基于 MIPS 汇编的冒泡排序

胡毅翔 PB18000290

摘要

本次课后实验的内容为掌握 MIPS 的基本指令,并基于 MIPS 编写冒泡排序程序,最后测量程序运行时间。

引言

本次实验的实验环境为 MARS 模拟器,在该环境下完成程序的编写及调试工作。

1 程序代码讲述

本次实验所需完成的功能为冒泡排序,程序设计思路为,通过系统调用获得数组长度 n 及数组元素 v[0...n-1] 的值。随后进入 sort 模块,并提供系统调用获得排序正式开始前的时间。而后通过交换,每次把一个元素调整至有序(从大到小依次处理,故排序结束后的数组为单调递增的有序数组)。

在退出排序前,再次进行系统调用,获取时间,进而得到排序程序运行时间,最后依次输出数组元素,排序程序运行时间及其单位(ms)。完整代码如下:

```
# BubbleSort
```

sw \$v0, 0 (\$s3) addi \$s3, \$s3, 4

```
.data
. text
.globl main
main:
                           # 系统调用得到 n
       1i $v0,5
        syscal1
                             # get n
        move $t7, $v0
                             # $t7 = n
                             \# i = 0
        move $s0, $zero
        move $s2, $zero
            $s3,0x10010000 # 数组 v[]的地址
                             # for (i=0; i < n; i++) scanf ("%d", &v[i])
for1:
                             # get v[0 ... n-1]
                             # if(i < n) $s1 = 1 else $s1 = 0
        s1t $s1, $s0, $t7
        beq $s1, $zero, sort
        addi $s0, $s0, 1
                             # i++
        1i $v0, 5
                             # get v[i]
        syscal1
                           # Memory[0+\$s3] = v[i]
```

 $\# \$_{S3} = \$_{S3} + 4$

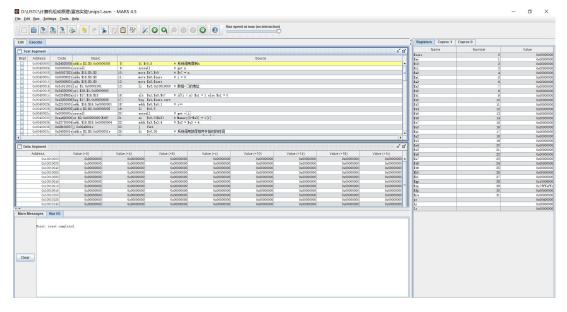
```
for1
                        j
sort:
                                                                                         # 系统调用获得排序开始时的时间
                        li
                                       $v0,30
                        syscal1
                                                                                          # get start time $a1,$a0
                        move $t6, $a0
                                                                                          # $t6 <- $a0
                        move $t5, $a1
                                                                                          # $t5 <- $a1
                        1i $a0, 0x10010000
                        move $a1, $t7
                                                                                          \# $a1 = n
                        move $s2,$a0
                                                                                          \# $a0 = v
                        move $s3, $a1
                                                                                          \# $s3 = n
                                                                                          \# $s0 = i = n
                        move $s0, $s3
                        addi $s0, $s0, -1
                                                                                          \# i = n - 1
                                                                                           # for (i=n-1; i>0; i--)
forlist1:
                        10^{10} \sin 30^{10} = 10^{10} \sin 30^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{
                        beq $t0, $zero, exit0
                        1i
                                        $s1,0
                                                                                          \# \$s1 = j = 0
                        move $t2,$a0
                                                                                          # $t2 = v
                                                                                              # for (j=0; j<i; j++)
forlist2:
                        slt $t0, $s1, $s0
                                                                                          \# if(j < i) $t0 = 1 else $t0 = 0
                        beq $t0, $zero, exit1
                                                                                          # $t3 = v[j]
                        1 w
                                        $t3, 0 ($t2)
                        1 w
                                        $t4, 4($t2)
                                                                                          # $t4 = v[j+1]
                         slt $t0, $t4, $t3
                                                                                          \# \text{ if}(v[j+1] < v[j]) $t0 = 1 \text{ else } $t0 = 0
                        beq $t0, $zero, exit2
                                        $t3,4($t2)
                                                                                          # swap
                        SW
                                        $t4, 0 ($t2)
                         SW
exit2:
                        addi $s1,$s1,1
                                                                                          # j++
                        addi $t2, $t2, 4
                                                                                          \# v += 4
                                        forlist2
exit1:
                        addi $s0,$s0,-1
                                                                                          # i--
                                       forlist1
                                                                                          # 系统调用获得排序结束时的时间
exit0:
                        move $s0, $t7
                                                                                          # i=n
                        1i $v0, 30
                                                                                          # get end time $a1,$a0
                        syscal1
                                                                                          # $t9 <- $a0
                        move $t9, $a0
                        move $t8, $a1
                                                                                          # $t8 <- $a1
                                        $a0, 0x10010000
```

```
move $t2,$a0 # $t2 = v
for2:
                                          10^{10} \sin 30^{10} = 10^{10} \sin 30^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{10} = 10^{
                                         beq $t0,$zero,end # if(0 = i) jump to end
                                          li
                                                                    $v0, 1
                                                                                                                                                        # print v[n-i-1]
                                          1 w
                                                                   $a0, 0 ($t2)
                                          syscal1
                                          1i
                                                                    $v0, 11
                                                                    a0,0x00000020 # print ''
                                          syscal1
                                          addi $t2, $t2, 4
                                                                                                                                                        \# v += 4
                                          addi $s0, $s0, -1
                                                                                                                                                        # i--
                                                                  for2
                                          sub $a0, $t9, $t6
                                                                                                                                                # end time - start time
end:
                                                                                                                                               # print (end time - start time)
                                         li
                                                                   $v0, 1
                                          syscal1
                                          1i
                                                                    $a0, 0x0000006d # print 'm'
                                                                    $v0, 11
                                          syscal1
                                          li
                                                             $a0, 0x00000073 # print 's'
                                                                   $v0, 11
                                          syscal1
```

2 程序运行

2.1 汇编

编写完成 Bubblesort. asm 的代码后,点击 Aessmble 开始调试,如图 1.



2.2 输入

系统系统调用时,在 I/O 界面输入,数组长度,及数组元素的值,如图 2.

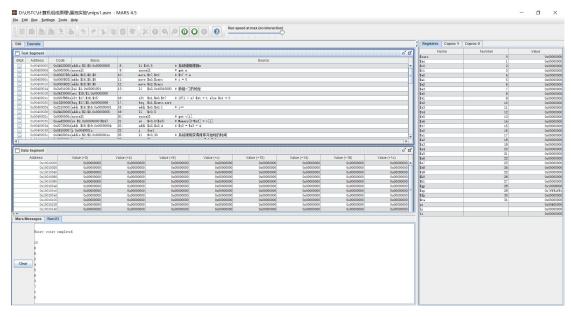


图 2

2.3 输出

冒泡排序结束后,在 I/O 界面输出,排序后的数组及排序部分的运行时间,如图 3.

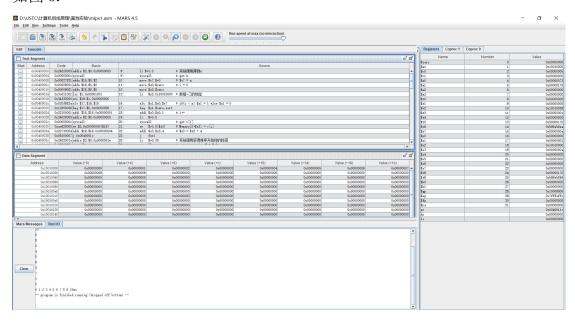


图 3

3 时间测量及结果分析

本次实验利用系统调用的时间进行程序运行时间分析,每次调用得到的时间为自 GMT 1970-01-01 00:00:00 起到此时的毫秒数,分别保存在\$a1,\$a0(高 32 位,低 32 位)。

3.1 排序部分时间测量

本次实验的时间测量,在数组长度为10,20,30,及数组元素单调递增,单调递减,无序,3×3共9种情况下完成,每种情况进行3次试验去平均值。结果如下:

∆ t(ms)	N=10	N=20	N=30
递增	<1	31	77.67
递减	15.67	52	109.67
其他	15.67	41.67	93.67

表 1

3.2 时间测量中遇到的问题

在时间测量过程,发现时间测量的结果具有如下特征:

- 1. 同一数据的测量的结果并不稳定,有的数据存在 15-16ms 的误差。
- 2. 得到的测量结果之间的间隔有一定规律性,约为15-16ms。

3.3 结果分析

实验结果基本符合预期,单调递增的数据排序所需时间最短,单调递减的数据排序顺序时间最长,其他情况则介于两者之间。对于时间间隔有一定的规律性,可能原因为系统调用获取时间有窗口期,若第一次调用后,第二次调用介于窗口期之间,则需等待约15ms,导致实验结果的规律性。

4 结论

本次实验通过基于 MIPS 的汇编,完成了冒泡排序程序,并提供系统调用获取时间的方式,对程序运行时间进行了测量和分析,得到的结果与预期基本一致。

5 参考文献

[1]A MIPS Assembly Language Simulator Designed for Education. Ken Vollmar and Pete Sanderson. Journal of Computing Sciences in Colleges, 21:1, October 2005. Pages: 95 - 101.

[2]MARS: An Education-Oriented MIPS Assembly Language Simulator, Kenneth Vollmar and Pete Sanderson. ACM SIGCSE Bulletin, 38:1 (March 2006), 239-243.

[3] Tutorial on MARS at CCSC-CP, Drury University, Apr. 13-14, 2007, by Pete Sanderson and Ken Vollmar.