to roll back to an older version of a release with ease.





Deployment Architecture – CircleCI Overview

Ref: <http://circleci.com>

What is CircleCI? Cloud based Continuous Integration & Deployment Platform

VCS Integration

CircleCI integrates with GitHub, GitHub Enterprise, and Bitbucket. Every time you commit code, CircleCI creates a build.

Automated Testing

CircleCI automatically tests your build in a clean container or virtual machine.

Automated Deployment

Passing builds are deployed to various environments so your product goes to market faster.

Notifications

Your team is notified if a build fails so issues can be fixed quickly.

Why CircleCI?



Workflows for Job Orchestration

Orchestrate customizable job execution (such as build, test, deploy), giving complete control over your development process.



Language-Agnostic Support

Supports any language that builds on Linux or macOS, including C++, Javascript, .NET, PHP, Python, and Ruby.



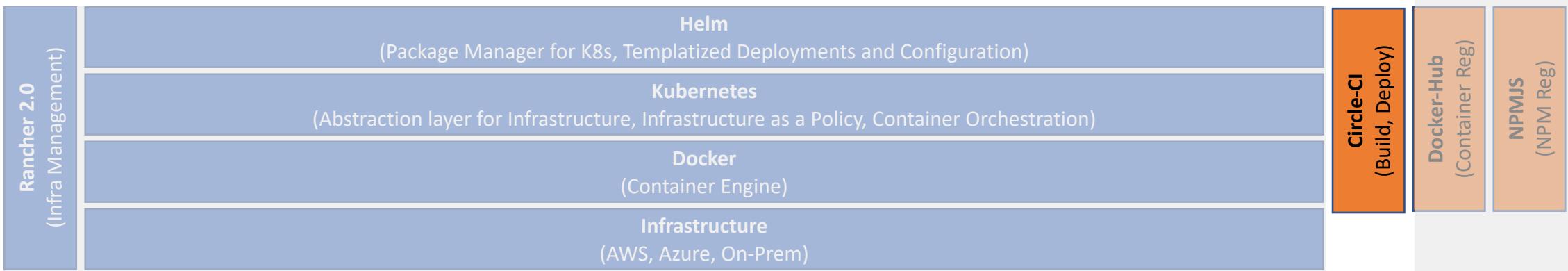
First-Class Docker Support

Run any image from Docker's public/private registry or other common registries. Build Docker images, access Docker layer caching, Compose.



Powerful Caching

Speed up builds with expanded caching options, including images, source code, dependencies, and custom caches. Full control over cache save and restore points for optimal performance.



* Forrester names CircleCI a leader (<https://www2.circleci.com/circleci-forrester-wave-leader-2017.html>)



Documentation – GitBooks Overview

What is Gitbooks?

An open-source open documentation framework where teams can document everything from products, to APIs and internal knowledge-bases based on open-standards with community driven plugins.

Why Gitbooks?

Markdown

Lightweight markup language with plain text formatting syntax supporting standard HTML, and CSS.



Embed Generated Content

Embed generated sequence diagrams, openapi/swagger docs, etc.



Search

Find what you are looking for.



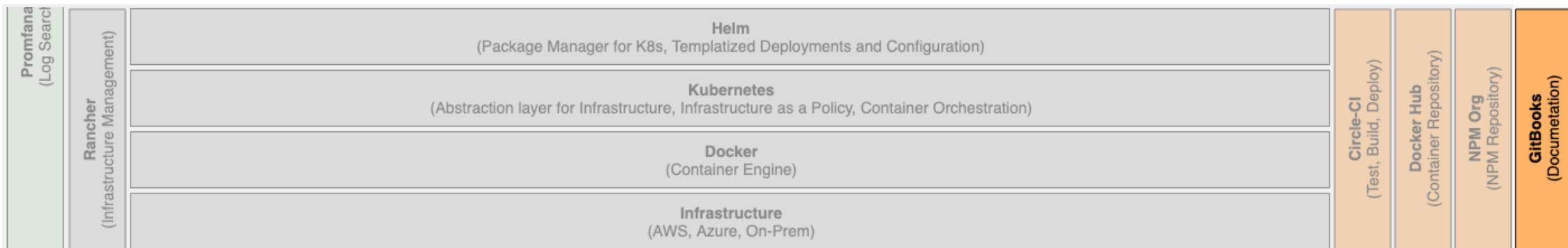
Plugins

Community plugins for generating content (e.g. plantuml, openapi/swagger docs), providing integration to Github, Slack, etc and themes (e.g. ToCs, Navigation, etc)



Cli

Gitbook-cli to build static-content, with support for local testing. Also supports auto-build sense when changes are made locally when testing.



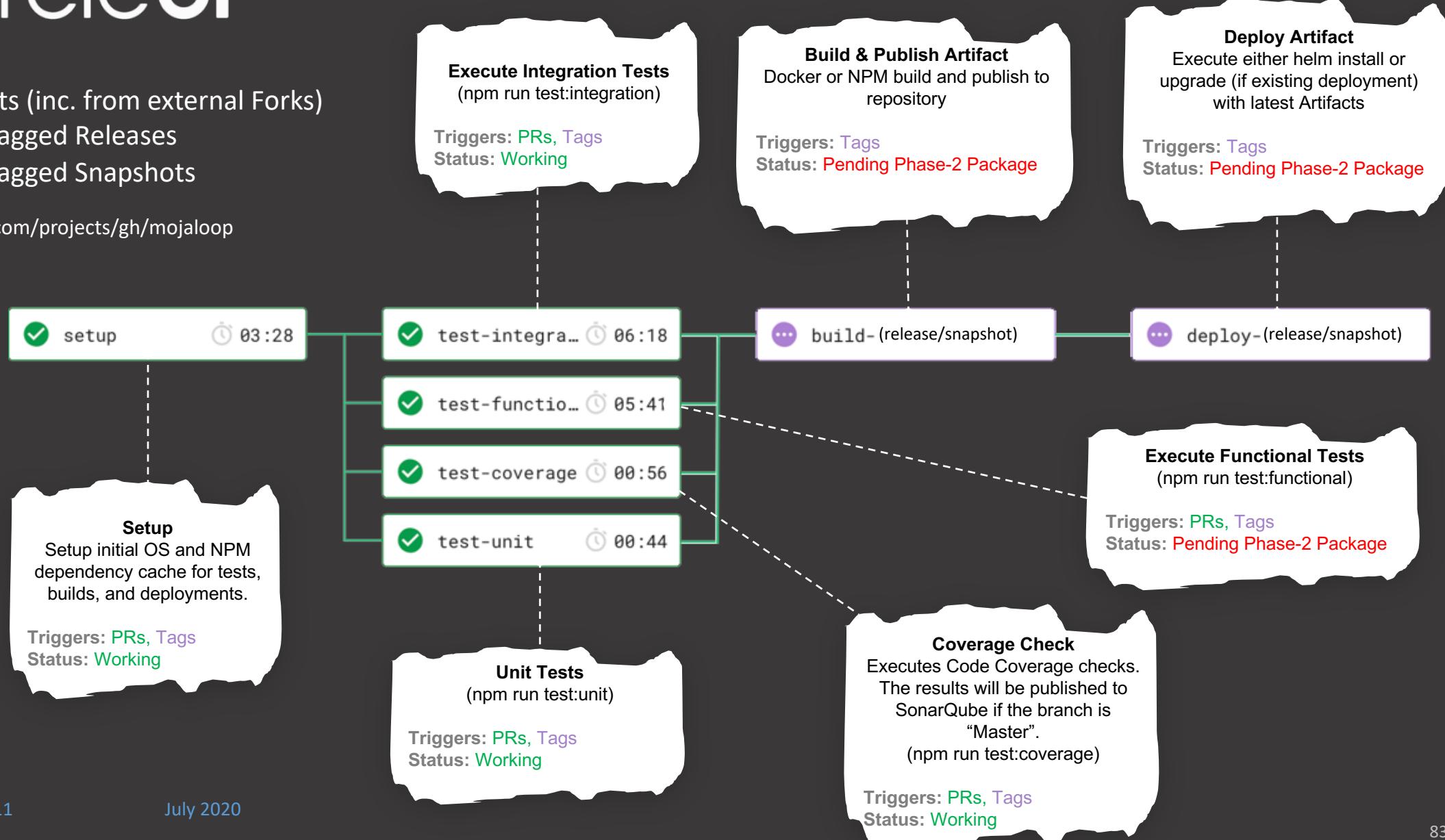
Deployment Architecture – CI/CD Pipeline



Triggers:

- [●] Pull-Requests (inc. from external Forks)
- [●] Publishing tagged Releases
- [●] Publishing tagged Snapshots

Ref: <https://circleci.com/projects/gh/mojaloop>





Event Monitoring Framework – SDK Example

New Span:

- Generate **Trace Context** (traceId & spanId)

Finish Span:

- Close **Span**
- Record **Trace**

```
// Creates a new parent span for given service
// this sets new traceId and new spanId.
let parentSpan = Tracer.createSpan( service: 'parent service')

// Finish the span. This also sends the trace context to the tracing platform. All further operations are forbidden after the span is finished.
await parentSpan.finish(event)
```

Recorded events

- Logs (info, warn, debug, verbose, perf, error)
- Audit

```
// Logs message with logging level info from the parent span
await parentSpan.info(event)
await parentSpan.warning( message: 'event')
await parentSpan.error('event')
await parentSpan.debug('message')
await parentSpan.verbose( message: 'message')
await parentSpan.performance( message: 'message')
await parentSpan.audit( message: 'message')

// Logs message with logging level debug from the parent span
await parentSpan.debug('this is debug log')
```

Add Tags

- Add arbitrary **tags** for **metadata** as part of **Trace Context**

```
// Set tags to the span
IIChildSpan.setTags({ one: 'two' })
```

Child Span

- Create **Child Span** from a parent span
- Generate **spanId**, and set **parentId**

```
// Creates child span from the parent span with new service name.
// The traceId remains the same. The spanId is new and the parentSpanId is the spanId of the parent.
let IIChildSpan = parentSpan.getChild( service: 'child II service')
```

Trace Context

- Inject **Trace Context** into a Message
- Extract **Trace Context** from a Message
- Create **Child Span** from **Trace Context**

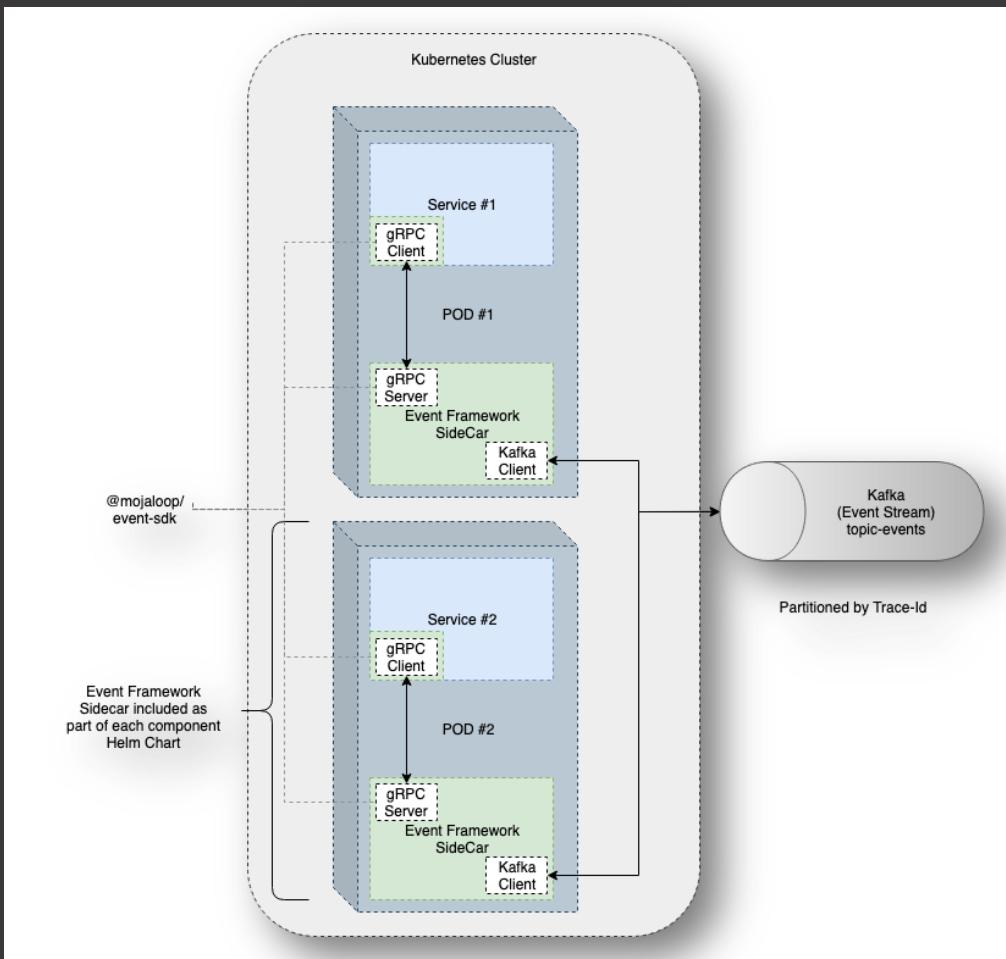
```
// Injects trace context to a message carrier. When the trace is carried across few services, the trace context can be injected in the carrier that transports the data.
let messageWithContext = await IIChildSpan.injectContextToMessage(event)
// await sleep(2000)

// Extracts trace context from message carrier. When the message is received from different service, the trace context is extracted by that method.
let contextFromMessage = Tracer.extractContextFromMessage(messageWithContext)

// Creates child span from extracted trace context.
// let IIIChild = Tracer.createChildSpanFromContext("child III service", contextFromMessage, { defaultRecorder: new DefaultLoggerRecorder() })
let IIIChild = Tracer.createChildSpanFromContext( service: 'child III service', contextFromMessage)
```

July 2

Event Framework – Deployment Arch & Roadmap



Future Roadmap

1. Design considerations:
 - a. Audit requirements / functionality
 - b. Crypto signatures for Audit logs (single & batch)
 - c. OpenTracing / Zipkin dashboards if EFK is not adequate
 - d. Sidecar inter-lock
2. Implementation:
 - a. Audits sig & processing
 - b. Official releases
 - c. Mojaloop Helm Chart integration

GitHub PoC Repositories*

1. <https://github.com/mojaloop/event-sdk>
2. <https://github.com/mojaloop/event-sidecar>
3. <https://github.com/mojaloop/event-stream-processor>
4. <https://github.com/mojaloop/apm-agent-nodejs>
5. <https://github.com/mojaloop/apm-agent-nodejs-opentracing>
6. <https://github.com/mojaloop/opentracing-javascript>

* Note:

1. Event PoC code currently in feature branches
2. Snapshot releases currently available

Event Monitoring Framework

1. Overview
2. Functionality
3. SDK Examples
4. Roadmap
5. Demo

Event Monitoring Framework – Overview

What

1. Unified framework to capture all Mojaloop events and ingest them appropriately
2. Event Types:
 - a. Logs
 - b. Errors
 - c. Audits
 - d. Traces

Why

1. Operational monitoring of requests end-to-end
 - a. End-to-end request visualization
 - b. Enabler for alerts
 - c. Issue resolution
2. Enabler for auditing and fraud management

How

1. Standardized framework for capturing events (types, actions, metadata, etc)
2. Every request is given a **trace-id** at the boundary.
3. Standard common ([Event-SDK](#)) library that will publish events to a **sidecar** component utilising a light-weight highly performant protocol (*e.g. gRPC*)
4. **Sidecar** module will publish to a Kafka **messaging stream** for all events utilising [Event-SDK](#)
5. Each Mojaloop component will have its own tightly coupled **Sidecar**
6. Leverage on open source standards and solutions where possible (*e.g. APM, OpenTracing, Zipkin, etc*)



Event Framework – Functionality

Event SDK Features

1. Spans
 1. Create new span
 2. Create child spans
2. Event Types:
 1. Logs (info, debug, error, performance, warning, verbose)
 2. Audit (default, start, finish, ingress, egress)
 3. Traces (Spans)
3. Client/Server:
 1. gRPC client
 2. gRPC server
4. Recorders:
 1. Async gRPC (event-sidecar)
 2. Sync gRPC (event-sidecar)
 3. Logger (Own Logger Instance)
5. Supports arbitrary tags
 1. Add additional information as part of the trace context (e.g. transferId)
6. Context
 1. Inject Context into Message
 2. Extract Context from Message
 3. Create Child Spans from Context
 4. Support for Messaging (e.g. Kafka) & HTTP Transports (WC3 Tracing *standard)
 5. Support for "traceState" header from WC3 Tracing *Standard

* <https://www.w3.org/TR/trace-context-1/>

Event Sidecar

1. Publishes Messages to Kafka Event Topic

Event Stream Processor

1. Record logs & audits to EFK
2. Record traces to APM server

Helm

1. Helm Charts with Event-sidecar support:
 - a. ML-API-Adapter
 - b. Central-Ledger
 - c. Quoting-Service
 - d. SDK-Schema-Adapter
 - e. Legacy Simulator

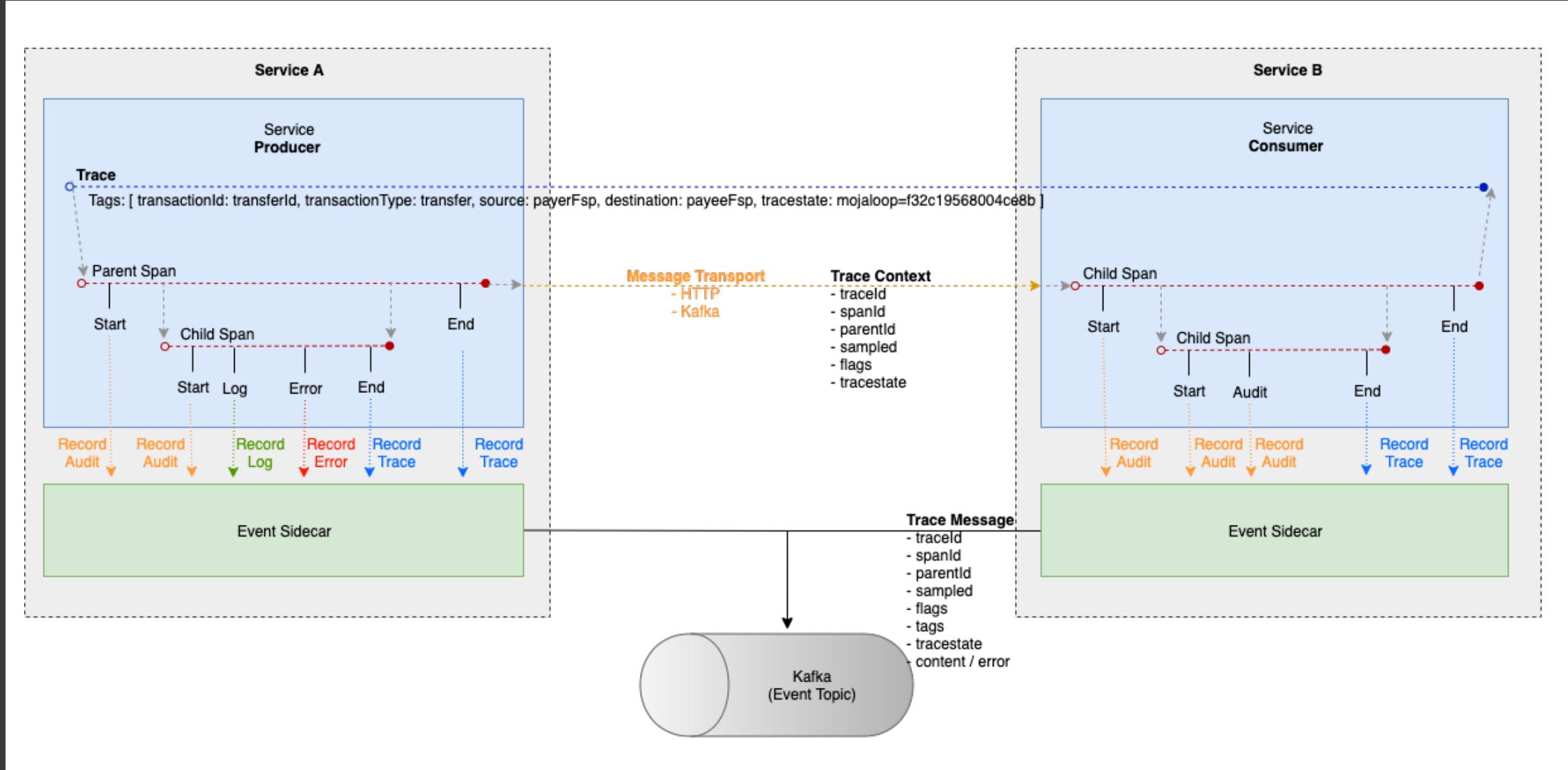
Improvements in PI8

1. Enhanced WC3 Tracing Standard Support
 - a. Tracestate header
2. General
 - a. Sync - Async configuration for Event levels (trace, audit, log)
 - b. Precise control over logging (enable/disable, local/remote & metadata)
 - c. Improved stability

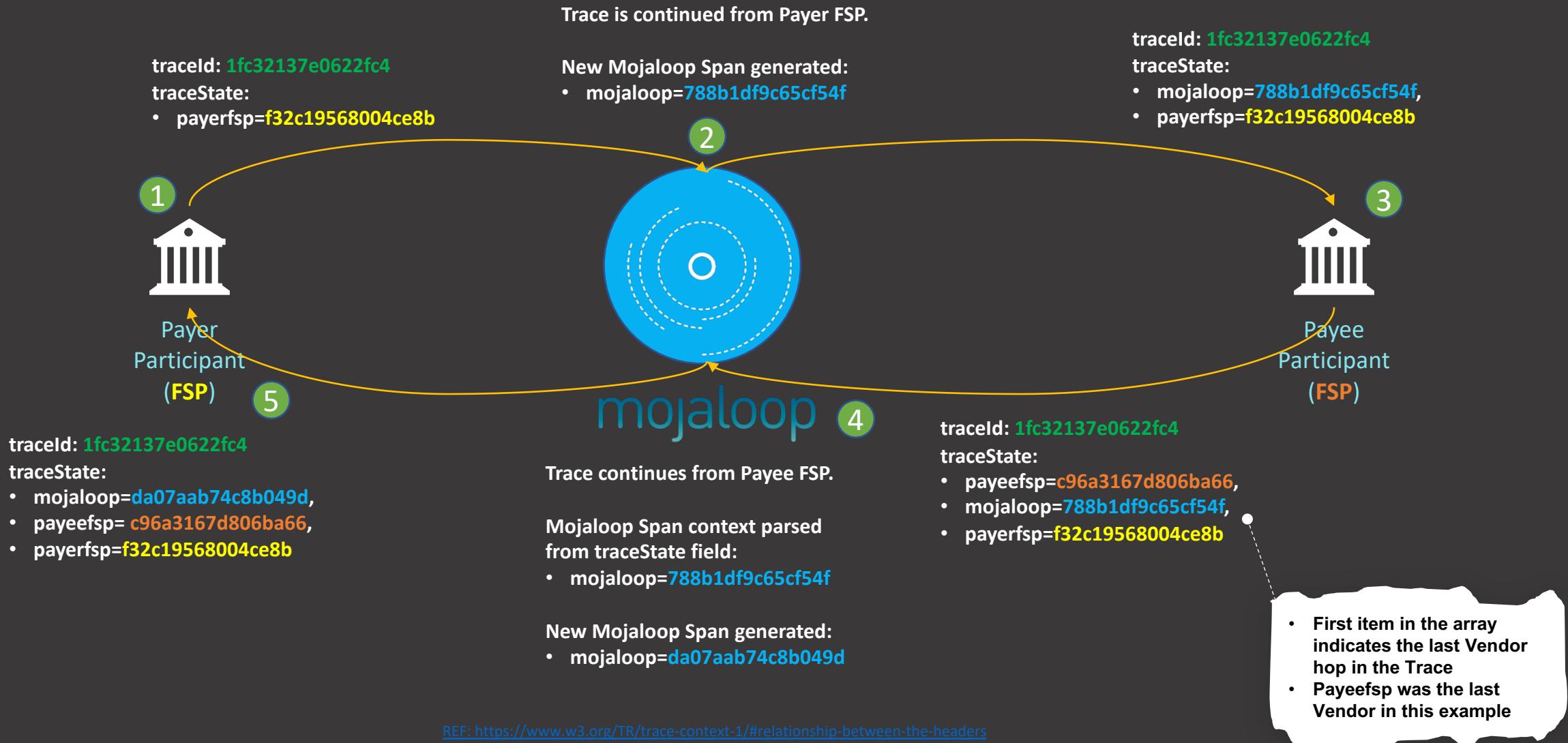
Future Roadmap

1. Roll-out
 - a. Account-Lookup-Service
2. Performance testing
 - a. What is the impact of enabling Tracing
 - b. What is the optimum/acceptable level of tracing/logging

Event Monitoring Framework – Trace Architecture



Tracing Enhancement – Federated Tracing



Event Monitoring Framework – Dashboard Sample (Continued)

Direct link from Tracing Dashboard to Processing & Tracing logs



Discover

2 hits

New Save Open Share Inspect **Transaction Log Filtering/Search**

Filters processor.event:"transaction" AND transaction.id:"8a435e6765cc99fb" AND trace.id:"13fd91a518a632e76b137e618d0fe9cc"

+ Add filter

Log Filter Drill Down

Selected fields

- ? _source
- Available fields

Popular

- @timestamp
- t _id
- t _index
- t labels.destination
- t labels.masterSpan
- t labels.source
- t labels.staleTrace
- t labels.tracestate
- t labels.transactionId
- t transaction.name
- # _score
- t type

Transaction details

ACTIONS

Service	event-stream
Timestamp	an hour ago
Duration	259 ms
Metadata	
Show pod logs	
Show container logs	
Show trace logs	
Show pod metrics	
Show container metrics	
Transaction Log Link	
View sample document	

Labels

labels.destination	payeefsp
labels.masterSpan	8a435e6765cc99fb
labels.payeeFsp	payeefsp
labels.payerFsp	payerfsp
labels.source	payerfsp
labels.tracestate	mojaloop=d056004f9265a7f7
labels.transactionAction	prepare
labels.transactionId	257a2a20-69ef-4106-ae0e-edb83e31055d
labels.transactionType	transfer

Transaction Meta-data

How to add labels and other data

Jan 12, 2020 @ 11:10:01.867 – Jan 13, 2020 @ 11:10:01.867 — Auto

Transaction Log Results

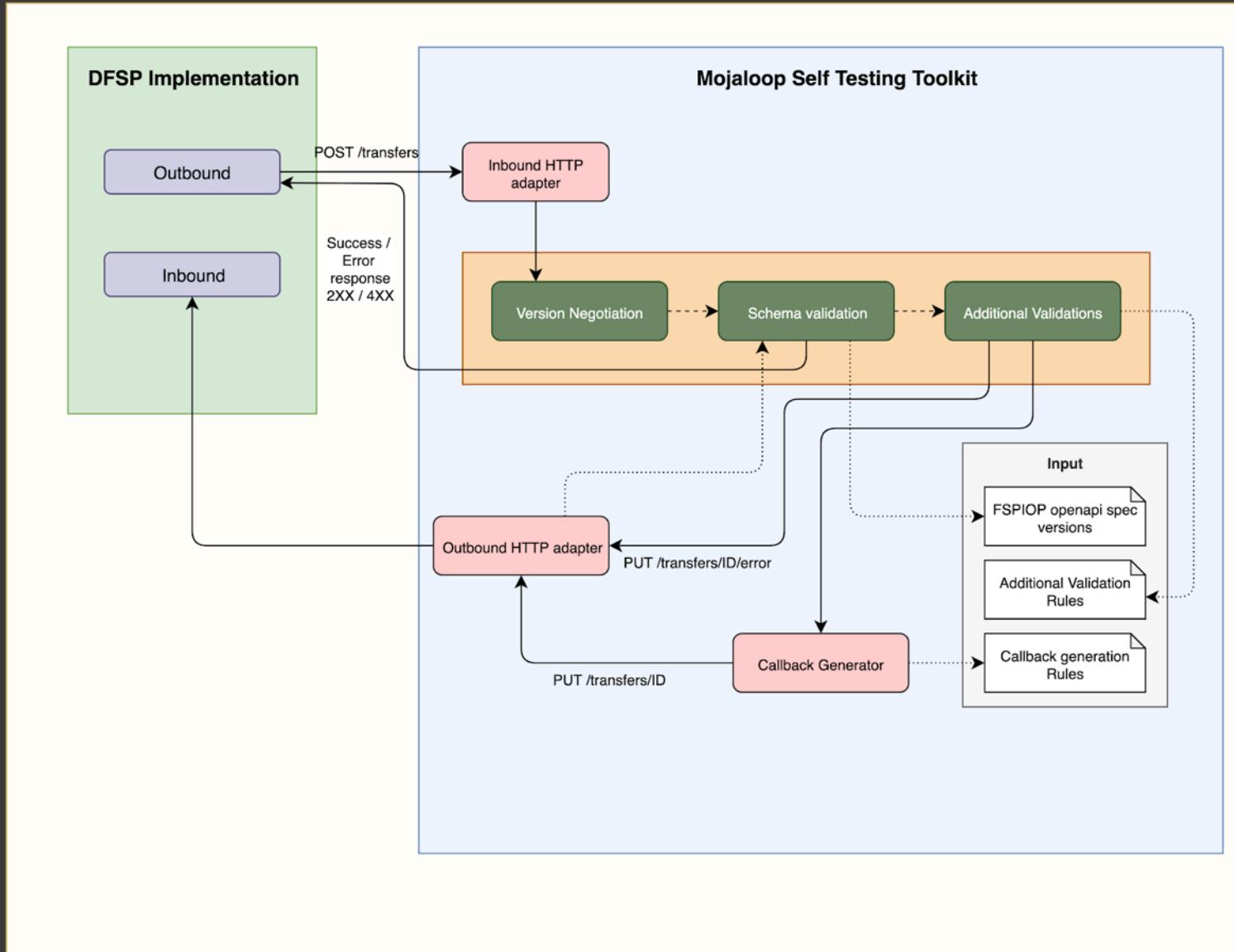
Time → _source

Count

Jan 13, 2020 @ 10:17:56.231 processor.event: transaction trace.id: 13fd91a518a632e76b137e618d0fe9cc transaction.id: 8a435e6765cc99fb container.id: 0c55ca59259a5a16219516c1f4000366d8664020062331728712b296265f136c kubernetes.pod.uid: dfdcbcd5-20d9-11ea-aef2-0655b67c19d2 kubernetes.pod.name: d1-870-01-es-eventstreamprocessor-5c6686f7f-5d18z agent.name: nodejs agent.version: 6.4.0-snapshot process.args: /usr/local/bin/node ./opt/event-stream-processor/app.js process.pid: 1 process.title: node process.pid: 0 processor.name: transaction labels.payerFsp: payerfsp labels.transactionType: transfer labels.tracestate: mojaloop=d056004f9265a7f7 labels.transactionAction: prepare labels.payeeFsp: payeefsp labels.masterSpan: 8a435e6765cc99fb labels.destination: payeefsp labels.source: payerfsp labels.transactionId: 257a2a20-69ef-4106-ae0e-edb83e31055d observer.hostname: efk-apm-server-wdtp6 observer.id: 9fbc3ab3-5dc0-4df0- Jan 13, 2020 @ 10:17:56.231 processor.event: transaction trace.id: 13fd91a518a632e76b137e618d0fe9cc transaction.id: 8a435e6765cc99fb container.id: 0c55ca59259a5a16219516c1f4000366d8664020062331728712b296265f136c kubernetes.pod.uid: dfdcbcd5-20d9-11ea-aef2-0655b67c19d2 kubernetes.pod.name: d1-870-01-es-eventstreamprocessor-5c6686f7f-5d18z agent.name: nodejs agent.version: 6.4.0-snapshot process.args: /usr/local/bin/node ./opt/event-stream-processor/app.js process.pid: 1 process.title: node process.pid: 0 processor.name: transaction labels.payerFsp: payerfsp labels.transactionType: transfer labels.payeeFsp: payeefsp labels.tracestate: mojaloop=d056004f9265a7f7 labels.transactionAction: prepare labels.destination: payeefsp labels.masterSpan: 8a435e6765cc99fb labels.source: payerfsp labels.staleTrace: true labels.transactionId: 257a2a20-69ef-4106-ae0e-edb83e31055d observer.hostname: efk-apm-server-hl24k

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Architecture Diagram – Part 1



Architecture Diagram – Part 2

